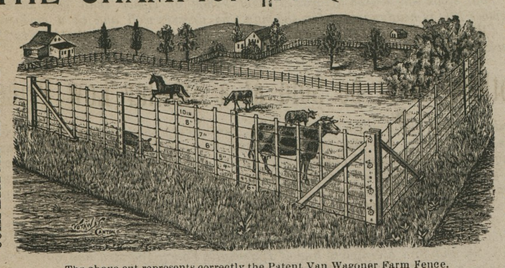
THE KENT NEWS:
PUBLISHED WEEKLY AT
CHESTERTOWN, KENT COUNTY, MARYLAND
OFFICE IN KENT NEWS BUILDING
B. USILTON FRED G. USILTON.
WM. B. USILTON & SON,
Editors and Proprietors.
SUBSCRIPTION: $1 PER ANNUM
strictly in advance. If not paid in advance $1.50 may be charged.
SIX MONTHS, 50 CENTS; THREE MONTHS, 25 CENTS
LOCAL CORRESPONDENCE solicited, but all articles must be accompanied by responsible names.

Kent News.

Vol. 53. CHESTERTOWN, MARYLAND: SATURDAY, APRIL 28, 1894. No. 49.

THE CHAMPION FARM FENCE!

COMPETITORS KNOCKED OUT! THE FENCE QUESTION SOLVED!



The above cut represents correctly the Patent Van Wagoner Farm Fence.

NOW is approaching SPRINGTIME and with it is demanded

Farm, Poultry, Garden and Fancy Fencing!

all of which can be had of the undersigned at Reasonable Prices.

Price of 8-strand, No. 10 Galvanized Wire Fence, Put Up, 65 cents per Rod

If you want this Same Fence at 27 cents per Rod, Buy a Farm Right and you have solved the Fence Question. Call on or address

JOSEPH GUEST.

CHILLED PLOWS for Sale at COST. Three-Horse IMPERIAL, $9.50; Two-Horse, $8.50, all complete. JOSEPH GUEST, Chestertown, Md.

PEERLESS!

TRADE MARK

CORN and TOMATO PHOSPHATE!

The leading farmers and canners throughout New Jersey, Delaware and Maryland speak in its highest praise, declaring it to be positively THE CHEAPEST, THE SAFEST and THE BEST in use. Once a trial, always a patron. Wouldn't it be a good idea for you to try them? Farmers who have not tried our Tomato Phosphate will consult their interest by doing so upon their next crop. Many farmers think that all Phosphates are alike, but a fertilizer apparently the same by analysis on paper may show a Vast difference when tested on the soil.

Testimonials.

KENNEDYVILLE, MD., Jan. 3, 1894.
T. R. HUBBARD & SON—Gentlemen:—I used your Peerless Phosphate on Tomatoes and Corn spring of '93 with gratifying results, notwithstanding the extraordinary drought. Will use it again this spring.
Yours respt., LEWIS C. JUSTIS, JR.

WORTON, Dec. 27, 1893.
Gentlemen:—In answer to your question, will say that I think your Tomato Phosphate can't be beat. Whilst I say it myself, the finest average of Tomatoes I ever saw grew were of my own growing this last season, and that, too, with your Phosphate. They were universally admired as my wagons were hauling to the cannery. I believe it to be a first-class stuff, and expect to use more this coming season. W. H. FRENCH.

MR. WM. R. ALLABAND, of Wyoming, Del., says: I used your Fertilizer on Tomatoes by the side of Green Bone Phosphate and Sun Guano. The Green Bone was cracked so high I put it next to the road to show off big, and the Sun Guano next, and the last, Hubbard's, away back, as its merits were kept quiet; but when visitors came to see my patch of Tomatoes, I always pointed out the ground on which all three kinds were, and Hubbard's got the credit of being far superior to the others. When picking time came it was all and all. I have used it on other crops with the same result, and believe it to be the best Phosphate on the market.

MR. J. B. HANWAY, of Joppa, Harford, Md., used the first year 8 tons; next, 24 tons; next, 55 tons; and the next he and his brother used and sold together 80 tons, and it not only gave satisfaction last season, but wherever used.

JAMES R. MASSEY, of Darlington, Harford, Md., says he grew for the canners. Used our goods alongside of Dis. Animal Bone and Oriole Phos., and that his product netted him $14 more per acre.

CHESTERTOWN, MD 893.
T. R. HUBBARD & SON—Gentlemen:—Yes, the ton of your Tomato Phosphate purchased of you and used last year, did well. I had my Tomatoes in a young pear orchard of one-year-old trees. I applied the Phosphate by sowing broadcast and cultivating it in. The fruit was large, smooth and perfect, and whilst it is almost incredible, feel sure that my yield was 16 tons to the acre, but I know that Lamotte paid me for over 15 tons per acre. I know it did splendidly for me.
Respectfully, R. S. EMORY.

CHESTERTOWN, January 3, 1894.
Gentlemen:—I am frank to say that I consider your Tomato Fertilizer a most excellent article. I happened to have a little of Lister's on hand which cost several dollars more than yours, and when I came to the cannery Mr. Downey asked me why it was that some loads of my tomatoes were better than others. I answered, that is easily explained, the good ones are grown with Hubbard's Phosphate. I will want more the coming season.
Respectfully, JAS. A. FRENCH.

CHESTERTOWN, Jan. 2, 1894.
Gents:—In reply to your question as to my opinion in regard to your Tomato Goods, must say it is a good goods from the fact the finest Tomatoes grown and brought to my cannery were grown with your Phosphate. I remember one of my growers would bring some loads that were particularly fine, while others were not. I asked what made the difference, and he replied Hubbard's was used on the best, while another that cost more money, on the others. I believe your Tomato Phosphate to be an excellent article. JOSEPH DOWNEY.

MR. ROBERT MOFFETT, near Chestertown, says:—Notwithstanding the drouth last year the PEERLESS made him the finest tomatoes he ever saw, and that this can also be vouched for by his neighbors.

Please send for one of our Tomato circulars as we have devoted several pages of same to TOMATO Culture telling how to grow a crop from beginning to end.

T. R. HUBBARD & SON,
Manufacturers, Chestertown, Md.
Feb. 3. 1894.

SAMUEL BECK. W. S. WALKER.

BECK & WALKER,
FERTILIZER MANUFACTURERS,
OFFER TO THE FARMERS OF KENT AND QUEEN ANNE'S COUNTIES

FERTILIZERS OF ALL KINDS!

WE WOULD CALL ATTENTION TO OUR SPECIAL BRANDS FOR THE
Spring Crop of 1894

Corn, Oats, Tomatoes, Potatoes,
ASPARAGUS and GENERAL TRUCK.

All of these goods will be in first-class mechanical condition, and only the best materials obtainable will be used in their composition. They have been used by a number of our prominent farmers for the past two years, and in all cases have given satisfactory results. We would be glad to refer intending purchasers of Fertilizers to the parties who have used them. All of our brands of goods are prepared under the personal supervision of MR. P. B. HOLLIS, who is well known in this community as an experienced agricultural chemist.

BUSINESS OFFICE in the KENT NEWS Building, where we shall be pleased to see our friends and the public.
Chestertown, Md., March 3, 1894.

Coupons Not Necessary!

25 Splendid World's Fair Views for 10 cts.

P. T. McFEELY'S Furniture Store,
CHESTERTOWN, MARYLAND.
Mail Orders Promptly Attended to.

HO, FOR 1894!

HERE WE ARE AGAIN WITH AMMUNITION FOR ANOTHER BIG CAMPAIGN ON ALL SIDES WE HEAR PRAISE FOR THE

Deering Steel Binder!

WITH JOINTED PLATFORM, AND THE

New Deering Ideal Mower,

the only Binder and Mower that never fails.

—THE—
DEERING BINDER TWINE!
is Stronger and Smoother than any other, also runs more feet to the pound.

HYLAND FARM WAGON,
—AND CELEBRATED—
HYLAND FIELD ROLLER!
THE BEST ON EARTH.

WE HAVE THE BEST AND MOST COMPLETE
—ASSORTMENT OF—
CHILLED PLOWS
and Plow Castings of all Kinds,
ever offered in the State, at prices CHEAPER than anywhere else in the county.

HARROWS, CULTIVATORS,
PLOW-TREES and HAMES;
all sizes, single, double and three-horse trees.

—GENERAL—
Blacksmithing and Wheelwrighting.
Satisfaction Guaranteed.

WE HAVE ACCEPTED THE AGENCY FOR THE
—CELEBRATED—
Page Woven Wire Fence
a sample of which may be seen at our factory.

Thanking the public for past patronage and soliciting a continuance of the same,

I am yours respectfully,

W. A. HYLAND,
m10-tf. GALENA, MARYLAND.

STEAM BOILERS
—AND—
PROCESS KETTLES
FOR CANNING HOUSES.

JOHN T. COLEMAN
STEAM BOILER WORKS,
No. 321 to 327 North Holliday Street,
BALTIMORE, MD.
Feb. 27, 1894.

JOHN B. HURTT & CO.,
—WHOLESALE—
Drugs, Glass, Paints, Oils, Varnishes,
PUTTY, BRUSHES, &c.
WE HANDLE ONLY PURE GOODS!
322 Light Street, Baltimore, Md.,
(Between Camden and Conway.)
ESTABLISHED IN 1870.

—DEPOT FOR—
"INDIAN TAR BALSAM,"
The Greatest Cough Medicine on Earth!
NO CURE, NO PAY!
The Quick Cure for Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Hoarseness and all Throat and Lung Affections.
Send for circulars. Particular attention paid to MAIL ORDERS. n19-tf.

STIEFF PIANOS

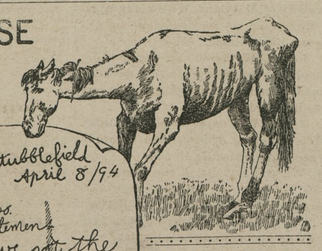
PRIZE MEDALS:
Centennial Exposition, 1876.
Paris Exposition, 1878.
Atlanta Cotton Exposition, 1881.
New Orleans Exposition, 1884-85.
World's Columbian Exposion, 1893.

Every Piano Fully Warranted for 5 Years.
Terms liberal. Send for Catalogue.
CHAS. M. STEIFF,
BALTIMORE, - - - 9 N. Liberty Street.
PHILADELPHIA, - - - 1204 N. 5th Street.
WASHINGTON, - - - 417 11th Street, N. W.

DR. THOMAS H. COOPER,
HOMEOPATHIST,
CHESTERTOWN, - - - - MARYLAND.
one square from Steamboat Wharf, High Street.
Office hours from 10 A. m. to 12 M., 4 to 4.30 P. M., and 6 to 8 P. M., Sundays excepted.

JOHN D. URIE,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
Will practice in Kent and Queen Annes' Counties

HORSE SENSE IN A FEW WORDS.



Stubblefield April 8/94
"Ordinary" Mower Co.
Gentlemen:
You have got the hardest pulling mower I ever backed my against. I tackled one of them two years ago and stuck to it till it knocked me out. The draft is the heaviest I ever saw. Why don't you pattern after the McCormick No. 4 Steel Mower? Its draft is extremely light, making it very easy on horse flesh.
Yours truly
A Horse

THE WORLD'S FAIR
Committee, who tested the McCormick No. 4 Steel Mower in the only regular exposition field trials, in a heavy growth of timothy and clover, said, in their official report: "The efficiency of the machine is thus, under fair conditions, nearly 70 per cent. Ordinary figures for ordinary mowers are at least twenty pounds higher in total draft, with an efficiency of not above 60 per cent., which latter figure good machines should be expected to exceed." The McCormick is the lightest draft, and most effective grass cutter yet produced. [Highest Medal awarded.]

McCormick Binders, Reapers and Mowers are built by the McCORMICK HARVESTING MACHINE CO., CHICAGO, and are for sale wherever grain or grass is grown.

A full line of AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS. also Buggies, Surreys and Spring Wagons. I am agent for A. W. STEVENS & SON'S Engines, Thrashers and Stackers.

ADAM F. HUEY,
MASSEYS, KENT COUNTY, MD.

BIG BARGAIN HUNTERS
—CAN NOW HAVE—

their most sanguine expectation appeased by an examination of this tremendous cut price sale of clothing we want your trade and if honest goods at unheard of low prices will get it then we are in it.

Peaches or no Peaches!

You and your boys must have clothes and the little speech we propose to make appeals to the close buying father or mother who in these stringent times must make every ten cent piece answer for itself. Close buyers are cordially invited to inspect our stock of clothing this season. We like to do business with economical buyers because we are in a position to meet their expectations. We buy close, pay quick and have marked our goods at lower figures than was ever submitted in the history of our town, hence we have foundation for unlimited confidence in our ability to please. Below we quote a few of the many bargains we are offering this season which needs no comment. Men's complete suits, in Serge, Cashimere and Cheviott, good substantial wearers $4.75. Men's all wool neat dressy suits, $6.50. And the most complete line of fine all wool Cashimere, Cheviott nd Worsted suits at $8.50 and $9.75 ever displayed in our town. Youth's suits $3.90, $4.50, $5.75 to $8.50. Child's suits $1.00 to $4.50 and the greatest bargain ever offered at $2.50, this is not stamped goods but a good Cashimere suit, don't fail to see it. The best full size men's Cheviott shirt in the county for 75 cts. for 2 usually bring $1.00, look for yourself. Men's white shirts still the low price 90 cts. pair, these are only a few of the many bargains we are offering, as every article in our house comprising Men's, Youth's and Children's odd pants. Hats of all descriptions. Furnishings and every suit has been marked exactly as the adveirtsement asserts, and we are here with the goods to back all we claim, examine the stock and if we can't suit you in variety and prices then some one else will have a difficult task

Respectfully, MOODY & LUSBY,
Original and Square-Dealing Clothiers

MESSICK PRICE LIST.

Greatest Bargains!

NOTE OUR PRICES:

Pins, full count, 1 to 3 cents per paper; Best Needles, 1 cent per paper; Spool Silk, 3 cents; Darning Needles 5 for 1 cent; Carpet Tacks, dozen papers, 9 cents; 25 Good Envelopes, 3 cents; 120 Sheets Note Paper, 8 cents; 5 Slate Pencils, 1 cent; Shoe Strings, 2 cents per dozen; School Slates, 2 to 8 cents; Lamp Wickes, 5 for 1 cent; Watch Keys, 1 cent; Shirt Buttons, 12 dozen, 3 cents; Bone Collar Buttons, 4 cents per dozen; Safety Pins, 2 cents per dozen; 2,500 yards of Lace, 1 to 15 cents per yard; 2,000 yards of Ribbon, 6 cents per yard, worth 15; 400 Dozen Dress Buttons, 1 to 5 cents; Best Calico, 5 and 6 cents per yard; LARGE LINE OF BLANKETS, all kinds, from 75 cents up; 90 Dozen Men's and Boys' Suspenders, 7 to 49 cents; 20 Dozen Ladies' Corsets, 23 to 46 cents; P. N. Corsets, 85 cents; 50 Dozen Children's Black Hose, 8 cents; Men's Extra Heavy Hose, 6 cents; Gent's Fine Hose, 10 to 25 cents; Extra Good Spool Cotton, 2 cents; Raleigh Thread, 3 cents; Hair Pins, 12 cents per lb.; P. N. Corset Steels, 8 cents; Men's Linen Collars, 8 cents; 24 Dozen Boys' Over Shirts, 19 to 50 cents; Extra Heavy Buckskin Shirts, 50 cts.;

100 Pair of Boy's Knee Pants, 10 to 90c.;
300 Odd Coats, 75c. to $2.90; Men's Suits, $3.00 to $10;
Boys' Suits, Jackets and Knee Pants, 95c. to $5;
350 Men's and Boys' Overcoats, 95c. to $7;

100 Dozen Men's and Boys' Overalls, 39 to 63 cents; a Large Line of Men's and Boys' Gloves, 25 cents to $1.23; Extra Heavy Floor Oil-Cloth, 25 cents per yard; Best Table Oil-Cloth, 19 cents per yard. TINWARE:—4 Quart Coffee Pots, 18 cents; 3 Quart, 14 cents; 2 Quart, 10 cents; ½ Gallon Tin Cups, 5 cents. HARDWARE:—Cut Nails, 2¼ cents per pounds; Man's Axes, 56 cents; Carriage Bolts, 3 and 4x5-16, 8 cts. per dozen; Padlocks, 5 to 18 cts.; Auger Bits, ¼ inch, 5 cents; 5-16 inch, 8 cents; Hand Saws, 25 cents to $1.67; Hatchets, 8 to 42 cents; Saw Handles, 8 cents; Spring Balance, 24 Pound 8 cents; Two-foot Rule, 7 cents; Half Soles, 10 cents; Headlight, 8 cents.
LADIES' MUSLIN UNDERWEAR, all kinds;
MEN'S KNIT UNDERSHIRTS, 40 CENTS, sold everywhere for fifty;
FULL LINE OF LADIES', MISSES' and CHILDREN'S UNDERWEAR;
CHILDREN'S VESTS, 9 to 28c.; LADIES' VESTS, 25 to 46c

MESSICK & CO.,
MILLINGTON, MARYLAND.
W. N. DONOVAN, Manager.

An Acknowledged Fact!

THOMAS G. WROTH,
THE ONLY EXCLUSIVE BOOT AND SHOE HOUSE IN CHESTERTOWN HAS THE LARGEST AND BEST ASSORTMENT OF

Men's Ladies' and Children's Foot-Wear.

IN LEATHER AND RUBBER. EVERYTHING FROM THE HEAVIEST OYSTER BOOT TO THE FINEST KID SLIPPER.

Prices To Suit The Times,
T. G. WROTH,
Dont miss the Place. Under Stam's Hall.

E. W. F. SIMPERS
(OPPOSITE STAR'S HALL.)

Down
The PRICES Go!

A CLEARING OUT SALE OF THE FOLLOWING GOODS AT AND BELOW COST!
MEN'S, BOYS' and YOUTHS'
BOOTS AND SHOES!
LADIES', MISSES' and CHILDREN'S SHOES,

DRY GOODS:
DRESS GINGHAMS, PRINTS,
MUSLINS, CANTON FLANNELS,
RED, GRAY and WHITE FLANNELS,
WOOL KERSEY, COTTONADES,
WHITE GOODS, HAMBURG EDGINGS,
BLANKETS, BED COMFORTS.

To make a change in our business we need the room for other goods, hence the above offer.
E. W. F. SIMPERS,
Jan. 13, 1894. Chestertown.

FURNITURE!

I HAVE ADDED TO MY STORE IN MILLINGTON
A FURNITURE DEPARTMENT WHERE IS
KEPT ONE OF THE LARGEST
—ASSORTMENTS OF—
Carpet, Furniture, Etc.,
ON THE SHORE.

Rocking Chairs!
OF PRETTY DESIGNS,
BEDS and BED-ROOM SUITS,
CARPETS and MATTINGS,
WINDOW SHADES, RUGS, Etc.
Call and examine our stock.

HENRY S. COOK,
MILLINGTON, MARYLAND.
Feb. 17, 1894.

1886 Insurance! 1894

FIRE! LIGHTNING! LIFE!
Best Companies Only Represented!

PROMPT ADJUSTMENT and PAYMENT OF LOSSES!
Can write large lines on short notice. The New York Life's Accumulation Policy the best and most liberal ever issued.
All business promptly attended to.
Information cheerfully given. Apply by mail or in person to

WM. H. McFEELY, Gen'l Agt.,
COURT STREET, CHESTERTOWN, MD.

ANNUAL REPORT
—OF—
The Commissioners of Chestertown,

For the Period from April 27, 1893, to April 23, 1894.

REVENUE:

Corporation tax levied	$1,977 60	
Fire Insurance Co., water rent	200 00	
Dog tax	93 00	
Pavements repaired	27 77	
Cart license	16 00	
Show license	5 00	
Ground rent	13 00	
Fines	6 00	
Chestertown's proportion of Kent co. levy for road and bridges '93	2,282 04	
		$4,620 41

Expenditures:

FOR WORK AND MATERIAL ON STREETS:		
Hauling	$ 512 20	
Lobor	251 90	
Laying pavements	59 20	
H. S. Barnett, bricks	139 50	
Shells	1,619 91	
		$2,582 71
Keeping Pumps in Repair		8 50
FOR LIGHTING STREETS:		
Gasoline, lamps and glass	$ 179 79	
Freight on gasoline and lamps	34 45	
Lamp Lighters	150 00	
Lamp Posts	2 00	
		366 24
FOR SUNDRY PURPOSES:		
Thomas W. Eliason, lumber	$ 18 72	
S. F. Smith, cement &c	4 96	
Smith & Clements, oil	58	
Thomas S. Dodd, clerk election	4 00	
Wm. T. Sutton & Son, repairing Fire Plugs	5 75	
Wm. L. Fowler, varnishing engine	4 00	
Printing annual report, &c	75 46	
Hardware and repairing lamps	41 85	
Court certificates suit H. H. Barroll	47 25	
Blacksmiths	13 45	
Assistant Bailiffs	294 00	
Chestertown Water Company, rent to Dec. 31st, 1894	500 00	
500 feet of hose	275 00	
J. K. Aldridge, 1 lantern	1 00	
Express Co., express on hose	25	
		1,376 27
SALARIES;		
Bailiff and collector		750 00
Total expenditures		$5,083 72
Total revenue 1894		4,620 41
Deficiency 1894		$463 31
Balance from 1893	$3,501 46	
Deficiency 1894	463 31	
Total		$3,038 15
Of which there is in bank	$2,122 04	
In collector's hands collected and uncollected	916 11	
		$3,038 15

CHAS. T. WESTCOTT,
President Commissioners of Chestertown.
Jos. N. WHEATLEY, Clerk. a21-24.

SECRET OF AN OLD MURDER.

How A Minister Kept it Almost Forty Years.

Editors of KENT NEWS:

I enclose you a clipping from the St. Louis *Republic* of the 19th inst. of a murder that occurred perhaps before your recollection. I knew young Worrell when a child running around the streets of Chestertown a pleasant, comly little fellow, the idol of his mother, who was a daughter of old Samuel Ringgold. As I remember the account, is somewhat incorrect. He was not arrested at a hotel, but at his father's house in Dover, Del., the officers kept track of him until they reached Elkton, Md., from information obtained there they came to Chestertown at night; they called upon Mr. Vickers who had retired for the night to make inquiry of him; he sent them with his servant to Wm. Hamilton who was constable at that time, he went with them to Robert Rose, who also married a daughter of Ringgold's. From Rose's they learned of the whereabouts of Worrel's parents; they hastened on to Dover with Mr. Hamilton as guide, as I recollect arriving in Dover in the early morning and having ascertained where Worrel's father lived, repaired at once to the house and informed the elder Worrell they wished to see his son; he told them his son had not arisen. They told him they were acquainted and would go to his room; the father being assured went with them finding him in bed asleep; they pounced upon him and before young Worrell was aware of it had handcuffs upon him. If Hamilton is living no doubt he recollects about it. When the remains of Worrell arrived in town none of his father's friends would admit them to their houses, and his parents with the dead body of their son occupied the commissioner's room of the old court house. What I have said might have been left alone, but it awakened in my mind the recollections of the faces and the surroundings of the long ago. I once, generally knew every one in the county but so many years have passed to the great unknown in the thirty years since I left there, I now know but few. I know your circuit court clerk, Dr. S. G. Fisher, and Mr. Samuel Vannort, but cannot say more. Hoping you will excuse me for the trouble I have given you, I am with much respect. Yours, truly,

SAMUEL RILEY.

The Old Murderer.

The story of an old time murder, the secret of which has been locked in the breast of a minister, to whom the confession was made, was told by City Comptroller Isaac H. Sturgeon. It demonstrates the fact that the publication of the details of a crime is often the cause of the criminal being captured and illustrates how sedulously confidences are sometimes guarded.

When the old North Missouri Railway was being constructed, Major Rob't Walker was the chief engineer, and his first assistant was a talented young man named Basil H. Gordon, who was of English descent and who wore a boar's head on his watch chain by way of emphasing the fact that he was descended from a noble family whose crest was that design. Young Gordon, was an indefatigable worker and a young man of a good technial and practical education, therefore much of the work was intrusted to him. He was a man whose schooling had not spoiled his ability of judging human nature and his heart was of the large variety that compelled him to take an active interest in the sufferings of his fellow-men.

One night Gordon stopped at the house of a man named Ferguson, who lived between Warrenton and St. Charles. In those days there were very few houses in the country, but a warm welcome was accorded the stranger wherever a farmhouse was found. During the evening Gordon entered into a conversation with two other men who were stopping at the farmhouse for the evening and soon learned that they were out of employment. They were both young men and seemed willing to work. Gordon told them he might be able to give them something to do if they would go with him the next day. They consented, but that night while all the others were asleep the two men, whose names were Brough and Worrell, plotted the murder of the young engineer, whom they supposed carried a large amount of money with him in addition to the valuable gold watch which was fastened on the end of a ponderous chain bearing that crest of the boar's head.

The Tragedy.

The next morning when breakfast was finished the two men started with Gordon. He had a splendid horse, but they were on foot. When they had reached a secluded gully about ten miles from the farmhouse where they had stopped over night Worrell asked Gordon to loan him his pistol to shoot a squirrel that he said he saw in the bushes. The unexpected victim calmly handed over the weapon and had no sooner turned his head than he received a bullet behind the ear. He fell from his horse and that frightened animal was caught by Brough, who had gone ahead some distance. It was Brough, in fact who gave the signal for Gordon's death. When he had reached the other side of the gully and had seen that there was no one in sight he had waved his hand and that was the signal for his companion to fire the fatal shot. Worrell, when he saw Gordon fall from his horse, seemed to realize the enormity of his crime and could not find it in his heart to finish the dying man, who was conscious, and with his eyes fixed upon the murderer, demanded to know why he had done the terrible deed. Brough, however, was not so merciful. When he returned and found that Gordon was not dead he told Worrell to hold the horse. He pounced upon the dying man and choked him until he was dead. The murderers despoiled the body of all the valuables, securing about $40 and the watch and chain with the boar's head crest. They made a pretense of burying the body under some leaves and dirt, but a few days afterward the engineer was missed and a search instituted. There was not the slightest clew as to the identity of the murderers, for no one seemed to remember that the engineer was in company with two strange men the last time he was seen alive. Gordon was one of the most popular men in that part of the country and the indignation caused by the crime was greater than that which had been aroused by any other crime for years.

A Big Reward.

The railroad officials were determined that the murderers should be captured if it were possible to do so, and offered the liberal reward of $5,000 for the capture dead or alive, of every person connected with the crime. Such a reward had the effect of stimulating all the hunters of criminals, many of whom insisted that if little or nothing was printed about the crime it would enhance the chances of capturing the criminals. For the purpose of preventing any detailed publication of the crime a deputation of prominent citizens called at the office of the *Missouri Republican* and requested Nathtniel Paschall, who was at that time editor, not to print any extended account of the crime.

After having listened to their arguments on the question, Mr. Paschall replied:

"No, gentlemen, we will publish everything we can learn about this case, and tomorrow we will have thousands of eyes watching for the criminals. We will have the farmers along the highways keeping a sharp lookout for the murderers. We will have the sheriffs of a hundred counties eyeing suspiciously every new arrival and wondering if he is the murderer. Spread the news and the murderers will be captured."

While some of the citizens did not coincide with Mr. Paschall's views most of them were inclined to believe that he was right. A detailed account of the horrible crime with the most plausible theories and many minor facts appeared as one of the news features of the *Missouri Republican* the next morning.

The Capture.

A few evenings after the story had been published there was a large ball at Vincennes, Ind. It was an informal affair, and Sheriff Grant refused to allow his daughters to attend because the society was not sufficiently select. One of his daughters, however, disobeyed her father's command and went to the ball. While there she danced a number of times with a stranger, who introduced himself, saying his name was Randall. The young lady probably enjoyed the flirtation hugely, for when she went home that night she related her triumph to a more timid sister, who had not dared disobey the parental command, but who was, nevertheless, quite anxious to hear all the details of the evening's enjoyment. Sheriff Gantt himself was awake, and was trying to determine how he would punish his disobedient daughter when he overheard her giving an enthusiastic description of a watch chain which her stranger admirer wore. She said that it had a pig's head, and gave other details which convinced her father that the watch chain was the same that had been taken from the murdered engineer, the account of whose murder he had read in the *Missouri Republican*. He jumped out of bed and demanded to know where the man was who had wore the chain.

His frightened daughter told him all she knew about the fellow, and he started out to look for him and earn $5,000 reward which was offered for the apprehension of the criminal. Sheriff Gantt could not find the man, however, but he learned that he had gone to a neighboring town. He tracked the man from here to Dover, Del. He found that the man's name was Worrell and learned that he was still wearing the watch chain. Just as he was ready to arrest him, Worrell went to another part of the State. Gantt followed him, and one night he went to the same hotel where Worrell was stopping. He told the landlord that Worrell had committed murder and that he wanted to arrest him. The Sheriff was secreted in the house when Worrell went to bed. An hour afterward Worrell was told that it was train time. When he opened the door the Sheriff jumped in and overpowered him. For fear that he would be released on a writ of habeas corpus, Sheriff Gantt hired a handcar and took his prisoner out of the State without formality of having obtained a requisition.

Meantime, Captain John Cousin of St. Louis had traced the other murderer to Georgia, arrested him there and brought him back to St. Louis. The two murderers arrived in St. Louis within half an hour of each other, and many thousand people who met him at the wharf cried out to lynch them. Better counsel prevailed, however, and they were taken to the jail The citizens near Warrenton knew of their capture, and it is said that they hauled the wood and built the fire on which they intended to burn both of the murderers when they were taken there. The men were held in St. Louis, however, for some time, and then Worrell was tried and convicted of murder in the first degree. His parents, who were respectable people in Delaware, came to this State and made every effort to get his sentence commuted to imprisonment for life, but he was hanged at Washington for the brutal crime. He had been a wayward son, but had received a good education and possessed insinuating manners.

Brough had convinced those who had the prosecution in charge that he was not so guilty as the other man, and had in some unaccountable manner induced them to believe in his comparative innocence. He was allowed to go free, and the last that was heard of him he was being taken back to Fort Leavenworth to be tried. for desertion. He and Worrel had both deserted from the army at that place.

A Confession.

A short time ago City Comptroller Sturgeon was going to a funeral at Bellefontaine Cemetery, when Rev. Montgomery Schuyler called him into his carriage and asked him if he remembered this old murder. He replied that he did, and then Dr. Schuyler said that as all the persons connected with the murder were dead there would be no harm result from making public a confession which one of the murderers made to him. He then told Comptroller Sturgeon that both of the men were equally guilty. He said that Worrel had confessed the crime to him, while he denied it to others. Dr. Schuyler then told Comptroll Sturgeon many of the facts of the crime, as they are given in the foregoing, and it may set some uneasy minds at rest to know that neither the man who was executed nor the man who escaped punishment was innocent of the crime, as a few were disposed to believe at the time. The crime took place in the year 1855, and Dr. Schuyler kept the secret which was told him by the murderer until a short time ago, and would not have related it at that time had the man's parents been alive. The lesson of the story is that while courts may declare a man guilty or innocent his spirtual or legal adviser generally knows the truth in the case, although he is not at liberty to tell it.

Business Law in Daily Use.

Herewith are the most important laws, succinctly stated, that touch the needs of the average business man. An observance of them will enable one to avoid many mistakes that may be serious, and steer the innocent from many pitfalls that may be calamitous. They contain, in few words, the essence of a large amount of legal verbiage not always very intelligible.

Each individual in a partnership is responsible for the *whole* amount of the debts of the firm, except in cases of "special" partnerships.

Contracts made on Sunday cannot be enforced.

A contract made with a minor is void.

A contract made with a lunatic (or with one who has a general reputation for weak-mindedness) is void. (The latter case must, however, be *clearly* established.)

The acts of one partner bind all the other partners.

It is a fraud to *conceal* a fraud.

No consideration is sufficient in law if it be illegal in its nature. (Many "failures" are upset because of this law.)

A receipt for money is not alway *conclusive*.

An agreement without consideration is void.

The law compells no one to do impossibilities. (This must be liberally construed.)

Ignorance of the law excuses no one.

Note especially the following, as affecting the giving and taking of checks and notes:

A note made on Sunday is void.

A note made by a minor is void.

A note obtained by fraud, or from a person in a state of intoxication, cannot be collected. This is a corallary to the law governing contracts with the weak-minded.

Notes bear interest only when so stated.

If a note is lost or stolen, it does not release the maker; he must pay it if the consideration for which it was given, and the amount can be proved.

Signatures made with a lead pencil are good in law.

A note indorsed *in bank* is transferable by delivery, the same as if made payable to bearer.

The maker of an "accommodation" note (one for which he has received no consideration, having lent his name and credit for the accommodation of the holder) is not bound to the person accommodated, *but is bound to all other parties*, precisely as if there was a good consideration.

If the maker of a check or draft has changed his residence, the holder must use "due diligence" to find him.

Checks or drafts must be presented for payment "without unreasonable delay."

Ignorance or oversight of or willful inattention to these fundamental injunctions is the frequent source of annoying and expensive litigation.

DON'T DIET.—If you have dyspepsia, indigestion, habitual constipation or sick headache, don't diet. You need the strength, that food gives. Eat whatever you want but take one of Dr. Deane's Dyspepsia pills after meals until cured. If you are constipated get a bottle with white label, otherwise with yellow.

A LOAFER generally has the smallest loaf.

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