The Kent News.

Terms: $1 Per Annum in Advance.

SATURDAY MORNING..... FEB. 13, 1892

Written for the Kent News.

The Lesson of the Hour.

WORTON, Feb. 1, 1892.

Not for forty years has our community been agitated as by the recent event, when the vindication of the law required the sacrifice of a human life. Comparatively the recent execution was rendered less appalling by the circumstance of only a single victim who gave evidence of having made his peace with God, and the absence of a public execution with its hardening influence that the advanced sentiment of the present day has banished. So too is passing away the custom of feeding the public mind upon the details of the final scenes.

How much the community owes our wise and far-seeing sheriff for the private manner in which the law was executed, can not be estimated, but the fact of an eager expectant crowd intent upon witnessing the scene, forces upon us the startling truth that life is less secure in a community where such a low estimate of the taking of a human life exists, as prompts men to witness it from no other motive than idle curiosity. Let us ponder well the lesson and strive to impress more deeply the sacredness of life, the terrible responsibility of taking that which God has give and cultivate the tender emotions that find no source of pleasure in the distress of a fellow-being. That the safety of the public demands a death penalty as a warning to others has been found necessary, but is not its influence partially offset by publicity being given to manifestations of repentance and forgiveness so closely associated with the development of a plan of an attempt upon the life of the jail officials and the circulation of such idle tales as of "bright winged angels hovering near, waiting to bear the redeemed spirit to the realms of the blest," that readily find credence among the colored race.

That the apparent penitence of the condemned man was not genuine, none would willingly assert, and sad indeed is the case when an unbending law demands more than God whose word teaches that the one condition of pardon is true repentance. Forever held in remembrance of the prisoners preparation for eternity must cling his own explanation of the cause of his crime; a game of crap and liquor. The harrowing emotions of the past week have not been confined to the affecting scenes at the jail for where is there a home over which a pall has not seemed to settle, and many the hearts that casting aside all avenging thoughts when learning of the penitence of the criminal would have been content to leave the rest with God. That a double lesson will be indelibly impressed upon the minds of the young there can be no question, while the experience of tender and sensitive childhood is truly pitiable; and the mother who has vainly tried to calm the troubled dreams of her little one can but feel a pang of anguish as she thinks of the temptations awaiting her own boy and the oft repeated story of a brain crazed with alcohol and a hand raised against a brother man; and remembers that the laws of our land find no excuse for crimes committed under the influence of an evil they will not suppress. O, for such a standard of moral sentiment as will seek to protect from crime rather than punish the offender at the expense of over-burdened tax-payers. How oft must this sad drama be repeated before the people of Kent will be aroused to action in the matter of the sale of intoxicants and be ready to grasp the protecting arm of the law outstretched to us, and every man, woman and child be willing to do something to advance the cause of temperance?

May the majesty of law which is the nation's hope and stay, and safeguard to its citizens, claim a greater reverence and stricter obedience that shall command both self-respect and the respect of all; and the principle of justice and right take the place of personal friendships that so often hinder the enforcement of our law, and the outcome be stronger friendships cemented by the desire to secure the best interests of all. Lastly may the Christlike ministrations so freely rendered for a soul's salvation continue with unabated zeal to save those in dangerous paths from a like fate, and Christian hearts and hands be untiring in extending the gospel of Christ that prompts to works of love instead of deeds of violence. So shall the fair record of our county in coming years bear witness that Tom Thompson did not die in vain.

H. A. S.

The War Ship and Her Crew.

The relative possible effectiveness of modern war ships may be measured by comparing the strength of armor, of battery, power of engines and the like, the one with the other. But other factors must be determined in order to come to anything like a reliable conclusion as to the result of an engagement between one type and another, to wit, the experience and training of officers and crew, and their familiarity with the apparatus they handle; else the opposing commanders might come together before engaging and, sitting down at a table, with pencil and paper before them, calculate the chances and award the victory without firing a gun. Given two ships of equal armor, armament and power, who will doubt that, barring accidents, the one whose crew is quickest and surest at the gun practice, whose officers are quickest at maneuver, will win? So, too, of ships unequal in size and armament. The most powerful will not necessarily have the advantage.

It is an axiom among boxers that a good big man is better than a good little man, but that a clever little man is better than a sluggish big man. On the same theory a big ship, however heavily armored and armed, with unskillful officers and men not used to or slovenly at the guns, would be no match for a much smaller craft with less powerful guns but officers well schooled, energetic and enterprising, and a crew well drilled and handy. Those who have read the naval history of the United States will recall the victories gained by the Yankee ships in the war of 1812, through superior seamanship and gunnery. Though often opposed to ships of superior tonnage and weight of battery, manned by men whose courage had been tried in many seas, the advantage in training proved to be a factor that turned the scale in favor of the Yankee crews. It is upon the superior training, the energy and the enterprise of the officers and crews of our fleet that we must, in large part, rely in the possible contingency of war with Chile. There is one Chilean ship, the Captain Prat, now being completed in a French yard, that, in point of size, armament and armor, is superior to any ship which we, at present, have afloat. But there is reason to believe that any one of several of our ships could profitably engage her, for, with such a crew as she is likely to get, nothing like the maximum effectiveness of her apparatus could be developed.

THE GREAT HYMNS.

Mr. Rogan Tells the History of the Good Old Tunes.

With hearty accent the good old hymn tunes that have moved millions of hearts for generations were sung by the choir and congregation at Westminster Presbyterian Church, Baltimore, recently, after their origin and history had been described by the pastor, Rev. J. W. Rogan. As each hymn was brought to notice, with allusions to the good it had wrought in comforting the faithful or moving to repentance the unfaithful, the organ pealed out the dear familiar tunes that have come to be almost inseparable from the words, and the congregation sang the eloquent lines with deeper insight into their beauty.

In speaking of the history of some of the great hymns, Mr. Rogan said: "How are we to decide what the great hymns are? If correct in its metrical measures, if there is anything very original or striking in it, if it is popular and widely used, if it is lasting, and, above all, if it is helpful, a hymn is entitled to the appellation great. If I were to ask you to express your opinions as to the great hymns, I should get many different answers, but the mass of you would, in all probability, settle upon the same hymns. This test has been made. A London periodical once invited its readers to send in lists indicating what they thought to be the hundred best hymns, promising a prize for the list that should most nearly correspond with the general verdict. More than 3,400 lists were received in response. The first hymn upon the larger number was "Rock of Ages,' receiving 3,215 votes. The second in point of popularity was 'Abide With Me;' the third 'Jesus, Lover of My Soul.' 'I Heard the Voice of Jesus Say,' received 2,750 votes. Of course an American audience might change the plan a little, but I think any audience, if called upon to name the dozen best hymns in the language, would put all four of these in the list.

"I have selected four great hymns to be sung to-night—'Rock of Ages,' 'Jesus, Lover of My Soul,' 'Just as I Am, without One Plea,' and 'All Hail the Power of Jesus' name.' The first, 'Rock of Ages,' is certainly one of the most popular hymns in the English language. Its author was Augustin Montague Toplady, the son of Richard Toplady, a commissioned officer in the British army, who died at the siege of Carthagena, Spain, about the time of his son's birth, 1740. Left to the care of his widowed mother, he was entered at Westminster School, London, and soon showed a decided aptitude for learning. His mother, having claims to an estate in Ireland, took the boy with her on a journey there in 1756. While there he was converted under curious circumstances. He strayed into a barn, where an unlettered layman named James Morris was preaching to a handful of people. Writing of this circumstance years afterward, Toplady says: 'By the grace of God, under the ministry of that dear messenger and through that sermon, I was, I trust, brought nigh by the blood of Christ, in August, 1756. Strange that I, who had so long sat under the means of grace in England, should be brought near to God in an obscure part of Ireland, amidst a handful of God's people, met together in a barn, and under the ministry of one who could hardly spell his name. The excellence of such power must be of God, and cannot be of man.' Toplady now began a new life and entered Trinity College, Dublin, as a student for the ministry, being ordained in 1762. It was while laboring among the humble laceworkers in Devonshire, in 1776, that this hymn, which was to make its writer famous, was given to the world. He wrote much before this, and a good deal in the two years he lived after its publication, his works having been published by a friend in six volumes.

"The second hymn I have chosen, 'Jesus, Lover of My Soul,' was written by Charles Wesley. Toplady and Wesley disagreed very decidedly in their religious beliefs, but when they came to writing hymns their sentiments were very much alike, just as the various sects in controversy come close together in their hymnology. Wesley wrote 7,000 hymns, but this is at the head. Henry Ward Beecher once spoke of his love for this hymn in these words: 'I would rather have written that hymn of Wesley's, 'Jesus, Lover of My Soul,' than to have the fame of all the kings that ever sat on the earth. I would rather be its author than to hold the wealth of the richest man in New York.' There are several traditions connected with the origin of the hymn, one, and not a very probable one, holding that Wesley, flying from persecutors in England, took refuge in a shed, and during this time was inspired with the thoughts of the hymn. Another and more likely tradition claims that 'Jesus Lover of My Soul' came to Wesley's heart and mind one evening when he was sitting by an open window watching the storm that still was high and the angry billows that he so beautifully imaged in the hymn. As he sat a bird, beaten about by the storm, flew in the window and took shelter on Wesley's breast. This suggested the spiritual shelter sought in the appeal, 'Let Me to Thy Bosom Fly.'

"Tradition has also been busy with the origin of those beautiful lines from the pen of Charlotte Elliott, who was born in Brighton in 1789. She was an invalid for fifty years of her life, from 1821 to 1871. It is said when Dr. Cæsar Malan visited her father's house in 1822 he found her trying to work out her own salvation and unwilling to trust Christ. 'Charlotte,' he said, 'cut the cable. It will take too long to unloose it. It is a small loss; the wind blows and the ocean is before you. Cut it and come just as you are.' She came just as she was and multitudes of others have come on her language. The hymn first appeared as one of one hundred and fifteen contributed to 'Invalid's Hymn Book' in 1836. Rev. Henry Venn Elliott said that he always considered this hymn of his sister's to have outweighed in Christian value all of his own efforts as a pastor.

"Edward Peronnet was the author of that stirring hymn, 'All hail the Power of Jesus' name,' which appeared anonymously in eight stanzas in the Gospel Magazine, 1780. Dr. Rippon introduced it into his selections, changing it to its present form in 1787. The author was the son of a minister, and he and his brother became ministers, in connection with the Wesleys, about 1746. Wesley afterwards fell out with him, and through the latter's antipathy Peronnet's hymn was long denied a place in the Methodist hymn-book. Peronnet became a dissenting minister at Canterbury, and died there in 1792. It is strange that this should have been his only great hymn. It has become the English Te Deum, sharing with Bishop Ken's doxology the spontaneous approval of all Christian hearts. 'All Hail the Power of Jesus' Name' was first set to the tune known as 'Mill Lane,' composed by an intimate friend, Mr. Shrubsole, and it is so sung in England. In 1798 it was set to the martial music, 'Coronation,' composed for it by Oliver Holden, of Charlestown, Mass., a carpenter by trade, but a musician by choice."

HOUSEHOLD HINTS.

To take out scorch lay the article that has been scorched in the bright sunshine.

For poisonous wounds made by insects, such as mosquitoes, etc., apply cologne water.

Wipe flatirons on a cloth wet with coal-oil and they will not scorch the clothing.

In making tea, all the water necessary should be poured on at the first drawing.

To clean brass gas fixtures rub them with cut lemons, and then wash them off in hot water.

Fresh meat after beginning to sour will sweeten if placed out of doors in the cool over night.

When about to scald milk wet the saucepan with cold water to prevent the milk from scorching.

In doing up fine lace do not use any starch, but in the last rinsing water dissolve a little fine white sugar.

It does not indicate an inferior quality because butter is white. Nearly all the butter sent to market is colored with annatto.

Try mending your gloves with fine cotton instead of silk. It will soil in a day, and, taking the color of the glove, will not be observed.

A wet silk handkerchief, tied without folding over the face, is complete security against suffocation from smoke; it permits free breathing and at the same time excludes the smoke from the lungs.

A recent method suggested of drying shoes that have become wet by the rain is to heat some small pebbles in a pan and insert them into the shoes. It is said they do the work quickly, without in any way injuring the leather.

When cane chair seats have become limp and stretched so that they sink in the centre, but are entirely unbroken, simply wash them well with hot water and place the chairs in a strong draft. This will cause the seat to tighten up so effectually that it will be stretched quite flat when dry. It may then be further stiffened with a coat of varnish.

To remove mildew from white goods dampen the spots and rub them well first with soap and then with finely powdered chalk; lay the goods in the sun and dampen it from time to time.

Equal parts of unsalted butter, strained honey and wheat flour make an excellent salve for sores or burns.

A small piece of charcoal placed in the pot, when boiling cabbage, will, it is said, prevent any disagreeable odor.

To clean straw matting, boil three quarts of bran in one gallon of water and wash the matting with the water, drying it well.

Flannels, laces and all white articles may be washed in water to which ammonia is added in the proportion of two teaspoons to one quart.

A comfortable way to take castor oil is to squeeze lemon juice into a wine glass, then pour the oil carefully on top, then, on top of that, more lemon juice, and swallow without breathing.

The disagreeable flavor imparted to the contents of new wooden vessels may be avoided by washing them in a soda solution (quarter of a pound to four gallons of water) with a little lime added and scalding with boiling water.

WORTH FIVE DOLLARS

a bottle, but sold for only one dollar, and *guaranteed* to benefit or cure, or money refunded—the *genuine* Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery.

Fraudulent imitations of this medicine are sometimes offered and sold at 60 and 70 cents.

To protect the public from such imposition, the *genuine* is now sold only through druggists, regularly authorized as agents, and at the uniform and long established price of $1.00 per bottle, or six bottles for $5.10

But each bottle of the *genuine* Golden Medical Discovery carries with it something that makes it the *cheapest* blood-purifier and liver-invigorator that you can buy. It's the printed *guarantee* of its makers that, if it fails to benefit or cure you, they'll return the money. *You pay only for the good you get*, with this and all of Dr. Pierce's medicines. You pay the one fixed price—but if there's no help, there's no pay. It's "value received, or your money back." That's the way its makers prove their faith in it. With an ordinary medicine, it can't be done.

Dealers not authorized to sell the *genuine* medicine, are likely to offer spurious imitations, and substitutes, at lower prices. Beware of them.

What is a Well-Bred Woman?

A well-bred woman never dresses so that she attracts attention on the street.

A well-bred woman never talks about her personal affairs, in public places.

A well-bred woman doesn't let a door slam in the face of the next comer.

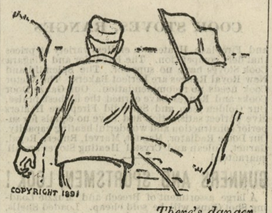
A well-bred woman doesn't drop first her purse, and then her handkerchief, and then her gloves, and then her flowers in a public restaurant until everybody is looking at her.

A well-bred woman doesn't read her morning mail in the street cars.

A well-bred woman doesn't tell the name of any celebrity she may have met when she is traveling.

A well-bred woman is quiet and refined; a man is proud to be seen with her, and he can pick her out from among a thousand, which is very much more than the average woman can do.

You can borrow all the trouble you want with collateral.



There's danger in a cough—more than ever when your blood is "bad." It makes things easy for Consumption. But there's a *cure* for it in Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. A positive cure—not only for Weak Lungs, Spitting of Blood, Bronchitis, Asthma and all lingering Coughs, but for Consumption itself in all its earlier stages. It's reasonable. All these diseases depend on tainted blood. Consumption is simply Lung-scrofula. And for every form of scrofula and blood-taint, the "Discovery" is a certain remedy. *It's so certain*, that its *makers guarantee it to benefit* or *cure*, in *every case*, or the money is refunded. With a medicine that *is* certain, this can be *done*.

There's a cure for Catarrh, too, no matter what you've been led to believe. If there isn't, in your case, you'll get *some* cash. It's a bona-fide offer that's made by the proprietors of Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy. There's risk in it, to be sure, but *they* are willing to take the risk—you ought to be glad to take the medicine.

No Angels for Them.

Early last summer a New Englander moved out to a small town in Arizona and announced his attention of opening up a first-class grocery. He had handbills posted up dwelling particularly on the fact that his business was to be square and above-board. Just as he was getting ready to open shop a delegation of citizens waited on him and asked the new comer if the statements on the posters were made in good faith.

"You mought as well give us the whole truth about this thing," said the leader. "You mean there hain't goin' to be no water in the vinegar?"

"That's what I mean sir," said the merchant, a little surprised. "Nor no sand in the sugar."

"Ain't they goin' to be no beans in the coffee?"

"Most decidedly not sir!"

"Nor chicory, nuther?"

"Never, gentlemen. I give you my word for it."

The crowd seemed nonplussed for a moment, and the leader held a short consultation with the others, at the end of which he turned and said:

"Say, stranger, we have concluded that you are a suspicious character. But first let me ask you if your cigars are going to be loaded with—cabbage, you know?"

"Not while I—"

"That's all we wanted to know! We gin you twenty-four hours to leave town, and you'd better leave. When we're in need of angels we'll drop you a postal. Good-day, stranger." And the deputation filed out.

JUDGMENT SUSPENDED.—St. Peter—Gabriel, what is thought inside about this baccarat business?

Gabriel—They don't say much about it. None of our people were at Tranby Croft and newspaper talk is not always accurate.

WIBBLE—"Well, they don't boil heretics in oil nowadays."

Wabble—"No; they merely roast them in religious papers.—*Indianapolis Journal.*

TUTT'S Tiny Liver Pills

as an anti-bilious and anti-malarial remedy are wonderful in their effects in freeing the system of biliousness and malaria. No one living in Malarial Regions should be without them. Their use prevents attacks of chills and fever, dumb ague, bilious colic, and gives the system strength to resist all the evils of an unhealthy and impure atmosphere. Elegantly sugar-coated. Price, 25c. Office, 39 Park Place, N. Y.

DRY GOODS, NOTIONS,

And GROCERIES.

HARRY L. CHEW

Having purchased the Bordley Grocery has added a Large and Complete Line of DRY GOODS AND NOTIONS, consisting in part of

LADIES' DRESS GOODS

Flannels, Underwear, Hosiery, Corsets, &c., &c., &c.

TOGETHER WITH A FULL AND COMPLETE LINE OF

PLAIN and FANCY

GROCERIES.

The attention of the trade is respectfully invited.

Men's Gloves, Blankets and Comforts, A SPECIALTY.

Butter, Eggs and Poultry Wanted.

CASH OR TRADE.

Very Respectfully, H. L. CHEW.

F. H. BELL, Salesman. nov21-3m.

COURT ST.

Shoe and Grocery Store

THE PUBLIC ARE INVITED TO CALL AT THE

OLD STAND

ON COURT STREET, CHESTERTOWN,

and examine the FRESH and NEW STOCK of GOODS just bought for cash by

JAMES A. SHAW

which consists of Leather

BOOTS AND SHOES

TO SUIT ALL CLASSES.

Gum Boots and Shoes, Body Boots, Hip and Short Boots, and Boots for Men, Women and Children.

GROCERIES.—Flour by the Barrel or Bag, Hominy, Beans, Sugar, Coffee, Baker's Chocolate, Tea, Soap, Soapine, Soda, Rumford's Yeast Powder, Lamp Chimneys and Burners, Coal Oil, Salt and many other things. All of which can be bought of me as cheap as at any place on the shore. Give us a call and we will try to please you.

ALSO, TOBACCO and CIGARS.

JAMES A. SHAW,

j12. Court Street, Chestertown.

M. A. TOULSON,

Druggist and Apothecary.

LARGE VARIETY

PATENT MEDICINES!

ANY FURNISHED AT SHORT NOTICE.

Toilet Articles! Toilet Articles!

The VERY BEST, and EVERYTHING that is kep in a well furnished Drug Store.

PRESCRIPTION DEPARTMENT!

This is under my individual supervision.

Very respectfully,

M. A. TOULSON.

HEFTER'S Hand and Machine-Made SHOES in Congress, Lace and Button,

14. For sale by T. G. WROTH.

We use Alcohol

pure alcohol to make WOLFF'S ACME BLACKING. Alcohol is good for leather; it is good for the skin. Alcohol is the chief ingredient of Cologne, Florida Water, and Bay Rum the well known face washes. We think there is nothing too costly to use in a good leather preservative.

Acme Blacking retails at 20c.

and at that price sells readily. Many people are so accustomed to buying a dressing or blacking at 5c. and 10c. a bottle that they cannot understand that a blacking can be **cheap** at 20c. We want to meet them with cheapness if we can, and to accomplish this we offer a reward of

$10,000

for a recipe which will enable us to make WOLFF'S ACME BLACKING at such a price that a retailer can profitably sell it at 10c. a bottle. We hold this offer open until Jan. 1st, 1893.

WOLFF & RANDOLPH, Philadelphia

N. C. CROW

Is Still on the Corner of Kent and High Streets, Up Town.

Where you can at all times find a seasonable line of

DRY GOODS, NOTIONS,

GROCERIES, PROVISIONS,

Gentlemen, Ladies and Children's Shoes,

CIGARS AND TOBACCO,

We keep the WM. LEA & SONS' FLOUR for sale by the barrel or sack, we think as cheap as you can get it from the city, and we think their flour has no superior. Come and see us and be convinced that our goods are good and cheap. Country produced wanted and taken in exchange for goods.

N. C. CROW,

March 21. Up Town.

THIS SPACE IS RESERVED

FOR

J. LLOYD McFEELY'S

Hardware Advertisement.

In SHOES and SLIPPERS, ah! here we are right home. We cannot and will not be undersold. Our stock is one of the Largest, and our Goods are Standard. Come and see them.

Upon a Solid Basis!

BOUGHT FOR CASH!

Discount Off;

We Show a Nice Line of Worsted Dress Goods, Challies, Cloths, Serges, Cashmeres, &c. Also, Flouncings, Gingham, Prints, and Outings, and of Pine Apple Tissues, Entirely New. A Beautiful Line.

Our Entire Spring and Summer Stock

OF

DRY GOODS, NOTIONS,

Shoes, Slippers, Queensware, Glassware, Carpets, Mattings, Oil-Cloths, Groceries, &c.

We Sell GROCERIES on a Small Profit. Get a Pound of our 35 cent TEA. It can't be Beat.

Satteens Reduced from 12½ and 15c. down to 10c. per yard, net cash, best goods.

Very truly yours,

R. F. PARKS.

In CARPETS, OIL-CLOTHS and MATTINGS, we have no equal. Best Line in the town and Lowest Prices.

Special Inducements!

FLOORING and SHINGLES,

Building Lumber Generally,

Doors, Sash and Blinds.

GET OUR VERY LOW PRICES BEFORE BUYING.

GEORGE F. SLOAN & BRO.,

414 Light St. Wharf — Baltimore, Md.

W. S. TAYLOR & CO.,

424 Light Street Wharf, BALTIMORE

LUMBER, SHINGLES,

Sash, Doors, Blinds, BUILDING LUMBER! *Lime, Bricks, Hair,*

OF ALL KINDS.

FLOORING, PALES, FENCING, &c.

New Discovery by Accident

SILK DRESS FREE TO INTRODUCE IT.

HAIR ON THE NECK, FACE, ARMS OR ANY PART OF THE PERSON

quickly desolved and permanently removed with QUEEN'S ANTI-HAIRINE, the new and wonderful discovery. Discovered by accident, while compounding a solution, a part was accidently spilled on the hand, and on washing afterward it was discovered that the hair was completely removed. It is perfectly harmless, and so simple any child can use it. Lay the hair over and apply for a few minutes, and the hair disappears as if by magic. No scientific discovery ever attained such wonderful results. Thousands who have been annoyed with hair on their FACE, NECK and ARMS attest its merits. It cannot fail. If the growth be light, one application will remove it permanently, the heavy growth such as the beard or hair on moles may require one or more applications before all the roots are destroyed, although all hair will be removed at each application without the slightest pain or injury when applied or ever afterward. Young persons who find an embarrassing growth of hair coming can also use it. Harmless as water. Price of Queens Anti-Hairine $1. per bottle, sent in safety mailing boxes postage paid by us (securely sealed from observation). Send money or stamps by letter with full address written plainly. Correspondence strictly confidential. This advertisement is honest and straight forward in every word it contains. We invite you to deal with us and you will find everything as represented. Address Queen Chemical Co., 174 Race Street, Cincinnati, Ohio. You can register your letter at any Post Office to insure its safe delivery. We will pay $500. for Any case of failure or slightest injury to any purchaser. Every bottle guaranteed. SPECIAL—To ladies who will introduce and sell among their friends 6 Bottles of Queen's Anti-Hairine we will present with a Silk Dress 15 yards best silk. Extra large bottle and samples of silk to select from sent with each order.

HARRISON W. VICKERS,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.

CHESTERTOWN, MARYLAND.

JOHN D. URIE,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.

Office adjoining T. W. Ellason, Jr.'s

Will practice in Kent and Queen Anne's Counties.

SALT by the sack. WESTCOTT & DODD.

NOTICE!

The Board of County Commissioners for Kent County, give notice that no articles or supplies of any kind for Kent County, purchased by any County Officer, Supervisor or Agent will be recognized by the board unless such purchase or purchases have been made upon the written order of the County Commissioner of the district in which the party purchasing such supplies or goods may reside.

T. J. SHALLCROSS, Pres't.
ROBERT C. MORGAN,
GEO. W. RODENHISER,
JOHN A. GROVES,
HORACE WILLSON,
Commissioners.

Attest:—T. W. RUSSELL, Clerk. dec19-tf.

COAL and WOOD!

OWING to the scarcity of money we will sell Coal at a very small advance above cost FOR THE CASH. Remember we sell

The Lea Coal

WHICH IS THE BEST WHITE ASH COAL FOR GENERAL USE.

Probably it will be to your advantage to get our rices and examine our stock before you purchase.

2240 Pounds for One Ton.

Office on Cannon St., near Princess.

J. T. TWILLEY.

July 17, 1890—tf.

WM. S. CULP,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALER IN

Coal and Wood

—ALSO—

LIME AND BALED HAY,

COAL ALL SIZES.

WOOD SAWED and SPLIT for cooking and kindling, delivered at short notice.

Yard and office at railroad.

Orders left at B. F. Fleming's Grain, Feed and Lime Store will receive prompt attention.

WILLIAM S. CULP,

March 21, 1891. Chestertown, Md.

Coal and Wood.

ORDERS IN ANY QUANTITIES LEFT AT D. A. BACCHUS' GROCERY STORE, OR AT

J. D. BACCHUS' YARD

will receive prompt attention at Prices Guaranteed to be as LOW AS THE LOWEST.

Building and Whitewash Lime,

Cement and Plastering Hair,

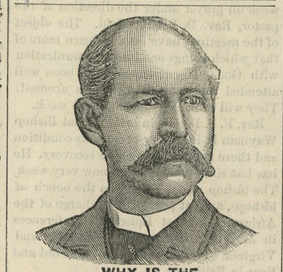
AT CITY PRICES.

Anthracite and Bituminous Coal

Delivered at any station on the Baltimore and Delaware Bay Railroad at Low Figures.

Come and see us before buying.

m17. J. D. BACCHUS.



WHY IS THE

W. L. DOUGLAS

$3 SHOE FOR GENTLEMEN

THE BEST SHOE IN THE WORLD FOR THE MONEY?

It is a seamless shoe, with no tacks or wax thread to hurt the feet; made of the best fine calf, stylish and easy, and *because we make more shoes of this grade than any other manufacturer*, it equals hand-sewed shoes costing from $4.00 to $5.00.

$5.00 Genuine Hand-sewed, the finest calf shoe ever offered for $5.00; equals French imported shoes which cost from $8.00 to $12.00.

$4.00 Hand-Sewed Welt Shoe, fine calf, stylish, comfortable and durable. The best shoe ever offered at this price; same grade as custom-made shoes costing from $6.00 to $9.00.

$2.50 Police Shoe; Farmers, Railroad Men and Letter Carriers all wear them; fine calf, seamless, smooth inside, heavy three soles, extension edge. One pair will wear a year.

$2.50 fine calf; no better shoe ever offered at this price; one trial will convince those who want a shoe for comfort and service.

$2.25 and $2.00 Workingman's shoes are very strong and durable. Those who have given them a trial will wear no other make.

Boys' $2.00 and $1.75 school shoes are worn by the boys everywhere; they sell on their merits, as the increasing sales show.

Ladies $3.00 Hand-sewed shoe, best Dongola, very stylish; equals French imported shoes costing from $4.00 to $6.00.

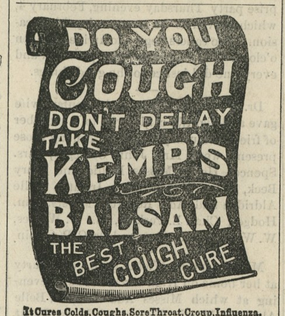
Ladies' 2.50, $2.00 and $1.75 shoe for Misses are the best fine Dongola, Stylish and durable.

Caution.—See that W. L. Douglas name and price are stamped on the bottom of each shoe.

TAKE NO SUBSTITUTE.

Insist on local advertised dealers supplying you. W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass. Sold by

WESTCOTT & DODD.



It Cures Colds, Coughs, Sore Throat, Croup, Influenza, Whooping Cough, Bronchitis and Asthma. A certain cure for Consumption in first stages, and a sure relief in advanced stages. Use at once. You will see the excellent effect after taking the first dose. Sold by dealers everywhere. Large bottles, 50 cents and $1.00.

House Established Aug. 1834.

THE REESE GROCERY COMPANY

Successors to THOMAS L. REESE.

FAMILY GROCERS,

107 and 109 W. Pratt Street, BALTIMORE, MD.

The very Choicest TEAS and Rare COFFEES. The celebrated LAKESIDE FAMILY FLOUR without doubt the whitest and best Winter Wheat Flour made, which has come out far ahead in every competition; and all other

Fancy and Staple Groceries,

at prices as low as the lowest, quality of goods being considered. Send for price list.

NO WINES NOR LIQUORS.

WE EXAMINE EYES FREE!

YOU THINK YOUR EYES ARE GOOD!

If you have them examined you will probably find that there is something wrong with them, and that glasses will be a great help to you.

We use inimitable "DIA MANTA" lenses, which are made only by us, and recommended by leading Oculists as the best aids to defective vision.

Solid Gold Spectacles $3.00; usual price $5.00
Steel Spectacles .50; usual price 1.00
Artificial Eyes inserted 4.00; usual price 10.00

M. ZINEMAN & BRO. OPTICIANS. 130 S. Ninth St. PHILADELPHIA. Between Chestnut and Walnut Streets.

LARGE COLLECTION

OF VERY DESIRABLE GOODS IN FINE

JEWELRY--WATCHES--DIAMONDS,

CLOCKS, BRONZES, &c.

LOWEST PRICES!

J. S. MacDONALD,

Nos. 6 and 8 N. Charles St., Balto., Md.

Will remove next door, corner Baltimore and Charles street, about June 15th.

NEW LOT of NECKTIES. Four-in-Hand, Windsor, Puffs, etc.

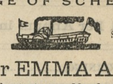
j13. at WM. R. ALDRIDGE'S.

CANTON FLANNELS, all grades, at lowest prices.

J. H. SIMPERS.

Chester River Steamboat Company.

CHANGE OF SCHEDULE.

MONDAY,  Sept. 12, 1891.

Steamer EMMA A. FORD

Will leave Chestertown Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays, at 8 A. M., for Baltimore, stopping at Rolph's, Booker's, Quaker Neck, Eastern Neck, Queenstown, Kent Island and intermediate landings on Chester river, arriving in Balto. at 1 P. M.

RETURNING will leave Pier 7 Light Street Wharf, at 11 A. M., Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays, for Chestertown and intermediate landings.

Steamer GRATITUDE

will leave Centreville at 8 A. M., Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday and Rock Hall at 10.30 A. M., for Baltimore.

RETURNING, will leave Pier 7, Light St. Wharf at 11 A. M. every Monday, Wednesday and Friday for same points as before.

The United States Express Company Service on board both steamers, affording patrons all opportunity of making through shipments to all points in the United States without delay.

For the convenience of our patrons we have at Rock Hall landing ample accommodations for the care of teams.

GEORGE WARFIELD, PRESIDENT.

May 31, 1891.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD.

Phila., Wilmington & Baltimore R. R.

DELAWARE DIVISION.

On and after January 18th, 1892, trains will leave as follows:

SOUTHWARD.

	EXP. P. M.	PASS A. M.	EXP. A. M.	PASS P. M.	MAIL P. M.	MAIL P. M.
Philadelphia	‖11.16	§7.27	§10.33	§2.02	§3.53	§5.59
Baltimore	6.45	9.30	8.50	12.05	3.05	7.52
Wilmington	12.01	8.15	11.18	2.50	4.37	6.33
Farnhurst		‖8.24		‖2.59		
New Castle		8.30		3.03		7.08
State Road		‖8.36		‖3.79		‖7.13
Bear		‖8.41		‖3.14		‖7.18
Porter		8.50			‖4.58	7.23
Kirkwood		2.54	‖11.40	‖3.21		‖7.28
Mt. Pleasant		9.03		‖2.39		‖7.37
Armstrong		9.05				
Middletown	a12.44	9.11	11.56	3.37	5.22	7.46
Townsend		9.20		‖3.45	5.50	7.55
Blackbird		‖9.25		‖3.49		‖7.59
Green Spring		‖9.31		‖3.55		
Clayton	1.02	9.37	12.13	3.59	5.43	8.10
Smyrna	Lv.	9.27	12.03	3.50	5.33	8.00
Brenford		‖9.42		‖4.04		
Cecwold		‖9.46		‖4.10		‖8.20
Dupont				‖4.13		
Dover	1.20	9.59	12.30	4.19	6.00	8.29
Wyoming	a1.27	10.06	‖12.36	4.26		8.36
Woodside		‖10.13		‖4.33		
Viola		‖10.17		‖4.37		
Felton	a1.04	10.22	‖12.48	4.41	6.18	
Harrington	a1.50	10.35	12.59	4.50	6.30	
Farmington		‖10.42	‖1.05		‖6.38	
Greenwood		‖10.51	‖1.13		‖6.46	
Bridgeville	a2.14	11.00	‖1.21		6.55	
Cannons		‖11.05			‖7.00	
Seaford	a2.26	11.15	1.32		7.08	
Laurel	a2.38	11.27	‖1.43		7.19	
Delmar	2.50	11.40	1.54		1.30	
	A. M.	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.	P. M.	P. M.

NORTHWARD.

	EXP. A. M.	MAIL A. M.	EXP. A. M.	MAIL A. M.	EXP. P. M.	PASS. P. M.
Delmar	5.10			§8.05	§2.30	§3.55
Laurel	‖1.21			8.16	‖2.41	4.06
Seaford	‖1.34			8.28	‖2.51	4.17
Cannons				‖8.36		‖4.24
Bridgeville	‖1.48			8.42	‖3.01	4.29
Greenwood				‖8.51		‖4.38
Farmington				‖8.59		‖4.47
Harrington	‖2.24		‖7.50	9.11	3.24	5.00
Felton	‖2.32		‖7.59	9.20	‖3.33	5.09
Viola			‖8.03	‖9.23		‖5.13
Woodside			‖8.07	‖9.26		‖5.17
Wyoming	‖2.44	§7.00	‖8.14	9.33	‖3.45	5.24
Dover	2.50	7.06	8.20	9.40	3.55	5.31
Dupont		‖7.09				
Cheswold		‖7.15		‖9.49		‖5.40
Brenford		‖7.19		‖9.55		‖5.47
Smyrna	Lv.	7.15	8.28	9.51	3.50	5.33
Clayton	3.06	7.24	8.37	10.01	4.08	5.53
Green Spring		‖7.28				‖5.59
Blackbird		‖7.35		10.11		‖6.04
Townsend		7.40	8.50	‖9.16	4.22	6.09
Middletown	p3.29	7.49	9.00	10.25	4.31	6.18
Armstsong		‖7.53				‖6.23
Mt. Pleasant		7.57		‖10.33		6.28
Kirkwood		8.06		10.42		6.38
Porter		8.12	‖9.19	10.46	‖4.48