

# GET THESE Money-making Secrets WITH THE Farm Journal

**FARM JOURNAL** ("cream, not skim milk") is the great little paper published for 36 years in Philadelphia by Wilmer Atkinson. It is taken and read by more families than any other farm paper in the WORLD. Its four million readers (known as "Our Folks") are the most intelligent and prosperous country people that grow, and they always say the Farm Journal helped to make them so. Their potatoes are larger, their milk tests higher, their hogs weigh more, their fruit brings higher prices, because they read the Farm Journal.

Do you know Peter Tumbledown, the old fellow who won't take the Farm Journal? By showing how NOT to run a farm, Peter makes many prosperous. Nobody can go on reading the Farm Journal and being a Tumbledown town. Many have tried, but all have to quit one or the other.

The Farm Journal is bright, brief, "boiled down," practical, full of gumption, cheer and sunshine. It is strong on housekeeping and home-making, a favorite with busy women, full of life and fun for boys and girls. It sparkles with wit, and a happy, sunny spirit. Practical as a plow, readable as a novel. Clean and pure, not a line of fraudulent or nasty advertising. All its advertisers are guaranteed trustworthy.

The Farm Journal gives more for the money and puts it in fewer words than any other farm paper. 32 to 80 pages monthly, illustrated. FIVE years (60 issues) for \$1.00 only. Less than 2 cents a month. No one-year, two-year or three-year subscriptions taken at any price.

## The Farm Journal Booklets

have sold by hundreds of thousands, and have made a sensation by revealing the SECRETS OF MONEY-MAKING in home industry. People all over the country are making money by their methods.

**POLTRY SECRETS** is a collection of discoveries and methods of successful poultry raising. It gives Felt's famous mating chart, the Curtis method of getting one-half more pullets than cockerels, Boyer's method of insuring fertility, and priceless secrets of brooding, feeding, how to produce winter eggs, etc.

**HORSE SECRETS** exposes all the methods of "blushing," "plugging," cocaine and gasoline doping, and other tricks of "grays" and swindlers, and enables any one to tell an unsound horse. Gives many valuable training secrets.

**CORN SECRETS**, the great NEW HAND-BOOK of Prof. Holden, the "Corn King," shows how to get ten to twenty bushels more per acre of corn rich in protein and the best stock-feeding elements. Pictures make every process plain.

**EGG SECRETS** tells how a family of six can make hens turn its table scraps into a daily supply of fresh eggs. It shows how to have a backyard, get that booklet, learn how to use every scrap of the kitchen waste, and live better at less cost.

**THE "BUTTER BOOK"** tells how seven cows were made to produce half a ton of butter each year. (400 lbs. is the average). An eye-opener. Get it, weed out your pounds in the average. How to raise your own butter. How to plant, cultivate, harvest and market.

**STRAWBERRY SECRETS** is a revelation of the discoveries and methods of L. J. Farmer, the famous expert, in growing luscious fall strawberries almost until snow flies. How to plant, how to train, how to remove the blossoms, how to get three crops in two years, etc.

**GARDEN GOLD** shows how to make your backyard supply fresh vegetables and fruit, how to cut down your grocery bills, keep a better table, and get cash for your surplus. How to plant, cultivate, harvest and market.

**DUCK DOLLARS** tells how the great Weber duck-ferm near Boston makes over 50 cents each on 40,000 ducklings. Tells why ducks pay them better than chickens, and just HOW they do everything.

**TURKEY SECRETS** discloses fully the methods of Horace Vose, the famous Rhode Island "turkey-man," who supplies the White House Thanksgiving turkeys. It tells how to select, set eggs, to hatch, to feed and care for the young, to prevent sickness, to fatten, and how to make a turkey-nunch PAY.

**THE MILLION EGG-FARM** gives the methods by which J. M. Foster made over \$18,000 a year, mainly from eggs. All chicken-raisers should learn about the "Fancosas Unit," and how Foster FEEDS hens to produce such quantities of eggs, especially in winter.

**DRESSMAKING SELF-TAUGHT** shows how any intelligent woman can design and make her own clothes, in the latest of fashion. The author has done it since she was a girl. She now has a successful dressmaking establishment and a school of dressmaking.

**SHALL I FARM?** is a clear, impartial statement of both advantages and drawbacks of farming, to help those who have to decide this important question. It warns you of dangers, cautions, and mistakes, tells how to start, equipment needed, costs, chances of success, how to get government aid, etc. Its cost booklet are 6 x 9 inches, and profusely illustrated.

**Farm Journal FOUR full years, both for \$1.00** with any one of these booklets.  
The Booklets are NOT sold separately—only with Farm Journal.  
Be sure to say WHICH booklet you want.

WASHINGTON SQUARE, PHILADELPHIA.

WILMER ATKINSON COMPANY, PUBLISHERS FARM JOURNAL.



Is this cock properly held? "Poultry Secrets" tells how to carry fowls, and other secrets far more important.

## POULTRY NOTES. BETTER than SPANKING

**First Five Days Crucial Period in Chick's Life.**  
As to the first feed which they should have on arrival, a little pinhead oatmeal is one of the best, being easy to digest. In this connection it is important to bear in mind that for the first three or four days the chicks require but little to eat or drink, but they demand warmth, in which they slowly gather strength. Fresh water with the chill taken off should be given them at once. A little grit can be thrown on the floor, but not in large quantities. Do not have a deep litter for the chicks.

For the first five days exercise is very good, and at the same time a light litter of cut clover or cut alfalfa can be placed on the floor, but a large portion of the chicks' feed should be placed on a board or low trough so they can easily see the feed and not go hungry, as many do if compelled to hunt for it in a deep litter at that early age. After the first two or three days it is essential it is well to use a high-grade commercial chick feed, feeding them five times a day about a handful of commercial chick feed to each 100 chicks. In purchasing one should obtain the best, for many have lost chicks through the cheaper grade of feeds sometimes put on the market, and the majority of low-grade feeds contain too much corn. A good chick feed should not be putting on fat, but building frame, and feeds that contain a good percentage of ash or mineral matter and protein is what the chicks need during the developing period. Wheat, oats, Canada field peas, etc., are the grains that should be fed largely used. In the mash—fed dry at all times—ground oats, bran, middling, meal, alfalfa and beef scraps are high in the ash and protein matter so necessary to build up the frame and give vigor to the chicks. Once the frame of the chick is well developed it is an easy matter to feed corn and other fattening foods to fit them for the market. If they are to be sold as broilers, at five days of age the chicks can have dry bread placed before them in hoppers, so they can have access to it at any time.

At 10 days of age the chick takes notice of all things, and this period marks the passing of the incubation period for if improperly incubated, or given the improper kind of food the chicks will show the effects by the tenth day. True, they are not past the danger point by any means, but at that age they should eat well, and if the brooder heat is kept at anywhere near the proper degree of heat and the chicks have plenty of fresh air and proper feeding, they will be in a fair way to live and thrive. It is at this tenth day period that the poultry raiser should start to use the dry mash. Up to this time the chicks have had the dry bran, but now they can stand a heavier food, say a mash, composed of 200 pounds bran, 100 pounds high grade middling, 100 pounds ground oats, 100 pounds milled alfalfa, 55 pounds beef scraps, small size grit and charcoal.

In green feed nothing is better than sprouted oats, but the feeder should remember that when sprouted it loses its original food value, and is only of value as a first-class green feed. Cut lawn grass, clover or alfalfa are all good, and, for best results, this kind of feed must be fed from the tenth day on. Where the chicks have the liberty of grass or clover, no green feed is needed unless the grass or clover is too dry or tough for the chicks at this age.

The commercial chick feed is provided the flock until they reach the age of from four to five weeks, when it is a good plan to mix the chick feed with the regular large grains for about a week or 10 days. They can then go on the regular grain feed of wheat, corn, oats a small portion of buckwheat and a little millet. The dry mash can be continued until the birds reach maturity—and the grain feeds in equal parts during same period. This will insure a safe steady growth, without undue forcing, and will mature the birds at the proper age according to the standard weight of the breed. By the use of the dry mash and not more than 15 per cent of beef scraps the satisfactory growth of the chicks to maturity and putting them in prime laying condition.

## NOTICE

SHOULD YOU WANT TO MARK THE UNMARKED GRAVES IN THE SPRING. NOW IS THE TIME TO PLACE YOUR ORDER. You will save money by placing it now. I guarantee first-class job in any design you may select for less than you can buy it elsewhere.

**J. W. KIRBY,**  
CHESTERTOWN, MD.

**Ad-Elect 40,183**  
Registered under first rule. He is of the Electioneer, George Wilkes and Nutwood combination of blood lines, the greatest that is known to the breeder for extreme speed and endurance. He also combines the blood of Green Mountain Maid twice and Miss Russell once, the two greatest brood mares of trotting speed from 1891 to 2,100 that is known to the world. In 1912 he was champion of the year, and of the world for 8 years, and in 1911 he was champion of the world for 2 years. He will make the season in Kent and Queen Anne's counties.

**STAR BINGEN.**  
Brown Stallion, Standard and Registered. Three-year-old trial of 2:30. Sired by the great Bingem, 2:24; dam Brilliant, 2:24. This horse has been used for breeding purposes only. He has the best of qualities, fine form, and a fine head. He is a fine type of horse. STAR BINGEN will make the season in Kent and Queen Anne's counties for a limited number of approved mares.

**BENZOATE.**  
THOROUGHbred REGISTERED STALLION (No. 89710). Foaled May 18, 1910. By Imported PEEP O'DAY, dam MISS KINGSTON. BENZOATE is a handsome seal brown, about 15 1/2 hands high, and is a sure footed getter. This horse will stand at Mr. John T. Moffett's, in Annapolis from April 1 to June 1.

**PICKNELL.**  
Any one desiring the services of this horse may communicate with his owner, at Crumpton, m22-4t. COOPER TARBUTTON.

**Boxwell, 33788.**  
By Athel, who sold for \$25,000 at 2 years old. Athel has 8 in the list. Boxwell's dam is Myra, who has four in the list. Boxwell's sire, Athel, is an own brother of Arion, who sold for \$125,000, and who is the sire of 48 in the list. This is sufficient to attest the blood lines and speed qualities of Boxwell. Boxwell is a blood bay, 16 hands high and weighs 1200 lbs. He is one of the finest dispositioned horses in the country, and is get has all proven very satisfactory. He has many fine and promising colts in this and Cecil counties. BENZOATE will make the season in Kent and Queen Anne's counties, standing at the Tivery stables of Mr. Harrison Massey, Church Hill, taking a limited number of mares.

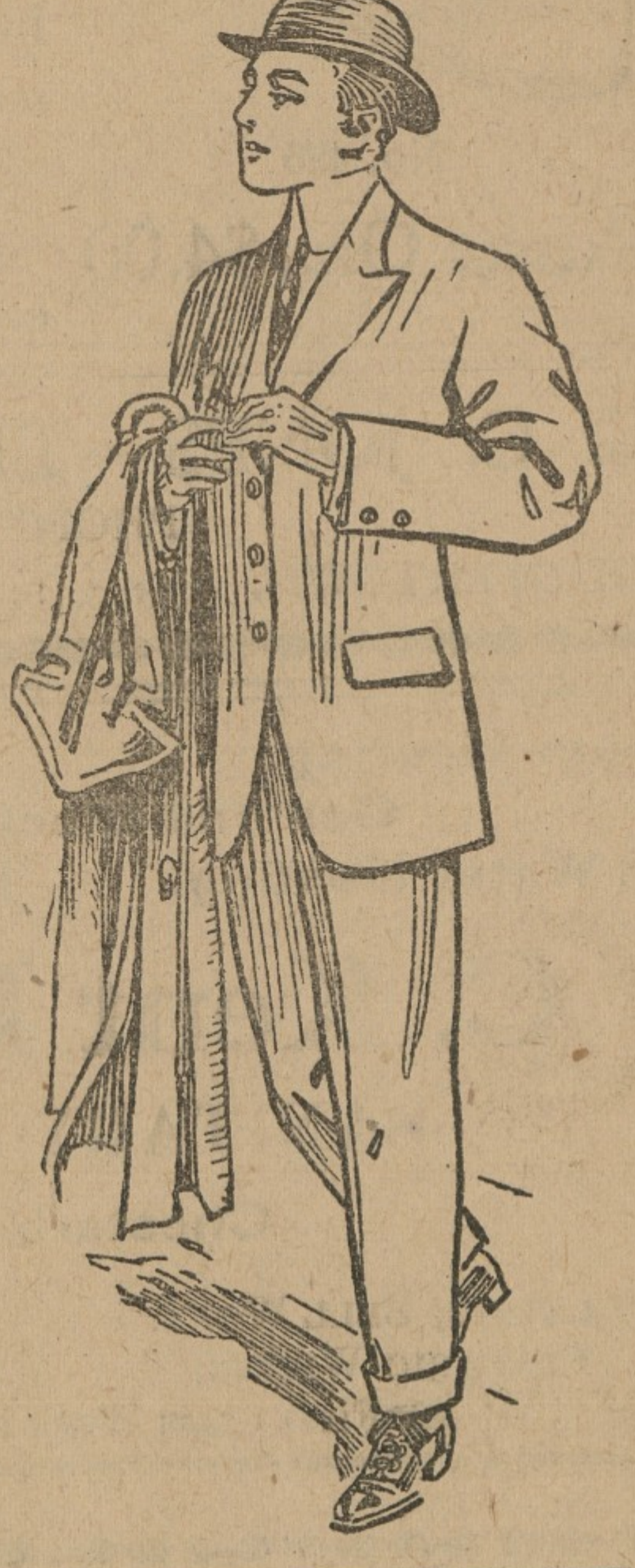
**PAPER-HANGER.**  
THIS IS TO NOTIFY THE PUBLIC that I am prepared to do PAPER-HANGING in the Fifth District and vicinity. I can furnish you with Paper if necessary. Write or call. ROBERT PORTER, Edwille, Kent County, Md. Mar. 8-2m.

**DR. HORACE W. NICHOLSON**  
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### THE COST OF LIVING HIGHER

During the Latter Part of 1912 Than at any Other Time in Twenty-three Years.

During the latter part of 1912 the cost of living in the United States was higher than at any other time during the last 23 years. The Bureau of Labor Statistics has just issued a report on retail prices from 1890 to 1913. The lowest cost was reached in each of the geographical divisions and in the United States as a whole in 1896. From that date to 1912 the total increase in the cost of living per year for a working-man's family by geographical divisions was: North Atlantic, \$166; South Atlantic, \$152; North Central, \$187; South Central, \$186; Western, \$152.

Table showing the cost of living per year for a working-man's family by geographical divisions from 1896 to 1912.

### Planters and Gardeners

A FULL LINE OF ALL VARIETIES GARDEN SEED AT LOW PRICES.

**M. A. Toulson's DRUG STORE.**  
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**Del. & Va. Ry. Co. CHESTER RIVER LINE.**  
SCHEDULE IN EFFECT MARCH 31st, 1912. Steamer will leave Baltimore, Pier 7, Light St. Wharf, Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, 1:00 P. M., weather permitting, for the following points: Rock Hall, Queenstown, Bogies, "Starboard," Point Cliff, Indian Point, Ashland, Quaker Neck, Booker's, "Riverdale," "Rolph's," "Piney Grove," arrive Chestertown about 7:30 P. M. Stops on Signal. Returning steamer leaves Chestertown for Baltimore, Monday, Wednesday and Friday, 7:00 A. M., weather permitting, stopping at the above landings, arriving in Baltimore about 2:00 P. M. Steamer will leave Baltimore, Pier 7, Light St., weather and tide permitting, Wednesday at 6:00 P. M., stopping at "Starboard's Point," "Grip," "Indian Point," "Ashland," "Quaker Neck," "Booker's," "Riverdale," "Rolph's," "Piney Grove," Chestertown, Deep Landing, "Spry's," Crumpton. Stops on Signal. Returning steamer will leave Crumpton, weather and tide permitting, for Baltimore, Thursday at 12 noon, Chestertown, 4:00 P. M., stopping at the above landings. Steamer leaves Baltimore, Pier 7, Light St., Monday, Wednesday and Friday at 4:00 P. M., weather permitting, for Rock Hall. Returning steamer will leave Rock Hall for Baltimore, weather permitting, Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, 8:00 A. M., arriving in Baltimore 10:00 A. M. This time-table shows the times at which steamers may be expected to arrive and depart. From the several wharves, but their arrivals or departures at the lines stated is not guaranteed, nor does the Company hold itself responsible for any delay or any consequences arising therefrom. WILLARD THOMPSON, T. MURDOCK, General Managers, Gen. Pass. Agt. W. E. BROWN, Agent, Baltimore.

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