OPAL DIGGERS OF AUSTRALIA

They Live in Burrows, Work Hard and Now Can't Sell Their Gems.

Opal is the Australian natural gem, but latest reports from that country show that the diggers are experiencing very hard times, owing to the slump in the precious stone in the European markets.

Coober Pedy, the home of the famous South Australian black opal, is 100 miles from anywhere, and probably the most primitive village in the British empire. The Australian blacks christened it Coober Pedy, or "white man living in a hole," and it well deserves its name.

Of all the rough outback jobs in Australia, digging for opal is about the worst. Coober Pedy lies in the heart of the Stewart range, 170 miles from the nearest station on the East-West railway, and its whole population of between 70 and 80 diggers lives underground in burrows scratched out of the hillside. A tin shanty, in which diggers keep their tools, is the only sign of life showing above ground.

Every morning the diggers come out of their burrows and set out for the opal fields, to cut patiently through the rock in the hope of finding the beautiful black diamonds lying beneath. Between them they have dug many thousands of pounds' worth of opal in the last four years, though they have worked only a small area of a field said to be 40 miles long. In normal times opal is worth $150 an ounce, but now that there is practically no demand for the gems the diggers have opal, but no money.

SHAH JEHAN'S PEARL MOSQUE

Beautiful Temple at Agra Is Lined With White and Blue-Veined Marble.

Among the most beautiful of Shah Jehan's sculptured monuments is the pearl mosque at Agra. The entrance gateway of red sandstone contrasts effectively with the interior of white and blue-veined marble, says a writer in Asia. An inscription in letters of black marble states that this mosque may be likened to a precious pearl, for no other mosque is similarly lined with marble. The Indian influence upon Mohammedan architecture of this period is evidenced in the lotus petal cap decorating the domes and in the purely Hindu finials, legitimate Mohammedan mosques bearing instead the simple spire with the star and crescent. The foliated arches come from a Buddhist source, symbolizing the lotus-leaf shaped aura around the body of Gautama. The pointed upper foliation is derived from the shape of the leaf of the bodhi or pipul tree, under which Gautama attained to enlightment and Buddhahood, and is commonly used in Buddhist idolatry to indicate the nimbus around the head. The master builders of Mogul days were chiefly Indians from Bengal, and, since they were artists and artisans rather than mechanical workmen, much of the inspiration of the architecture of this period must be accredited to them.

Time Called on the Mayor.

Most people who meet Mayor Ora Davis of Terre Haute are impressed by his huskiness. He is proud of his strength, and tells stories galore of the tests to which it was put back in the days when people used stoves instead of furnaces.

Then Davis was a popular man in his home neighborhood. In early spring and late fall he received first invitations to the raising and lowering of stoves, even to the one he attended one morning on a day labeled "April the First." After having been told a neighbor wished him to help take down a stove, Ora Davis rushed there and was beginning to take down the pipe preparatory to removing the stove, when some one happened to remind him of the date.

"But I would have had that stove down in a few minutes if they hadn't called time," he laughs at the end of the story.

Simply Crushed.

Young Jones, who is something of a pianist, was calling for the first time upon a young lady whom he much admired.

Now not only the young lady but her mother and a number of guests were present. The hostess very soon approached Mr. Jones and asked:

"Are you a musician, Mr. Jones?"

Then Jones, who was most anxious to exhibit his skill, said with due modesty:

"Why, yes; I think I might claim to be one."

"I am delighted," continued the hostess. "My daughter is going to play, and I shall take it to be very kind of you if you will turn the music for her."—Minneapolis Tribune.

The Permanent "?."

"You are having a great deal to say in affairs of government just now."

"Of course I have," answered Farmer Corntossel. "I represent the fellers that raise the food. It doesn't make no difference how many fancy problems come up fur discussion, the populace always gits around to the one basic question: 'When do we eat'?"

Women in Politics.

"Do you think women ought to take a hand in the game of politics?"

"Certainly," replied Miss Cayenne. "The only trouble is that some of us undertake to play the game as recklessly as we do bridge."

Daily Short Story.

Tiberius Smeaerwhiffle, the bookkeeper, was trying to shine up to the new stenog.

She wrote a letter for him.

"For that," he burbled, "I will give you your choice of a package of cigarettes or a nice kiss."

"I don't smoke cigarettes," said she haughtily.

Then he didn't know what to do.—Louisville Courier-Journal.

—The Transcript, $1.50 per year, in advance.

NOMINATIONS TO OFFICE

List of Candidates as Certified to and filed with the Supervisors of Election for Kent County as they will appear on the official ballot at the Election to be held on

Tuesday, November 7th, 1922

FOR UNITED STATES SENATOR

VOTE FOR ONE

WILLIAM CABELL BRUCE BALTIMORE CITY	DEMOCRATIC	
JOSEPH I. FRANCE CECIL COUNTY	REPUBLICAN	
ROBERT E. LONG BALTIMORE CITY	LABOR	
JAMES L. SMILEY ANNE ARUNDEL COUNTY	SOCIALIST	

FOR REPRESENTATIVE IN UNITED STATES CONGRESS FROM FIRST CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT OF MARYLAND

VOTE FOR ONE

CHARLES J. BUTLER TALBOT COUNTY	REPUBLICAN	
T. ALAN GOLDSBOROUGH CAROLINE COUNTY	DEMOCRATIC	

CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT

AMENDMENT TO ARTICLE III, SECTION 2, OF THE CONSTITUTION, PROPOSED BY THE ACT OF 1922, CHAPTER 7

CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT INCREASING THE NUMBER OF SENATORS AND LEGISLATIVE DISTRICTS OF BALTIMORE CITY

This amendment provides that the City of Baltimore, now divided into four legislative districts, shall be divided into six legislative districts, each of which, as well as each of the counties, shall be entitled to one Senator.

FOR THE CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT	
AGAINST THE CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT	

CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT

AMENDMENT TO ARTICLE III, SECTION 4, OF THE CONSTITUTION, PROPOSED BY THE ACT OF 1922, CHAPTER 20

CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT SUPPLEMENTING THE ABOVE BY PROVIDING FOR AN INCREASE IN THE NUMBER OF DELEGATES FROM BALTIMORE CITY AND DIRECTING THAT THE BOARD OF SUPERVISORS OF ELECTIONS SHALL FIX THE DISTRICT BOUNDARIES OF SIX LEGISLATIVE DISTRICTS OF SAID CITY

This amendment supplements the above mentioned proposed by Chapter 7, by providing that each of the six districts of Baltimore City into which said city shall be divided under the terms of the amendment proposed by Chapter 7 shall be entitled to the number of delegates to which the largest county in the State shall be entitled, and also by providing that in case the General Assembly, at the regular session of 1922, fails to fix the boundaries of the six legislative districts of Baltimore City, same shall be fixed by the Board of Supervisors of Elections of said city, who shall give adequate notice of the same, such boundaries to remain until altered by the General Assembly.

FOR THE CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT	
AGAINST THE CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT	

CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT

AMENDMENT TO ARTICLE VI, SECTION 1, OF THE CONSTITUTION, PROPOSED BY THE ACT OF 1922, CHAPTER 141

CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT INCREASING THE TERMS OF OFFICE OF THE COMPTROLLER AND THE TREASURER AND PROVIDING THAT THE COMPTROLLER SHALL RECEIVE SUCH SALARY AS MAY BE FIXED BY LAW

This amendment increases the terms of office of the Comptroller and of the Treasurer from two years to four years, and provides that the salary of the Comptroller, instead of being fixed by the Constitution at $2500, shall be such as may be fixed by law.

FOR THE CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT	
AGAINST THE CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT	

CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT

AMENDMENT ADDING TO THE CONSTITUTION A NEW ARTICLE, TO BE NUMBERED "ARTICLE XVII," ENTITLED "QUADRENNIAL ELECTIONS," PROPOSED BY THE ACT OF 1922, CHAPTER 227

CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT PROVIDING FOR FEWER ELECTIONS

This amendment provides that all State officers, except judges, and all county officers elected by qualified voters shall be elected in every fourth year for terms of four years beginning with the election in November, nineteen hundred and twenty-six. The terms of State and county officers to be elected in nineteen hundred and twenty-three are reduced to three years, and the terms of other elective officers are increased or reduced, as necessary, so that their successors may be elected in nineteen hundred and twenty-six. Terms of officers appointed by the Governor and by County Commissioners are adjusted in harmony with the terms of the officials by whom they are appointed. The General Assembly shall meet in nineteen hundred and twenty-four for a regular session, and again in nineteen hundred and twenty-seven, and every two years thereafter. Other provisions of the Constitution and of the Laws are adjusted to harmonize with the above changes.

FOR THE CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT	
AGAINST THE CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT	

CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT

AMENDMENT TO ARTICLE XV, SECTION 10, OF THE CONSTITUTION, PROPOSED BY THE ACT OF 1922, CHAPTER 275

GIBLE TO OFFICE

This amendment provides that all words or phrases, used in creating public offices and positions under the Constitution and laws of this State, which denote the masculine gender shall be construed to includ ethe feminine gender, unless the contrary intention is specifically expressed.

FOR THE CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT	
AGAINST THE CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT	

KENT COUNTY $100,000 BOND ISSUE REFERENDUM

CHAPTER 437

AN ACT to authorize and empower the County Commissioners of Kent County to borrow upon the faith and credit of said county a sum not to exceed one hundred thousand dollars ($100,000) and to issue and sell coupon bonds therefor, and to use the proceeds thereof, for the purpose of constructing and permanently improving the public roads of said county; providing for the payment of said loan, principal and interest, by the levy of taxes; providing generally for the time, terms and manner of said bond issue; and providing that before any of said bonds be issued the question of the issuance thereof shall be approved by a majority vote of the registered voters of Kent County voting at the election to be held in said county on the Tuesday after the first Monday in November, 1922.

FOR THE BOND ISSUE	
AGAINST THE BOND ISSUE	

Published in compliance with the provisions of the Acts of General Assembly of Maryland, Chapter 307, Session 1914.

C. FRANK CROW, President.
J. HYDIE THOMPSON,
THOMAS W. TREW[illegible]

CHARLES J. [illegible] rk.

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