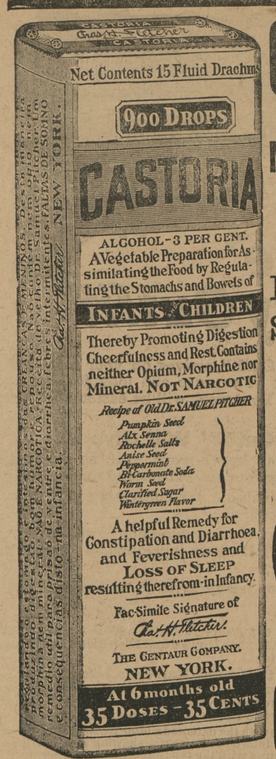

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WORTON'S STORE OF MERCHANDISE

W. M. HADAWAY, Prop.

To keep from moving my goods I will sell goods at reduced prices, and will name some—but come and see what I have. Such as

25c Can Salmon for 19c; 25c Can Sprup, 2½ lbs., 19c; 5 lb Can Syrup, 37c; 8c Bar Export Soap, 6c; Gold Dust, 5c; Mother's Oats, 11c; 15c Puffed Rice, 12c; Baker's Cocoanut, 10c; Hominy, 6½c lb.; Buckwheat, 8c lb; Corn and Peas, $2.15 doz., best grade; $1.75 Shirts, $1.25; Pants, the $1 kind, 75c.; $1.50 Underwear, $1.15; Shoes, $5.00 kind, $4.00,

And almost everything else reduced, beginning Saturday, November 23, 1918.

W. M. Hadaway,

WORTON, MD.

COAL! COAL! COAL!

UNDER COVER!

Palmer's Lump Lime in Barrels.

HEADQUARTERS FOR CEMENT!

BALED HAY!

AGRICULTURAL LIME

BY RAIL AND WATER!

YOUR ORDERS SOLICITED

J D BACCHUS,

PHONE 22. CHESTERTOWN, MARYLAND

The Transcript $1.00 per annum.

HIGH SCHOOL

Seventh Grade.—Cora McWhorter 96, Elizabeth Covey 96, Harry Graham 96, Alberta Jewell 95, Margaretta Newnam 94, Mildred Wier 94, Calvin Copper 93, Mildred Barwick 91, Robert Copper 91, Dorothy Tucker 90, Stanley Sutton 89, Russell McMenamin 89. Walter Champman 88, Mary Power 87. Vernon Kirby 87, Gladys Startt 87, Lillian Brown 87, Solomon Chaires 86, Spencer Smith 85, Mildred Hatcherson 85, Catherine Beck 85, Covey Chilcutt, 85, Elizabeth Wickes 84, Isabelle Atkins 84, Preston Hickman 84, Lee Startt 84, Raymond Tucker 83, Anna DeFord 83, Clifton Everett 83, Elizabeth Fay 81, John Townshend 81, Russell Townsend 81, John Fay 79, Walter Robinson 78, Jas. Kirby 78. George DeFord 77, Adelaide Corey 72, George Granor 63.

Eighth Grade.—Margaret Bowers 96, Ridgely Brown 93, Hettie Fletcher 92, Magaret Startt 92, William Price 91, Helen Maslin 91, Mildred Godwin 91, Mary Harris 90, Emma Hickey 90, Lida Leaverton 89, Ballard Ward 89. Josephine Kratzer 88, Pryor Armstrong88, Margaret Power 88, Ruth Myers 88, Gladys Beauchamp 87, Elizabeth Trew 87, Naomi Baxter 86, Gale Willis 85, Frank Estes 82.

Ninth Grade.—Willard Culp 96, Elizabeth Stokes 95, Helen Simpers 94, Frances Richardson 94, Mary Covey 94, Virginia Parks 93, Katherine Elliott 92, Mary Quinn 92, Elizabeth Smith 92, Laura Nicholson 92, Emma Dickerson 91, Noami Myers 91, Lucy Gardner 90, Walter McGinnes 90, William Fowler 89, Robert Hatcherson 89, French Skirven 89, Margaret Cornelius 89, Vera Pennington 88, Rebecca Brown 88, Emerson Russell 88, Anna May Trew 87, Dudley Stafford 87, Catherine Nickerson 85, Willis Usilton 83. Stratton Stoops 80.

Eleventh Commercial.—Heneriette Webb 95, Florence Kent 93, Mary Anderson 91, Grace Bennett 89, Alfred Cohen 85, William Smith 85, Clarke Davis 84, Milburne Jones 81, Bernadine Hatcherson 81.

Tenth Commercial.—Julia Power 93, Pauline Hoyle 91, Hilda Tucker 91, Amy Wheat 90, Helen Shinn 90, Helen Rouse 89, Helen Haggerty 89, Louise Copper 86, Margaret Stoops 86, George Waller 85, Burgess Schreiber 84, Mabel Jarvis 83, Baldwin Weer 82, Walter Usilton 77, Norris Reed 74.

Eleventh Academic.—Mary Simpers 96, Pauline Hazel 96, Robert Pippin 93, Roselmer McKee 93, Louise Leaverton 92, Hazel Rash 91, Elizabeth Norris 90, Robert Atkinson 89, Janette Willis 88, Charles Armstrong 88, Flora Corey 86, Emily Lusby 86, Jesse Moffet 84, Estella King 83.

Tenth Academic.— Dorothy Woodall 94, Mildred Price 94, Maynard Brown 93, Ermyn Jewell 92, Rachel Taylor 92, Louise Clift 91, Thomas McGinnis 91, Mildred Newton 91, Marvel Seney 89, Travis Bolin 89, Noel Usilton 85, Wilbur Strong 84, Harry Russell 83, Mary Jones 83, Belt Townshend 82.

NEVER DEIGN TO EXPLAIN

Japanese Have a Peculiar Philosophy Which Westerners Find It Rather Hard to Understand.

A Philadelphia lady, now resident in Japan, has written to a friend in her home city a letter which the Public Ledger reproduces in part, because it is "so fine in its reading from within of the Japanese nation and nature." Mrs. Nitobe says:

"I am hoping that the light may soon dawn upon the uninformed mind of America in reference to the true thought of Japan.

"It is part of the Samurai training not to explain. 'If you are wrong, show that you acknowledge your error by changing your conduct. No amount of explanation can set the wrong right. If you are right and your accuser is mistaken, time will make manifest the justice of your cause.' This is the underlying thought of this particular teaching. It is, I believe, often carried too far—certainly, it may prove misleading to an impatient westerner, and I do not hesitate to say that I have at times resented the situation it has created.

"On the other hand, it is impossible to bare one's soul to the unsympathetic or curiously minded.

"Every man or woman of fine feeling knows that, and the Japanese are singularly sensitive to a sympathetic or an unsympathetic, a coarse or an understanding probing."

Rare Book's Price.

Collectors of rare books and manuscripts were very much interested in the announcement that a first edition of Shakespeare's works, published in 1623, was sold at auction in London a few weeks ago for 1,150 pounds sterling. The volume is said to be in excellent condition, though the binding is considerably worn.

This costly book has increased in price by bounds. At the beginning of the eighteenth century the volume was bought for five pounds from a book dealer. In 1800 it was valued at fifty pounds, and in the year 1890 240 pounds was paid for it. This was a record price until 1899, when its value again increased. The indications are that with the years the price of 1,150 pounds will again be advanced, as the value of the volume will be more and more enhanced as time passes.

Good Slogan.

An imposing cemetery was opened in a young and thriving town in the Middle West. The mayor, who had charge of the laying out of the grounds, was puzzled for an appropriate inscription to be placed over the gate. Riding along in his car one day he was cogitating over different holy texts, which were not entirely satisfactory; so he explained his difficulty to his chauffeur, an intensely practical man. Without hesitation the chauffeur suggested:

"We have come to stay."—Harper's Magazine.

Choice of Voices.

Edith—Mr. Boreleigh? Oh, dear! I'll have Ninette tell him I'm out.

Alice—Won't the still, small voice reproach you?

Edith—Maybe, but I'd much rather hear the still, small voice than Mr. Boreleigh's.—Boston Evening Transcript.

Sad Blow to Pride.

"Mr. and Mrs. Whiffer put on a great many airs since they have returned from Europe."

"Yes, they do, but while they were away several people mistook the caretaker and his wife for Mr. and Mrs. Whiffer."—Brooklyn Citizen.

TEACHERS' SALARIES

Discussed By National Education Association.

The National Educational Association, recently in session at Chicago, has circulated a letter, bearing upon the salaries of teachers, with the request that it be given as much publicity as possible. The most important points have been selected, and they are here presented to the attention of the citizens of Kent county, with the hope that the situation set forth will be thoroughly studied and every influence that can be brought to bear will be exerted to improve salary conditions to such an extent as will increase the efficiency of our public schools.

The N. E. A. Committee on Teachers' ,Salaries, Tenure and Pensions under the Chairmanship of President Joseph Swain, made a valuable report on this subject which was published last July. The Association has continued its investigations, and from the latest data obtained, supplementing the reports of the Railroad Wage Commission, the War Labor Board, the Bureau of Education, and other authorities, it can be shown conclusively that under existing economic conditions teacher's salaries are so low that they offer neither incentive to professional preparation nor encouragement to long tenure. Moreover, the new and more lucrative opportunities which the war has made available to teachers have made serious inroads on the profession. It can not now be expected that qualified persons will continue to teach, or that capable ones will prepare for teaching, unless radical and sweeping changes are forthcoming in the salary scale.

The Bureau ofEducation has made an estimate, based on a nation-wide investigation, that there were at least 50,000 vacancies in the public schools of the country at the opening of school last fall. One county in Pennsylvania reported fifty-three rural schools without teachers. In addition to these vacancies the Bureau further estimates that there were no less than 120,000 untrained and inexperienced persons placed in teaching positions in order to keep the schools open.

Railroad employes, miners, civil employes of the United States, watchmen, janitors, char-women, elevator men, have all had salaries raised to meet the increased cost of living.

Statistics obtained by R. C. Moore, Secretary of the Illinois State Teachers' Association, and published in the February, 1919, issue of the "Illinois Teacher," show that the average monthly wage of fifteen miners for a certain month, taken from the pay at the mine, was $217.78, while the average monthly salary of the fifteen teachers in the same town was $55. In another town a certain miner, who, by the way, was an Austrian alien, drew more than $2,700 in wages last year, while the high school principal in that town, an American girl, trained for her work in a university, drew a salary of $765.

Throughout the country teachers are leaving the profession which, on account of the low salaries paid, is becoming less attractive to capable young men and women. Normal schools and teachers' training schools have fallen off alarmingly in attendance. The situation is particularly serious in rural communities where the salaries of many county superintendents and teachers are apallingly inadequate. One of the ablest county superintendents of Indiana writes: "When a teacher becomes efficient the city pays her more money and naturally she leaves." Continuing, with reference to low salaries, this superintendent declares: "There is one thing certain, the more progressive will not further sacrifice their time and energy, regardless of the fact that they like their work better than anything else and have prepared themselves for it."

Dr. P. P. Claxton, Nnited States Commissioner of Education, in a recently published article, states: "It is only by very large increase in pay of teachers that we may hope to improve our schools appreciably. Small increases of 5, 10 or 20 per cent will not avail, for they will not be sufficient to hold in the schools men and women of superior ability. Teachers are now paid less for their work than any other class of workers, and the increase in their pay in the last few years has in no wise been in keeping with the increase in pay of other workers, or with the increase in the cost of living. Many of the better teachers are leaving the schools and their places are taken by men and women of less native ability, less education, and culture, and less training and experience. As an inevitable result the character of the schools is being lowered just at a time when it ought to be raised to a much higher standard." Continuing, D. Claxton declares that the remedy is to increase teachers' salaries until they shall average at least $1,500 a year.

The very grave situation demands immediate attention. The problem must be solved by those who are responsible for the support and administration of our public schools. State legislatures should furnish the needed revenues, or make it possible to raise the necessary funds by taxation. Because of the importance of the subject from the national standpoint, Congress should give Federal aid. The responsibility of giving adequate salaries to all teachers rests, in the last analysis, on Boards of Education by whom teachers are employed. They will be sustained in their efforts to meet this situation by public sentiment which has become aroused to an appreciation of the crisis confronting us.

Immediate action should be taken, not only as a matter of simple justice to the teachers, but for the highest good of the children of our country, and with the purpose of sustaining and strengthening our public school system, so essential to the welfare of our free institutions and all that we as a nation hold most dear.

Respectfully submitted,
EDWARD J. CLARKE,
Supt. Kent County Schools.

BARRED PLYMOUTH ROCK EGGS
(The Eggs That Hatch)

A recent test of about three thousand of my high-grade Barred Plymouth Rock Eggs showed a fertility of over 50 per cent. My breeders are better this year than ever before.

Prices—15, $1.25; 100, $6.00.
POLK T. BRAMBLE,
f22-tf. Chestertown, Md.

Subscription to the Transcript $1 per year.

EVER HAVE IT?

If You Have, the Statement of This Citizen Will Interest You

Ever have a "low-down" pain in the back?

In the "small", right over the hips?

That's the home of backache.

If it's caused by weak kidneys.

Use Doan's Kidney Pills.

Chestertown people testify to their worth. Read a case of it:

Mrs. James S. Lecates, High St., Chestertown, says: "I suffered from kidney trouble and a very painful backache. My kidneys acted irregularly, causing great annoyance. On different occasions, I had spots before my eyes and dizzy spells. I suffered severely from shooting pains through the small of my back when I bent over. I finally used Doan's Kidney Pills and got relief."

Price 60c, at all dealers. Don't simply ask for a kidney remedy—get Doan's Kidney Pills—the same that Mrs. Lecates had. Foster-Milburn Co., Mfgrs., Buffalo, N. Y.

REPORT OF THE Chestertown Water Department

For the Year 1918.

SUPERINTENDENT'S BOOKS

Uncollected for 1917	$747.95	
Assessments for 1918	8851.87	
Overpaid for 1918....	9.75	
		$9609.57
Rents collected 1918	$9121.54	
Rents collected 1919	9.75	
Unpaid for 1918.....	478.28	
		9609.57

TREASURER'S BOOKS—RECEIPTS

Bal. on hand Dec. 31, 1917	$3458.01	
Rec'd from Supt. 1918	9131.29	
		12589.30

DISBURSEMENTS

System	$808.94	
Pump House	3464.45	
Office	658.17	
Interest	1837.50	
Miscellaneous (Bond, $1000, Svgs $1500)	2500.00	
Balance on hand Dec. 31, 1918	3320.24	
		12589.30

SINKING FUND—RECEIPTS

Balance on hand Dec. 31, 1917	$2633.50	
From General Fund..	1500.00	
Interest	129.89	
		4263.39

DISBURSEMENTS

Bond	$500.00	
Interest on Bond....	837.50	
Balance on hand Dec. 31, 1918	2925.89	
		4263.39

Books of the Superintendent and Treasurer have been examined and found correct as per the above statement.

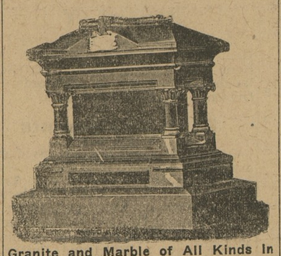
Vouchers are on file at the office of the Board for all the disbursements in this report and they with the books are open to the inspection of any citizens.

W. M. CULP, president.
WM. ROBT. HUEY,
CHAS. F. WHEATLEY,
Auditors.

Grammar School Averages

28 YEARS EXPERIENCE

The Only Practical and Most Reasonable Price Dealer In the County



Granite and Marble of All Kinds in stock.

MARK THE UNMARKED GRAVE

This is the last thing you can do in memory of your loved ones, being the last thing you can do.

Take no chances, but place your order with a dealer that has learned the trade and understands every branch of it thoroughly.

Don't be indifferent about this very important matter.

We carry the largest stock in the county to select from.

CHESTERTOWN MARBLE AND GRANITE WORKS

J. W. KIRBY, Prop.

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M. GOODMAN,

HIGH STREET

Chestertown, Maryland

SHOE REPAIRING!

My Shoe Repairing equipment is the best that can be had, which insures my customers first-class work at reasonable prices.

Give me a trial.

M. GOODMAN
BRADLEY BLDG

Insurance

Best Companies,

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In the sealed package

All of its goodness sealed in—
Protected, preserved.
The flavor lasts!

ASK for, and be SURE to get WRIGLEY'S. It's in a sealed package, but look for the name—the Greatest Name in Goody-Land.

UNITED PROFIT-SHARING COUPONS

Sealed Tight—Kept Right

The Best in this Pack

THE FREE SEWING MACINES

THIS is a day of necessity—not extravagance and Santa's gifts are consistent with the day. Not foolish trinklets and novelties but necessary articles like a sewing machine—a sewing machine which will enable you to cut your clothes bill in hlalf.

Santa has left the FREE sewing machine above illustrated at my store for your inspection. Coom in and let me show it to you. If you decide hat you want to own it.

We Will Allow You $12.00 For Your Old Sewing Machine.

JOHN BARTLEY,

Chestertown, Maryland.

The interests in the garage business of Bacon & Jessop have been taken over by C. Arthur Bacon, the former owner.

Thanking the public for their support to the firm and trusting we may receive a portion of your trade in the future, I beg to remain,

Very truly yours,

C. ARTHUR BACON.

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GRAIN, FRUIT AND PRODUCE
COMMISSION MERCHANTS

226 S. Charles St., Cor. Camden St., Baltimore, Maryland.

Grain Salesmen—R. Nelson Stevens, J. W. E. Emory. Fruit and Produce Salesmen—A. E. Carey, John L. Corson, C. H. Norris, C. D. Biggs, Robert F. Smoot. All under the personal supervision of R. Nelson Stevens.

We have the best possible facilities for handling shipments of Grain, Fruit, Asparagus, Poultry and Produce of all kinds.

References:—Merchants'-Mechanics' National Bank of Baltimore and all Commercial Agencies.

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