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Building Material!

INSURANCE, GRAIN,

Vtrified Drain Tile

AND

FERTILIZER

Use Page "Lion Brand" Wovers Wire Fencing

Heavier GALVANIZED-mere elasticiny due to the wave and twist. No "v" CRIMPS to breek the galvanizing. STRONGER because of stay-wire being ane solid unwrapped piece from top to bottom wire, locked by patented non-slipable knot to line wires, less susceptible to rust, deing mabe from BASIC OPEN HEARTH STEEL. Costs no more. Get your order in before the raise.

Use Our No, 1 Alfalfa Hay.

in place of high priced DAIRY FEED. TRY a half ton and note increased production and quality. Others are saying, why not you?

Farmers, List Your Repair Needs

It would be hard to find a farmer who at some time or another had not lost valuable time waiting for necessary repair parts. Take this territory and total up the time lost in this way and it will astonish you. And all because repairs are not odered as early as they should be.

There is no better time than right now—just before the busiest season on the farm—to go over your machines carefully, make a list of repairs you are likely to need and send it to us. With this list in our hands, we can order our stock so as to be prepared to meet every call promptly.

Repair part service is a necessary part of our business. We realize what it means to you in time and money to get what you need at once. Help us to help you by making up your list now and sending it in to us.

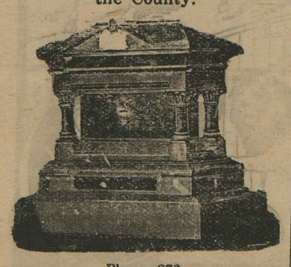
PAUL COMEGYS

Millington, Maryland

W. J. KIRBY

CHESTERTOWN MARBLE AND GRANITE WORKS

The only Practical and Most Reasonable Price Dealer in the County.



Phone 276.

EMBLEMS OF EVERY DESCRIPTION Cut on Monuments and Tombs

S. P. TOWNSHEND, Attorney.

ORDER NISI

Sidney P. Townshend, Assignee, versus Clifton L. Jarrell, et al.

In the Circuit Court for Kent County In Equity No. 2195.

Ordered, this 12th day of July, 1923, by the Circuit Court for Kent County in Equity, that the sale of the mortgaged Real Estate mentioned in these proceedings made and reported by Sidney P. Townshend, Assignee, under and by virtue of Power of Sale in mortgage from Clifton L. Jarrell and wife to Dudley & Carpenter, dated Sept. 30, 1918, and by successive assignments duly assigned to Sidney P. Townshend, be ratified and confirmed, unless cause to the contrary thereof be shown on or before the 15th day of September next;—Provided, a copy of this Order be inserted in some newspaper printed and published in Kent county, once in each of four successive weeks before the 13th day of August next.

The Report states the amount of Sales to be $11,500.00.

True Copy:
ROBERT R. AYRES, Clerk.
Test:
july 14-5t. ROBERT R. AYRES, Clerk.

WANTED

FARMS TO SELL—5 to 100 acres. Also Town and village homes. Many inquiries.

Water fronts especially.

No charge if I do not furnish purchaser. See me at office or home. Write and I will see you.

WM. G. SMYTH,
Agent for E. A. Strout Farm Agency,
Office at 110 High St. Phone 90

DON'T LOSE

Your Wheat or Hay by Fire or Lightning

INSURE IT WITH

Jos. N. Wheatley & Co

Subscription to the Transcript $1.50 per annum.

By DR. J. H. MASON KNOX, JR.,
Chief, Bureau of Child Hygiene, Maryland State Department of Health.

ARTIFICIAL FEEDING

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THE advantages of feeding a young baby with its mother's milk have already been emphasized. There are, however, many babies whose mothers cannot nurse them satisfactorily. In this country, cow's milk is the only practical substitute. Cow's milk differs considerably from mother's milk, and must be diluted to suit the digestion of the infant.

The best milk for infant feeding is produced not from the rich milk of the Jersey or Guernesy breeds, but from the Holstein, Ayrshire or Durham cows or the ordinary grade cow. The cleanliness of the whole process of milk production from the stable to the baby is more important than the breed of cow.

PROPER rations for milch cows and a description of the necessary clean dairy methods can be obtained from the State and Agricultural Departments. The production of clean milk on a small scale is not an expensive process, but it does require a conscience alive to the danger of dirty milk and intelligence. The laboratories of the State Department of Health will be glad to furnish information concerning any of the dairies in the State. It is impossible to judge the cleanliness of milk by its appearance.

The preparation of the milk mixture for the baby should always be done under the direction of a doctor, for the strength of the mixture and the amount at each feeding should be adjusted to meet the needs of the individual baby. In recent years artificial feeding has been greatly simplified. In thousands of instances it has been found that the simple dilution of whole milk with the addition of a small amount of sugar furnishes a balanced diet on which the average baby will thrive.

A NEW born baby beginning artificial feeding should start with a dilute mixture not more than one-third milk and two-thirds water. It is safer also with the artificially fed baby to use long feeding intervals.

A baby receiving an ounce and a half of cow's milk in twenty-four hours and an additional amount of sugar for each pound of weight will have its dietary needs satisfied. For Three or four hour intervals are best. example, a baby weighing seven pounds in the first week might be given a milk mixture as follows:

	Ounces.
Whole milk	7
Boiled water	14
Sugar (1 level tablespoonful)	½
	21

Of this one to three ounces every four hours.

Each week an additional ounce of milk can be added and an ounce of water removed, so that the baby in a month will be receiving approximately half milk and half water.

At three months a baby weighing eleven pounds could take five ounces at each of six feedings of the following mixture:

	Ounces.
Milk	18
Water	12
Sugar (2 level tablespoonsful)	1
	30

After this period a thin cereal water can be substituted for the plain water. At six months a baby of fourteen pounds could usually take—

	Ounces.
Milk	21
Cereal water	14
Sugar (2 level tablespoonsful)	1
	35

Seven ounces every four hours. Five feedings in twenty-four hours.

At nine months a baby of eighteen pounds could take—

	Ounces.
Milk	27
Cereal water	13
Sugar (2 level tablespoonsful)	1
	40

Eight ounces every four hours. Five feedings in twenty-four hours.

BOTTLE babies rarely gain as rapidly as breast-fed babies when there is an abundance of mother's milk, and it is much safer for the mother to be satisfied with a slower but steady gain, as overfeeding is harder to avoid in artificially fed babies and often results in dangerous consequences.

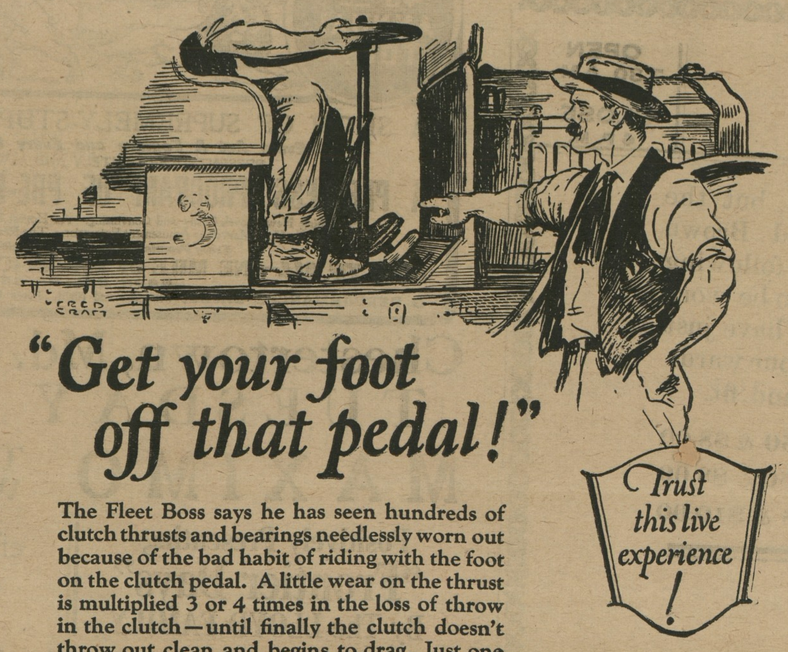
It is much safer to scald the milk mixture before feeding the baby. The boiled milk mixture is just as nutritious and perhaps a little more digestible. Any increased tendency to scurvy and rickets from the use of boiled milk can easily be avoided by the early use of fruit juices.

As has been indicated cereal water can be used instead of water after the third month, and thicker cereal gruels made of cream of wheat or farina, cooked at least two hours, about the consistency of honey can be given to the baby once or twice a day after six months.

Strained vegetable soup made of carrots, spinach and potatoes with perhaps a beef bone, boiled slowly until the vegetables are very soft, can be given with advantage in a small quantity beginning with a tablespoonful once a day to a baby over six months of age.

Directions For Milk Mixture.

HAVING determined upon the milk for the day, dissolve the sugar in the amount of water or cereal water of the mixture, pour into an agate pitcher and add the required amount of milk mixed thoroughly and boiled for a minute in a saucepan. There is less danger of burning in a double boiler. Place the required amount in individual bottles or a quart jar and cool as rapidly as possible. Keep cool, preferably on ice until used, when the required amount is poured into individual feeding bottles, warmed and fed to the baby.



"Get your foot off that pedal!"

The Fleet Boss says he has seen hundreds of clutch thrusts and bearings needlessly worn out because of the bad habit of riding with the foot on the clutch pedal. A little wear on the thrust is multiplied 3 or 4 times in the loss of throw in the clutch—until finally the clutch doesn't throw out clean and begins to drag. Just one of many everyday experiences of the practical Fleet Boss that make his advice decidedly worth following.

This is an age of specialists. A long and comprehensive refining experience of over a half century has enabled us to give you a motor oil that you can trust in every particular. Long practice and study have made it right. This experience is built into every quart of Polarine you buy—and it counts 100% when the oil gets to work on the bearing surfaces of your motor.

STANDARD OIL COMPANY
(New Jersey)

Trust this live experience!

Say "Polarine"—not just "a quart of oil"

Polarine
THE "STANDARD" OIL

The Polarine Chart boils down years of experience with every kind of car and recommends the right consistency of Polarine for yours. Consult it at your dealer's.

CARELESSNESS A BIG FACTOR

August Figures Indicate Reduction Of Less Than Half Against 1922 Period

Hog cholera is rapidly becoming a negligible quantity in the profit and loss account of Maryland's farm industry. Less than 50 per cent of the cases reported in 1922 for the month of August have been brought to the attention of the authorities for the same month in 1923.

The work of inspection has been done by I. K. Atherton, inspector in charge of hog cholera work, United States Department of Agriculture, in conjunction with the extension service of the University of Maryland.

In his summary for the August situation, Mr. Atherton says:

"The disease was reported to exist on 45 premises, against 97 outbreaks for the corresponding month in 1922. Seventeen of these were backyard outbreaks. Thirty-three were classed as primary and 12 as secondary.

"Washington County took the lead with 12 outbreaks. Wicomico county was second with eight. Cecil, Kent and Worcester counties were tied for third place with four each. Charles reported three. Anne Arundel, Allegany, and Somerset reported two each Calvert, Frederick, Dorchester and Prince George's were tied with one each.

O"f the primary outbreaks 23 were apparently due to the feeding of garbage, table scraps, etc;. four to the double treatment, one to the introduction of sick hogs and in four cases no history could be obtained on which to base the source of infection.

"Of the secondary outbreaks, most of them occurred in a territory where the disease had been running for several months and it was hard to determine all that had happened to spread the infection. Two of them were undoubtedly due to loose hogs and many were apparently due to visiting between farms. In 7 of the 12 secondary outbreaks, the owners were advised that their hogs had probably been exposed to the infection, but they refused to have the anti-hog-cholera serum administered for protection."

Why Baltimore Loses Shore Trade

Baltimore's loss of trade with the Eastern Shore, estimated at a billion dollars during the last ten years, has not been due entirely to discrimination against the transportation facilities between that city and the Peninsula, but is the result of the rapidly growing business in the Shore counties that has placed this section on a more or less independent basis.

Ten years has witnessed the establishment of numerous wholesale houses on the Peninsula, and each appears to be conducting a flourishing business at the present time. Instead of purchasing their stock from Baltimore wholesalers as formerly, the retailers are now dealing with their own home businesses, who, in turn, purchase their stock directly from the manufacturers.

This, more than anything else, has diverted trade from Baltimore and as the larger manufacturers are located in the Northern and Western States, a more direct route is obtainable by using the Pennsylvania R. R. lines through the central transfer points, giving the shorter haul to the trans-peninsula trains. As to the perishable produce , Baltimore has never provided the market for Eastern Shore grown products that may be obtained in northern cities.

Plans of the Pennsylvania Railroad Co. to consolidate the M., D. & V. and the B. C. & A. rail and steamer lines by operating a ferry from Baltimore to Love Point, making connections with train service to Ocean City via Queen Anne and Easton and proposing the abandonment of certain other services is encountering objection through the Peninsual because of the complete isolation of sections ranking among the most productive and lucrative in thenine Maryland counties.

Supervisors' Notice

—OF—

Registration of Voters

—WITH—

Names of Registrars, Dates and Places of Sittings

Notice is hereby given that the Officers of Registration will meet in their respective Districts or Precincts of Kent County, for the purpose of registering all persons who are entitled to vote at the coming General Election, who have not previously registered and who shall apply in person to be registered in the Districts or Precincts in which they may reside, between the hours of nine (9) o'clock in the morning and nine (9) o'clock in the evening upon the following date, to wit:

FIRST SITTING

Tuesday, Sept. 25, 1923

SECOND SITTING

Tuesday, Oct. 2, 1923

THIRD SITTING

Tuesday, Oct. 9, 1923

FOR REVISION ONLY

Revision Day, October 17th, the hours are between 8 a. m. and 7 p. m.

The places wherein such Registration upon the date aforementioned will be held in the respective Districts or Precincts, are as follows:

First District, Millington Precinct—At Bailey's Hotel, Millington.
J. FRANK SHAHAN, Dem.
PAUL C. PRICE, Rep.
Registrars.

First District, Galena Precinct—At Davis Co.'s Garage.
S. HARRY TODD, Dem.
THEODORE DEMPSEY, Rep.,
Registrars.

ON TUESDAY, OCT. 10th, the Registrars will sit at Golt's at Mrs. Florence H. Connor's store.

Second District, First Precinct—At Robert C. Young's Store, Kennedyville.
CHARLES S. HAGUE, Dem.
LOUIS C. PRICE, Rep.
Registrars.

Second District, Second Precinct—At D. C. Kelley's Store, Kennedyville.
JOSEPH W. HOWARD, Dem.
RALPH GEARY, Rep.
Registrars.

Third District, First Precinct—At B. F. Rash's Hall, Worton.
OWEN S. DODSON, Dem.
GEORGE B. RASIN, Rep.
Registrars.

Third District, Second Precinct—At Howard Turner's Ice Cream Parlor, Betterton.
HARVEY B. MOORE, Dem.
RAY CREW, Rep.
Registrars.

Fourth District, First Precinct—At Register's Office, Court House, Chestertown
JOHN E. BARNES, Dem.
CHAS. N. SATTERFIELD, Rep.
Registrars.

Fourth District, First Precinct, N—At P. B. Hollis' Office in Kent News Building.
WILLIAM T. HICKS, Dem.
M. WILBUR THOMAS, Rep.
Registrars.

Fourth District, Second Precinct—At H. Kaplan's Store, Chestertown.
WILLIAM F. MALIN, Dem.,
JOHN C. DAVIS, Rep.
Registrars.

Fifth District, First Precinct—At Jr. O. U. A. M. Hall, Rock Hall.
JOHN C. WILSON, Dem.,
WILLIAM E. LEARY, Rep.
Registrars.

Fifth District, Second Precinct—At Samuel Burgess' Carriage Shop at Edesville.
B. NEAL WILSON, Dem.
ABNER BRYDEN, Rep.
Registrars.

Sixth District—At W. B. Barnes' Store Room, Fairlee.
ARCHIBALD RAMAGE, Dem.
HARRY P. JONES, Rep.
Registrars.

Seventh District—At T. R. Starr's Store Room, Pomona.
W. RAY STARTT, Dem.
JOHN T. M. VICKERS, Rep.
Registrars.

C. FRANK CROW, Prest.
J. HYDIE THOMPSON,
THOMAS W. TREW,
Supervisors of Elections.
Charles J. Reiche, Clerk.

BAY SHORE AND ROCK HALL FERRY

Effective on and after September 13 (Standard Time)

Leave Rock Hall:
7.00 a. m. and 3.00 p. m.

Leave Bay Shore:
9.30 a. m. and 5.30 p. m.

Extra Trips When Necessary

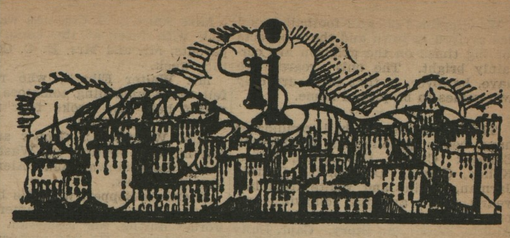
Subject to Weather and Tide Conditions, but it takes some weather to stop these boats. The shortest, cheapest, most convenient and picturesque route between Baltimore and the Eastern Shore of Maryland.

YOU RUN RIGHT ON AND YOU RUN RIGHT OFF

Adults, 30c. Children 15c.

Automobiles and Trucks at very low Commutation rates to regular truck routes.

BALTIMORE AND EASTERN SHORE FERRY LINE, INC.
4 St. Paul St. Plaza 6328



Busy Lines

When you call a number and the operator reports: "The line is busy," this does not necessarily mean that the person you are calling is actually talking.

It may mean that someone else is calling the same number and the operator is ringing the telephone; it may mean the receiver of the telephone you want has been left off the hook; and it may mean, if it is a party line, that one of these things has happened to ANOTHER TELEPHONE on the line or that it is in use.

Should you receive a "Busy" report and the person called afterwards tells you that he was not using the telephone at that time, PLEASE DON'T CONCLUDE THAT THE OPERATOR GAVE YOU A FALSE REPORT. It may have been due to some of the causes mentioned.

Prolonged conversations contribute greatly to "Busy" lines. It will help us to give better service if lengthy conversations are avoided, particularly if either telephone is on a party line.

It will also be helpful IF THOSE CALLING WILL WAIT A REASONABLE TIME AFTER RECEIVING A "BUSY" REPORT BEFORE CALLING AGAIN.

The Chesapeake and Potomac Telephone Company

(Consult the information pages in the front of the telephone directory)



Let the Victrola furnish the music for your dances

Everybody who dances enjoys dancing to such excellent music—everybody dances their best to such perfect music.

It is the best dance music to be had anywhere, and it can be enjoyed in every home.

The Fox Trot, Maxixe, and all the other new dances are easy to learn and a pleasure to dance with the music of the Victrola.

Come in and hear some of the latest dance numbers, and find out how easily you can get a Victrola—$15 to $200.

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Chestertown, Maryland

WESTERN MARYLAND COLLEGE

WESTMINSTER, MD.

ALBERT NORMAN WARD, D.D., LL. D., President

For Young Men and Young Women in Separate Departments

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ADMISSION. Graduates from approved four year High Schools admitted without conditions. Fifteen units required.

MODERN CURRICULUM. Eight courses leading to the A. B. degree are offered. . Grouped about one of the following subjects as majors: English, History and Political Science, Mathematics and Physics, Chemistry and Biology, Modern Languages, Latin and Greek, Education, Home Economics. Special courses in Speech, Voice, and Piano. Unit of Reserve Officers' Training Corps is maintained by the Government.

LOCATION UNEXCELLED. 1000 feet above the sea in the highlands of Maryland. Pure air, pure water, charming scenery. One hour's run from Baltimore, two from Washington.

EQUIPMENT complete. Thirty acre campus; sixty acre college farm; modern buildings; comfortable living accomodations; laboratories; library of 15,000 volumes; gymnasium; power and heating plant. New athletic field, costing $50,000 now in use. New dormitory, costing $150,000 recently completed.

BOARD and TUITION $400.00.

Prospectus for 1923-24 on application

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