## *New Industrial Uses for Farm Products, Lower Costs of Production, Food Distribution, Regaining of Foreign Markets Held Real Answer to Farmers's Problems*

By Nicholas Roosevelt
For the National Republican Builders, Inc.

The development of larger internal markets for American farm products may be achieved in at least two ways. The first and most obvious is to increase the consumption of foods and raw materials already being utilized. The second is to devise new industrial uses for farm products.

Food consumption will doubtless increase as business recovers throughout the country. But prices will in large measure govern the extent of increased food consumption. Although most farmers will violently disagree able economists have demonstrated that artificial price raising such as the New Deal has brought about leads to ultimate trouble. While it was clearly desirable to raise the prices of farm products from the depression low, the fact that this has been done artificially and that the prices of the things the farmer buys have risen about as fast as the price of farm products, has largely nullified the apparent advantages of higher farm prices.

The truth of the matter is that the real need is not for higher prices but for lower costs of production and higher profits.

The trouble with the high price theory is that when it is put into practice and prices rise too rapidly sales diminish.

Consider the present plight of the consumer. He has to pay today, in any of our large cities, nearly twice what he paid two and a half years ago for the simple foods. To be specific, pork prices are almost three times what they were in February, 1933; beef has nearly doubled; eggs have doubled; butter is up 50 per cent; onions have doubled; only potatoes are at about the same level.

Inasmuch as money wages have increased but little in this period, this means that the real wage of the average non-farm family has materially declined since the New Deal came into effect. A part of this decline was inevitable—to the extent that farm prices had fallen far out of line with other prices.

But if, by continuing the slowly developed system of improving types of seed, breeds of animals, and methods of fertilizing it is possible to produce crops more cheaply and hence to sell them profitably but at lower prices, there is every reason to expect a net gain to the farmers as well as to the consumers.

But this is not all. It is becoming steadily more apparent that the possible industrial uses of agricultural products have been, as yet, but little investigated. Two outstanding examples of successful developments of this sort are the use of corn for alcohol and of soya beans in paint. This last is as yet only an infant industry. If properly developed it may provide a new and distinctly valuable crop for American farmers.

I mention these as types of what may be hoped for. It is, of course, obvious that this sort of development will be slow. Already chemists are working on various possible uses to which plant growths can be put. For years Mr. Ford has had men studying means of developing a rubberoid fabric that can be grown in this country in competition with imported rubber. Paper makers are studying the possibilities of using new plants for pulp. In these directions obviously lie great possibilities. They can help provide good income for the farmers and perhaps offer opportunities for greater diversification.

In theory, of course, these developments should be coordinated by a government agency and the new crops allotted to different regions in exchange for the reduction of current production of staples which, for the moment, are produced in excess.

But this in fact is as unworkable as it is in theory undesirable. Crop control is only justifiable as an emergency measure. Otherwise it leads to regimentation and a planned economy—which, as already made clear in these articles, implies the substitution of a European dictatorial system for American democracy.

What can the Republican party do about all this?

Face frankly the fact that crop control and benefit payments are emergency measures which cannot be continued indefinitely. The present danger is that, through fear of losing votes, the Republicans will acquiesce quietly in the unsound aspects of the A. A. A. program in the hope that they will thus avoid incurring the resentment of the benefited farmers. This is opportunism not statesmanship.

But such a course will not satisfy the farmers. Many of them know in their hearts that the A. A. A. is fundamentally a mistaken policy. They are, of course, glad to receive the government checks and they welcome the higher prices which are due in part to the A. A. A. but largely in certain regions to the drought.

But they expect of the Republicans something more than mere condemnation of the A. A. A. They want to know the alternative, and to understand what benefits it promises to the farmers.

This is one of the Republican leaders' most difficult problems to solve. As yet no adequate proposals have been made. But the long view clearly points to the necessity of developing new industrial uses of farm products and of pressing on towards lower costs of production and of distribution of foods, so as to stimulate increased rather than lessened consumption.

Finally comes the whole question of regaining foreign markets. This is so complicated that I shall deal with it in a separate article.

In his next article Mr. Roosevelt will discuss the recapture of lost foreign markets.


CASH and CARRY

EFFECTIVE FRIDAY, DEC. 6

2 Suits or 2 plain Dresses or any 2 garments plain for 79c

ALL OTHER DRY CLEANING WORK 25% OFF

AT STORE ONLY

THE EMPIRE CASH & CARRY STORE

332 NORTH HIGH STREET

PHONE 150-W CHESTERTOWN, MD.



LUNCHING OUT?

Then Try

GILL BROS.

ARE OUR SANDWICHES GOOD?

ASK THOSE WHO EAT HERE REGULARLY.


## Millington News

Mr. and Mrs. George Neal, daughter Anne, son Evans, of Fairlee, were guests on Thanksgiving day of her brother-in-law and sister, Mr. and Mrs. Raymond Edwards.

Miss Martha R. Pennington, of Navesink, N. J., spent the Thanksgiving holidays with her mother, Mrs. Leston Pennington.

Miss Belle Garton, of Townsend, Del., was the guest several days last week of her sister-in-law, Mrs. Kate Garton.

Mrs. Charles Duling, of Laurel, Del., spent Thanksgiving day here with his family.

Mrs. Winnie Cashmere, of Carlisle, Pa., was the guest last week of her mother, Mrs. Mollie Bailey.

Mrs. Kate Garton spent Thanksgiving day with her son, and daughter-in-law, Mr. and Mrs. Liston Garton, of Sassafras.

Mr. and Mrs. Lucian E. Massey and daughter Carolyn, were dinner guests on Thanksgiving day of Mr. and Mrs. Irving B. Roberts, of St. George's.

Miss Anna Jones, of Hyattsville, Mrs. William Airey, of Catonsville, were the holiday guests of their parents, Mr. and Mrs. Charles P. Jones.

Mr. and Mrs. John Hart, Mr. George Sanders, Miss Elizabeth Stevens, of Philadelphia, were guests on Thanksgiving day of the latter's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Charles Stevens.

Miss Pauline Comegys, of Westminster, Miss Mabel Comegys, of Annapolis, Ringgold Comegys, a student at Charlotte Hall Academy, were the holiday guests of their parents, Mr. and Mrs. Paul Comegys.

Miss Martha R. Pennington, and Mrs. Leston Pennington were guests on Friday of Mrs. William Thompson on Wilmington.

Mrs. Robert M. Logan visited friends in Philadelphia over the week end.

Mr. Harry R. Rasin and daughter Jane, spent the holiday with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. George Rasin, of Kennedyville.

Mildred Edwards and Virginia Everett, spent Friday with Mrs. Robert Walmsley, of near town.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry McGuire, of Richardson Park, were Friday guests of Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Jones.

Mr. and Mrs. William Feddeman, of Washington, D. C., were the holiday guests of his mother, Mrs. Richard Feddeman, Mr. and Mrs. Feddeman attended the Army and Navy football game at Philadelphia on Saturday.

Mrs. Nevitt Robinson, Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Reynolds, Mrs. Joseph Lee, of Marcus Hook, were Tuesday guests of their mother, Mrs. Dora Green.

Mr. and Mrs. John Brice and Kay Heighe Ahern. of Baltimore, spent the Thanksgiving holidays with the latter's grandmother, Mrs. John P. Ahern.

Leland Stevens, a student of the Medical School of the University of Maryland, spent the holidays with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Ben Stevens.

Mrs. Anna Wacker and her daughter, Eva, of Massey, were guests of Thanksgiving day of the former's mother, Mrs. Dora Green.

Mr. and Mrs. Elwood Strong, of Queenstown, were guests on Sunday of Dr. and Mrs. Merritt Brice.

Miss Mary Feddeman, of Baltimore, spent the week end with her mother, Mrs. Richard Feddeman.

Mrs. Ernest Radnor and daughter Helen, of Wilmington, were Sunday guests of the former's mother, Mrs. Will Loper.

Margaret Jones, a student at Thompson's Business College in Wilmington, spent the Thanksgiving holiday with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Jonathan Jones.

Dr. Phillips Turner, of Atlantic City, was the week end guest of his brother and sister-in-law, Mr. and Mrs. Clarence Turner.

Mrs. Spencer Stevens and daughter, Ethel, visited relatives in Philadelphia, over the week end.

Miss Mabel Price, of Wilmington, was a Saturday guest of Miss Martha G. Hazell.

Miss Clara H. Bryan, was the guest of Mrs. Annie Yarnall, of Sudlersville on Thanksgiving day.

Dorothy and Helen Hilyard spent the Thanksgiving holidays with their grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. William Dickerson, of Cliff City.

Mrs. Charles Stevens, Miss Anna Stevens, and Mrs. Spencer Stevens visited relatives in Philadelphia on Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Russell Tarbutton and daughter Jean, of Wilmington, were dinner guests on Sunday of Mr. and Mrs. Lucian E. Massey.

Mrs. Harry L. Higman, daughter, Marjorie, sons James and Henry, visited relatives in Chester over the week end.

Mr. and Mrs. Koppel, of Georgetown, Del., were Sunday guests of Mr. and Mrs. Charles Bell.

Captain and Mrs. Clendaniel, of Baltimore, were visitors on Saturday of Miss Clara H. Bryan.

Mr. and Mrs. John Slaughter and son, John, of Union Park Gardens, Mr. and Mrs. Millard Slaughter, Mr. and Mrs. Jesse Slaughter, of Elkton, were Sunday guests of their mother, Mrs. John Slaughter.

Miss Martha G. Hazell left on Monday for Richburg, South Carolina, to spend the winter with her brother-in-law and sister, Mr. and Mrs. Reid Howze.

Mr. and Mrs. Norman A. Wallen and Mrs. Leo Gale spent Wednesday in Philadelphia. Mrs. Ollie Nickerson returned home with them to spend sometime with the Wallens.

Mr. E. Green is spending two weeks in Centreville with his daughter, Mrs. Joseph Boyles.

Mrs. Raymond Edwards spent Monday with Mrs. Dennis Walmsley, of near Crumpton.

Mr. Frank Taylor, of Philadelphia, is the guest of his brother-in-law and sister, Mr. and Mrs. Charles Stevens.

## Who Pays The Federal Payroll?

*By* RAYMOND PITCAIRN
*National Chairman*
*Sentinels of the Republic*

Maybe he doesn't realize it, but the average American citizen and taxpayer today is footing the bill for one of the largest payrolls in history.

Moreover he is increasing it at a rate seldom, if ever, equalled in days of peace.

For evidence of this, consider the growing list of Federal job-holders—whose pay checks come out of taxes charged ultimately to the American citizen and worker and earner. Here are some official statistics from Washington:

In June 1933, there were approximately 565,000 job-holders on the Federal payroll—exclusive, of course, of the Army and Navy.

By June 1934, the total had been boosted to more than 661,000.

By June 30, 1935, it had soared to a total of 717,000.

The climb continued. By September of this year it had reached a peak of 794,000—all paid out of taxes.

That's a lot of job-holders. There are at least ten states in the Union that can't count as many heads in their entire population. And they are costing the taxpayers more than $100,000,000 a month.

But these figures tell only half the story. Add to the list of Federal job-holders the various public employes of states, cities and smaller political divisions, and your total will run into millions—also paid out of taxes, direct and indirect, clipped from the average citizen's earnings or savings. And remember, these totals include only the regular job-holders. They don't include the numerous relief beneficiaries. That's an entirely separate list.

Expensive? Of course it's expensive! No farmer, no merchant, no industrial concern, could succeed with such padded payrolls. But in government it's different. **The politicians who pad the payroll don't have to foot the bill. They leave that detail to the people—and arrange for it through taxes.**

That's one reason why, as economists have computed, more than 20 per cent of our national income goes into taxes—national, state and local. That's what statisticians have in mind when they tell us that the citizen who hasn't got a political job labors one day out of five to help support those who have.

**When we realize these things, and insist that the politicians devote themselves to efficiency in government, rather than patronage, another great stride will have been achieved toward economy—and recovery.**

—oo—

Approximately 18 cents out of every dollar paid for taxes by the American people is used for paying interest and retiring debts.

## Worton Events

Mr. and Mrs. C. H. Clayville entertained Mr. and Mrs. Everett Clayville and son Everett, of Baltimore, Mr. and Mrs. W. O. Draper and little son, of Chestertown, Mrs. Viola Conoway and friend Mr. Jack Kelley, of Dover, Sunday.

Mrs. Elizabeth Crossley is spending some time with Mrs. Ida Loller.

Miss Jane Cooper, of Baltimore, and Miss Ann Matthews, of Scarsdale, N. Y., were the week end guests of Mr. and Mrs. James Matthews.

Mr. Lawrence Lee, of Wilmington, spent last week end with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. S. J. Lee.

Mr. and Mrs. Harry J. Rouse and daughter Ann, of Aberdeen, visited relatives here last week end. Mrs. Henrietta Rasin who spent last week here accompanied them home.

Mr. and Mrs. James Coleman and little son Jimmie, visited his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Frank Coleman, of near Massey Sunday.

Mrs. May McCloskey and friend, Mr. Moore, of Wilmington, spent Thanksgiving day with her parents, Mr. ond Mrs. A. S. Crouch.

Miss Elizabeth Morris, of Baltimore, spent the holiday with her grandmother, Mrs. R. A. Loud.

Mr. B. F. Sewell left Monday for a week's visit with relatives in Baltimore.

Misses Hilda and Hazel Mason were given a party at their home near here last Friday evening, about thirty guests were present.

—oo—

## THINGS WORTH KNOWING

Encouragement of game birds and animals to help solve the land use problems arising from curtailed agricultural production is suggested by the United States bureau of biological survey.

The province of Ontario plans changes in its liquor laws to prevent smuggling from the United States.

Sardines run from 4,000 to 8,000 a ton, a Monterey (Cal.) packer has ascertained.

A helium thermometer is being constructed at the United States bureau of standards that will register a temperature as low as 434 degrees below zero F. or 259 degrees below zero C.

The National Education Association was founded as early as 1857.


MALONE and WILLIAMS
ARCHITECTS
Salisbury, Maryland



DR. H. C. HUGHES
DENTIST
Office in the Telephone Exchange Building, Chestertown, Md.



For More Than Two Score Years

we have been known throughout this section for our conservative policies, and adherence to the highest principles of banking.

This reputation is a direct result of our policy of placing protection of depositors' funds above every other consideration. This working principal has and always will hold us to the straight course.

We Solicit Your Business

FRED G. USILTON, President
L. B. RUSSELL, Vice-President
HARRY C. COLEMAN, Cashier

DIRECTORS
Fred G. Usilton
Jefferson D. Bacchus
Charles S. Smith
J. Arthur Urie
Howard Turner
L. B. Russell
Charles N. Satterfield
William A. Hyland

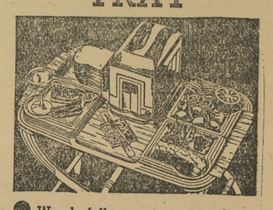
Depositors of this bank have the protection as guaranteed by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, according to the Banking Act of 1933.

The Kent County Savings Bank
CHESTERTOWN, MD.



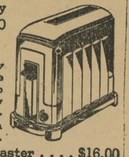
HIT OF THE SEASON

Toastmaster WITH NEW HOSPITALITY TRAY



Wonderfully smart . . completely new. More accessories . . matched design. Four individual snack plates . . two matching appetizer dishes . . all in sparkling Fostoria crystal, "The Glass of Fashion". Larger tray, choice of walnut, mahogany, or antique white. Cutting block and knife. Two-slice Toastmaster, only toaster that makes "help-yourself" parties practical.

Two-slice Toastmaster with Hospitality Tray, complete . . . . $21.50
Antique White . . . . . $22.50
Folding Hospitality Stand . . . $5.00



Toastmaster, the only Toaster with Flexible Toast-Timer, pops up "perfect toast every time for everybody." Times each slice individually.

Two-slice Toastmaster . . . . $16.00
One-Slice Toastmaster . . . . $11.50

J. S. KREEGER
Jeweler & Optometrist
Telephone 53J
CHESTERTOWN, MARYLAND

NEW PERFECTED HYDRAULIC BRAKES
the safest and smoothest ever developed

SOLID STEEL one-piece TURRET TOP
a crown of beauty, a fortress of safety

HIGH-COMPRESSION VALVE-IN-HEAD ENGINE
giving even better performance with even less gas and oil

IMPROVED GLIDING KNEE-ACTION RIDE*
the smoothest, safest ride of all

CHEVROLET Make this Christmas a memorable one for all the family! Give them a new 1936 Chevrolet—*the only complete low-priced car!*

Their eyes will sparkle when they see the beauty of its new Turret Top Body . . . their pulses quicken when they test the performance of its High-Compression Valve-in-Head Engine . . . and their faces radiate satisfaction when they experience the comfort of its gliding Knee-Action Ride*.

You will also know that you have given them the *safest* motor car ever built, for the 1936 Chevrolet is the only car in its price range with New Perfected Hydraulic Brakes and Solid Steel one-piece Turret Top, as well as the other exclusive features listed here.

*See your nearest Chevrolet dealer—today!*

CHEVROLET MOTOR COMPANY, DETROIT, MICHIGAN

6% *New Greatly Reduced* G M. A. C. TIME PAYMENT PLAN *The lowest financing cost in G.M.A.C. history. Compare Chevrolet's low delivered prices.*

GENUINE FISHER NO DRAFT VENTILATION IN NEW TURRET TOP BODIES
the most beautiful and comfortable bodies ever created for a low-priced car

SHOCKPROOF STEERING*
making driving easier and safer than ever before

ALL THESE FEATURES AT CHEVROLET'S LOW PRICES

$495 AND UP. *List price of New Standard Coupe at Flint, Michigan. With bumpers, spare tire and tire lock, the list price is $20 additional. *Knee-Action on Master Models only, $20 additional. Prices quoted in this advertisement are list at Flint, Michigan, and subject to change without notice. A General Motors Value.*

CHEVROLET

Russell Motors Corp., Chestertown, Md.
Newsome's Garage, Betterton, Md.
Francis Motor Co., Rock Hall, Md.


©Maryland State Archives, msa_sc6000_40_1-0414.jpg