PROCLAMATION

Proposing Amendments to the Constitution of the State, 1922

WHEREAS, at the January Session of the General Assembly of Maryland, held in the year 1922, five Acts were passed, proposing additions and amendments to the Constitution of the State, to-wit: Chapter 7, proposing an amendment to Section 2 of Article 3, title, "Legislative Department"; Chapter 20, proposing an amendment to Section 4 of Article 3, title, "Legislative Department"; Chapter 141, proposing an amendment to Section 1 of Article 6, title "Treasury Department"; Chapter 227, proposing an additional Article to the Constitution, to be known as Article XVII thereof, title, "Quadrennial Elections"; and Chapter 275, proposing an amendment to Section 10 of Article 15, title, "Miscellaneous"; and which said five Acts are in the words and figures following:

CHAPTER 7.

AN ACT to propose an amendment to Section 2 of Article III, of the Constitution of the State of Maryland, title "Legislative Department," increasing the number of legislative districts of Baltimore City, and providing for the submission of said amendment to the qualified voters of the State of Maryland for adoption or rejection:

Section 1. Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Maryland, three-fifths of all the members of each of the two House concurring, that the following Section be and the same is hereby proposed as an amendment to Section 2 of Article III of the Constitution of the State of Maryland, title "Legislative Department," the same if adopted by the legally qualified voters of the State, as herein provided, to become Section 2 of Article III of the Constitution of the State of Maryland.

2. The City of Baltimore shall be divided into six legislative districts as near as may be of equal population and of contiguous territory, and each of said legislative districts of Baltimore City, as they may from time to time be laid out, in accordance with the provisions hereof, and each county in the State, shall be entitled to one Senator, who shall be elected by the qualified voters of the said legislative districts of Baltimore City and of the counties of the State, respectively, and shall serve for four years from the date of his election, subject to the classification of Senators hereafter provided for.

Sec. 2. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That said aforegoing section, hereby proposed as an amendment to the Constitution, shall be at the next general election for Members of the House of Representatives of Congress held in this State submitted to the legal and qualified voters of the State for adoption or rejection, in pursuance of the directions contained in Article XIV of the Constitution of this State, and at the said general election the vote on the said proposed amendment to the Constitution shall be by ballot, and upon each ballot there shall be printed the words "For the Constitutional Amendment" and "Against the Constitutional Amendmemt," as now provided by law, and immediately after said election due returns shall be made to the Governor of the vote for and against said proposed amendment, as directed by said Fourteenth Article of the Constitution, and further proceedings had in accordance with said Article Fourteen.

Approved March 1, 1922.

ARTICLE 20.

AN ACT to propose an amendment to Section 4 of Article III of the Constitution of the State of Maryland, title "Legislative Department," regulating the representation of the City of Baltimore in the House of Delegates; and providing for the submission of said amendment to the qualified voters of the State for adoption or rejection.

Section 1. Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Maryland, three-fifths of all the members of each of the two Houses concurring, that the following Section be and the same is hereby proposed as an amendment to Section 4 of Article III of the Constitution of the State of Maryland, title "Legislative Department," the same if adopted by the legally qualified voters of the State, as herein provided, to become Section 4 of Article III of the Constitution of the State of Maryland.

4. As soon as may be, after the taking and publishing of the National Census of 1900, or after the enumeration of the population of this State, under the authority thereof, there shall be an apportionment of representation in the House of Delegates, to be made on the following basis, to wit: Each of the several counties of the State, having a population of eighteen thousand souls or less, shall be entitled to two delegates; and every county having a population of ever eighteen thousand and less than twenty-eight thousand souls, shall be entitled to three delegates; and every county having a population of twenty-eight thousand and less than forty thousand souls, shall be entitled to four delegates; and every county having a population of forty thousand and less than fifty-five thousand souls, shall be entitled to five delegates; and every county having a population of fifty-five thousand souls and upwards shall be entitled to six delegates and no more; and each of the six legislative districts of the City of Baltimore shall be entitled to the number of delegates to which the largest county shall or may be entitled under the aforegoing apportionment, and the General Assembly shall have the power to provide by law, from time to time, for altering and changing the boundaries of the existing legislative districts of the City of Baltimore, so as to make them as near as may be of equal population; but said district shall always consist of contiguous territory. In case the General Assembly, at the regular session of nineteen hundred and twenty-two, fails to fix the boundaries of the six legislative districts of the City of Baltimore, the Board of Supervisors of Elections of said city shall fix the boundaries of the six legislative districts, subject to the limitations contained herein, and shall give adequate notice of the same; and the boundaries so fixed shall remain until altered or changed by the General Assembly.

Sec. 2. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That said aforegoing section, hereby proposed as an amendment to the Constitution, shall be at the next general election for Members of the House of Representatives of Congress held in this State submitted to the legal and qualified voters of the State for adoption or rejection, in pursuance of the directions contained in Article XIV of the Constitution of this State, and at the said general election the vote on the said proposed amendment to the Constitution shall be by ballot, and upon each ballot there shall be printed the words "For the Constitutional Amendment" and "Against the Constitutional Amendment," as now provided by law, and immediately after said election due returns shall be made to the Governor of the vote for and against said proposed amendment, as directed by said Fourteenth Article of the Constitution, and further proceedings had in accordance with said Article Fourteen.

Approved March 1, 1922.

CHAPTER 141.

AN ACT to propose an amendment to Section 1 of Article 6, title "Treasury Department," of the Constitution of Maryland, prescribing the salary of the Comptroller and the terms of office of the Comptroller and the Treasurer; and providing for the submission of said amendment to the qualified voters of the State for adoption or rejection.

Section 1. Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Maryland, three-fifths of all the members of each of the two Houses concurring, that the following be and the same hereby is proposed as an amendment to Section 1 of Article 6, title "Treasury Department," of the Constitution of Maryland, the same if adopted by the legally qualified voters of the State, as herein provided, to become Section 1 of Article 6 of the Constitution.

Section 1. There shall be a Treasury Department, consisting of a Comptroller chosen by the qualified electors of the State, at each general election at which the Governor is chosen, who shall receive such salary as may be fixed by law; and a Treasurer, to be appointed by the two Houses of the Legislature, at each regular session thereof, in which begins the term of the Governor, on joint ballot, who shall receive an annual salary of two thousand five hundred dollars; and the terms of office of the said Comptroller and Treasurer shall be for four years, and until their successors shall qualify; and neither of the said officers shall be allowed, or receive any fees, commissions or perquisites of any kind in addition to his salary for the performance of any duty or services whatsoever. In case of a vacancy in either of the offices by death or otherwise, the Governor, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, shall fill such vacancy by appointment, to continue until another election or a choice by the Legislature, as the case may be, and until the qualification of the successor. The Comptroller and the Treasurer shall keep their offices at the seat of government, and shall take such oath, and enter into such bonds for the faithful discharge of their duties as are now, or may hereafter be prescribed by law.

Sec. 2. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the said aforegoing section hereby proposed as an amendment to the Constitution, shall at the next ensuing general election for members of Congress, to be held in this State on the Tuesday next after the first Monday of November, one thousand nine hundred and twenty-two, be submitted to the legal and qualified voters of the State for their adoption or rejection in conformity with the directions contained in Article XIV of the Constitution of this State, and at the said election the vote on the said proposed amendment to the Constitution shall be by ballot, and upon each ballot there shall be printed the words "For the Constitutional Amendment" and "Against the Constitutional Amendment," as now provided by law, and immediately after said election due returns shall be made to the Governor of the vote for and against said proposed amendment, and further proceedings had in accordance with Article 14 of the Constitution.

Approved April 13, 1922.

CHAPTER 227.

AN ACT to propose an amendment to the Constitution of the State of Maryland by adding thereto a new Article to be numbered "Article XVII," entitled "Quadrennial Elections," the same providing that all State officers, except judges and all county officers elected by qualified voters shall be elected in every fourth year for terms of four years; and adjusting terms of State and county appointive officers; and providing that all provisoins of the Constitution inconsistent with the provisions of this Article be repealed to the extent of such inconsistency; and providing for the submission of said amendment to the qualified voters of the State for adoption or rejection.

Section 1. Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Maryland, three-fifths of all the members of the two Houses concurring. That the following new Article to be numbered "Article XVII," title "Quadrennial Elections," be and the same is hereby proposed as an amendment to the Constitution of the State of Maryland. The same if adopted by the legally qualified voters of the State, as herein provided, to become a part of said Constitution, and to be numbered and titled as aforesaid.

ARTICLE XVII.

Quadrennial Elections.

Section 1. All State officers elected by qualified voters (except judges of the Circuit Court of the several circuits, the member of the Court of Appeals from Baltimore City, and members of the Supreme Bench of Baltimore City), and all county officers elected by qualified voters, shall hold office for terms of four years, and until their successors shall qualify.

Section 2. Elections by qualified voters for State and county officers shall be held on the Tuesday next after the first Monday of November, in the year nineteen hundred and twenty-six, and on the same day in every fourth year thereafter.

Section 3. Members of the House of Delegates and all other State and county officers elected by the qualified voters at the election to be held on the Tuesday next after the first Monday of November, in the year nineteen hundred and twenty-three for terms of office heretofore fixed by law at two years, shall hold office for terms of three years; the Governor, Attorney General, members of the State Senate and all other State and county officers elected by the qualified voters at the election to be held on the Tuesday next after the first Monday of November, in the year nineteen hundred and twenty-three, for terms of office heretofore fixed by law at six years, shall hold office for terms of three years; Registers of Wills, Clerks of Court and all other State and county officers elected by qualified voters at the election to be held on the Tuesday next after the first Monday of November, in the year nineteen hundred and twenty-three, for terms of office heretofore fixed by law at six years, shall hold office for terms of three years; and all such State and county officers elected by qualified voters thereafter shall hold office for terms of four years.

Section 4. All officers to be appointed by the Governor under existing provisions of law in the year nineteen hundred and twenty-four for terms of office heretofore fixed by law at two years, shall hold office for terms of three years; all officers so appointed for terms of office heretofore fixed by law at four years, shall hold office for terms of three years; all officers so appointed for terms of office heretofore fixed by law at six years, shall hold office for terms of five years, and thereafter appointments by the Governor shall be at the terms heretofore fixed by law, unless otherwise duly changed by law. All officers appointed by County Commissioners after the election to be held on the Tuesday next after the first Monday in November, nineteen hundred and twenty-three, for terms of office of two, four or six years, shall hold office for terms of three years, and thereafter appointment by the County Commissioners shall be for terms of four years, unless otherwise duly changed by law.

Section 5. The terms of all State and county officers heretofore elected by qualified voters, and whose successors would not be elected until the Tuesday next after the first Monday of November, nineteen hundred and twenty-five, shall be increased by one year, and their successors shall be elected for the regular term at the election to be held on the Tuesday next after the first Monday of November, nineteen hundred and twenty-six. The terms of all State and county officers, heretofore elected by qualified voters, and whose successors would not be elected until the Tuesday next after the first Monday of November, nineteen hundred and twenty-six, but shall not take office until the expiration of the full term for which their predecessors have been elected; and their successors shall be elected for the regular term at the election to be held on the Tuesday next after the first Monday of November, nineteen hundred and thirty. Nothing herein shall affect the terms of any judge of the Circuit Court of the several circuits, the member of the Court of Appeals from Baltimore City or any member of the Supreme Bench of Baltimore City; if the term of any such judge shall expire in a year in which no election for members of the General Assembly is held, the Governor shall appoint a person duly qualified to fill said office, who shall hold the same until the next general election for members of the General Assembly, when a successor shall be elected for the term elsewhere provided. The terms of all State and county officers heretofore appointed for terms which will not expire until during the year nineteen hundred and twenty-five, nineteen hundred and twenty-six, nineteen hundred and twenty-seven or nineteen hundred and twenty-eight shall be reduced by one year, and their successors shall be appointed for the terms now provided by law in the years nineteen hundred and twenty-four, nineteen hundred and twenty-five, nineteen hundred and twenty-six or nineteen hundred and twenty-seven, respectively. In the event that the term of any officer appointed by the Governor with the advice and consent of the Senate shall expire in the year nineteen hundred and twenty-five or twenty-six, the Governor shall have power to appoint a successor, who shall serve for the full term subject to confirmation by the Senate at the regular session to be held under this Article in the year nineteen hundred and twenty-seven.

Section 6. The General Assembly shall meet on the first Wednesday of January, nineteen hundred and twenty-four, for a regular session, and shall not meet again for a regular session until the first Wednesday of January, nineteen hundred and twenty-seven, and the General Assembly shall meet on the same day in every second year thereafter and at no other time, unless convened by proclamation of the Governor.

Section 7. The term of the Treasurer elected by the General Assembly at the regular session of nineteen hundred and twenty-four shall be three years. Thereafter the term shall be the same as elsewhere provided.

Section 8. The terms of the Members of the Board of Supervisors of Elections of Baltimore City and of the several counties shall commence on the first Monday of June next ensuing their appointment.

Section 9. The vote to be held under the provisions of Section 2 of Article XIV of the Constitution for the purpose of taking the sense of the people in regard to calling a Constitutional Convention shall be held at the general election in the year nineteen hundred and thirty, and every twenty years thereafter.

Section 10. The Governor shall submit three budgets to the General Assembly at the regular session of nineteen hundred and twenty-four, in accordance with the provisions of Section 52 of Artcile III of the Constitution, for the three fiscal years beginning October first, nineteen hundred and twenty-four, and ending September thirtieth, nineteen hundred and twenty-seven and two budgets to the General Assembly at the regular session of nineteen hundred and twenty-seven, and thereafter as now provided by said section.

Section 11. The purpose of this Article is to reduce the number of elections, by providing that all State and county elections shall be held only in every fourth year, and at the time now provided by law for holding congressional elections; and to bring the terms of appointive officers into harmony with the changes affected in the time of the beginning of the terms of elective officers; and the administrative and judicial officers of the State shall construe the provisions of this Article so as to effectuate that purpose. For the purpose of this Article only the word "officers" shall be construed to include those holding positions and other places of employment in the State and county governments whose terms are fixed by law, but it shall not include any appointments made by the Board of Public Works, nor appointments by the Governor for terms of three years.

Section 12. The General Assembly, at the regular session in the year nineteen hundred and twenty-four, shall make such changes in the primary and general election laws, and otherwise, as may be necessary to carry out the provisions of this Article. There shall be no election for State or county officers in the year nineteen hundred and twenty-five.

Section 13. In the event of any inconsistency between the provisions of this Article and any of the other provisions of the Constitution, the provisions of this Article shall prevail, and all other provisions shall be repealed or abrogated to the extent of such inconsistency.

Section 2. And be it further enacted by the authoity aforesaid, That said aforegoing section, hereby proposed as an amendment to the Constitution shall be at the next general election for Members of the House of Representatives of Congress held in this State submitted to the legal and qualified voters of the State for adoption or rejection, in pursuance of the directions contained in Article XIV of the Constitution of this State, and at the said general election the vote on the said proposed amendment to the Constitution shall be by ballot, and upon each ballot there shall be printed the following synopsis of said amendment under the caption of

"CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT PROVIDING FOR FEWER ELECTIONS."

"This amendment provides that all State officers, except judges, and all county officers elected by qualified voters shall be elected in every fourth year for terms of four years beginning with the election in November, nineteen hundred and twenty-six. The terms of State and county officers to be elected in nineteen hundred and twenty-three are reduced to three years, and the terms of other elective officers are increased or reduced, as necessary, so that their successors may be elected in nineteen hundred and twenty-six. Terms of officers appointed by the Governor and by County Commissioners are adjusted in harmony with the terms of the officials by whom they are appointed. The General Assembly shall meet in nineteen hundred and twenty-four for a regular session, and again in nineteen hundred and twenty-seven, and every two years thereafter. Other provisions of the Constitution and of the Laws are adjusted to harmonize with the above changes"; and the words "For Fewer Elections Amendment" and "Against Fewer Elections Amendment," as now provided by law, and immediately after said election due returns shall be made to the Governor of the vote for and against said proposed amendment, as directed by said Fourteenth Article of the Constitution, and further proceedings had in accordance with said Article Fourteen.

Approved April 13, 1922.

CHAPTER 275.

AN ACT to propose an amendment to Section 10 of Article XV of the Constitution of the State of Maryland, title "Miscellaneous," providing that words or phrases used in creating public offices and positions shall be construed to include the feminine gender; and providing for the submission of said amendment to the qualified voters of the State for adoption or rejection.

Section 1. Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Maryland (three-fifths of all the members of each of the two Houses concurring), That the following section be and the same is hereby proposed as an amendment to Section 10 of Article XV of the Constitution of the State of Maryland, title "Miscellaneous," the same if adopted by the legally qualified voters of the State, as herein provided, to become Section 10 of Article XV of the Constitution of the State of Maryland:

Section 10. Any officer elected or appointed in pursuance of the provisions of this Constitution, may qualify, either according to the existing provisions of law in relation to officers under the present Constitution, or before the Governor of the State, or before any Clerk of any Court of Record in any part of the State; but in case an officer shall qualify out of the County in which he resides, an official copy of his oath shall be filed and recorded in the Clerk's office of the Circuit Court of the County in which he may reside, or in the Clerk's office of the Superior Court of the City of Baltimore, if he shall reside therein. All words or phrases, used in creating public offices and positions under the Constitution and laws of this State, which denote the masculine gender shall be construed to include the feminine gender, unless the contrary intention is specifically expressed.

Sec. 2. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That said aforegoing section, hereby proposed as an amendment to the Constitution, shall be at the next general election for Members of the House of Representatives of Congress held in this State submitted to the legal and qualified voters of the State for adoption or rejection, in pursuance of the directions contained in Article XIV of the Constitution of this State, and at the said general election the vote on the said proposed amendment to the Constitution shall be by ballot, and upon each ballot there shall be printed the words "For the Constitutional Amendment" and "Against the Constitutional Amendment," as now provided by law, and immediately after said election due returns shall be made to the Governor of the vote for and against said proposed amendment, as directed by said Fourteenth Article of the Constitution, and further proceedings had in accordance with said Article Fourteen.

Approved April 13, 1922.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, ALBERT C. RITCHIE, GOVERNOR OF MARYLAND, in pursuance of the direction contained in Section 1 of Article 14 of the Constitution of Maryland, do hereby order and direct that this Proclamation, containing a full, true and correct copy of the text of said Chapters 7, 20, 141, 227 and 275 of the Acts of the General Assembly of Maryland of 1922, be published in at least two newspapers in each of the counties of the State where so many may be published and where not more than one may be published then in that newspaper, and in three newspapers published in the City of Baltimore, one of which shall be published in the German language, once a week for at least three months next preceding the election to be held in the State of Maryland, on Tuesday, November 7th, 1922, at which said election the said proposed amendments to the Constitution of the State shall be submitted in the form and manner prescribed by the General Assembly, to the legal and qualified voters of the State for their adoption or rejection.

GIVEN UNDER MY HAND AND THE GREAT SEAL OF MARYLAND. Done at the City of Annapolis, this 25th day of July, in the year of our Lord, One Thousand Nine Hundred and Twenty-two.

ALBERT C. RITCHIE,
By the Governor;
PHILIP B. PERLMAN,
Secretary of State.

ROCK HALL

Miss Emma Shreck visited her son, Mr. Alvin Shreck and wife, recently.

Miss Etta Hill and Mr. Walter Collison, of Baltimore, were week-end guests of the former's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Herman Hill.

Mr. Harry Clothier and Mr. Lloyd Merkins, of Swan Creek, have accepted positions in Baltimore and are now employed there.

Mr. Millard Shreck, of Baltimore, was entertained Saturday and Sunday by Mr. and Mrs. Alvin Shreck.

Mrs. Emma Tracy, of Baltimore, sister of Mrs. John Davis, who has been visiting her for some time, will remain here the rest of the fall.

Mrs. Ruth Lucas, of Baltimore, who has been the guest of her mother, has returned home after a visit here.

Mrs. Samuel Whaland recently entertained Mrs. Fisher and grandson.

Dr. E. O. Shawmon and Mrs. Shawmon, of Baltimore, were week-end guests of Miss Kathleen Urie at her parents' residence in Green lane.

Mr. and Mrs. John S. Casselt, of Baltimore, have been guests of Mr. and Mrs. George Whaland.

Mr. and Mrs. Hopps, Mrs. Diggs and Mr. and Mrs. King, of Baltimore, were recent visitors here.

Mr. Chas. C. Blackiston, who left Rock Hall about two months ago on the S. S. Alla, has returned home.

Mr. and Mrs. Howard Nalls, of Baltimore, have been guests of Mr. and Mrs. James Walbert.

Mrs. Thelma Krosky and daughter have returned home after spending a few days in Baltimore.

Mrs. Alice Harrison has returned to her home in Baltimore after a few days' visit with her parents here.

Mr. Fred Pippin has accepted a position in Chester.

Mr. Henry Thompson has purchased the home of Mr. Howard Legg, which he is improving.

Mr. Arkington Watkins has accepted a position in Chester.

Mr. Geo. Casey and wife, of Philadelphia, and son, motored to Rock Hall and spent the week-end.

Mrs. W. H. Revelle and children spent part of last week in Baltimore.

Some very fine chrysanthemums are being displayed in Rock Hall.

KENNEDYVILLE

Mrs. John Hessner has been spending some time with relatives in Philadelphia.

Rev. B. B. Staats and wife have returned from a pleasant visit with relatives in New Jersey.

Mr. James Weer is enjoying a well-earned vacation.

Mr. John Rigler, of Landenburg, is assisting in the milk station.

Mrs. Augusta Hessner has been visiting relatives in Philadelphia.

Mrs. Robert Young and Mrs. Ireland spent a few days with relatives in Baltimore.

Miss Marian Dempsey visited her parents in Wilmington, Del., on Sunday.

Service this Sunday morning at Grace Church at eleven o'clock, Rev. B. B. Staats, pastor.

Mrs. S. Hickman Hewitt, of New Castle, Del., spent a few days with Mrs. Anna Johnston.

Mr. Henry Boggs spent the week-end with his son, Paul, and family, at Hartley, Del.

We are glad to report Mrs. E. T. Othoson improving slowly.

Miss Elisabeth Dukes, of Chestertown, spent the week-end with Miss Kathleen Hill.

The regular monthly meeting of the W. H. and Foreign Missionary Societies will be held at the home of the president, Mrs. S. T. Moffett, Thursday, Nov. 9, at 2 p. m.

Mr. Edward Pennington and family were Sunday guests of Mrs. William King.

STILL POND

Mrs. Knighton has returned to her home in Baltimore after spending several days with her friend, Mrs. Sallie Norris.

Sunday being Missionary Sunday, the program of the Sunday School was in charge of the Supt.

The Kitchen Cabinet Orchestra or the Epworth League gave their first performance in the Sunday School room on last Thursday evening and was very much enjoyed by all present. Every number was great.

Mrs. Charles Walters spent several days last week in Baltimore.

The Ladies Aid Society met last Wednesday afternoon, Nov. 1, at the home of Mrs Edward Dittman.

Mrs. L. B. Harper spent several days last week in Baltimore to attend the executive meting of the W. F. M. S. more last week.

Remember tonight is the date of the I. O. O. F. supper.

Mr. J. Howard Harper visited Baltimore this week.

Dredgers Can Have Power In Boats

Instructions to Clerks of Courts to refuse dredging licenses to oystermen whose boats are equipped with motor power Tuesday were withdrawn by the State Conservation Commission recently. Coupled with the withdrawal was a notice to deputy commanders of the oyster fleet that they be required to arrest all watermen using power in dredging. The Commission's action followed a storm of protests from dredgers having power boats. H. W. Vickers, Esq., chairman of the commission, said the instructions were issued to prevent use of motor power in dredging. Under a law passed in 1914 a dredger applying for license must make oath that he does not intend to violate the law prohibiting the use of power. The law requiring the oath had not been strictly enforced.

A UNIQUE RECORD

Home tetsimony for Doan's Kidney Pills, published in every locality, is of itself convincing evidence of merit. Confirmed testimony forms still stronger evidence. Years ago, a citizen of Chestertown gratefully acknowledged the benefit derived from Doan's Kidney Pills. The statement is now confirmed—the proof more convincing. Cases of this kind are plentiful in the work of Doan's Kidney Pills—the record is unique. Ask your neighbor!

Mrs. S. E. Kirby, 101 N. Queen St., Chestertown, says: "Some time ago I used Doan's Kidney Pills, with good results, when I was troubled with a slight disorder of my kidneys and backache." (Statement given August 17, 1916.)

On January 26, 1921, Mrs. Kirby said: "Doan's Kidney Pills cured me of kidney complaint and the cure has been a lasting one. I always recommend Doan's."

60c. at all dealers. Foster-Milburn Co., Mfrs., Buffalo, N. Y. adv.

Registered Vote of 1922.

Dist.	Prec.	Total Vote	Dem.	Rep.	Dec.	Ind.	Pro.
1st	1st	655	385	249	19	0	2
1st	2nd	678	403	251	24	0	0
2nd	1st	451	238	194	19	0	0
2nd	2nd	515	289	220	5	1	0
4th	1st	550	279	238	32	0	1
4th	1stN	332	187	128	17	0	0
4th	2nd	558	331	189	38	0	1
5th	1st	664	438	168	58	0	0
5th	2nd	437	252	166	19	0	0
6th		644	312	319	13	0	0
7th		498	228	255	15	0	0
Total		6940	3832	2802	299	2	5

Democrat	3832
Republican	2802
Declined	299
Independent	2
Prohibition	5
Total	6940

The vote in 1921 was 7023 made of 4559 white and 2408 colored. Democrats 3879, Republicans 2802. The Democrats have a majority over the Republicans of 1030.

—The Maryland Experiment Station was the first to make a careful survey of the garlicky wheat situation. The result of this survey was published in Maryland Agricultural Bulletin No. 246. Other states are following the lead of Maryland.

—At a recent meeting of the American College of Surgeons in Boston the Easton Emergency Hospital was spoken highly of. Many people from this section have been restored to health by treatment at that hospital.

WM. PEPPER CONSTABLE

Attorney-at-Law

700-706 Maryland Trust Building

Baltimore, Maryland

—and—

Elkton, Maryland

PERSONAL AND SOCIAL

Mr. A. Parks Rasin, of Baltimore, spent Sunday with his family here.

Mr. J. Waters Russell and family, of Baltimore, spent the week-end in Chestertown.

Mrs. Emma Ayres, who has been confined to her room with the grip, is convalescent.

Miss Regina Rasin has resigned and accepted a position with Mr. John P. Ahern in Millington.

Mr. Herbert Strong has accepted a position with the Hub store as salesman.

Mrs. James H. Baker and Miss Elizabeth Baker are visiting J. Henry Baker, Esq., and family, in Baltimore.

Miss Minnie Hudson has returned from a visit to friends in Delaware.

Mr. Covey Chilcutt, who has been clerking in the A. & P. Store here for several years, now has charge of a store in Crisfield.

Mr. C E. Kirby, who has had charge of an Atlantic and Pacific Store in Baltimore and one in Crisfield, has returned to Chestertown and will likely engage in business here. Mr. Kirby is a hustler and we would be glad to see him locate in a good business here.

W. W. Beck, Esq., Chairman of the State Tax Commission, was in Chestertown this week.

Mrs. Elizabeth Primrose of Baltimore, and Miss Mary Scott, of Baltimore, attended the Kirby-Benton wedding last Wednesday.

Mr. Harry Lindsay and family, of Media, were week-end guests of Mr. and Mrs. George Bacon.

Mr. and Mrs. John Jackson and family, of Queenstown, spent Saturday and Sunday the guests of relatives in town.

Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Dwyer and Mr. and Mrs Walter Walbert and little son motored to Philadelphia on Saturday and spent the week-end with relatives there.

Mrs. James LeCates fell at the home of her daughter, Mrs. Walter T. Bennett, and had the misfortune to badly twist her hip and has been confined to her bed.

Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Cranor spent Sunday the guests of the latter's son, Mr. Leslie Duyer, at Havre de Grace.

Killed While Out Gunning

While out gunning Monday Nelson Reed, 25 years old, a farmer of near Milford, Del., was accidentally shot and killed by his companion, Walter Draper, of Harrington. The young men went to the farm of their father-in-law, near Harrington, for the purpose of trying out their hunting dogs and after arriving there decided to take their guns along. They were passing through a heavy growth of woodland, with Draper walking ahead and his gun resting upon his shoulder. He was followed by Reed toward whom the gun was pointing. Draper's weapon went off, the load of shot striking Reed in the lower part of his abdomen. He lived but a few hours.

This accident should be a warning to people of Kent county who take part in the sport of gunning, the season for which opens on the "big game" Nov. 10. One cannot be too careful. Accidents happen quickly. It should be the object of every hunter to go through the season without a single accident of any kind.

Proper Care of Hedges

If you have a privet hedge which is showing the effects of age you can renew it by cutting it back hard. This seems like a drastic treatment, but new wood will soon begin to grow, and within three yars your hedge will be as fine as ever. You can cut it back to within a foot of the ground without doing any harm, but as soon as it begins to grow again it ought to have a good dressing of well rotted manure or a liberal application of pulverized sheep manure, dug into the ground. Many people let their privet hedges grow too tall for best effects. They look most attractive when about three feet high especially if they are kept well trimmed so that they always have a symmetrical appearance.

The Word "Bum" In History

The word "bum," which is considered by nearly everyone as a pure Americanism of the most vulgar sort, has in reality a very dignified history. It was first used in England more than two centuries ago in the form of "bummer." A bummer was a man who peddled fish outside the regular market and these persons were, of course, looked down upon and held in contempt by the regular dealers. The word finally gained a general significance and came to mean any dishonest person or one of irregular habits. It appears in the English market bylaws of the Seventeenth Century in the form of "Bummaree."

The word appeared in the United States during the gold days in California and gradually made its way east.

STILL POND

Mrs. John Robinson, Jr., visited her daughter, Mrs. Davis, in Baltimore, Md., this week.

Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Katz and Mr. Ernest Dittman, of Cottingswood, N. J., visited their parents, Mr. and Mrs. Edw. Dittman, on last Sunday.

The crossing in front of the church, which was torn up when the road was put through this summer, has been repaired. Mr. Kensey has made a fine fine crossing at a difficult place.

Miss Lucille Parr spent last week-end with her brother in Baltimore.

Mrs. Wilson Smith, of Philadelphia, spent the week-end with her daughter, Mrs. Carl Norris.

Mrs. Bell, of Washington Grove, Md., spent several days last week with her mother, Mrs. Alice Hepbron.

This community was grieved at the death of Mr. Edward Ford on Monday evening. The family has the sympathy of a host of friends.

Mrs. R. D. Moore, of Centreville, visited friends here on Sunday and Monday.

Mrs. L. B. Harper has returned home after spending last week in Baltimore.

Miss Cora Harding visited Baltimore this week.

Miss Hilda Jewell spent last week-end with her aunt, Mrs. Paul Giddens, at Havre de Grace.

A large crowd attended the I. O. O. F. supper last Saturday evening.

Halloween passed off very quietly only a few being seen on the streets after night.

for Economical Transportation

CHEVROLET



Announcing

1923 SUPERIOR Models

Again Chevrolet Motor Company has emphasized its admitted leadership as producer of the World's Lowest Priced Quality Automobiles.

The 1923 SUPERIOR models—one of which is here illustrated—represent the most sensational values in modern, economical transportation ever established.

QUALITY has been still further improved by more artistic design and added equipment.

ECONOMY has been still further increased by engineering refinements and added facilities.

SERVICE is now offered on a flat rate basis by 10,000 dealers and service stations.

PRICES remain the same in spite of added equipment and more expensive construction, which have greatly increased value.

Some Distinctive Features

Streamline body design with high hood; vacuum feed and rear gasoline tank on all models; drum type head lamps with legal lenses. Curtains open with doors of open models. Closed models have plate glass Ternstedt regulated windows, straight side cord tires, sun visor, windshield wiper and dash light. The Sedanette is equipped with auto trunk on rear.

Prices f. o. b. Flint, Mich.

Five Passenger Touring -	$525
Two Passenger Roadster	510
Five Passenger Sedan - -	860
Four Passenger Sedanette	850
Two Passenger Utility Coupé	680

See these remarkable cars. Study the specifications

Nothing Compares With Chevrolet

CLARENCE NEWSOME, Dealer,

BETTERTON, MARYLAND Pho e, Still Pond 25-M.

PAID UP CAPITAL $100,000

Business Established Since, 1882.

Stewart Fruit Co.,

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Commssion Merchants,

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All Fruits, Vegetables and Farm produce generally.

☞ We have an excellent loca store

Stevens Brothers

Grain, Fruit, Poultry & Produce

Commission Merchants

226 S. Charles St., cor. Camden St

Baltimore, Md.

Under personal supervision of R. Nelson Stevens, over thirty-five years successful experience.

References—Merchants & Mechanics First National Bank. All commercial agencies.

BRICE'S MILL

JOSEPH BRICE, Proprietor.

Bake things he likes with FLAVO FLOUR. It's healthful and tissue building. There is more nutrition and a sweeter taste in FLAVO FLOUR. It is made with a new process by the most modern mill in the world. Nature's food values and the delicious flavor of the wheat are not milled out as they are by other methods. FLAVO FLOUR is milled at home from home wheat. It is good. Buy it and patronize Home Industry.

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