Kent News.

CHESTERTOWN, - OCT. 10, 1891

Terms: $1 Per Annum in Advance.

Remedy for Peach Yellows.

The yellows have caused immense loss throughout the lower peach districts, and it has appeared also in places in the mountain ranges within the past year. It seems to be more virulent where large orchards abound, and especially where such orchards are laid down to grass and insufficiently fertilized. Trees well fertilized and well manured with rotted manures or bone and given space, so that air can circulate freely around them, have been comparatively exempt from this fatal disease. At times, especially like the present year, the disease appears to be in the air. One week entire orchards appear green and healthy; the next week a most sorry tree will appear sickly and the leaves turning yellow, showing conclusively that the disease is at work.

In a careful examination, extending over a number of years in different parts of this State, in the Middle States, and, also, in Connecticut, the writer of the opinion that the main cause of the yellows is in planting upon thin land, without thorough preparation of the soil, lack of cultivation, in not fertilizing properly, and in planting diseased stock.

It will be noticed that young trees are rarely affected with it, but trees in their fifth or sixth year are the ones generally attacked. Young trees are usually planted on virgin soil, carefully prepared, well fertilized and the soil kept well cultivated between rows. As long as this cultivation, fertilization and care is followed the orchard is thrifty and healthy; when this is abandoned the yellows appear. The writer has noticed orchards of 10,000 trees as well as where only a dozen trees were planted, that the same general principals hold true. When the disease once gets a firm footing upon the orchard it is best to grub up and burn, and work the land in some other crops for some years.

In an orchard of some three hundred trees, fertilized with rotted manure and bone, and carefully worked in potatoes, after the potatoes were harvested, sown in rye to be turned under early, the following season every tree was found sound and healthy, and the leaves were beautiful and green. Upon an adjoining farm, separated only by a fence but with poor culture and little manuring, many of the trees are diseased, and are being grubbed up. In Anne Arundel county exactly the same condition of affairs was found to exist. In Connecticut healthy trees, bearing fine large, well-flavored fruit, were invariably found where judicious care as to the selection of the trees, thorough cultivation and manuring of soil, and careful pruning and worming of the trees, were given. Mr. I. H. Hale of Connecticut, an authority on peach culture, strongly recommends, "Close pruning, and a very liberal application of muriate of potash—from 12 to 20 pounds—to a tree that has symptoms of the disease, and not more than two or three pounds to a healthy growing tree." Paying crops of peaches can only be grown where thorough systematic thought first, and work afterwards, is given to the business in every detail.

Chemical manures, in connection with rye clover, plowed in green, seem to give great satisfaction on most soils. No one need be afraid to plant out peaches, and if they will only give proper care and cultivation to the trees, luscious fruit will not be lacking.

A Fortune Finds the Man.

GRAND FORKS, N. D., Oct. 1.—From a small farm on the Dakota pairies to a fine old English estate and a seat in the House of Lords i sa long step, but James S. Sinclair, of Dakota, Nelson county, has made the stride, and, only recently a farmer, he has become Earl of Caithness. Sinclair's father was James Augustus Sinclair, a professional man, who had not made a success of life.

His grandfather was Lieutenant Colonel John Sutherland Sinclair. The Sinclairs were distantly related to George Phillips Alexander, Earl of Caithness, but so slight was the tie of kinship that none of the family expected to profit by it. So James Sinclair decided to try farming in the United States. He bought a tract of land about four miles from Lakote, in this State, stocked it and bent every energy toward improving his little estate.

A LORD AND DID NOT KNOW IT.

When Sinclair left England four years ago George Phillips Sinclair, fifteenth Earl of Caithness, was 27 and 28 years old. In 1889, however, the young Earl died. He left no male heirs. For nearly a year the title lay dormant, and then James S. Sinclair's father was adjudged to be the nearest of kin. He became Earl of Caithness, and James Sinclair, the Dakota farmer, became Lord Berriedale, but he knew nothing of his stride forward in the world, and was not bothering himself about it.

A FORTUNE HUNTING THE MAN.

Sinclair's father died early last spring quite suddenly. Efforts were at once made to communicate with the son in Dakota, who, by his father's death, became Earl of Caithness, but without success. Letter after letter was forwarded, but as they were simply addressed

James S. Sinclair,
Berriedale Farm,
Near Dakota.

The letters found their way to the Dead Letter office in Washington. Five months were spent by the department officials in discovering the right address of the man for whom the letters were intended. Sinclair at last received his foreign correspondance and learned that he was Earl of Caithness after having been Lord Berriedale for a year without his knowledge.

LANDS AND MONEY IN PLENTY.

The family estate which desends to him includes, besides parks and mansions, 15,000 acres of land from which an annual rental of £5000 to £6000 is received.

The larger but less valuable portion of the property is in Caithness county, Scotland, where is located the old family castle. Here it was that Marie, Countess Caithness and Duchess De Pomar, who has succeeded Mme. Blavatzsky as the head of the Theosophist Society in Europe, had her famous interview with the spirit of Mary Stuart, Queen of Scotts. She was the wife of the fourteenth Earl of Caithness.

That the Peers in the House of Lords will knock elbows with a plain Dakota farmer in the near future is certain.

Woman's Inconsistency.

Mr. B—I, a well-known St. Louis contributer, gave vent to the following philosophical reflections in the *Republic:*

"Call a girl a spring chicken and she will laugh; call a woman a hen and she gets mad.

"Call a young lady a witch and she will enjoy it; call an old woman a witch and your life will be in danger.

"Call a girl a kitten and she won't take it unkindly; call a woman a cat and she will hate you. Remarkable sex.

Wolff's ACME Blacking

IS WATERPROOF.
A HANDSOME POLISH.
A LEATHER PRESERVER.
NO BRUSHING REQUIRED.
Shoes can be washed daily.
Used by men, women and children.

Look at my old chip basket, isn't it a beauty? I have just finished painting it with

PIK-RON A 10c. BOTTLE

will do half a dozen baskets.
WOLFF & RANDOLPH, Philadelphia.

PIK-RON beautifies other things besides baskets. It makes a white glass vase any color you desire to match. It changes a pine table to walnut, a cane rocker to mahogany.

It stains, paints, lacquers, japans.

THE EARLY BIRD.

In novelties we are the "early bird." You will always find in our stock all the *good* new things as they come out. This season Gray Twills, Scothes and Home-spun effects are the favorites.

We are the acknowledged Leaders in the Ready-made Clothing business, both as to style and quality. *Good* goods our motto.

A. C. YATES & CO.

NOW ONLY

Cor. 13th & Chestnut Sts.

PHILADELPHIA.

SUMMER GOODS

—AT—

Low Tariff Prices!

J. H. SIMPERS

CHESTERTOWN, MD.,

Has received and offers for sale a carefully selected STOCK OF NEW and SEASONABLE GOODS, consisting in part of

DRESS GOODS, OUTING CLOTHS,

DRESS GINGHAMS, PERCALES, &c.

A complete assortment of Domestic DRY GOODS, consisting of Muslins in all grades and widths, Ginghams, Prints, &c., kept constantly in stock at Rock Bottom Prices.

Hosiery of all grades, Handkerchiefs, Gloves, Corsets, Towels, Hamburgs, White Goods, Underwear, White and Colored Overshirts, Neckwear, Combs, Brushes and a full line of goods generally, kept in a Notions Stock.

—SHOES—

We make a specialty of shoes and have a full line in low and fine grades for Men and Ladies, Misses, Boy's and Children. Ladies' Buttoned Shoes at $1.00 $1.25, $1.50, $1.75, $2.00, $2.50. Men's Shoes at $100, $1.25, $1.50, $2.00; Ladies' Oxford Ties at 75c., $1.00, $1.25; a Good-Plow Shoe at $1.00; a small lot of Ladies' Buttoned and Lace Kid, Foxed Shoes to be closed out at BARGAIN PRICES.

—HATS—

New and Nobby Styles in Soft and Stiff Hats for Men and Boys. A Boy's Cloth Turban Hat at 25c. Large Stock of Straw Hats in low and fine grades.

Queensware and Glassware in great variety Whitewash Brushes, Tubs, Buckets, Plow Lines and Traces. Staple Groceries, at lowest cash prices.

m28. J. H. SIMP

GOOD TIMES COMING!

THIS must indeed be good news and it ought to be good news to everybody to know how cheap you can buy goods

At THOMPSON'S, UP TOWN!

who keeps an assortment of

Groceries, Provisions, Notions,
Boots and Shoes, Hats and Caps,
Domestic Dry Goods, &c.

LADIES':—He can sell you an elegant pair of Lace or Buttoned Shoes for $1.00, $1.25, $1.50, $1.75 and $2.00, and would call your particular attention to that Kid Front, Glove Kid Top, Buttoned Shoes at $1.75, which we have sold so many of in the past few years.

Gentlemen':—He can sell you an elegant pair of Shoes at $1.00, $1.25, $1.50, $1.75, $2.00 and 2.50. He claims to have the BEST $1.00 and $1.25 Plow Shoes in the market. Also, all kinds of Misses and Children's shoes at all prices.

FLOUR:—Wm. Lea & Son's FFF, Clifton, Kirkwood and other brands of Flour by the pound, bag or barrel.

WHITEWASH and Building Lime, Whitewash Brushes and Hair.

HEADQUARTERS for PRATT'S

Horse, Cattle and Chicken Powders.

What will it do for Horses? It prevents and cures Distemper, Coughs, Colds and All Contagious Diseases, produces Bone and Muscle and keeps the horse in robust health. FOR COWS—Increases Flow of Milk, Produces 20 per cent More Butter, Prevents and Cures Slinking of Calves, &c. FOR HOGS—Prevents and Cures Cholera. FOR CHICKENS—Cures and Prevents Cholera, Roup, Gapes, Makes Hens Lay Regular, Makes Young Chicks Grow Quickly and Keeps all Poultry Healthy. Give it a fair trial and be convinced.

Yours most truly, W. C. A. THOMPSON,
April 11, 1891. UP TOWN.

Farmers, Attention!

WHEAT and HARVEST IMPLEMENTS

AT DISCOUNT TO CLOSE STOCK.

Hay Tedders, Rakes, Mowers, Hay Carriers.

Celebrated Studbaker's Steel Skein Wagons

BISSELL CHILLED PLOWS, &c.

Call or send for prices before buying.

BALTIMORE FARM IMPLEMENT CO.,
209 South Charles st., Balto., Md.

Tutt's Pills

This popular remedy never fails to effectually cure

Dyspepsia, Constipation, Sick Headache, Biliousness

And all diseases arising from a Torpid Liver and Bad Digestion.

The natural result is good appetite and solid flesh. Dose small; elegantly sugar coated and easy to swallow.

SOLD EVERYWHERE.

COURT ST.

Shoe and Grocery Store

THE PUBLIC ARE INVITED TO CALL AT THE

OLD STAND

ON COURT STREET, CHESTERTOWN,

and examine the FRESH and NEW STOCK of GOODS just bought for cash by

JAMES A. SHAW

which consists of Leather

BOOTS AND SHOES

TO SUIT ALL CLASSES.

Gum Boots and Shoes, Body Boots, Hip and Short Boots, and Bootsfor Men, Women and Children.

GROCERIES.—Flour by the Barrel or Bag, Hominy, Beans, Sugar, Coffee, Baker's Chocolate, Tea, Soap, Soapine, Soda, Rumford's Yeast Powder, Lamp Chimneys and Burners, Coal Oil, Salt and many other things. All of which can be bought of mean cheap as at any place on the shore. Give us a call and we will try to please you.

Also, TOBACCO and CIGARS.

JAMES A. SHAW,
j12. Court Street, Chestertow.

Commission Cards.

Established 1862.

SAMUEL M. LAWDER & SON,

General Commission Merchants

For the sale of Fruits, Fish, Wool, Poultry, Live Stock, &c., &c.

No. 206 South Charles Street,
jan5-y. BALTIMORE, MD

ESTABLISHED 1876.

E. T. COMEGYS,

Member of the Corn and Flour Exchange,

GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANT,

GRAIN, FRUIT, BUTTER, EGGS, POULTRY, &c.

No. 222 South Charles Street, Baltimore, Md.

REFERENCE:—Honest Returns and Personal Attention. a18.

O. CLIFTON. S. H. WOODLAND. J. W. WOODLAND.

A. P. CREW

—WITH—

CLIFTON & WOODLAND,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

217 South Charles St., Balto., Md.,

GRAIN and FRUITS a SPECIALTY.

REFERENCE:—National Exchange Bank.

JAS. W. STEVENS. R. NELSON STEVENS.

STEVENS BROTHERS,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

—FOR THE SALE OF—

Grain, Fruits, Live Stock, Wool and Country Produce Generally.

Special attention given to the sale of GRAIN and FRUITS.

No. 303 South Charles Street, Baltimore, Md.
Reference—Merchants' National Bank.

FRANK R. BIEDLER. RALPH S. JACKSON.

W. H. BEACHAM,

—WITH—

BIEDLER & JACKSON,

Successors to Biedler Brothers,

Produce Commission Merchants,

WAREHOUSE AND OFFICE,

No. 113 South Charles Street, Baltimore, Md

REFERENCE:—People's Bank, Baltimore.

W. R. PARKS,

—WITH—

ROWE & JURNEY,

WHOLESALE GRAIN, FRUIT AND GENERAL —PRODUCE—

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

(Peaches a Specialty.)

No. 305 South Charles Street, Baltimore, Md.

Consignments solicited. Satisfaction guaranteed.

REFERENCE:—Citizens' National Bank. j20-6m.

WRIGHT & LONEY,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

FOR THE SALE OF

Grain, Fruit, Hay, Poultry, Live Stock Hides, and all kinds Country Produce.

No. 215 S. Charles Street, Baltimore. Md.

REFERENCE.—Drovers and Mechanics' National Bank, cor. Eutaw and Fayettests. ja29.

ESTABLISHED 1836.

R. GROVES,

—WITH—

THOMAS BOND & SON,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

No. 216 Light Street, - Baltimore, Maryland.

D. B. STEWART CO.,

of Baltimore, (Incorporated,)

Fruit and Produce Commission Merchants

118 EAST PRATT STREET.

WM. H. RUTTER,

—WITH—

DAIL & CO.,

General Commission Merchants,

FOR THE SALE OF

Fruit, Grain, Hay, Poultry, Eggs, Etc., Also, all Kinds of Produce.

117 Cheapside, - - Baltimore, Md.

Consignments solicited. Attention given to all sales and Prompt Returns made. a18.

JAMES W. JEROME. J. HARRY VICKERS.

JAMES W. JEROME & CO.,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

FOR THE SALE OF

GRAIN, FRUITS, LIVE STOCK, WOOL and Country Produce Generally.

SPECIAL ATTENTION GIVEN TO THE SALE OF GRAIN AND FRUITS.

18 East Camden Street, *Near Light St. Wharf,* Baltimore, Maryland.

WM. H. SPEDDEN. EDWD. SPEDDEN.

ESTABLISHED IN 1873.

WM. H. SPEDDEN & BRO.,

Grocers and Commission Merchants,

510 Light St. Wharf, Balto., Md.,

Offer a Full Line of Groceries at prices as Low as any house in the city, and solicit consignments of Grain, Fruit, Live Stock, Poultry, Eggs and all kinds of Country Produce. Prompt returns made for all sales.

REFER BY PERMISSION TO
Tolchester Steamboat Company, Richard Cornelius, Cashier National Farmers' and Planters' Bank, of Baltimore, Maryland. m21.

PHILADELPHIA.

ESTABLISHED 1859.

WILLIAM SMITH & CO.,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

255 North Front St. and 262 North Water St. Philadelphia.

Specialties:—Poultry, Live Stock, and Fruits of all kinds.

S. F. CREW, of Kent County, Md. M. L. COULBOURN, of Caroline County, Md.

CREW & COULBOURN,

Wholesale Produce Commission Merchants

—IN—

Fruit and Produce,

No. 318 North Front Street, Phila.

Account of sales and check daily if required. Communications solicited and promptly answered.

R. A. BRICE. J. E. HENDRICKSON.

J. E. HENDRICKSON & CO.,

Produce Commission Merchants

IN ALL KINDS OF COUNTRY PRODUCE AND LIVE STOCK.

328 North Front Street, Philadelphia, Penn.

Consignments solicited. Returns promptly sent on sale of goods. Orders promptly filled and inquiries cheerfully answered. fe12-y

P. E. CREW & CO.,

(Successors to CREW & IRELAND,)

FRUIT, PRODUCE & LIVE STOCK

Commission Merchants,

324 North Water Street, Philadelphia, Penn.

Strict attention will be given to all consignments or communications. Check and account statement immediately on sales if desired. Berries and Peaches a specialty in their season.

Consignments solicited. Attention given to all roders. P. E. CREW.

C. M. LUCAS,

WATCHMAKER and JEWELER,

Keeps constantly on hand

Gold and Silver Watches,

AND JEWELRY OF ALL KINDS.

18-Karat Engagement and Wedding Rings.

Rogers & Brother's Silver-Plated Ware,

Clocks of all kinds and Prices.

Spectacles as low as 25 cents.

THE latest styles in Stiff and Soft HATS, also nice line of CAPS. Call and see them.
n8. WM. R. ALDRIDGE.

Registration Notice.

TO THE VOTERS OF KENT COUNTY.

THE OCTOBER SITTING.

IN compliance with Article 33, Code of Public General Laws, titled "Elections," sub-title "Registration," as amended by Chapter 573, of the Acts of 1890, notice is hereby given that the Officers of Registration for Kent county will sit as hereinafter stated for the purpose set forth in said Article.

Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday & Thursday

Oct. 5th, 6th, 7th, 8th, and on MONDAY, October 19th, (each day from 8 A. M. to 8 P. M.) at the following places:

For the First Election District, at Galena.
For the Second Election District at Kennedyville.
For the Third Election District at Samuel W. Wallis' Store, Butlertown, near Worton Station.
For the Fourth Election District, at the Court-House, in Chestertown.
For the Fifth Election District at Edesville.

The Sitting on Monday, October 19th, will be only for revision and for hearing applications for reinstatement of persons whose names have been stricken off.

It is thought proper to publish in connection with this notice the subjoined section of the registration law so far as they are applicable to the counties, which bear particularly upon the powers and duties of the Register and the rights of the citizens:

3. Each of the said officers of registration shall have in addition to the other powers hereinafter conferred upon him by law during the respective times of his appointed sittings, the power of a justice of the peace to preserve order and enforce obedience to his lawful commands at or around his place of registration; to keep the access to such place open and unobstructed; to prevent and suppress riots, tumults, violence and disorder, and all other improper practices at, around or near to his place of registration tending to intimidation or to the obstruction of the work of registration, or the revision of the registration, and to protect and keep safe the registries of voters hereinafter referred to while in his custody and possession; he may compell the presence of witnesses before him while sitting as an officer of registration for all purposes connected with the performance of the duties of his office by summons and attachment; he may while sitting as such officer of registration commit for trial any person committing at or around his place of registration any offense forbidden by this article; he shall have the power to issue any of said summons, attachments or commitments when sitting in any county of this State to the sheriff of said county or to any constable thereof; all processes shall be served by said respective officers in the same manner as if they were issued by the judge of a court of record having jurisdiction of the subject matter or by a justice of the peace exercising police powers within such respective jurisdictions; the sheriff or any constable in any county in this State who shall serve any of said processes shall receive the same fees and in like manner as it is or may be by law provided that he shall receive fees in other State cases, but no officer of registration shall charge or receive any compensation for any service performed under this article except such as is provided by this article.

15. All persons who prior to the passage of this act shall have vacated or removed from or have gone with their parents from the place of their actual abode, domicile, dwelling-place or habitation within this State, and shall have taken a domicile, dwelling-place, abode or habitation out of this State, shall be conclusively presumed to have thereby intended to abandon their legal residence in this State, and to have surrendered their right to registration as legal voters in the State unless within thirty days after the passage of this act they shall go in person befor the clerk of the circuit court for the county from which they shall have so removed or before the clerk of the superior court of Baltimore city, if their removal shall have been from said city and make and acknowledge before such clerk an affidavit that when they so removed they did not intend to change their legal residence within the State, but they had a fixed purpose to return at a definite time, and that they intend to return into the State and take up their actual domicile and habitation therein, on or before six months next preceding the Tuesday after the first Monday of November, eighteen hundred and ninety; * * * and unless the persons respectively making such affidavits shall actually return to this State and shall actually take up their abode, domicile, or habitation therein six months before the Tuesday after the first Monday in November, eighteen hundred and ninety, they shall be conclusively presumed to have lost their legal residence therein and shall not be entitled to registration as legal voters, and the officer of registration shall strike off their names from the registry, if they be entered therein; and after the passage of this act all persons who shall vacate and remove from their actual domicile, abode, dwelling-place or habitation out of this State shall be conclusively presumed to have lost their residence in this State, and shall in consequence thereof become disqualified to vote, unless at or about the time of such removal or within ten days thereafter they shall go in person before the clerk of the circuit court for the county from which they shall so remove, or before the clerk of the superior court of Baltimore city, if such removal be from said city, and shall make and acknowledge before him an affidavit declaring that notwithstanding such substantial from their domicile, dwelling-place or habitation, they do not intend thereby to change their legal residence, but that they have a fixed and definite purpose to return to this State on or before six months preceding the next succeeding election in November; * * * and if the person making such affidavits shall fail so to return and take up their actual abode, domicile, dwelling-place and habitation in this State on or before six months next preceding such November election, they shall be conclusively presumed to have abandoned such declared intention and shall thereupon become disqualified to vote in this State, and the officers of registration shall refuse to register them as qualified voters, or shall strike off their names from the registry if their names be entered therein; the clerk before who such affidavit shall be made, shall retain, index and record the same, and shall be entitled to demand and receive for each acknowledgement the sum of thirty cents, and for indexing and recording the affidavits and acknowledgements thereto, the same compensation as is allowed by law for indexing and recording deeds, such costs to be paid to said clerks by the commissioners, and mayor and city council of Baltimore respectively; such affidavits shall not be admissible in evidence as evidence of the right of the person making the same to registration, unless they are recorded within five days from the date of the acknowledgement thereto, and a duly certified copy thereof shall be receivable in evidence in the same manner as a certified copy of a deed; false swearing in any such affidavits shall be deemed to be perjury, and shall be punishable as purjury is by the Code of Public General Laws, article twenty-seven, title 'Crimes and Punishments,' sub-title 'Purjury;' said officers of registration shall require the production of such affidavits duly recorded, or a duly certified copy thereof in all cases where they shall reason to suspect that the person applying to be registered as a qualified voter has lost his residence by reason of his removal from the State as hereinbefore mentioned, and they may also in any such cases put any question which they may deem proper to such applicant concerning the place where he dwelt in the county or legislative district before such removal out of the State, his occupation before such removal and since, the time when he so removed, and when he returned, and all other pertinent facts and circumstances touching the right of such person to be registered, and they may require the truth of the answers of all persons to such questions to be corroborated by independent evidence if in their discretion they shall think proper; and if in answer to their questions or upon testimony produced before them it shall appear to their satisfaction that the person applying to be registered had left the State without any intention of returning at some definite time in the future he shall not be entitled to register as a legal voter.

GEORGE W. JACOBY,
Register of Voters for First District.
L. A. PENNINGTON,
Register of Voters for Second Dist.
SAMUEL W. WALLIS,
Register of Voters for Third Dist.
JERVIS SPENCER,
Register of Voters for Fourth Dist.
H. H. GRESHAM,
Register of Voters for Fifth Dist.

DR. W. E. BARNARD,

DENTIST,

STILL POND, - - MARYLAND,

Has located permanently, and will be in attendance daily from 9 A. M. to 4 P. M., at the residence of Mrs. M. J. Howard, for all duties pertaining to Dentistry. m23.

FULL line of UNDERWEAR for Men Women and Children, just received and as low as the lowest. Give me a call and I will convince you.
n8. WM. R. ALDRIDGE.

Proclamation by the Governor.

STATE OF MARYLAND,
EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT

WHEREAS, Section one of article fourteen of the Constitution of Maryland makes it the duty of the Governor to order the publication in certain newspapers to be designated by him, of any Bill, or Bills, passed proposing any amendment to the said Constitution.

And whereas at the January session 1890 of the General Assembly of Maryland six separate Bills were passed proposing that number of amendments to the Constitution; which several amendments are described as follows:

Chapter 194 which, for convenience of description, I hereby designate as amendment number one; Chapter 195, designated as amendment number two; Chapter 242, designated as amendment number three; Chapter 255, designated as amendment number four; Chapter 362, designated as amendment number five; and Chapter 426, designated as amendment number six.

All which proposed amendments follow in the order described, to wit:

NUMBER 1.

CHAPTER 194.

AN ACT to amend section seventeen, of article two of the constitution of this State.

SECTON 1. *Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Maryland,* Three-fifths of all the members of the two Houses concurring, that the following section be and the same is hereby proposed as an amendment to the constitution of this State, and if adopted by the legal and qualified voters thereof as herein provided, it shall supersede and stand in the place and instead of section seventeen of article two of said constitution.

SECTION 17. To guard against hasty or partial legislation, and encroachments of the Legislative Department upon the co-ordinate, Executive and Judical departments, every bill which shall have passed the House of Delegates and the Senate, shall before it becomes a law, be presented to the Governor of the State; if he approve, he shall sign it; but if not he shall return it, with his objections, to the House in which it originated, which House shall enter the objections at large on its journal, and proceed to reconsider the bill; if after such reconsideration, three-fifths of the members elected to that House shall pass the bill, it shall be sent with the objections to the other House, by which it shall likewise be reconsidered, and if passed by three-fifths of the members elected to that House, it shall become a law, but in all such cases the votes of both Houses shall be determined by yeas and nays, and names of the persons voting for and against the bill shall be entered on the journal of each House respectively, if any bill shall not be returned by the governor within six days (Sundays excepted) after it shall have been presented to him, the same shall be a law in like manner as if he signed it; unless the General Assembly shall, by adjournment prevent its return, in which case it shall not be a law, the Governor shall have power to disapprove of any item or items of any bills making appropriations of money, embracing distinct items, and the part or parts of the bill approved shall be the law, and item or items or appropriations disapproved shall be void unless repassed according to the rules or limitations prescribed for the passage of other bills over the executive veto.

SECTION 2. *And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid,* That the said foregoing section hereby proposed as an amendment to the constitution shall be at the next general election held in this State, submitted to the legal and qualified voters thereof for their adoption or rejection, in pursuance of the directions contained in article fourteen of the constitution of this State, and at the said general election the vote on said proposed amendment to the constitution shall be by ballot, and upon each ballot there shall be written or printed the words "for the constitutional amendment," or "against the constitutional amendment," as the voter shall elect, and immediately after said election due return shall be made to the Governor of the vote for and against said proposed amendment, as directed by the said fourteenth article of the constitution.

Approved March 27th. 1890.

We hereby certify, That the aforegoing is a correct copy of an act of the General Assembly of Maryland, passed January session, 1890.

W. G. PURNELL,
Secretary of the Senate.
CARLTON SHAFER,
Chief Clerk of the House of Delegates.

NUMBER 2.

CHAPTER 195.

AN ACT to amend section forty-eight, of article three, of the Constitution of this State.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Maryland,* Three-fifths of all the members of the two Houses concurring, that the following section be, and the same is hereby proposed as an amendment to the Constitution of this State, and if adopted by the legal and qualified voters thereof as herein provided, it shall supersede and stand in the place and instead of article forty-eight of article three of said Constitution.

SECTION 48. Corporations may be formed under general laws, but shall not be created by special act, except for municipal purposes and except in cases where no general laws exist, providing for the creation of corporations of the same general character, as the corporation proposed to be created, and any act of incorporation passed in violation of this section shall be void, all charters granted, or adopted in pursuance of this section, and all charters hereafore granted and subject to repeal or modification, may be altered, from time to time, or be repealed; Provided, nothing herein contained shall be construed to extend to Banks, or the incorporation thereof, the General Assembly shall not alter or amend the charter of any corporation existing at the time of the adoption of this article, or pass any other general or special law for the benefit of such corporation, except upon the condition that such corporation shall surrender all claim to exemption from taxation or from the repeal or modification of its charter, and that such corporation shall thereafter hold its charter subject to the provisions of this constitution; and any corporation so chartered by this State which shall accept, use, enjoy, or in anywise avail itself of any rights, privileges or advantages that may hereafter be granted or conferred by any general or special act, shall be conclusively presumed to have thereby surrendered any exemption from taxation to which it may be entitled under its charter and shall be thereafter subject to taxation as if no such exemption has been granted by its charter.

SECTION 2. *And be if further enacted by the authority aforesaid,* That the said foregoing section hereby proposed as an amendment to the constitution shall be, at the next general election held in this State, submitted to the legal and qualified voters thereof for their adoption or rejection, in pursuance of the directions contained in article fourteen of the Constitution of this State, and at the said general election the vote on said proposed amendment to the constitution shall be by ballot, and upon each ballot there shall be written or printed the words "for the constitutional amendment," or "against the constitutional amendment," as the voter shall elect, and immediately after said election due return shall be made to the Governor of the vote for and against said proposed amendment, as directed by the said fourteenth article of the constitution.

Approved March 27th, 1890.

We hereby certify, That the aforegoing is a correct copy of an act of the General Assembly of Maryland, passed January session, 1890.

W. G. PURNELL,
Secretary of the Senate
CARLTON SHAFER,
Chief Clerk of the House of Delegates

NUMBER 3.

CHAPTER 242.

AN ACT to amend article fifteen of the Declaration of Rights of the Constitution of this State.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Maryland,* three-fifths of all the members of the two Houses concurring, that the following article be, and the same is hereby proposed as an amendment to article fifteen of the Declaration of Rights of the Constitution of this State, and if adopted by the legal and qualified voters thereof as herein provided, it shall supersede and stand in the place and stead of article fifteen of the Declaration of Rights of said Constitution.

ARTICLE 15. All taxes ought to be uniform upon the same kinds of property or class of subjects, and should be levied and collected under general laws, but the General Assembly may by general laws exempt from taxation all public property used for public purposes, all churches or buildings used exclusively for public worship and the furniture contained therein and the parsonages connected therewith, burying grounds not used for private or corporate profit, all purely charitable or benevolent institutions, literary or educational institutions, with the furniture and equipment contained in such charitable, benevolent, literary or educational institutions, and the grounds appurtenant to such churches, houses of public worship, charitable or benevolent, literary or educational institutions and necessary to the convenient use thereof, as the same have been heretofore exempted by law in this State; and all other property in this State not so declared exempt may be taxed, and the General Assembly may, by general law, provide for a tax on the incomes of citizens of this State; yet fines, duties, licenses or taxes may properly and justly be imposed or laid with a political view for good government and the benefit of the community.

SECTION 2. *And be it enacted by the authority aforesaid,* That the said foregoing section hereby proposed as an amendment to article fifteen of the Declaration of Rights of the Constitution shall be, at the next general election, to be held in this State, submitted to the legal and qualified voters thereof for their adoption or rejection, in pursuance of the directions contained in article fourteen of the constitution shall be by ballot, and upon each ballot there shall be written or printed the words "for the constitutional amendment," or "against the constitutional amendment," as the voter shall elect, and immediately after said election due return shall be made to the Governor of the vote for and against said proposed amendment, as directed by the said fourteenth article of the Constitution.

Approved April 3rd, 1890.

We hereby certify, That the aforegoing is a correct copy of an act of the General Assembly of Maryland, passed January session, 1890.

W. G. PURNELL,
Secretary of the Senate.
CARLTON SHAFER,
Chief Clerk of the House of Delegates.

NUMBER 5.

CHAPTER 362.

AN ACT to amend section three of article twelve of the Constitution of this State.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Maryland,* Three-fifths of all the members of the two Houses concurring, that the following section be and the same is hereby proposed as an amendment to the Constitution of this State and if adopted by the legal and qualified voters thereof as herein provided, it shall supersede and stand in the place and instead of section three of article twelve of said Constitution.

SECTION 3. The Board of Public Works is hereby authorized, subject to such regulations and conditions as the General Assembly may from time to time prescribe, to sell the State's interest in all works of Internal Improvement, whether as a stockholder or a creditor, and also the State's interest in any banking corporation, receiving in payment the bonds and registered debt now owing by the Stat, equal in amount to the price obtained for the State's said interest.

SECTION 4. *And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid,* That the said foregoing section hereby proposed as an amendment to the Constitution shall be, at the next general election, to be held in this State, submitted to the legal and qualified voters thereof for their adoption or rejection, in pursuance of the directions contained in article fourteen of the Constitution of this State; and at the said general election the vote on said proposed amendment to the Constitution shall be by ballot, and upon each ballot there shall be written or printed the words, "for the constitutional amendment," or "against the constitutional amendment," as the voter shall elect, and immediately after said election, due return shall be made to the Governor of the vote for and against said proposed amendment as directed by the said fourteenth article of the Constitution.

Approved April 8th, 1890.

We hereby certify, That the aforegoing is a correct copy of an act of the General Assembly of Maryland, passed January session, 1890.

W. G. PURNELL,
Secretary of the Senate.
CARLTON SHAFER,
Chief Clerk of the House of Delegates.

NUMBER 6.

CHAPTER 426.

AN ACT to amend section fifty-one of article three of the Constitution of this State.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Maryland,* Three-fifths of all the members of the two Houses concurring, that the following section be and the same is hereby proposed as an amendment to the Constitution of this State, and if adopted by the legal and qualified voters thereof as herein provided, it shall supersede and stand in the place and stead of section fifty-one of article three of the Constitution of this State.

SECTION 51. The personal property of residents of this State shall be subject to taxation in the County or City where the resident *bona fide* resides for the greater part of the year for which the tax may or shall be levied, and not elsewhere, except money and chattels permanently located, which shall be taxed in the City or County where they are so located, but the General Assembly may by law provide for the taxation of mortgages upon property in this State and the debts secured thereby in the County or City where such property is situated.

SECTION 2. *And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid,* That the said foregoing section hereby proposed as an amendment to the Constitution shall be, at the next general election held in this State, submitted to the legal and qualified voters thereof for their adoption or rejection, in pursuance of the directions contained in article fourteen of the Constitution of this State, and at the said general election the vote on said proposed amendment to the Constitution shall be by ballot, and upon each ballot there shall be written or printed the words, "for the constitutional amendment," or "against the constitutional amendment," as the voter shall elect, and immediately after said election, due return shall be made to the Governor of the vote for and against said proposed amendment as directed by the said fourteenth article of the Constitution.

Approved April 3rd, 1890.

We hereby certify, That the foregoing is a correct copy of an act of the General Assembly of Maryland, passed January session, 1890.

W. G. PURNELL,
Secretary of the Senate.
CARLTON SHAFER,
Chief Clerk of the House of Delegates.

Now therefore I, ELIHU E. JACKSON, Governor of Maryland, do hereby order and direct that each and all of the said herein before described Bills, or Acts of the General Assembly, six in number, each proposing a separate amendment to the Constitution of Maryland, be published once a week for at least three months in two newspapers published in each county in the State, if so many are therein published, and in three newspapers in the city of Baltimore, before the next ensuing general election, which will be held on Tuesday, the third day of November, 1891; at which said election all of the six propose amendments aforesaid will be severally submitted to the legal and qualified voters of Maryland for adoption or rejection.

THE GREAT SEAL OF MARYLAND.

Given under my hand and the Great Seal of Maryland, at the city of Annapolis, on the sixteenth day of July in the year of our Lord eighteen hundred and ninety-one, and of the Independence of the United States the one hundred and fifteenth.

ELIHU E. JACKSON.

By the Governor:
E. W. LECOMPTE,
Secretary of State.

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