The Kent News.

CHESTERTOWN, - OCT. 24, 1891

Terms: $1 Per Annum in Advance.

Local Mass Meetings!

GRAND MASS MEETINGS of the Democratic and conservative voters of Kent county will be held in the several election districts, and speakers will be present and address them as follows:

SATURDAY, Oct. 24, at 5 P. M.,
At CLIFF CITY, Quaker Neck,
MESSRS. VICKERS, SLAY and M. DEK. SMITH.

TUESDAY, October 27, at 7 P. M.,
Grand Rally of the "Young Democracy" in CHESTERTOWN,
MESSRS. SMITH, SLAY, PEARCE, and VICKERS.

THURSDAY, October 29, at 7 P. M.,
AT MILLINGTON,
MESSRS. SLAY, PEARCE and SMITH.

FRIDAY, October 30, at 7 P. M.,
AT LONG COVE, Piney Neck.
MESSRS. VICKERS, SMITH, WM. HENRY LEGG.

SATURDAY, Oct. 31, at 7 P. M.,
AT GREY'S INN,
MESSRS. J. S. ROBINSON, WM. H. LEGG, J. A. PEARCE, H. W. VICKERS.

☞It is hoped that all the meetings will be well attended. Everybody is invited—Democrats, Republicans and Prohibitionists. Come out and hear something of the MOMENTOUS ISSUES involved in the present campaign.

Sales to Take Place.

PERSONAL PROPERTY.

Monday, Nov. 2—Personal property of T. B. Crew in Still Pond Neck.

REAL ESTATE.

Saturday, October 31—Five Acres of Land, near Melitota, by Samuel Beck and Benjamin H. Rash, trustees.

ROCK HALL LOCALS.

One of the disappointments of this section was experienced Saturday night last. A "grand prohibition rally" had been advertised to take place at Downey's Hall, and people from many parts of the county were on hand, including a number of candidates of all the parties, anxious to hear the issues of the prohibitionists discussed by their candidate for Governor, and other followers of the *third party*. But Mr. Higgins and the county prohibition leaders failed to put in an appearance! Men who were connected with the Democratic or Republican parties expressed much regret at the failure, and several voters who were almost persuaded to become Prohibs are now disgusted, and of course, will go with their party again. But all this blundering is hardly any thing more than could have been expected by those who have watched the prohibition movement since its start in this county. Bad engineering has attended it in every campaign. There was at one time, during the past two months, prospects for a larger vote in this district than there ever had been; but now if they secure their usual vote they will do well.

There was a row among the negroes in South Rock Hall on Saturday night. One of their number seems to have beeen pretty roughly pummelled. Parties near by could hear the heavy breathing of the fellow as the other fellows were putting in their licks, but it seems they did not give him as much as he ought to have had, as in a short time he was in the yard of Capt. B. F. Sewell, trying to effect an entrance into his summer kitchen, using profane and boisterous language in his demands for admittance. Capt. Sewell went to the door and ordered the negro away, but instead of going he let Captain S. know that he had served in the U. S. army, which he, no doubt thought, gave him a right to do about as he pleased. Some of the women along in his company succeeded in getting him outside of the gate, when he cursed and abused Capt. S. in a very shameful manner. It is to be hoped that the Captain will give him a home for the winter.

Jack (Tar) one of our excellent young men, was completely given away some days ago. For some time he has been paying attention to a very estimable young lady. Wishing to take a ride to town he sent a small boy to the father of the young lady to borrow a road cart. In due time the boy made known his request, that Mr. —— wanted to borrow his road cart. "What Mr. ——?" asked the man. "Why the one that goes to see Joe's sister," replied the boy. Now, Joe is the son of the owner of the dog cart in question. The joke was so good that the old gentleman came down and told it to the crowd at the store with much elation.

Capt. J. P. Rodney one day last week found a new species of ground hog along the shores of the lower river; it is not at all like the hog that is so fearful of his shadow. Jim will no doubt give a complete description of him in due time.

The Gratitude will discontinue round trips after this month. We understand the last round trip will be made next Saturday.

All our oyster dredgers belonging here laugh at the idea of placing stones on the oyster bars, and declare that all the fools are not dead yet. A captain of this place, who has followed the business for a long time, and is as skilled in the business as any man on the bay, says he can dredge successfully in spaces of 20 feet! Now imagine the quantity of stone it would require to prevent dredging. This captain and others have frequently dredged on bars literally covered with large stones. It is true, they say, that they have their dredge lines broken by being caught into a stone, and when their lines have been broken they do not lose their dredge, but, on the contrary, they succeed in winding in the dredge filled with oysters and shells, simply because they all use what they call trip lines. When the dredge line breaks the trip line turns the dredge out and frees it, still leaving in the net of the dredge the oysters caught. It is seldon that a dredge gets caught at all when working among stones, as the tendency is for the dredge to bounce over the obstacle. This suggestion was advanced here years ago, and a movement was made to go to Port Deposit and procure stone for Swan Point bar, but they soon saw the foolishness of the idea; so the matter dropped. Let that fellow suggest something else. R.

GALENA LOCALS.

GALENA, OCT. 22, 1891.

Rev. E. K. Nelson, attended the Ecumenical Conference at Washington, D. C. He was there for nearly two weeks, arriving home, here, on Saturday last. The Rev. Mr. Robinson, of the Presbyterian Church, officiated for him at the M. E. Church here on Sunday evening.

The Epworth Leagues of Galena, Cecilton and other places, held services in the Galena M. E. Church on Sunday evening last. After the services in the church the visiting leagues were entertained in the chapel, refreshments, such as ice-cream, cake, &c., was partaken of.

A postoffice has been established at Fredericktown. Business must have increased very considerably in Cecil county since they got high license there to require a postoffice at Fredericktown, for we now have *three* within a distance of less than two miles. The next move for postal facilities will be for free delivery.

The Sassafras and Galena creameries paid last month 98c. per hundred pounds.

A good many farmers in this neighborhood are not done seeding wheat yet. We had a very heavy rain Monday night and Tuesday morning, which was badly needed, though it will keep the farmers back some from finishing seeding.

Politics are very quiet around here, the Democrats of the first district, nevertheless, expect and will give their usual majority, though the Republicans are making a still hunt. It is reported that the Kuklux, for that is what they are called here, had a meeting at the lower branch Monday night last. The object, I presume, is to get the colored voters into line for election day.

After the heavy rain on Monday night there was a large body of water damed up in front of Dr. Dickinson's drug store for some time, the sidewalk being impassable In putting a public pump they had to dig and throw up quite a pile of clay, which was the cause of the water being backed up, as it could not run off. Some one who was incline to have a little joke, got a pole and fastened it on top of one of the hitching posts and attached to it a line, and to the line he fixed a bent wire to represent a sturgeon hook, but did not catch any. Hope they may be more successful the next time.

Good tiding services will be held in the M. E. Church here on Sunday evening next, 25th inst. P.

Betterton Locals.

Everything seems to be very quiet around here about this time. The perch fishing season is about over. So, of course, we don't have many sports to make it lively. There was a party at the "Betterton House" Saturday from Baltimore among whom were ex-Gov. Jas. B. Groome, Fred. Shriver agent of the Baltimore & Philadelphia steamboat company, and John W. Shriver, of Washington. They came to late in the season however too have much success in catching perch, nevertheless they had a good time.

Rev. Mr. Kemp is holding revival services at the Betterton M. E. Church, with but little success so far.

Mr. Samuel Brice is building himself a neat little dwelling adjoining his father's property, which, when completed will be a decided improvement in the neighbor hood

Mr. George Mann, of Baltimore, spent a few days with us last week.

Mrs. Annie Forsythe, of Baltimore, visited friends here a short ago. We are indeed always glad to see her.

Capt. Benjamin Wheeler is visiting his daughter, Mrs. Linthicum, in Annapolis.

Dr. Williams and wife, of Louisiana, are guests at the "Betterton House."

Mr. N. Trott who has been off to work, came home quite sick a few days ago. We hope he will soon be all right again.

Mr. Jos. R. Owens, of Coleman's, has been quite sick at his father's, but we are glad to know that he is improving very rapidly.

Miss Estella Duer, of Baltimore, is visiting her sister, James T. Crew, of this place.

Mrs. Wm. Jester and Mrs. John Smith are visiting friends on the Western Shore. TREBOR.

A SALE!—"A Red Hot Sale" is advertised and aptly illustrated in another column by F. H. Harper & Son., the enterprising Still Pond mercantile firm.

THE BIGGEST.—Mr. Samuel Mann, on Mr. J. W. Chapman's farm brought to town last week a pumpkin weighing *eighty-five* pounds! Who can beat it?

A FARMER near town says he attempted to thresh his wheat *nine* times this year and at each attempt it rained!

JUDGES OF ELECTION.—First District—William H. Pennington, Thomas M. Britton, William J. Porter.

Second District—Bedford Roe, John B. Harris, Charles England.

Third District—Joseph R. Usilton, Edward M. Taylor, A. R. Parks.

Fourth District, 1st precinct—Willard Melvin, T. Waters Russell, James W. Lambert. Second precinct—J. Cordray Loud, Gustavus Startt, C. G. Haddaway.

Fifth District—Stephenson Constable, James L. Beck, John W. Coleman, of Wm.

Last Sitting of the Registers.

There were no changes in the registration list in the third and fifth districts. In the fourth district Wm. H. Bowers was reinstated, and Wm. B. Roland stricken off. In the first district the following, all colored, were reinstated:

McKennly, Charles, Sassafras
Brown, Upton, Lee's Chapel
Brinkley, Wm H, Galena
Carroll, Nicholas, Lambson
Caulk, Moses C, Millington
Christ, Wm A, Lassafras
Dyre, John H F, Chesterville
Dudley, Richard T, Millington
Grinage, Samuel C, Chesterville
Gould, Robert I, Millington
Hutchinson, Robert, Hasseys
Johnson, Shadrick, Masseys
Jackson, Wm J. Millington
Jeffries, Albert P, Millington
Landman, Joseph W, Millington
Scott, Samuel M, Chesterville
Wilson, Joseph, Chesterville

Second District—Reinstated.
COLORED.

Duckery, Charles E.
Tillison, Samuel
Williams, John

DAVID B. UPDEGRAFF, the Quaker Evangelist, will begin a series of meetings on Sunday next at the M. E. Church, Chestertown. These meetings will be held both day and night for several days. He will preach in the M. E. Church on Sunday morning at 10.30 A. M., and at night at 7.30 o'clock. The preachers from neighboring charges will be present and assist in the services.

Letters Uncalled For.

The following is a list of unclaimed letters in the Chestertown postoffice:

Brown, Mrs. Ellen
Coehrrn, Mr. Wm.
Cronch, Miss Lida
Fountain, Mr. Chas.
Murphey, Mr. J. H. P.
Toliferron, Mr. Belvie
Webb, Mr. James

The letters that are uncalled for after remaining in the postoffice for a week are advertised and held for two weeks and after that are sent to the dead letter office at Washington.

Oystermen's Friends.

Democrats Favor Free Oyster Grounds and are Opposed to Selling, Leasing or in Any Manner Disposing of Them to Private Individuals, Corporations or Syndicates.

The Democratic party, the exponent of the principles enunciated by the Supreme Court of the United States and of our Court of Appeals ever since it came into power in 1867, has recognized the rights of the oystermen; and Democratic Legislators from 1867 to 1890 have enacted laws for their protection, and have always maintained that the soil of the Chesapeake is vested in the State and that the right of fishing in navigable waters *is a public right belonging to all the people, which could not be abridged or diminished;* that the land under navigable water is held by the State not only subject to, but also in some sense in trust for the onjoyment of certain public rights, among which is the common liberty of taking fish, as well as shell fish (oysters) as floating fish; and that no one could destroy the right of the public to resort to the common property by transferring these submarine lands to private ownership. Acting on these great principles, the Democratic Legislature from 1867 to 1890 have authorized dredging, scraping and tonging, under certain regulations; and licenses do not permit oystering in any other county than the one where obtained, and the boundaries, of counties bordering on navigable waters, must be strictly construed, so as not to permit the residents of either county to take oysters beyond the middle of the dividing channel, but the Chester, the Wye, the Choptank and the Nanticoke can be used in common by the citizens of the counties bordering on them. Moreover, the Democratic Legislature at great expense have provided police protection for the oystermen and the oyster, the State having two steamers and thirteen sailing vessels and well equipped crews. The last Legislature, for the purpose of increasing the supply of oysters, enacted a culling law, which experienced oystermen think will accomplish its purpose. *If the oysters have become scarce it is because the oystermen have caught them.* With care in culling there will always be plenty of oysters, and there is no right nor justice in destroying the vocation of our oystermen and making them the hired menials of capitalists and corporations by selling, leasing or in any way disposing of our oyster grounds. Every Democrat in the next Legislature from a tidewater county will use his best endeavors to prevent the passage of laws that would reduce our oyster people to penury; and to sell or lease the oyster beds would surely do this. But what do the Republican leaders and their organ, the Baltimore *American*, think about this? At the Packers meeting held in the Baltimore Academy of Music on the 18th of last March, Col. Thomas S. Hodson, the Chairman of the Republican State Central Committee, was one of the chief speakers; the private ownership of oyster beds was strongly recommended, and the main sentiment of the speeches was that the control of the oyster grounds should be transferred to private individuals, "that the land under water in the Chesapeake Bay and its tributaries and the other waters of the State should be made subject to private property precisely as the land above the water; that the laws of the State should be so changed as to authorize and protect private property in oyster grounds, that there should be two classes of oyster lots, one large, where large capital would be required to cultivate with steam dredges, the other, smaller, all these lots to be sold by the State. COL. HODSON, *Chairman of the Republican State Central Committee* in his speech said: "I am satisfied that a good oyster planting law would increase the revenue from the oyster trade. I have thought it better to give individual instances of the advantages of private ownership and planting than general statements. I do know on both sides of the bay wherever oyster planting has been intelligently followed it has been found to be profitable; there can be no reasonable doubt of this fact. *I have only endeavored to set the ball in motion;* If the real facts are known and understood by the people I do not fear that THIS REVOLUTION (private ownership and planting) will stop short of the grandest possible success."

Ex-Congressman Louis E. McComas, the Republican leader of Western Maryland, where they have no oyster bars and no oystermen voters, was chosen chairman of this convention and said: "The most inland seas on this continent, the Chesapeake Bay, richer in possible than all the fair lands of our State, has under Demorcat mismanagement almost ceased to be a producer of oysters; we believe it ought to produce food for a continent if we would have the courage to protect this industry and encourage the planting of oysters in the water as we plant fruit or grain on land. This great problem presses for settlement, and after twenty-five years the Democrats have failed to grappel with it. Our people (Republicans) on both sides of the bay can afford to turn, it is time for our party to promise the reforms and by the character of its nominees for State officers and Legislature and convince the people that the candidates will redeem the pledges." Mr. McComas says in so many words that he favors and his party on both sides of the bay is pledged to have laws that will protect the planting of oysters in the water the same as the planting of grain on land. How? BY SELLING OR LEASING THE OYSTER BEDS *to private individuals, corporations and syndicates.*

The Baltimore *American* in its issue of September 11th had a double leaded editorial on the same lines as Col. Hodson, Mr. McComas, and others. The *American* said "There is but one certain way to preserve the oyster beds of the Chesapeake and its tributaries and make them sufficiently productive to meet the needs of the public, and that is to lease them to private parties wherever practicable. For the people to hold property in common is very attractive to some minds, but it is a glittering delusion: the experiment has been repeatedly to hold lands in common for the whole community with the unvarying result that in a short time the lands have gone to waste and the community has disbanded. No sound reasons can be urged for making a discrimination in favor of land covered with water, and the experience of those States where the sale and leasing of the oyster grounds and oyster planting has been adopted is so absolutely in favor of leasing the grounds that the opponents are compelled to resort to the demagogic plea of an effort to deprive the oysterman of their livehood." The Republicans not only say that it is right to sell the oyster bars, but say that whoever try to prevent it are demagegues thus adding insult to injury. The *American* thus continues: "Nor is the pretense that the culling law will remedy the evil of wasted beds and scarce and inferior oysters of any more value; the law is a dismal failure, as all laws will be so long as the beds are the common property and the prey of an irresponsible public. The oysters do not belong to the dredgers and tongers solely, but to the people of Maryland, and the interest of those who are not engaged in the oyster business is far more important than the interest of those who are. By adopting the lease system the interest of all will be conserved. Will any of the local statesmen have the courage to rise to the occasion?"

Oystermen, which plan do you favor—the old Democratic system of free oyster bars or the Republican plan of leasing and selling or disposing of the oyster grounds to private individuals? If you are for the old plan vote the Democratic ticket. If you are for the sale of the oyster beds vote the Republican ticket. Some "of our local (Republican) statesmen may not have the courage to rise to the occasion," but the great majority will, and if the Republicans should carry the State the views of the *American* and Messrs. McComas and Hodson would prevail, but the Democrats will win and will continue to protect the oystermen and keep the oyster grounds as the common property of the oysterman, and Kent's Democratic nominees will never "have the courage to rise to the occasion" suggested by the *American* and vote for leasing the oyster grounds. All of our nominees are openly pledged to do all they can to defeat any plan for selling, leasing or disposing of any portion of our oyster lands to corporations, syndicates or anyone else, and, being Democrats in a Democratic Legislature, they will wield a great influence; whereas the Republican nominees, if they should be elected, they should not and could have weight in a Democratic Legislature. The Democrats are united and determined and will succeed.

CIRCUIT COURT NEWS.

The Fall Term of the Circuit Court for Kent County in Session.

The October term of the circuit court for Kent county, convened a few minutes after ten o'clock on Monday morning, Oct. 19, with his Honor Judge Wickes on the bench; Dr. Samuel Beck, clerk; H. C. Chase, deputy; Samuel Comegys, sheriff; C. C. Morgan, deputy; John H. Greenwood, crier; Jervis Spencer and James A. Russell, bailiffs to the court, and George C. Adkinson, bailiff to the grand jury. The April docket was called and adjourned *sine die*. Upon call of the roll of jurors, Messrs. R. T. Turner, Tilghman Shafer and Henry J. Gray failed to respond. Messrs. Turner and Shafer having been excused, J. W. Hurtt and J. F. Ernest were drawn in their stead, and Sheriff Comegys ordered to summon them. Owing to the impossibility of having the gentlemen present during the day, the jurors were excused until 9 o'cl'k Tuesday morning. Judge Wickes stated that the court was confronted by a trouble such as had occurred once before, and that in his opinion he could not draw a grand jury whose work would be legitimate.

The regular criminal docket was called. Court proceeded to take up the cases on the civil appeal docket. The first case was that of Thos. J. Burris against Hamilton & Vandegrift. Suit on account of work done. Burris failed to appear. Judgment affirmed. Pearce for Burris; Barroll for Hamilton & Vandegrift. Court adjourned until 9.30 on Tuesday morning.

TUESDAY.—Court called with Hon. Jos. A. Wickes on the bench. The grand jury, with W. T. Anderson in the place of Henry Gray, excused on account of sicknesss, was sworn. The judge delivered a lengthy and emphatic charge, stating that the duty devolving upon the grand jury would be of more than ordinary interest to the community, emphasizing the fact that an unusual number of criminal cases would be brought for their consideration, several of them being of a particularly grave character; namely, four cases of homicide. He referred to the flagrant and open violations of the local option law in the county, and particularly in Chestertown, outraging public decency and the quiet of the community. His Honor declared, that it is time that something should be done, and referred to the frequency with which the moral sense of the community has been violated. The reference to the almost absolute disregard to law, was coudemned in no uncertain language, and the position taken, that since law is the supreme power in government, it is to law that every man owes obedience.

The following are the members of the grand and petit juries:

GRAND JURY

N. Barnard, foreman; John Gale, George Bell, J. W. Hurtt, W. G. Skirvin, Thomas S. Wickes, H. E. Cooper, Benj. P. Morgan, G. H. Watts, A. M. Kendall, Sam'l J. Wickes, Geo, E, Leary, Wilbur Eliason, Sam'l Cacy, J. M. J. Byron, A, H. Johnson, R. B. Willson, W.T. Anderson, J. F. Ernest, Harry C. Cacy, E. W. Hepbron, T. H. Horsey, C. P. Loper.

PETIT JUEY.

F H Harper, Joseph Rasin, D E Jewell, John H Simpers, James R Hicks, Samuel Mallalieu, Wm F Melvin, Garrett Foxwell, McCaul M Rasin, Geo W Davis, John B Parrott, Walter B Strong, J M Comegys, Alexander R Parks, B N S Wilkins, W H Cacy, John F Wilson, Samuel A Merritt, T J Shallcross, A L Corey, J T Pennington, W A Kennedy, G W Hatcherson, G H Watts, C C Brown.

The first case called was that of H. L. Beck against the State. The case of J. T. Kelley against the Statebeing similar in every respect, the two were combined and tried as one. This was an appeal from Esquire Wilkinson, of Rock Hall. Beck and Kelley were charged with taking oysters with tongs in Grey's Inn creek during the closed season. At the hearing a fine was imposed, whereupon an appeal was taken. It was brought out in the evidence that the men caught less than a quart of oysters, that they were taken in broad daylight, without any effort at concealment, and that the oysters were taken for Kelley's wife who was sick and craved oysters. The jury, after being out a short time, returned a verdict of not guilty. Smith for the State, and Vickers for Beck and Kelley.

Parks against Strong, was the case of R. F. Parks against Edger H. Strong, an appeal from Esquire Thomas. Suit for money owing on sale of orchard grass seed, Parks claiming that he did not purchase the seed from Strong owing to the fact that they were not up to sample, but by agreement with Strong sold them on commission to another party. This was denied, Strong claiming to have sold the seed to Parks at 60 cents per bushel. Jury trial, judgment for Strong for the full amount of seed sold at 60 cents per bushel with interest added was given. Barroll for Strong, Vickers for Parks.

Grand jury brought in an indictment against Larry Burke for the murder of William Gardner, at Rock Hall on May 1.

Josiah Massey against John T. McClain. This was an appeal from Esquire Thomas, who gave McClain judgment because of non-appearance of Massey on account of a misunderstanding in regard to the date of the hearing. McClain hired to Massey in April for the remainder of the year at $13 per month, but after working about two months, McClain left without cause, and brought suit for his wages in Massey's hands. Court trial, judgment reversed, each party to pay his own costs. Barroll for McClain, Smith for Massey.

WEDNESDAY.—Court called with Judge Joseph A. Wickes on the bench. The case of Parks against Strong decided as given above. Howard against State, appeal faom Justice C. W. C. Johnson, case of resisting arrest. Trial before the court. Verdict guilty. $1 fine and one month in jail.

The removed case from Queen Anne's county was next called, and as expected, was one of peculiar interest, being one of those notorious Hulless oats cases. This is a suit by Charles E. Jubb, of Baltimore, against Francis M. Lowe, on a note of $500. The defense appeared to be that the note had been changed after it was signed by printing in the words "or bearer." The case was tried in Talbot and was non prossed. J. B. and E. H. Brown appeared for Jubb, P. B. Hopper, M. deK. Smith and R. D. Hynson for Lowe.

The grand jury brought in presentment against Thomas Thompson for the murder of William Adams and two presentments against L. S. Mears, one for assault upon Thomas Hague and one for assault upon Mrs. Hague. A motion to set aside the appeal in the case of Henry Spear against Tonkin & Co., was taken up by the court and it was held that the appeal would not hold upon the confessed judgment of the plaintiff. The court did not rule upon the question whether or not a new trial could be brought. Suit will be instited by Hope H. Barroll, and the case brought up at the April term.

THURSDAY.—The hulless oat case consumed the at attention of the court. The grand jury brought in a presentiment against Peter Wilmer for forgery and Jas. D. Jamar for murder of W. E. Johnson.

FRIDAY.—The day was taken up in arguments in the hulless oat case and the case was given to the jury at 2.50 o'clock. The next case taken up was that of Elliott Graham against Roberts & Co., removed from Harford to Baltimore county, and brought to Kent. This is a case in which $2168 is involved for alleged failure to furnish cans for packing tomatoes. John S. Young, James J. Archer, Hope H. Barroll and Albert Constable, Esqs., for plantiffs; J. Martin McNabb and Jas. A. Pearce for defendants. The grand jury brought in presentments against Alfred Dunn for stealing a watch and against Mary Brown for poisoning Miss Annie E. Gale.

Orphans' court, Tuesday, October 20.—Present Judges Walker, Fisher and Moffett. The last will and testament of Emeline Wilson was admitted to probate. Mrs. Rebecca Boulden, executrix of F. H. Boulden, passed her first and final administration account. Henrietta E. Matthews, administratrix of Stewart Matthews, obtained an order to sell the personal property of her decedent.

County commissioners met Oct. 20, with a full board present. Capt. Jos. W. Thompson filed a petition for use of county wharf at Chestertown, which was referred to John A. Groves as a committee to correspond with said Thompson upon the particulars in the matter. Thomas J. Parsons presented his resignation as constable for the 3d district, to take effect at once, which was accepted, by order of the board. John A. Duyer's application and recommendation for constable for 3rd district, was considered, and an order passed appointing him as constable.

College Students Averages.

The following grades will show approximately the quality of work being done this year. For the month ending Oct. 16, W. B. Usilton, Jr., leads the senior class with an average of 98.1; E. A. Robinson the junors with 98.1, and Norman P. Perkins the sophomore with 97.5. The following students in the freshman class made averages of 85 or over: Wm. C. Brown, 97.9; H. E. Perkins, 95.9; Richard Merriken, 94.2; Norman Cameron, 94.1; B. F. Parker, 93.6; Miss Belle Boston, 93.3; G. T. A. Simonson, 93.3; J. A. F. Carey, 92.9; H. V. Holloway, 92.6; L. E. Pool, 90.8; W. A. Melvin, 90.2; J. Mason Greenfield, 89.1; G. Edgar Williamson, 87.6; Miss May Matthews, 86.7; W. E. Stevens, 86.5, and W. H. Parrott, 85.3. The following students of the preparatory department made averages of 80 or over: Miss Mary M. Thomas, 99.1; Miss L. Hynson, 96.3; F. B. Watts, 95.8; Miss Sallie Brown, 95.4; H. A. Jump, 95.3; M. E. Usilton, 94.5; E. Eliason, 94.5; H.C. Copper, 94.2; R. L. Glover, 93.5; Miss Lottie Wickes, 93.4; L. H. Catlin, 93.3; W.N. Sherwood, 93.1; W. E. Cacy, 93.1; I. P. Jefferson, 92.9; J. E. Richardson, 91.6; S.M. Hurtt, 91.3; Miss J. Tarbutton, 91.1; G. R. Moffett, 91; C. A. Greenwood, 90.9; W. E. Bullock, 90.7; Miss Emma McFeely, 90.4; Miss Cora A. Massey, 90.1; Miss Grace V. Greenwood, 90.1; H. Clifton, 89.9; W. S. Tarbutton, 89.7; W. Eliason, 89.1; J. Brice, 88.3; U. R. Horsey, 88; J. G. Westcott, 87.9; Miss Anna Smith, 88.2; T. Massey; 87.7; D. L. Greenfield, 86.5; C. C. Deen, 84.5; E. C. Carter, 84.4.

HARRY—PATTEN.

MISS LILLIE E. PATTEN, daughter of Mr. James W. Patten, of this county, was married to Mr. EDGAR E. HARRY at 8 o'clock Tuesday night at No. 916 West Fayette street. The ceremony was performed by Rev. J. W. Shoaff, of St. Paul's Methodist Episcopal Church South, where the groom is a teacher of the Sunday school. The bride wore a costume of antelope cloth. A reception was held after the ceremony, at which there were present Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Patten, Mr. and Mrs. James S. Patten, Mr. and Mrs. O. P. Jervis, Mr. and Mrs. M. A. Harry, Mrs. Champe, Miss Susie Patten, Miss Sadie and Wilbur Morris, of Chestertown; Mrs. James Walraven, of New Jersey; Miss Arbergast, of Virginia; Miss Iris Sneed, of Richmond; and Miss Kate McLaughlin.

A PROBLEM OF RELATIONSHIP.—In the upper part of Kent county Mr. K. married Mr. C.'s daughter, and Mr. C., a widower, married Mr. K. sister. What relation do they bear to each other and what their offspring? Let's hear from some of our readers. One of our most prominent citizens gives the following solution:

C.'s children and K.'s children are first cousins through the marriage of C. to Miss K., and through the marriage of K. to Miss C. her children will be half sisters to K.'s wife, and of course, aunt's to K.'s children.

THE gunning season opens next Monday week. Read the caution notices in another column before you start.

BEAUTIES.—Mr. John J. Blackiston sent us a sample of his beautiful Niagara grapes Wednesday. They are very fine in flavor.

HAIL fell in Chestertown and Worton last Tuesday morning.

THE barrel of the Krupp gun is fourteen feet long, and each charge costs $900.

THE Caroline court was in session ten days.

BALTIMORE MARKET.—The Baltimore papers yesterday quote as follows:

WHEAT—Longberry, good to prime, 1.00@$1.05.
CORN—White and Yellow, 70@72c.
OATS—34@37c.

MARRIED.

On Oct. 15, 1891, at Chatsworth Methodist parsonage, by Rev. Thomas O. Crouse, EMANUEL HOLTZ and Miss LOTTA TAYLOR, both of Baltimore.

At Church Hill, Oct. 1, 1891, by Rev. C. E. Simmons, THOMAS E. GODWIN, of Kent county, and Miss EMMA A. WHITTINGTON, of Queen Anne's.

DIED.

On October 14, 1891, in Philadelphia, Pa., STELLA AMELIA, aged 3 years, 2 months and 18 days, beloved daughter of S. Warner and Buelah Clark.

In Baltimore, on Oct., 17, 1891, JOHN A. ROGERS, aged 20 years, the beloved son of John A. and Margaret N. Schwearer.

On Monday, October 19th, 1891, in Chestertown CLEMENCY, beloved wife of George Quelett, and only daughter of S. H. R. and Elizabeth Boone, aged 31 years. Easton papers please copy.

In Kennedyville, October 17, 1891, ELLA, daughter of D. U. Dewees.

In Still Pond, October 18, 1891, infant son of I. R. Starkey.

At his home, in Philadelphia, October 20, 1891, WILLIAM PERKINS, son of Dr. B. B. Perkins, aged about 40 years.

In Washington, D. C., Oct. 20th, 1891, of paralysis of the throat, SAMUEL LEROY, aged 3 years, beloved son of Samuel and Lillian M. Lee.

REV. ALFRED SMITH, P. E., will preach at UNION M. E. CHURCH next Sunday at 3 P. M., and at Still Pond at 7 P. M.

REV. R. IRVING WATKINS will hold the Quarterly Conference at Church Hill at 3 P. M. this afternoon, for the Presiding Elder.

OWING to the illness of Presiding Elder Smith, the Quarterly Conference of the M. E. Church has been postponed until Friday next, 30th inst.

AUTUMN SERVICES and LESSONS at CHRIST METH. PROT. CHURCH, D. L. GREENFIELD, pastor, 10½ A. M.: "Progress Through Delay;" 7½ P. M.: "The Litany of the Leaves." Come and bring a friend!

METHODIST EPISCOPAL CHURCH—REV. R. IRVING WATKINS, pastor. Sabbath services: 9.30 A. M., Love-feast, led by the pastor: Preacking at 10.30 A. M. and 7.30 P. M. by DAVID P. UPDEGRAFF, the Quaker Evangelist. Sabbath school at 2.15 P. M.

Money to Loan

at 6 per cent. on good Real Estate in Kent county, Maryland. JOHN D. URIE, Attorney.
o24. High street, Chestertown.

G. W. HILDEBRAND,
—MANUFACTURER OF—
CHAMBER, PARLOR, DINING ROOM AND LIBRARY
FURNITURE,
223 N. Howard Street, Near Clay Street,
o3-3m. BALTIMORE, MD.

THRESHING MACHINES A Specialty.,
Simplest, Most Durable, Economical and Perfect in use. Wastes no Grain; *Cleans ready for market.*
Threshing ENGINES & HORSE POWERS
SAW MILLS and Standard Implements generally. Send for Ill. Catalogue.
A. B. FARQUHAR CO.,
Pennsylvania Agricultural Works, York, Pa.

GRAND FALL OPENING!

NEW GOODS! JUST RECEIVED!

A SALE! A SALE!
—A RED HOT SALE OF—
NEW FALL GOODS!
One of the Finest and Largest Stocks we Have Ever Opened in Still Pond.
QUALITY, STYLE AND PRICE!
ARE HARD TO BEAT. LET ME GIVE YOU SOME POINTERS
CLOTHING! *Our Old Stock for the Most Part Has Disappeared and the Bulk of What We Have Now are*
SPANK NEW GOODS, JUST RECEIVED,
Bought late, when the Manufacturers were anxious to unload Winter Stock, consequently bought low, and are being sold at correspondingly low figures.
PRICE RANGE FROM $1.25 TO $14.00 PER SUIT.
DRY GOODS! *Calicoes by the thousands of yards at 5 cents. Beautiful Styles at 6 1-4 and 7 1-2 cents. Dress Goods, Muslins, Canton Flannels in abundance.*
FULL LINE of UNDERWEAR, BOOTS and SHOES, HATS and CAPS,
FOR LITTLE AND BIG. A LARGE ASSORTMENT JUST RECEIVED.
F. H. HARPER & SON,
October 24, 1891. STILL POND, KENT COUNTY, MD.

OVER $3,000 WORTH
—OF THE—
FINEST and Most Perfect Fitting CLOTHING
EVER SEEN in CHESTERTOWN,
has just been purchased from the Largest Bankrupt Sale in the United States, and is now on exhibition and for sale at the Clothing Store of
THOMAS S. BORDLEY.
This amount of clothing added to a $5.000 stock already bought make the Largest Clothing Stock to select from ever seen in Chestertown. Twenty Styles of ALL WOOL OVERCOATS, in English Melton, Kersey, Cheviot and Cassimere, many of them silk lined, will be sold for **Only $8.50.** This is absolutely 25 per cent. below the actual cost of manufacture. Twenty Styles of MEN'S SUIT GOODS in fine Corkscrews, Diagonals, Fancy Worsteds, Cassimere and Cheviot, made in the most perfect manner, for **$8, $9** and **$10,** actually worth from $12 to $20.
CHILDREN'S SUITS in endless variety at **75c.** per suit, **$1** per suit, **$1.50** per suit, and for **$2** will sell you a suit, age from 4 to 14, such as you never saw before for less than $3.50 to $4.00.
Nearly 1,000 single pants; some of them of the finest imported cloth, will be sold for only **$3.** These prices are nearly 50 per cent below the average retail price. Come early and examine and you will surely buy.
Respectfully, etc.
Oct. 17, 1891. THOS. S. BORDLEY, CHESTERTOWN, MARYLAND

Special Inducements!
FLOORING and SHINGLES,
Building Lumber Generally,
Doors, Sash and Blinds.
GET OUR VERY LOW PRICES BEFORE BUYING.
GEORGE F. SLOAN & BRO.,
414 Light St. Wharf — Baltimore, Md.

W. S. TAYLOR & CO.,
424 Light Street Wharf, BALTIMORE,
LUMBER, SHINGLES,
Sash, Doors, Blinds, BUILDING LUMBER! *Lime, Bricks, Hair,*
OF ALL KINDS.
FLOORING, PALES, FENCING, &c.

C. M. LUCAS,
WATCHMAKER and JEWELER,
Keeps constantly on hand
Gold and Silver Watches,
AND JEWELRY OF ALL KINDS.
18-Karat Engagement and Wedding Rings,
Rogers & Brother's Silver-Plated Ware,
Clocks of all kinds and Prices.
☞Spectacles as low as 25 cents.

JERMAN & COSGRIFF,
(Successors to W. M. Bell)
MANUFACTURERS OF
Porous Drain Tile!
Egg-Shaped, 2 to 8 inches Calibre. Round, with Collar, 2, 2½ and 3 inches Calibre.
☞Send for price list and circular.
Address, JERMAN & COSGRIFF, SMYRNA, DEL.,
or T. R. HUBBARD & SON, Agents at Chestertown, Md
j9.

GEO. B. WESTCOTT. CHAS. L. DODD

Goods Within the Reach of Every Purse!

To state a fact is one thing, but to demonstrate it is another, and in order to do this we respectfully invite the public to call and see our stock of

Fall and Winter Goods.

Canton Flannels and Muslins, special brands and extra weight at 6 and 8c. per yard. Tickings, Dark Outings, Red Flannels, Dress Flannels and Plaids of every shade, first-class Navy Blue at 25c. per yard, and astonishingly low White Flannel at 10c. Dress Goods in plain and plaids. Our Black Henriettas at 50c., 75c. and $1; cannot be excelled in price or quality. Table Linen Napkins, a good one at 50 cents a dozen. Fine line of Towels, Apron Goods and Edges. The best styles in Dress Ginghams at 8, 10 and 12½c. per yard. Children's, Misses, Youths', Ladies' and Gent's Underwear of every kind and quality, one of the very best Ribbed Vests for Ladies at 25c. ever sold. A Double-Breasted and Double-Back Gent's Shirt for 50c., a regular knock out. Ladies ask for our Boulevard Corset, Dr. Warner's Health Corset, and our No. 848.

Fine line of Holsery. The best black Hose, 2 pair for 25c., in all sizes, will wash as well as any 50c. hose, and to prove it we could give you 100 testimonials, but only ask one trial. Gloves, Mittens, Blankets and Comforts at all prices.

Boots and Shoes!

Children's, Misses', Ladies' and Gent's Shoes of good style and quality at low price. Gents' and Boys' Boots in Leather and Gum. Woodsocket Sag Proof Boot, the best, we never had a pair returned. Gum Shoes, Coats and a fine line of Gossamers for ladies.

Hats and Caps of the latest styles. Fine line of Gents' Neck Ware, Collars, Cuffs, and Champion Shirts at 50 cents. Oil Cloths, in Style. Groceries of every kind, ask for our Duck Soap. Tobacco at 25c., 35c., 40c., 50c., 75c. and $1.00, never lost a customer on our 75c. tobacco that we ever made. Cigars! Ask for our Racket Cigar, and we are kicking up the biggest kind of a racket with it. Queensware and everything else kept in a general store. Bring your trade at. This date we are giving 10c. for lard, 20c. for eggs.

yours respectfully
W