THE PUBLIC HEALTH.

Requirements from Plumbers and Contractors as to Sanitation.

CHAPTER 436.

AN ACT to amend Article 43 of the Code of Public General Laws of Maryland (Code of 1904) title "Health," by adding to said Article Seven sections under the sub-title "Plumbing," to be known as Sections 184, 185, 186, 187, 188, 189 and 190.

Section 1—Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Maryland, That Article 43 of the Code of Public General Laws of Maryland (Code of 1904) title "Health," be and the same is hereby amended by adding seven sections thereto under the sub-title, "Plumbing," to be known as Sections 184, 185, 186, 187, 188, 189 and 190, and to read as follows:

Plumbing.

184—It shall not be lawful for any person, firm or corporation to employ as workmen to do plumbing work in the State of Maryland any persons except those qualified to work at the plumbing business, as provided in this sub-division of this Article; and no person shall be qualified to work at the plumbing business in this State unless he has made application to and received from the State Board of Commissioners of Practical Plumbing the certificate of competence described in Section 186 of this Article and is otherwise qualified as required by this subdivision of this article. Any person or firm engaged in the plumbing business in this State, and the superintendent, manager, agent or other officer of any corporation engaged in the plumbing business in this State, who shall employ any person to work at the plumbing business who is not qualified as required by this subdivision of this Article, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction thereof, shall be fined not less than ten dollars, nor more than fifty dollars, for every day or part of every day that such employer shall employ such workman. And any person or firm not engaged in the plumbing business in this State, and the superintendent, manager, agent or other officer of any corporation not engaged in the plumbing business in this State, who shall employ any person to do plumbing work in this State, knowing the person so employed is not qualified to work at the plumbing business as required by this subdivision of this Article, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction thereof, shall be fined not less than ten dollars, nor more than fifty dollars, for every day or part of every day that such employer shall so employ such workman.

185—If any person shall work at the plumbing business in this State without being qualified as required by this subdivision of this Article, he shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction thereof, shall be fined not less than five dollars, nor more than fifty dollars, for every day or every part of every day that such workman shall work at the plumbing business.

186—The governor shall appoint biennially five persons who shall constitute a Board of Commissioners, which shall be known and designated as "The State Board of Commissioners of Practical Plumbing," and who shall be selected as follows: Three persons who are practical and skilled plumbers from the city of Baltimore, the Commissioner of Health of Baltimore City, and a member of the State Board of Health from the State at large, whose duty it shall be to faithfully and impartially execute, or cause to be executed, all the provisions and requirements of this subdivision of this Article; upon application and at such place or places in this State as they may determine, provided at least once in each year the examination shall be held in Baltimore city, they shall examine each and every person who shall desire to work at the plumbing business, touching his competency and qualifications; and upon being satisfied that the person so examined is competent and qualified to work at, conduct and engage in the said plumbing business for the period for which such certificate shall be granted, and such certificate may be called or designated by said board a "Master Plumber's Certificate."

187—The said Board of Commissioners shall demand and receive from such applicant for a certificate of competency whom they examine and pass, the sum of three dollars at the time of the issuance of said certificate, and the sum of one dollar for the renewal thereof each and every year thereafter, on or before the first day of May, and said board at any time may require on any application for renewal any applicant to pass another examination before issuing any renewal, or may issue any renewal without requiring any other examination, as said board in each case from year to year may deem proper.

188—The money received under the provisions of the foregoing section shall be used and applied by said Commissioners to pay their compensation and all their expenses, including such reasonable expenses, costs and fees as they may incur, and which they are hereby authorized to incur out of the money so received by them, in investigating any alleged violations of the provisions of this sub-title and in aiding in the prosecution or procuring testimony to aid in the prosecution of any alleged violations of any of the provisions of this sub-title, and in generally enforcing and making effective the provisions of this sub-title; and all surplus over and above their compensation and their expenditures as hereinbefore and hereinafter provided shall be paid to the State Treasurer for the use of the State.

189—Said Commissioners shall hold their several offices for the period of two years, commencing the first day of May, 1910, and thereafter until their successors have been appointed and qualified; each Commissioner within thirty days after notification of his appointment shall take and subscribe the oath or affirmation required by law before the Clerk of the Superior Court of Baltimore City, every person appointed Commissioner who shall refuse or neglect to take the said oath or affirmation within the period named shall be deemed to have refused said office, and the Governor shall immediately appoint some person qualified, as provided in Section 186 of this Article, to fill the vacancy thus created; each of said Commissioners shall receive the sum of five dollars for every day that he shall attend any trial in any court of any kind in the State, or before any Justice of the Peace of this State, with reference to the execution of this law or the prosecution of any violations thereof, and for every day that he shall be present at a meeting of said board for the transaction of business, and shall further receive his reasonable traveling expenses in attending meetings of said board; provided, that said compensation shall be paid out of the fees or other sums received by said board. The present State Board of Commissioners of Practical Plumbing, under the local laws of Baltimore city, shall continue in office, with all the powers and duties heretofore held by them in Baltimore city, until the Commissioners authorized by this Act to be appointed shall be appointed and qualified, and thereupon the duties and authorities of said board under the local laws of Baltimore city shall be at an end, and they shall turn over all books and papers, and any balance of money received by them and not expended by them, to the board appointed under the provisions of this Act; but nothing herein contained shall be deemed in any way to affect or alter any Act heretofore done under the provisions of said local laws or to affect the punishment for any violations of said local laws and all violations of said local laws before the same shall be superseded by this law shall be punishable in the same manner as if this law had not been enacted.

190—The said Board of Commissioners are empowered to make such rules and regulations for the enforcement of the provisions of this Act and for the performance of their duties hereunder, from time to time, as in their judgment they may deem necessary and requisite; and they may provide for the examination of applicants for journeyman plumber's certificates or permits, and for the issuing of certificates or permits to journeyman plumbers after passing such examination as said Commissioners may deem proper; said Commissioners designating them either "certificates" or "permits," as they may deem proper, and they may provide for the issuing of permits to apprentices, so that, however, said journeyman plumbers and said apprentices shall be authorized to work only under the direction and control of a duly certified master plumber; and that said certificate or permits shall be so framed as to show that said journeyman plumbers and said apprentices are authorized to work only as above provided. Said board may demand and receive from each journeyman plumber the sum of two dollars at the time of issuing of the first certificate to said journeyman plumber, and the sum of one dollar for the renewal thereof each and every year thereafter, on or before the first day of May; and said board, at any time, may require, on any application for renewal, any applicant to pass another examination before issuing any renewal, or may issue any renewal without requiring any other examination, as said board in each case, from year to year, may deem proper; but no charge shall be made for the issuing of permits or renewals of permits to apprentices. Said Commissioners may fix the requirements of the competency and qualification of applicants, whether of master plumbers or of journeyman plumbers, as different standards, in their judgment, for different parts of the State, and may accordingly limit the certificates so as to permit the holder thereof to do plumbing work only in certain specified sections of the State, as said Commissioners may determine. Whenever by any of the general or local laws of this State it is or shall be provided that a permit shall be granted to anyone qualified to work at the plumbing business or to do plumbing work, however the same may be designated, or that certain appointments shall be given to or certain duties shall be performed by one qualified to do plumbing work, or any other reference is made to one qualified to do work which shall be included under the term "plumbing work," however the same shall be designated, then such general or local laws shall be held to refer only to one qualified to work at the plumbing business under his own direction; that is, one holding a certificate authorized to be called a "Master Plumber's Certificate," and shall not be held to refer to a journeyman plumber or to an apprentice. Said Commissioners may revoke any certificate or permit which, after notice to the holder and hearing they may determine has been issued by mistake or inadvertence, and said Commissioners may revoke or suspend for such time as they may deem proper the operation of any certificate or permit when the said Commissioners, after notice to the holder and a hearing, shall determine that the holder thereof has used such certificate or permit contrary to the provisions of this sub-title, or to any rules or regulations of said Commissioners adopted in pursuance of the provisions of this sub-title or contrary to the limitations contained in said certificates or permit, or has violated any of the provisions of this sub-title; nothing in this Act shall be construed to prevent incorporated gas companies from making connections of gas appliances for domestic purposes.

Sec. 2—And be it enacted, That this Act shall take effect from the date of its passage.

Approved April 11, 1910.

OYSTER LICENSES.

Providing for the Amount of the License, Its Distribution and Use.

CHAPTER 413.

AN ACT to repeal and re-enact with amendments Sections 1, 2, 18, 19, 23, 31 and 69 of Article 72 of the Code of Public General Laws of the State of Maryland, title "Oysters."

Section 1—Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Maryland, That Sections 1, 2, 18, 19, 23, 31 and 69 of Article 72 of the Code of Public General Laws of the State of Maryland, title "Oysters," be and the same are hereby repealed and re-enacted with amendments, so as to read as follows:

11.—Any resident of this State desiring to catch oysters with rakes or tongs for sale in any of the waters of this State shall first obtain by application to the Clerk of the Circuit Court for the county wherein he may reside a separate license for every person to be employed on such boat, and such license shall have effect from the first day of September, in the year which it may have been obtained, to the twenty-fifth day of April, inclusiv, next succeeding; provided, that such license shall not authorize the taking or catching of oysters in any creek, cove, river, inlet, bay or sound within the limit of any county other than that wherein the license shall have been granted; and that the boundaries of the counties or navigable waters shall be strictly construed so as not to permit the residents of either county to take or catch oysters beyond the middle of the dividing channel; provided, that nothing in this section shall be so construed as to prevent the citizens of Queen Anne's and Kent counties from using the waters of Chester river in common, or the citizens of Dorchester and Wicomico counties from using the waters of Nanticoke river in common, or the citizens of Queen Anne's and Talbot counties from using the waters of the Wye river and the mouth thereof in common, or the citizens of Dorchester and Talbot counties from using the waters of the Choptank river in common; provided, however, that the County Commissioners shall be authorized to give special permission to any woman who has no visible means of support to take and catch oysters without license.

2.—Each and every license issued in conformity to the provisions of Section 1 of this Article shall state the name, color, age and residence of the person to whom the license is to be granted; the number thereof and the county in which the same is to be used, and every applicant for such license shall pay to the clerk of the Circuit Court when such license may be granted, and before the issuing and delivery of the same, three and one-half dollars, the Clerk to receive twenty-five cents for each and every such license as a fee for issuing the same, including administering the oath when required. Two-thirds of the amount received for such license shall be paid by the Clerk to the School Commissioners for the use of the public schools in the respective counties where such licenses are issued, and of this amount the portion received from white tongers to go to the white schools, and the portion received from the colored tongers to go to the colored schools, and the remaining one-third to be paid over by the Clerk to the Comptroller of the State Treasury, to be credited to the oyster fund. And one-third of the amount received from any tonging license in any County of this State shall be paid by the Clerk of the Circuit Court of the county, when received to the Comptroller of the Treasury to be credited to the oyster fund, any provision of any public local law or public general law to the contrary notwithstanding.

18.—The fines accruing under any of the provisions of this Article shall be paid by the Sheriff, Constable or officers of the State Fishery Force collecting the same within ten days to the Comptroller of the State Treasury or to the Clerk of the Circuit Court for the praticular county where such fine may accrue, or to the Clerk of the Criminal Court of Baltimore, if such fine shall accrue in said city, and it shall be the duty of the State's Attorney for the several counties and for the city of Baltimore to keep an account of said fines imposed and to make a monthly report thereof to the Clerk of the Circuit Court for their respective counties, or to said Clerk of the Criminal Court, as the case may be, and to see that said fines are duly collected and paid over, as aforesaid, and the surplus, after paying all costs for prosecution in such cases, shall be paid to the State Comptroller for the use of the oyster fund, with a statement of the fines imposed and costs of the same; the Justice of the Peace or Clerk of the Court which imposes said fine in any and every case shall in writing inform the Comptroller of the Treasury of the fine, upon whom laid and the amount of said fine, with date of same. Anyone who shall violate any provisions of this section shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and, upon conviction thereof before any Judge or Justice of the Peace before whom such person shall be tried, or be imprisoned in the county jail for not less than one month, nor more than six months. And no part of a fine or cost so collected shall be paid or allowed by the Court to any State's Attorney as a fee where said State's Attorney receives a fixed salary for his services.

19.—No steamer or power boat of any kind shall be used or employed in catching or taking oysters in the waters of the State with scoop, dredge or similar instrument, and the captain of any boat licensed to take or catch oysters with scoop, dredge or similar instrument, who shall have on his boat, so licensed, any engine or motor of any kind, whether attached to said boat or not, which is adapted to or can be used in the propulsion of said boat, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and, upon conviction thereof, shall be fined not less than fifty dollars nor more than three hundred dollars, and no other boat shall be used in catching oysters with scoop, dredge or similar instrument without first having been licensed, as hereinafter provided.

23.—After granting such license, the Comptroller shall receive two dollars and eighty-five cents for every gross ton the boat shall measure, and where any license issued by authority of any county, the Clerk of the Circuit Court for the county shall receive for such license from the applicant the said two dollars and eighty-five cents per ton for every gross ton the boat may measure, except boats of less than five tons gross measurement, when the license shall be eight dollars for each of said boats, said measurements to be gross tonnage of custom-house measurement, but no allowance or deduction shall be made or allowed by reason of dunnaging, and the captains or masters shall always have such license on board of their boats, and shall exhibit the same wherever it shall be demanded by any duly authorized officer. It shall be the duty of the commander of the State Fishery Force and any officer under his command, at any time that he or they shall deem it proper, to inspect and verify the measurements of any boats, and their gross tonnage and the measurement ascertained by such officer shall be conclusive and final; and any license granted shall be corrected and amended in accordance with such measurements and the appropriate license fee hereinbefore named paid in accordance with such corrected measurement, and the right granted by any license already issued shall be suspended until the full payment of such license fee is made. And one-third of any license fee received by the Clerk of the Circuit Court for any county in this State shall be paid to the Comptroller of the State Treasury by the said Clerk within thirty days after receiving the same, to be by the said Comptroller credited to the oyster fund, and all Acts or parts of Acts, and all public general or public local laws inconsistent with the provisions of this section be and the same are hereby repealed.

31.—The Comptroller shall have painted in black figures on white canvas one number corresponding to the license to catch oysters with scoop, dredge or other similar instruments; each figure shall be twenty-two inches in length and of proportionate width, and the figures at least six inches apart; and he shall give to each person taking out such license one number thereof, which shall be securely sewed upon the starboard side and in the middle of that part of the mainsail which is above the close reef; this number shall be placed in an upright position and worn at all times during the dredging season, and returned at the end of the season, and shall not be concealed or defaced, and no other number shall be exposed to view or used than that which is furnished by the Comptroller. Any person who shall violate the provisions of this section shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, as provided in Section 18 of this Article, and in any such case the boat or vessel shall be forfeited and condemned, in the discretion of the Judge, in the manner as provided in Section 28. The provisions of this section shall apply to all boats licensed to take oysters with scrape or scoop by any county in this State, except that the numbers for such boats shall be painted red instead of black; and the numbers shall be delivered by the Comptroller to the Clerks of the Courts as they may be ordered; and at the end of the season all licenses not used shall be returned by said Clerks to the Comptroller; and the said Clerks shall also pay to the Comptroller one-half of all the moneys received by him for such licenses, which sum shall be placed to the credit of the oyster fund.

69.—It shall be the duty of the Commander of the State Fishery Force, at the commencement of, or during the oyster season in each year, to appoint from the counties producing oysters for packing purposes in the State, not exceeding twenty special inspectors, to be appointed as follows: Two each from Anne Arundel, St. Mary's, Talbot and Wicomico counties; three each from Dorchester, Somerset and Queen Anne's counties, and one each from Kent, Calvert and Charles counties, at a salary of forty-five dollars per month, during the oyster season, and they shall be stationed at such places as in the judgment of the Commander of the State Fishery Force their services may be needed. Before assuming the duties of their offices the said special inspectors shall take an oath, to be administered by the Commander, to diligently and faithfully discharge the duties of their said offices; the said special inspectors shall inspect all oysters in the district to which he is assigned; upon the inspection of any such oysters, each special inspector shall make a certificate of the number of bushels in triplicate, one of which shall be given to the purchaser, one to the seller, and the other daily to the general measurer and inspector of the district where such inspection occurred; a charge of one cent per bushel is hereby levied to help defray the expense of such inspection and the other expenses of the State Fishery Force, upon all oysters unloaded from vessels at the place where said oysters are to be no further shipped in bulk in vessels, to be charged equally to the buyer and seller, but to be paid weekly to the Comptroller of the State Treasury, or his agent, by the buyers; the certificate given the general measurer and inspector shall be by him mailed weekly to the Comptroller or his agent, and in case the amounts of money shown to be due, be not paid in one week thereafter to the Comptroller or his agent, which is hereby required to be done, the properties of the parties so indebted may be levied on and sold by the said Comptroller or his agent, as in cases of taxes in default, without other process of law; the tax of one cent per bushel hereby levied is also made a charge on oysters sold by commission merchants and other selling by less than the cargo, and also a tax of three cents per barrel containing not more than three bushels; on oysters in bags a tax of two cents per bag containing not more than two bushels; and all transportation companies carrying oysters in the shell, consigned to Baltimore, shall furnish to the oyster inspector or collector of oyster tax a copy of his manifest, showing the number of bushels on board on arrival of steamer and to whom consigned, and the special inspectors are charged with the duty of seeing that proper returns are made for the purpose of this Act by such commission merchants or retailers; and in the performance of the duty the said special inspectors are authorized and directed to visit the places where oysters less than cargoes are sold and get from such sellers a statement, under oath, as to the number of bushels sold from time to time, and return to the general measurers and inspectors a certificate thereof, to be forwarded to the Comptroller, as required in the case of the certificates for cargoes and the payment of the amounts so found to be due shall be similarly enforced. All such special inspectors may be removed at any time by the Commander for neglect or malfeasance in office, and said Commander shall report to the Governor any neglect of a general measurer or inspector. The Commander of the State Fishery Force shall furnish to each of said special inspectors certificates in book form, supplied with carbon paper, so that each of said triplicate certificates shall be exactly the same; the form of the certificates shall be as follows:

....., 19....

I hereby certify that I have this day inspected for Captain ....., schooner ....., a cargo of oysters, sold to ....., and found the same to contain ..... bushels of merchantable oysters, and ..... bushels of unmerchantable oysters.

(Signed) .....

Sec. 2—And be it enacted, That this Act shall take effect from the date of its passage.

Approved April 13, 1910.

STATE ELECTIONS.

Appointment of Judges and Clerks, Their Duties, Powers and Responsibilities.

CHAPTER 456.

AN ACT to repeal Sections 11, 14 and 48 of Article 33 of the Code of Public General Laws of Maryland, title "Elections," and to re-enact the same with amendments.

Section 1—Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Maryland, That Sections 11, 14 and 48 of Article 33 of the Code of Public General Laws of Maryland, title "Elections," be and the same are hereby repealed and re-enacted so as to read as follows:

11—After the judges and clerks are appointed, the Board of Supervisors shall immediately and before the first day of August in each year, give notice of the names of all such judges, and shall, before the first day of October, give notice of the names of all such clerks, and in every case the residence and the precincts for which they are selected, by causing the same in the several counties to be published once a week for two successive weeks in two or more newspapers in each county, except Howard County, where the Supervisors of Election may publish the same in one newspaper, one of which papers, if possible, shall be of opposite political faith from that of a majority of such supervisors; and if no newspaper be published in such county, then by posting such notice in three of the most public places in such county; and in Baltimore city to be published on two successive days in all the daily newspapers in said city which shall be willing to publish the same at their current rates for advertising; said Board, in appointing judges and clerks, and in the notice thereof, shall designate the persons intended by them to represent the political parties respectively. It shall be the duty of the said Board to examine promptly into any complaints which may be preferred to them in writing against the fitness or qualifications of any person so appointed judge or clerk, and to remove any such judge or clerk when upon inquiring they shall find to be unfit or incapable. The Board shall forthwith appoint persons in the manner hereinbefore prescribed to fill all vacancies or the office or judge or clerk, and shall immediately make public the names of such persons so appointed by advertisement as nearly as may be, as hereinbefore provided for the original appointments. The record of appointments to fill vacancies shall be kept in the books hereinbefore prescribed in Section 9, which books, with the recommendation and protests made to them, and all their other records and papers shall always be open to the inspection of the public. After notice as aforesaid of their appointments, the judges and clerks shall again be notified to appear at the office of said Board, and shall then and there, after taking the oath of office before one of said supervisors, receive their commissions. The oath of office shall be in writing and subscribed by each one in a book to be kept for the purpose by the supervisors, and shall be in substance as follows: Residing at..... in the city (or county) of..... in the State of Maryland, do solemnly swear (or affirm) that I am a legal voter in the.....precinct of the .....ward of the city (or..... .....district of.....county) in the said State, that I will support the Constitution of the United States, and that I will be faithful and bear true allegiance to the State of Maryland and support the Constitution and laws thereof, and that I will faithfully and honestly discharge the duties of an officer of registration and judge of election (or clerk of election) for the .....precinct of the..... ward of the city (or district) of..... .....county, in the State of Maryland, according to the best of my ability, and I do further swear (or affirm) that I will not attempt to ascertain, save in cases and in the manner on which I am authorized by law so to do, for what candidate or candidates any person shall vote or has voted on any question which may be or may have been submitted to a vote of the people, and if such knowledge shall be acquired by me, I will not, directly or indirectly, by word or act, divulge or reveal the same or aid in doing so, save when I may be required to do so by law in some legal proceeding.

14—Said Board of Supervisors shall give ten days' notice of the time and place of registration, and of revision thereof, and of elections in each precinct of such county or city, by handbills set up in the most public places in such precinct, and also in the counties, by advertisement in two newspapers (one of which newspapers, if possible, shall be of opposite political faith from that of the majority of said Supervisors) of general circulation therein, except in Howard county, where the Supervisors of Election may publish in one newspaper the notice above required, and in the city of Baltimore, by advertisement in all the daily newspapers which will publish the same at their current rate of advertising. And the Sheriff of Baltimore city and of each county shall no longer publish such notices of election. Said board shall make all necessary rules and regulations not inconsistent with this Article, with reference to the registration of voters and the conduct of elections, and they shall have charge of and make provision for all elections, general, special, local, municipal, State and county, and for all others of every description, to be held in such city or county or any part thereof, at any time; all questions shall be decided by a majority of the board, unless otherwise expressly provided in this Article; provided, however, that in any incorporated city or town in this State (other than the city of Baltimore) in which the municipal or charter elections thereof are now regulated by the Public Local Laws of the State, the conduct of such municipal or charter elections shall continue to be so regulated as heretofore, and such Public Local Laws shall continue in force therein.

Sec. 48—At least eight days before an election to fill any public office the Supervisors of Election of each county and in the city of Baltimore shall cause to be published in two or more newspapers within such county, except in Howard County, where the Supervisors of Election may publish in one newspaper, and in all the daily papers published in said city which will publish the same at the current rate for advertising the nominations to office which have been filed with or certified to them under the provisions of this Article, if in any county there be but one newspaper published, publication in such one newspaper shall be sufficient; they shall make not less than two such publications in each of such newspapers before the day of election, and one of such publications in each newspaper shall be upon the last day upon which said newspaper is issued before the day of election. Such publication shall be made in newspapers devoted to the dissemination of general news; and the two newspapers selected shall, if possible, represent the political parties which at the last preceding election cast the largest and next largest number of votes. The list of nominations published by the Supervisors of Election shall be arranged, so far as practicable, in the order and form in which they are to be printed upon the ballots.

Section 48 as enacted in this Act shall not apply to Anne Arundel, Calvert, Charles, Dorchester, Kent, Prince George's, Queen Anne's, St. Mary's, Somerset, Talbot and Worcester counties.

The aforegoing provisions of this Section shall apply to Baltimore City, Baltimore, Wicomico, Carroll, Washington, Allegany, Cecil, Montgomery, Howard, Caroline, Harford, Frederick and Garrett Counties, and the following provisions of this Section shall apply only to the following counties: Anne Arundel, Calvert, Charles, Dorchester, Kent, Prince George's, Queen Anne's, St. Mary's, Somerset, Talbot and Worcester.

At least eight days before an election to fill any public office, the Supervisors of Election of each county and of the City of Baltimore, shall cause to be published in two or more newspapers within such county and in all the daily papers published in said city, which will publish the same at the current rate for advertising, the nominations to office which have been filed with or certified to them under the provisions of this Article, if in any county there be but one newspaper published, publication in such one newspaper shall be sufficent, they shall make not less than two such publications in each of such newspapers before the day of election and one of such publications in each newspaper shall be upon the last day upon which said newspaper is issued before the day of election. Such publication shall be made in newspapers devoted to the dissemination of general news and the two newspapers selected shall, if possible, represent the political parties which at the last preceding election cast the largest and next largest number of votes.

Sec. 2—And be it enacted, That this Act shall take effect from the date of its passage.

Approved April 13, 1910.

CONTROL OF TRUSTEES.

Bond to the State Required Before Any Trust Sale Can Be Made.

CHAPTER 212.

AN ACT to repeal and re-enact with amendments Section 217 of Article 16 of the Code of Public General Laws of Maryland of 1904, title "Chancery," sub-title, "Trustee."

Section 1—Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Maryland, That Section 217 of Article 16 of the Code of Public General Laws of Maryland of 1904, title "Chancery," sub-title "Trustee," be and the same is hereby repealed and re-enacted with amendments, so as to read as follows:

Sec. 217—Every trustee appointed by decree to make a sale before he sells, shall give bond to the State of Maryland, with surety or sureties, to be approved by the judge of the Court or the clerk thereof in such penalty as the said judge may prescribe; provided, that whenever the surety on said bond is a corporation authorized by the laws of this State to qualify as such, the amount of the penalty of the bond shall be an amount not exceeding the probable value of the property to be sold by said trustee; and nothing herein shall prevent the Court from increasing the penalty of any bond to such an amount as it may see proper, for sufficient cause shown; said bond to be conditioned that such trustee shall faithfully perform and execute the trust reposed in him, and such trustee shall faithfully perform and execute the trust reposed in him, and such trustee shall report, under oath, any sale he may make to the Court, and also report his proceedings whenever he may be required by the Court.

Sec. 2—And be it further enacted, That this Act shall take effect from the date of its passage.

Approved April 7, 1910.

RECEIVER'S BOND.

The Court to Fix the Amount of the Same and Its Conditions.

CHAPTER 747.

AN ACT to add a new Section to Article 16 of the Code of Public General Laws of 1904, title "Chancery," to be known under a new sub-title of "Receiver's Bond," and to be known as Section 214A, and to follow immediately after Section 214 of said Article.

Section 1—Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Maryland, That a new Section be and the same is hereby added to Article 16 of the Code of Public General Laws of Maryland of 1904, title "Chancery," to be known under a new sub-title, "Receiver's Bond," and to be known as Section 214A of said Article, and to read as follows:

Sec. 214A—That whenever a receiver shall be required to give bond in any court and the surety upon the bond is a corporation authorized by the laws of this State to qualify as such, the amount of the penalty of the bond so required shall be fixed by the court in an amount not exceeding the probable value of the property and assets of the estate for which the said receiver should account and be liable for according to law, and nothing herein shall prevent the court from increasing the penalty of the bond to such an amount as may be proper, for sufficient cause shown.

Sec. 2—And be it further enacted, That this Act shall take effect from the date of its passage.

Approved April 11, 1910.

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