or a misdemeanor and on conviction thereof shall be sentenced to return the money or property so fraudulently obtained and shall be fined not exceeding two thousand dollars, or shall be confined in the jail of the County or City of Baltimore, as the cause may be, not xceeding one year or shall be both fined and imprisoned as aforesaid in the discretion of the Court.

SEC. 2. And be it enacted, That this Act shall take effect from the date of its passage.

We hereby certify that the aforegoing is a correct copy of an Act of the General Assembly of Maryland, passed January Session, 1892.

W. G. PURNELL,
Secretary of the Senate.
CARLTON SHAFER,
Chief Clerk of the House of Delegates.
Approved by the Governor,
March 18th, 1892.

CHAPTER 273.

AN ACT to amend article twenty-seven of the Code of Public General Laws, title Crimes and Punishments, sub-title Convicts adding thereto six sections to come in after section 424 to be designated, sections 424 A, 424 B, 424 C, 424 D, 424 E, and 424 F, relating to the identification of Habitual Criminals.

SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Maryland, That article twenty-seven of the Code of Public General Laws, title Crimes and Punishments, sub-title Convicts be amended by adding six additional sections thereto, to come in after section 424 and to be numbered respectively 424 A, 424 B, 424 C, 424 D, 424 E, and 424 F, relating to the identification of Habitual Criminals, and to read respectively as follows:

424 A. That in every prison in this State, to which persons convicted of any felonious offence, are or may be committed by the Courts of this State, the Warden or other officers in charge shall record, or cause to be recorded, in a record kept for that purpose, a description of every person committed to such prison under a sentence for a felony, and also the criminal history of every such person so committed, as far as the same may appear from the records of the Courts of this State, or of any other State, or otherwise, as full and complete as may be obtainable and shall attach thereto a photograph or photographs of such persons so recorded.

424 B. That for the purpose mentioned in section of this Act, the State's Attorney of the county or city in which a criminal has been convicted and sentenced to prison for a felony shall forward to the Warden, or other officer in charge, at the request of such Warden or other officer, and upon blanks furnished by him, a criminal history of such criminal as fully as is known or can be ascertained by such State's Attorney.

424 C. That the Register herein provided for shall not be made public, except as may be necessary in the identification of persons accused of crime, and in the trial of offences committed after having been imprisoned for a prior offence. The record shall be accessible however, to any officer of any Court having criminal jurisdiction in this State, upon the order of the Judge of the Court, or of the State's Attorney of the county or city in which the person is being held for a crime, which said order shall be attested by the seal of the Court, and any such record may be given in evidence upon any trial of an offender indicted under the habitual criminal law of this State for the purpose of proving a former conviction or convictions, and the offence or offences for which convicted.

424 D. That for the purpose of obtaining accurate descriptions of criminal convicts, the Warden or other officers in charge of the several prisons in this State are hereby authorized to adopt the Bertillon method of measurement and registration or such other method as shall minutely describe convicts.

424 E. That a copy of the description and of the history and of the photograph or photographs of any convict entered upon such record or register shall be furnished, upon the request of any Warden, or other officer in charge of a prison for felons in any other State, of the United States to such Warden or other officer in charge, provided such State has made provision by law, for recording the descriptions of its criminals convicted and for furnishing such descriptions to the authorities of such other States as have made provisions by law for the keeping of registers of descriptions and history of their convicts.

424 F. That a copy of the description, history and photograph or photographs of any convict entered upon such records shall be furnished to any officer of the Bureau of Police, in the cities where penitentiaries are or may be located, upon the order of the superintendent of the police thereof, also, that on or before the twenty-eighth day of each and every month the warden of the State Penitentiary or Penitentiaries located in said city or cities shall furnish to the Board of Police Commissioners of said city or cities the name of convicts whose sentence expire the following month, together with the date when sentence commenced, the county or city from which committed, the crime for which committed and the exact day when the convict will be discharged.

SECTION 2. And be it enacted that this Act shall take effect from the date of its passage.

We hereby certify that the aforegoing is a correct copy of an Act of the General Assembly of Maryland, passed January Session, 1892:

W. G. PURNELL,
Secretary of the Senate.
CARLTON SHAFER,
Chief Clerk of the House of Delegates.
Approved by the Governor,
March 31st, 1892.

CHAPTER 504.

AN ACT to repeal section three hundred and thirty-seven of Article ninety-three of the Code of Public General Laws, and to re-enact the same with amendments.

SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Maryland, That section three hundred and thirty-seven of article ninety-three of the Code of Public General Laws, be and the same is hereby repealed, and re-enacted with amendments so as to read as follows:

337. If any witness or witnesses to any will shall die before probate thereof, or if at the time of the probate of any will any witness or witnesses shall be non-residents, or beyond the jurisdiction of the Orphans' Court, or if for any other reason their presence cannot be secured then proof by any credible witness of the signature of the testator or of the signature of any such deceased or absent witness, shall have the same effect upon the probate of said will as if said deceased or absent witness had been present at said probate and had testified that said will was duly executed.

SECTION 2. And be it enacted, That this Act shall take effect from the date of its passage.

We hereby certify that the aforegoing is a correct copy of an Act of the General Assembly of Maryland, passed January Session, 1892:

W. G. PURNELL,
Secretary of the Senate.
CARLTON SHAFER,
Chief Clerk of the House of Delegates.
Approved by the Governor,
April 7th, 1892.

CHAPTER 465.

AN ACT to repeal and re-enact with amendments section two hundred and twenty-seven of Article ninety-three of the Code of Public General Laws of Maryland, title "Testamentary Law," sub-title "Orphans' Court."

SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Maryland, That section two hundred and twenty seven of Article ninety-three of the Code of Public General Laws of Maryland, title "Testamentary Law," sub-title "Orphans' Court," be and the same is hereby repealed and re-enacted so as to read as follows.

227. The Judges of the Orphans' Court of the several counties shall each receive the sum of Four dollars, and the Judges of the Orphans' Court of Baltimore City, shall receive Six dollars for every day's attendance upon the sessions of said court, to be paid by the counties and the City of Baltimore respectively, provided, that in Allegany and St. Mary's Counties said judges shall not lose said per diem, if prevented from attending the sessions of said court by reason of an actual, bona fide sickness such as renders them unable to attend to the ordinary pursuits of life.

SECTION 2. And be it enacted that this Act shall take effect from the date of its passage.

We hereby certify that the aforegoing is a correct copy of an Act of the General Assembly of Maryland, passed January Session, 1892.

W. G. PURNELL.
Secretary of the Senate.
CARLTON SHAFER.
Chief Clerk of the House of Delegates.
Approved by the Governor,
April 7th, 1892.

CHAPTER 440.

AN ACT to amend article ninety-three of the Code of Public General Laws relating to "Testamentary Law," sub-title, "Administration," by adding thereto an additional section to be designated section thirty-two A.

SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Maryland, That the following section be and the the same is hereby added to Article ninety-three of the Code of Public General Laws, relating to "Testamentary Law" sub-title "Administration" to read as follows:

Section 32 A. That either before or after said estate has been invested in accordance with the preceding section, upon the arrival of any child or children of said diseased wife, at the age of twenty-one years, having an interest therein, upon the Husband or Father, of such child or children filing his petition to said Orphans' Court requesting said court, to allow the administrator to pay to said child or children the share or portion, or any part thereof, to which they or either of them would be entitled upon the death of said husband, at or during the life time or before the death of said husband, it shall and may be competent for said Orphans' Court upon the filing of such petition by said husband to order and direct said administrator to make such advance payment to such child or children, and the joint release of such husband and child or children, duly executed acknowledged and recorded in said Orphans' Court, shall be deemed and taken as a good and sufficient acquitance to said administrator for and on account of such payment.

SECTION 2. And be it enacted, That this Act shall take effect from and after the date of its passage.

We hereby certify that the aforegoing is a correct copy of an Act of the General Assembly of Maryland, passed January Session, 1892.

W. G. PURNELL,
Secretary of the Senate.
CARLTON SHAFER,
Chief Clerk of the House of Delegates.
Approved by the Governor,
April 7th, 1892.

CHAPTER 593.

AN ACT to repeal Sections one, two, three, four, five, six, seven and eight of the Code of Public General Laws of the State of Maryland, Article Thirty-four, entitled "Estrays vessels adrift, drift logs," subtitle, "Estrays" and 8 A, thereof as enacted by Chapter Two hundred and fifty-two of the Acts of Assembly of Eighteen hundred and ninety, entitled an Act to add an additional Section to Article Thirty-four of the Code of Public General Laws, title "Estrays vessels adrift, drift logs," subtitle, "Estrays," to be numbered Eight A, and to re-enact the same with amendments.

SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Maryland, That Sections one, two, three, four, five, six, seven and eight of the Code of Public General Laws of the State of Maryland, Article Thirty-four entitled "Estrays, vessels adrift, drift logs," sub-title, "Estrays," and eight A, therefore as enacted by Chapter Two hundred and fifty-two of the Acts of Assembly of Eighteen hundred and ninety entitled an Act to add an additional Section to Article Thirty-four of the Code of Public General Laws, title "Estrays vessels adrift, drift logs," subtitle, "Estrays," to be numbered Eight A, and to re-enact the same with amendments.

1. That the owner or occupant of any enclosure who may find any horse, hog, sheep, cow or any other domestic animal, the owner of which is not known trespassing within the said enclosed premises, he shall immediately, or within a reasonable time thereafter cause a notice to be inserted in some newspaper published in the County where such estray is taken containing a description of the same, and the location of the enclosure upon which such estray was taken, and the name of the owner or occupant thereof, and cause written or printed copies of such notice to be set up in not less than three public places in the neighborhood.

2. That if there be no newspaper published in the County where such estray shall have been taken up, or if the value thereof shall not exceed fifteen dollars, the newspaper publication provided for in the foregoing section, may be omitted, provided written or printed notices be given as required by section one and that the valuation of the estray be ascertained by appraisement and in good faith by the person taking the same.

3. That if the owner of an astray demands it and shall prove by one creditable witness examined before a Justice of the Peace of the county, his title thereto, the same shall be delivered to him upon his paying the expenses incurred by the person taking up and keeping the same including the cost of advertising.

4. That if no person claims an estray within thirty days after the same shall be so advertised as aforesaid, then the person taking up the same, shall apply to a Justice of the Peace of the County, who upon being satisfied that the notices heretofore directed have been given shall order him to sell the same at public auction, on ten days notice to be set up at three of the most public places of the neighborhood, and after deducting from the proceeds of sale all expenses incident to taking up, keeping, advertising and selling the same, the residue shall be retained by the person selling the same unless the owner of such estray shall within twelve months from time of sale, claim such residue and prove before some Justice of the Peace that he is entitled thereto.

5. That if any person shall take up an estray and shall fail to comply with the provisions of the preceeding sections he shall forfeit and pay ten dollars as well as his interest in said estray.

6. That if the owner or occupant of any enclosure, who may find any horse, sheep, hog, cow or other domestic animal trespassing upon the said enclosed premises the owner of which is known, he may impound the same and have the damages valued on oath by two disinterested citizens of the county, and after so doing shall give notice to the owner thereof of his having impounded the same and the amount of damages ascertained, and unless the said damages and a reasonable compensation for feeding the property impounded are paid or tendered him may after giving ten days notice, exclusive of the days of sale and the day of impounding describing the property, and stating the time and place of sale to be posted at three or more public places in the neighborhood, sell the same by public auction to the highest bidder for cash, and after deducting from the proceeds of sale, the amount of damages valued to him and a reasonable compensation for keeping the said property while impounded he shall pay over the residue when demanded to the owner thereof.

7. The word enclosure in the preceeding sections shall be constructed to mean a common law enclosure and not an actual enclosure.

8. That Dorchester, Caroline, Garrett, Montgomery, and Prince George's counties be and the same is hereby excluded from the operations of the preceeding sections.

SEC. 2. And be it enacted, That this Act shall take effect from the date of its passage.

We hereby certify that the aforegoing is a correct copy of an Act of the General Assembly of Maryland, passed January Session, 1892.

W. G. PURNELL,
Secretary of the Senate.
CARLTON SHAFER,
Chief Clerk of the House of Delegates.
Approved by the Governor,
April 7th, 1892.

CHAPTER 443.

AN ACT to repeal and re-enact with amendments, sections one hundred and thirty-nine to one hundred and forty-one, inclusive, of Article twenty-seven of the Code of Public General Laws, title "Crimes and Punishments," sub-title "Health, Hours of Labor of Children."

SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Maryland, That sections one hundred and thirty-nine to one hundred and forty-one, inclusive, of Article twenty-seven of the Code of Public General Laws, title, "Crimes and Punishments," sub-title, Health, Hours of Labor of Children," be and the same are hereby repealed and re-enacted, so as to read as follows:

139. No child under sixteen years of age shall be employed in laboring more than ten hours a day in any manufacturing business or factory established in any part of the State, or in any mecantile business in the City of Baltimore.

140. Any person who shall so employ a Child or suffer or permit such employment is guilty of a misdemeanor.

141. The word "suffer or permit," includes every act or omission, whereby it becomes possible for the Child to engage in such labor.

SECTION 2. And be it enacted that this Act shall take effect from the date of its passage.

We hereby certify that the a foregoing is a correct copy of an Act of the General Assembly of Maryland, passed January Session, 1892.

W. G. PURNELL,
Secretary of the Senate.
CARLTON SHAFER.
Chief Clerk of the House of Delegates.
Approved by the Governor,
April 7th, 1892.

CHAPTER 540.

AN ACT to repeal chapter seventeen of the Acts of the General Assembly of Maryland, passed at the January Session Eighteen hundred and ninety-two, entitled an Act to add two additional sections to Article twenty-seven of the Code of Public General Laws, title Crimes and Punishments, sub-title Railroad obstructing, to follow section two hundred and thirty-one, and to be known as sections two hundred and thirty-one A, and two hundred and thirty-one B.

SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Maryland, That chapter seventeen of the Acts of the General Assembly of Maryland, passed at the January Session Eighteen hundred and ninety-two, entitled an Act to add two additional sections to Article twenty-seven of the Code of Public General Laws, title "Crimes and Punishments," sub-title "Railroad obstructing," to be known as section two hundred and thirty one A, and two hundred and thirty-one B, be and the same is hereby repealed.

SECTION 2. And be it enacted, That this Act shall take effect from the date of its passage.

We hereby certify that the aforegoing is a correct copy of an Act of the General Assembly of Maryland, passed January Session, 1892:

W. G. PURNELL.
Secretary of the Senate.
CARLTON SHAFER.
Chief Clerk of the House of Delegates
Approved by the Governor,
April 7th, 1892.

CHAPTER 546.

AN ACT to repeal section 234 of Article 27 of the Code of Public General Laws, title Crimes and Punishments, sub-title Receiving stolen goods, money or securities, and to re-enact the same with amendments.

SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Maryland, That section 234 of Article 27 of the Code of Public General Laws, title Crimes and Punishments, sub-title Receiving stolen goods, money or securities, be and the same is hereby repealed and re-enacted so as to read as follows:

234. Every person who shall be convicted of the crime of receiving any stolen money, goods or chattels, knowing the same to be stolen, or of the crime of receiving any bond, bill obligatory, bill of exchange, promisory note for the payment of money, bank note, paper bill of credit, certificate granted by or under the authority of this State, or the United States, or any of them, knowing the same to be stolen, shall restore such money, goods or chattels or things taken and remembered to the owner thereof, or make restitution to the value of the whole, or such part as shall not be restored and shall undergo a confinement in the Penitentiary for not less than eighteen months and not more than ten (10) years, and such receiver may be prosecuted and punished and although the principal offenders shall not have been convicted, provided however, that in all cases where the stolen money, goods or chattels or things received shall amount to less than fifty dollars in value, the Judge passing sentence shall have discretionary power to sentence the said person so found guilty to imprisonment in Jail or in the House of Correction, instead of the Penitentiary.

SECTION 2. And be it enacted that this Act shall take effect from the date of its passage.

We hereby certify that the aforegoing is a correct copy of an Act of the General Assembly of Maryland, passed January Session, 1892.

W. G. PURNELL.
Secretary of the Senate.
CARLTON SHAFER.
Chief Clerk of the House of Delegates.
Approved by the Governor,
April 7th, 1892.

CHAPTER 507.

AN ACT to repeal section 45 of Article 9 of the Code of Public General Laws, entitled Claimants of property and to re-enact the same with amendments.

SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Maryland, That section 45 of Article 9 of the Code of Public General Laws, entitled "Claimants of property" be and the same is hereby repealed and re-enacted so as to read as follows:

Section 45. Whenever an attachment or execution shall be levied upon any personal property, goods or chattels, which may be claimed by a person or corporation other than the defendant in such attachment or execution such person or corporation may file a petition under oath, with the court before whom such attachment or execution is returnable setting forth clearly the character and origin of his or hers or its claim to the property so levied upon, and thereupon it shall be the duty of the clerk to docket a suit against both the plaintiff and defendant in such attachment or execution and issue a summons directed to said plaintiff and defendant, giving notice of such claim and returnable to the next succeeding rule day or term of said court. If such claimant shall establish the validity of his, her or its claim to said property cost shall be awarded to said claimant and said claimant shall also be entitled to recover damages in such suit for the wrong and injury done to him, her or it by reason of such seizure and detention of his, hers or its property.

SECTION 2. And be it enacted, That this Act shall take effect from the date of its passage.

We hereby certify that the aforegoing is a correct copy of an Act of the General Assembly of Maryland, passed January Session, 1892.

W. G. PURNELL,
Secretary of the Senate.
CARLTON SHAFER,
Chief Clerk of the House of Delegates.
Approved by the Governor,
April 7th, 1892.

CHAPTER 518.

AN ACT to repeal and re-enact section sixty-four of Article eighty-one of the Code of Public General Laws of Maryland, title Revenue and Taxes.

SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Maryland, That section sixty-four of Article eighty-one of the Code of Public General Laws of Maryland, be and the same is hereby repealed and re-enacted so as to read as follows; viz:

64. Whenever a sale of either real or personal property, upon which taxes are due and payable, shall be made by any ministerial officer, under judicial process or otherwise, all sums due and in arrear for taxes, upon such property, from the party whose property is sold, shall be first paid and satisfied, and the officer or person selling shall pay the same to the collector of the county or city, if any, or to the treasurer, if there be no collector.

SECTION 2. And be it enacted that this Act shall take effect from the date of its passage.

We hereby certify that the aforegoing is a correct copy of an Act of the General Assembly of Maryland, passed January Session, 1892.

W. G. PURNELL,
Secretary of the Senate.
CARLTON SHAFER,
Chief Clerk of the House of Delegates.
Approved by the Governor,
April 7th, 1892.

CHAPTER 441.

AN ACT to repeal section 119 C of the Code of Public General Laws, title "Corporations," sub-title "Insurance Companies" as amended by the Act of the General Assembly of Maryland of 1890, chapter 254 entitled an Act to prevent life insurance companies incorporated under the laws of other States, or Countries and doing business in the State of Maryland, from making or permitting any distinction or discrimination in favor of individuals of the same class and equal expectation of life in the amount of payment of premiums or rates charged for policies of life endowment insurance and to re-enact the same with amendments.

SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Maryland, That section one hundred and nineteen C, of the Code of Public General Laws of the State of Maryland title "Corporations" sub-title "Insurance Companies" be and the same is hereby repealed and re-enacted with amendments, so as to read as follows:

119 C. Any life insurance company, its agent or agents violating section one hundred and nineteen A, or one hundred and nineteen B, of this act shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction thereof, the offender or offenders, shall be sentenced to pay a fine of five hundred dollars on each and every violation, when the amount of the insurance is twenty-five thousand dollars or less, and for every additional twenty-five thousand dollars of insurance or less, there shall be an additional penalty of five hundred dollars and such offender of offenders shall be prohibited from doing insurance business in the State of Maryland until said fine is paid, or the said fine or penalty may be sued for and recovered in the name of the State of Maryland by the State's Attorney of the county or city in which such agent or agents may reside or in which the offence is committed, one half of said penalty, when recovered, shall be paid into the Treasury of the State, the other half to the informer of such violation.

SECTION 2. And be it enacted that this Act shall take effect from the date of its passage.

We hereby certify that the aforegoing is a correct copy of an Act of the General Assembly of Maryland, passed January Session, 1892.

W. G. PURNELL,
Secretary of the Senate.
CARLTON SHAFER.
Chief Clerk of the House of Delegates.
Approved by the Governor,
April 7th, 1892.

CHAPTER 545.

AN ACT to amend Article twenty-seven of the Code of Public General Laws, title "Crimes and Punishments," sub-title "Counterfeiting and Forgery," by adding a new section thereto, to follow Section forty-six and to be designated as Section forty-six A, and to be under the title of "Crimes and Punishments," sub-title "Counterfeiting and Forgery."

SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Maryland, That Article twenty-seven of the Code of Public General Laws is amended by the addition of a new section to follow Section forty-six and to be numbered Section forty-six A, under the title of "Crimes and Punishments," sub-title, "Counterfeiting and Forgery," and to read as follows:

46 A. If any person shall falsely make, alter, forge or counterfeit, or cause or procure to be falsely made, altered, forged or counterfeited, or shall willingly aid or assist in falsely making, altering, forging or counterfeiting, or shall utter or pass, knowing it to be falsely made, altered, forged or counterfeited, any order, paper, letter, writing, prescription, recipe, or other device, purporting to have been made by a regular practicing physician, for any drugs, medicines, spirituous or fermented liquors, he shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and on conviction in any court in this State, shall be sentenced to the Jail, the House of Correction or Penitentiary for not less than six months nor more than two years, in the discretion of the court. If upon trial of any person, charged herewith, or indicted for, such misdemeanor, it shall appear that he paid for, or offered or promised to pay for, the drugs, medicine, spirituous liquor of fermented liquor obtained by means of such falsely made, altered, forged or counterfeited order, paper, letter, writing, prescription, recipe, or other device, purporting to have been made by a regular practicing physician, he shall not by reason thereof be acquitted of such misdemeanor.

SECTION 2. And be it enacted, That this Act shall take effect from the date of its passage.

We hereby certify that the aforegoing is a correct copy of an Act of the General Assembly of Maryland, passed January Session, 1892.

W. G. PURNELL,
Secretary of the Senate.
CARLTON SHAFER,
Chief Clerk of the House of Delegates.
Approved by the Governor,
April 7, 1892.

CHAPTER 557.

AN ACT to repeal section 196 of Article 93 of the Code of Public General Laws, sub-title "Guardians and infants not residing in this State," and re-enact the same with amendment.

SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Maryland, That Section one hundred and ninety-six (196) of Article ninety-three (93) of the Code of Public General Laws of this State be and the same is hereby repealed and re-enacted so as to read as follows:

196. If any non resident infant shall be entitled to any legacy bequest or distributive share, or to the proceeds of any sale made under a decree of a court of equity or to any money or personal property in the hands of a trustee appointed by will, or shall be entitled to the proceeds of sale of property in this State, or to any legacy bequest or distributive share of any personal property in the hands of any administrator or guardian in this State, and such infant has a guardian regularly appointed in the State, district or territory of the United States in which such infant resides, such foreign guardian may obtain an order from the proper court for the payment, transfer or delivery of such proceeds, legacy bequest or distributive share upon the terms prescribed in the next two succeeding sections.

SECTION 2. And be it enacted, That this Act shall go into effect from the date of its passage.

We hereby certify that the aforegoing is a correct copy of an Act of the General Assembly of Maryland, passed January Session, 1892.

W. G. PURNELL,
Secretary of the Senate.
CARLTON SHAFER,
Chief Clerk of the House of Delegates.
Approved by the Governor,
April 7, 1892.

CHAPTER 586.

AN ACT to amend the Code of Public General Laws, Article Forty-five, title Husband and Wife by adding an additional Section thereto to be known as Section Twenty under the sub-title of an Act to quiet the title to property passing from Husband to Wife.

SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Maryland, That Article Forty-five of the Code of Public General Laws of Maryland title Husband and Wife be amended by adding an additional Section thereto to be known as Section Twenty under sub-title of an Act to quiet the title to property passing from Husband and Wife and to read as follows:

SECTION 20. That whenever any interest or estate of any kind in any property, real, personal or mixed, situate lying or being within this State, has been or shall hereafter be sold, conveyed, assigned, mortgaged, leased, transferred or delivered by any husband, directly or indirectly, to his wife, and has been or shall hereafter be subsequently sold, conveyed, assigned, mortgaged, leased, transferred or delivered by such Wife and Husband during their coveture, or by such wife after such coveture has terminated, or has been or shall hereafter be subsequently devised or bequeathed by such wife during such coveture or after such coveture has terminated, the fact of such previous sale, conveyance, assignment, mortgage, lease or delivery by such husband, directly or indirectly to his wife, shall not hereafter be deemed or taken, at law or in equity, to have given, preserved or reserved, nor to give preserve or reserve to any subsisting creditor of such husband, by reason of any debt or obligation, claim or demand whatsoever any other or greater right, lien or cause of action against such interest or estate or against any third person his heirs, executors, administrators or assignees, than such creditors would have had in case such interest or estate had been sold conveyed, assigned, mortgaged, leased, transferred or delivered, or devised or bequeathed by such husband directly to such third person.

And the fact of such previous sale, conveyance, assignment, mortgage, lease or delivery by such husband, directly or indirectly to his wife, or the recital thereof in any instrument of writing whatever, shall not hereafter be deemed or taken, at law or in equity, to give or import, nor to have given or imported notice to any third person, his heirs, executors, administrators or assignees, of the existence, or of the possibility or probability of the existence of any subsisting creditor or creditors of such husband, provided that this Act shall not apply to any action, suit or cause at law or in equity now pending, nor to any that may be instituted on or before the first day of January, Eighteen hundred and ninety-three, in reference to any such sale, conveyance, assignment, mortgage, lease or delivery made on or prior to the passage of this Act.

SEC. 2. And be it enacted, That this Act shall take effect from the date of its passage.

We hereby certify that the aforegoing is a correct copy of an Act of the General Assembly of Maryland, passed January Session, 1892.

W. G. PURNELL,
Secretary of the Senate.
CARLTON SHAFER,
Chief Clerk of the House of Delegates.
Approved by the Governor,
April 7th, 1892.

CHAPTER 571.

AN ACT to repeal Section Thirty-two of Article Ninety-three title "Testamentary Law," sub-title "Administration" of the Code of the Public General Laws, and to re-enact the same with amendments.

SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Maryland, That Section Thirty-two of Article Ninety-three title "Testamentary Law," sub-title "Administration" of the Code of Public General Laws, be and the same is hereby repealed and re-enacted with amendments so as to read as follows:

32. If the interstate be a married woman, and shall leave no child or children or descendants all her personal property including their debts in action, shall devolve upon her husband absolutely, and it shall not in such case be necessary for him to administer upon her estate in order to pass title to him, unless he shall be liable in law for debts owing by her, but no title whatever to such personal property or choses in action shall pass to the said husband when administration is not necessary except by an order of the Orphans' Court declaring the same. Upon application of the said husband the court shall pass an order nisi, which shall be published in such manner and for such time as the court in its discretion may prescribe, and which after the expiration of said notice shall be finally ratified by said court unless cause to the contrary has been shown, but if the interstate be a married woman, and leave a child or children or descendants her personal estate including all choses in action, shall devolve upon administrator or administrators, and the surplus of her estate shall be distributed by the Orphans' Court to the husband for his life and no longer, and after his death then to her children and descendants, per stirpes, and it shall be the duty of the Orphans' Court granting the said administration to direct the mode in which the said estate shall be interested so as best to secure the rights of children or others interested after the expiration of the life estate; and the whole of the said personal estate shall be subject to the orders of the Orphans' Court, and shall not be disposed of by the administrator except by virtue of an order or a decree duly passed by said Court.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That this Act shall take effect from the date of its passage.

We hereby certify that the aforgoing is a correct copy of an Act of the General Assembly of Maryland, passed January Session, 1892.

W. G. PURNELL,
Secretary of the Senate.
CARLTON SHAFER,
Chief Clerk of the House of Delegates.
Approved by the Governor.
April 7th, 1892.

CHAPTER 340.

AN ACT to regulate the procedure in prosecutions for cruelty to animals.

SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Maryland, That Justices of the Peace shall have jurisdiction concurrent with that of the courts of criminal jurisdiction to try and determine all cases in relation to cruelty to animals and to pronounce sentence of fine and imprisonment or either, in the same manner as said courts, but if either the party accused or the State's Attorney shall elect to have the case tried before court it shall be the duty of the Justice of the Peace to give a preliminary hearing, except in cases where such hearing is waived by the accused, and if there be a probable cause of guilt, to commit or bail the accused for the action of the court having jurisdiction.

SECTION 2. And be it enacted, That whenever a fine is imposed in any such case by any Court or Justice of the Peace one half thereof shall be paid to the Maryland Society for the prevention of cruelty to animals of Baltimore City, in case there shall be no society of a similar character in the county, city or town where the offence shall have been committed, in which latter event the said one half of the fine shall be paid to the said local society.

SECTION 3. And be it enacted, That the Justice of the Peace before whom any party accused shall be brought for his action under the provisions of this act shall before proceeding to try and determine the case, make known to such party his right to a trial before the court having criminal jurisdiction as aforesaid and shall obtain from such party a written waiver of said right signed by such party, to be filed among the proceedings in the case and to be noted on the docket of said Justice.

SECTION 4. And be it enacted, That this Act shall take effect from the date of its passage.

We hereby certify that the aforegoing is a correct copy of an Act of the General Assembly of Maryland, passed January Session, 1892.

W. G. PURNELL,
Secretary of the Senate.
CARLTON SHAFER,
Chief Clerk of the House of Delegates.
Approved by the Governor,
April 7th, 1892.

CHAPTER 153.

AN ACT to repeal and re-enact with amendments Section ten of Article fifty-one of the Code of Public General Laws of Maryland title "Juries," as repealed and re-enacted by Chapter sixty-two of the Acts of the General Assembly of Maryland, eighteen hundred and ninety, entitled "An Act to repeal and re-enact with amendments Section ten of Article fifty-one of the Code of Public General Laws title "Juries."

SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Maryland that Section ten of Article fifty-one of the Code of Public General Laws of Maryland, Title "Juries" as repealed and re-enacted by Chapter sixty-two of the Acts of the General Assembly of Maryland, eighteen hundred and ninety, entitled "An Act to repeal and re-enact with amendments Section ten of Article fifty-one of the Code of Public General Laws Title "Juries" be and the same is hereby repealed and re-enacted to read as follows, viz:

SECTION 10. That of the forty-eight jurors drawn and summoned, the court at the beginning of the term for which they were drawn and summoned shall select and appoint one as Foreman of the Grand Jury and shall direct the clerk of said court to legibly write upon ballots the names of the remaining forty-seven jurors and after carefully folding said ballots separately to place them in a box with a sliding top, and said clerk shall draw said ballots therefrom one at a time without looking into said box, and the first twenty-two names drawn with the foreman previously appointed shall constitute the Grand Jury, and the remaining twenty-five names shall constitute the Petit Jury for said term of court; whenever a vacancy shall occur in the position of Foreman of the Grand Jury either temporary or permanent by death, absence, sickness or any other cause, the court shall have power to appoint some other member of the Grand Jury as Foreman as often as the necessity for such appointment shall occur; if for any reason any person or persons drawn as a Grand Juror or Grand Jurors shall fail to attend and be present at the conclusion of the drawing, or be disqualified or excused for cause, the court shall forthwith proceed to fill such vacancy or vacancies from the aforesaid remaining number of twenty-five names of those who are present in the order in which the names were drawn from the box, and may thereupon in its discretion fill such vacancy or vacancies thus made in the Petit Jury by drawing the necessary number of additional names therefor in the manner provided by Section eight, of this Article fifty-one; this section not to apply to Prince George's county except so far as it authorizes the court to appoint a foreman of the Grand Jury when the necessity of such appointment occurs.

SECTION 2. And be it further enacted, that this Act shall take effect from the date of its passage.

We hereby certify that the aforegoing is a correct copy of an Act of the General Assembly of Maryland, passed January Session, 1892.

W. G. PURNELL,
Secretary of the Senate.
CARLTON SHAFER,
Chief Clerk of the House of Delegates.
Approved by the Governor,
March 18, 1892.

CHAPTER 506.

AN ACT to repeal and re-enact with amendments Section Seventy-seven of Article five of the Code of Public General Laws, title "Appeals and Errors," sub-title, "Appeals in Criminal Cases."

SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Maryland, That Section Seventy-seven of Article Five of the Code of Public General Laws, title "Appeals and Errors," sub-title, "Appeals in Criminal Cases," be and the same is hereby repealed and re-enacted with amendments so as to read as follows:

SECTION 77. The parties to criminal proceedings shall be entitled to bills of exceptions, in the same manner as in civil proceedings, and appeals from judgments in criminal cases may be taken in the same manner as in civil cases; but no appeal in a criminal case shall stay execution of sentence unless the counsel for the accused shall make oath that the appeal is not taken for delay, and such appeal shall be heard at the earliest convenient day after the same shall have been transmitted to the Court of Appeals; and the accused upon taking such appeal shall, in all cases not punishable by death, or imprisonment in the penitentiary be entitled to remain on bail, and in other cases not capital, the court from which the appeal is taken shall have the discretionary power to admit to bail; provided that nothing herein contained shall be construed to prohibit the court from requiring additional or greater bail, pending an appeal than the accused may already have given before conviction.

SEC. 2. And be it enacted, That this Act shall take effect from the date of its passage.

We hereby certify that the aforegoing is a correct copy of an Act of the General Assembly of Maryland, passed January Session, 1892.

W. G. PURNELL,
Secretary of the Senate.
CARLTON SHAFER,
Chief Clerk of the House of Delegates.
Approved by the Governor,
April 8th, 1892.

Footprints on Ancient Sands.

There was recently received at Denver a piece of a rock which was once tramped on by several pairs of small and well formed feet. The rock must have been soft at that time, for the impress of two sandals is plainly outlined, just as if a cast had been made to show the inhabitants of the coming ages how artistically beautiful were the feet of those who wandered in the mountains before the invasion of the white men. The rock was found near the brickyards at Golden, Col. It seems to be of an ordinary limestone formation, except the surface where the prints are, which resembles sandstone which has been worn smooth by water. One indentation is particularly noticeable. Although similar in size and contour to those made by sandals, it has a heel-mark which is sharp and deeper than the others.

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