CONSUMPTION Cured at Last.

Dr. T. A. Slocum, the Great Chemist and Specialist Will Send Free, to the Afflicted Four Large Samples of His Newly Discovered Remedies to Cure Consumption and all Throat, Chest and Lung Troubles.

Nothing could be fairer, more philanthropic or carry more joy to the afflicted, than this offer. Confident that he has discovered an absolute cure for consumption and all pulmonary complaints, and to make its great merits known, he will send his Complete Treatment, embracing four large samples to any reader who may be suffering from coughs, colds, catarrh, bronchial, throat and lung troubles or consumption.

Already this "New Scientific Course of Treatment" has permanently cured thousands of apparently hopeless cases. There will be no mistake in sending—the mistake will be in overlooking the generous invitation

FREE TO ALL

To obtain these FOUR FREE PREPARATIONS that have never yet failed to cure, all you have to do is to write

DR. T. A. SLOCUM, 98 Pine Street, New York,

giving full postoffice and express address. The four free remedies will then be sent you at once, direct from laboratories, with full instructions for use in every case.

BIG DROP

In the Window Glass Market.

Same Here.

WE CARRY A BIG STOCK.

Sizes run from 6x8 to 40x40, and the prices begin at

6x8.....2½c.
7x9.....3c.
8x10.....4c.

or 35c. per dozen, and so on up the line.

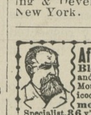
We sell the best PUTTY made at 4c. the lb.

BARTLEY'S DEPARTMENT STORES,
n14-tf. Chestertown, Md.

DON'T waste money on "cheap" lamp chimneys. Use Macbeth's. For sale at STAM DRUG CO.

DIVIDENDS ADVANCED

Now paying 27 per cent. For full information call or write The American-Mexico Mining & Developing Company, 35 Wall Street, New York. Local agents wanted.



Afflicted & unfortunate, both sexes, suffers from Private diseases, Blood Poison, Youthful Errors, Lost Vitality and Manhood, Ulcers, Kidney, Bladder, Sore Mouth & Throat, Decay & Shrunken Organs, Varicocele, Stricture etc. Send for Sworn Testimonials & Book "Truth" to the only Honest Specialist, 36 yrs in practice, Prof. G. F. THEEL, M.D. 527 North Sixth St, Philadelphia, Pa. Positively the only German specialist in the United States to cure, free from exposure, even though the most celebrated specialists of every nation failed. Fresh cases cured in 4 to 10 days. Hours: 9-5, 6-9. Read my Sworn Testimonials published every Sunday in the Philadelphia "Times." Mention this paper.



PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM

Cleanses and beautifies the hair. Promotes a luxuriant growth. Never Fails to Restore Gray Hair to its Youthful Color. Cures scalp diseases & hair falling. 50c. and $1.00 at Druggists



Shoes for the Family.

Summer is ended and the cool weather is he Its now time to change one's shoes.

Our store is the place where the best, the newest and the latest boots and shoes are to be found, and at the least prices.

The freshest designs, the up-to-the-day-and-the-hour creations.

Heavy and light walking shoes for Men and Women, shoes for the Boys and Girls, shoes for the entire family. Rainy-day boots, storm shoes, and all other desirable kinds. Beauty, comfort, service and small cost all combined. For whatever purpose you may require Boots or Shoes we have them and at the very lowest prices.

W. AMBROSE CARROLL,
The Shoer. Chestertown. Md.

$1. CLEARING OUT SALE. $1.

of

Paints.

This is the PAINT the we have been selling for years at $1.25 the gallon. Excellent value it is at that price, but will dispose of entire lot, about 150 gallons at

$1.00 THE GALLON.

Don't miss this opportunity. Buy for future use. No dealers.

JOHN BARTLEY.

WONDERS OF THE YUKON.

Great River Sixty Miles Wide at One Point.

The Yukon river has some peculiarities of its own that are interesting. The size of that great river may be misapprehended by some people. We used to be taught in our geographies that the "Missouri to the sea" is the longest river in the world, being 4000 miles in length; that the Amazon is the widest, being 40 miles across at its mouth.

Those of us who have been out of school for some years never heard much about the Yukon, says a correspondent of the Chicago Record-Herald. Nevertheless, that great ruffian of a river is within a few miles of the length of the Missouri-to-the-sea, and at a point 1200 miles above its mouth is 60 miles across.

We have heard much also about the difficulties of its navigation in the summer time. The two big companies in the early days, even as late as two years ago, used Indian pilots, changing every 200 or 300 miles, because the Indians knew the channel and no one Indian knew it for more than the distance in the vicinity of his own native haunts.

These pilots were paid as high as $30 a day for their services, and often a steamer was obliged to spend the night at the bank to allow the pilot to go home and see his family. They tried white men finally out of sheer desperation, and they lost their boats or sent them aground for the season. The white men were invariably deep-sea sailors, who were pressed into service. The fact was that the Indians knew absolutely no more about the river channel than one who had never seen it, excepting where it happened to be dodging about the low, wooded islands. For the Yukon never has kept to one channel for 50 miles for a month at a time. What the Indians did know was how to tell deep water when they saw it. They could tell by the "riffles" almost to an inch how deep a given spot was, and having excellent eyesight, they could see a long way ahead.

The crafty natives lorded it over boat owners and captains for a long time, however, and many of them grew rich. As soon as Missouri and Columbia river pilots were put aboard the day of the Indian was past.

DAIRY DOTS.

Soda is better than soap to use in washing milk vessels.

Before being washed all milk vessels should be rinsed in cold water.

The only successful milking machine in use is a good pair of hands.

A Canadian test shows that cows that are deprived of salt give seventeen per cent. less milk.

Good butter is never so plentiful that it will not command a price that is profitable to the maker—that is, if it is good.

A cow that lays on fat while giving milk, does not belong to the dairy class. A good milk cow deposits her fat in the milk bucket.

To determine a milch cow's profitableness, notics particularly her milk after three or four months from the time that she becomes fresh.

One who is a good milker is very careful to get all the milk from a cow before leaving her. Any other practice will influence the cow wrongly.

Pedigrees hold out promise of profit in a cow, but results are more important. The milk bucket and the churn show the value of milkers.

Never allow cows that are heavy with calf to be run by dogs or men. Occasionally a dog is found that delight in worrying cattle. Treat such a dog with lead.

A cow can no more give a good flow of milk without a proper amount of good food, than a large baking of bread can be made with only flour enough to make a loaf.

In dairying, as in all other occupations, there is room at the top and it is in the better class of dairying that the profits lie, for this is as yet a field almost wholly unoccupied.

The advantage of using rock salt for cows is that they help themselves without aid from their keeper and do not get too much at a time as they might if granulated salt were used.

When specks of dirt are seen on the foam in a milk pail, it is good evidence that the dairy work is not clean enough. Filth in the milk prevents the making of choice butter.

Very Eccentric.

"He's the most eccentric genius I ever met."

"He certainly is a genius but I never considered him eccentric."

"That's just it. The average genius is eccentric, and his lack of eccentricity makes him all the more eccentric."—Philadelphia Ledger.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

Tomatoes for the Cannery.

Raising tomatoes for the cannery has grown to be quite an industry in a number of states. Maryland heads the list with about two million cases per annum. Indiana with her million cases comes second, followed in turn by New Jersey, California, Delaware and Ohio. The canneries are permanent institutions, the demand is increasing, and there is no reason why the growing of tomatoes will not continue to be a profitable business with many. Raising tomatoes for a cannery differs from raising for the market. In the former case, a large yield is sought for first of all. Early maturity is of less importance since the grower contracts to sell the whole crop at a fixed price. It is said that good corn land is rich enough for tomatoes. Medium clay loam is preferred by many.

Splendid results follow fall or winter plowing. At any rate, the land should be plowed as early in the spring as possible. Plow deep and follow with earth mulching—that is, maintain a thin layer of fine earth on the surface by shallow cultivation, which will be of great value in saving the moisture. The variety should be such as the canneries prefer. They will generally provide the plants at a nominal price to those who grow tomatoes for them. In case it is preferred to grow the plants near where they are to be set, they should be started in a cold frame or on the south side of a close board fence in rich, warm soil. The plants will grow to proper size in four or five weeks, and should be set out in the field in rows about four feet apart, for ease in cultivation. Start the cultivation early, but be careful not to bark the plants, as that will kill them. When the plants begin to branch, do not cultivate closer than the ends of the branches. Continue stirring the soil until the stalk has grown so heavy as to fall upon the ground, then cease.

For heavy yields it is essential that strong lands or heavy fertilization be used. While it is true that on many of the soils in the middle states a remunerative crop may be produced with little fertilization, it is also true that on nearly all these soils a liberal use of fertilizers would be profitable.

The tomato plant is a gross feeder, and especially requires an abundant supply of potash. Prof. Voorhees of New Jersey, an authority on such subjects, estimates that 10 tons of fruit, with the accompanying vines, would contain 57 pounds of nitrogen, 16 pounds of phosphoric acid and 94 pounds of potash. On many of our clay lands phosphoric acid is relatively low, and the application of potash is also needed to produce the most profitable crops. The nitrogen supply is more variable, and can often be secured by turning under a leguminous crop. On eastern lands, which have been devoted to last year's tomato crop, nitrate of soda can be used with a profit. In the central states the manufacturers of fertilizers have not offered goods especially prepared for tomatoes because of lack of demand, due largely to the ignorance in using same, and from lack of knowledge of the requirements of the soil. But of late both the grower and the canners are asking for advice regarding fertilizers to be used on tomatoes. A mixture that has been highly recommended contains; Nitrogen, 4 per cent.; phosphoric acid, 7 per cent.; potash, 12 per cent. Use about 500 lbs of this mixture per acre.

Some experiments on early tomatoes seem to indicate that sulphate of potash gives tomatoes a better quality. A properly-made tobacco fertilizer is also suited for the tomato crop, and the potash in it is derived from sulphate.

D. I. DUNCAN.

Fashion Notes.

Knitted blouses are as much in demand for gifts as for immediate wear.

Gun metal mixtures in velveteen rival the ever popular brown, and are as useful.

Shirt waists are modish rivals to the suit which is worn with a white shirt waist.

Shaped ruffles of cloth are noted on both handsome coats and costumes, and even on capes.

A little frill of white chiffon adds immensely to the beauty of one charming little ermine neckpiece.

Silver and gilt buttons, square and round, occasionally show drooping ornaments like a fringe of silver or gilt beads drooping from the centre of the top.

The pretty bell shaped button in silver is charming when it is small enough. It hangs with the mouth drawn down like our liberty bell, and twinkles gently with every movement.

A gown, very youthful in its appearance, is of pink chiffon, with a deep hip yoke, lightly shirred. Below this was a wide band of cream lace and an accordion plaited ruffle of the chiffon.

Never were silk more lovely or more varied. There are a dozen new weaves, some of the richest showing disks and figues of velvet ombre of the color of the ground or a contrasting shade. Many of the light-colored silks are woven with velvet figures, flowers and leaves of the natural colors.

Found a Cure for Indigestion.

I use Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets for indigestion and find that they suit my case better than any dyspepsia remedy I have ever tried and I have used many different remedies. I am nearly fifty-one years of age and have suffered a great deal from indigestion. I can eat almost anything I want to now.—Geo. W. Emory, Rock Mills, Ala. For sale by M. A. Toulson, Druggist.

CASTORIA

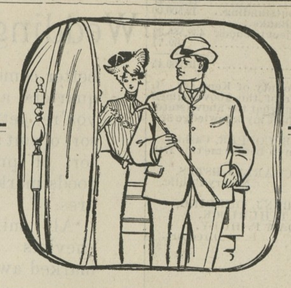
The Kind You Have Always Bought and which has been in use for over 30 years, has borne the signature of Chas. H. Fletcher and has been made under his personal supervision since its infancy. Allow no one to deceive you in this. All Counterfeits, Imitations and "Just-as-good" are but Experiments that trifle with and endanger the health of Infants and Children—Experience against Experiment.

What is CASTORIA

Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is Pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. It destroys Worms and allays Feverishness. It cures Diarrhœa and Wind Colic. It relieves Teething Troubles, cures Constipation and Flatulency. It assimilates the Food, regulates the Stomach and Bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

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GIVE US YOUR ORDER
FOR A NOBBY AND
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A well-selected line of Samples from which to make your choice. We can dress you in the latest style for

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Ladies Tailoring Department a Specialty.

Dyeing, Scouring and Pressing done to your entire satisfaction

Long years of experience in the Tailoring business warrants us in asking for your trade. Give us an early call.

MAUL BUILDING. JOHN I. EVANS, MERCHANT TAILOR.

—THE—
Mutual Fire Insurance Co.
OF KENT COUNTY
SOLICITS YOUR INSURANCE,

ON DECEMBER 31ST, 1901, ITS ASSETS WERE AT FOLLOWS:

Stocks, Bonds, Real Estate and cash	$ 70,307.00
Premium Notes	195,843.00
Total	$266,150.00

New Policies transferable upon the approval of the Secretary.

The saving to insurers in this company for the past six years has been from 30 to 40 per cent.

The saving to insurers in this Company for the year 1901, was seventy-seven and a half per cent.

Applications for insurance can be made to

JAMES BRICE.....Chestertown
E. S. VALLIANT & SONS.....Church Hill
F. H. RUTH.....Galena
GEORGE E. OWENS.....Betterton
ELLWORTH BOWERS.....Lynch's
JOS. DOWNEY.....Rock Hall
A. M. KENDALL.....Fairlee
R. W. MOFFETT.....Millington
ALDAY CLEMENTS.....Crumpton

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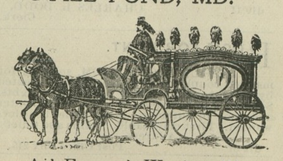
Chestertown, Md., John Bell, Proprietor. 20000 Peach Trees of the leading varieties, Grown from strictly wild peach seed from Tennessee and Grown on virgin soil. Buds taken from strictly healthy bearing trees. Varieties guaranteed true to name. Fall of 1903 and Spring of 1904 delivery. Also 30 tons fine timothy hay. o31 tf

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