Kent News.

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FESTIVAL !

A CHURCH FESTIVAL will be given by the ladies of the M. P. Church at Kennedyville, on NOV. 1st, 2nd and 3rd. All the delicacies of the season will be served.

STILL POND M. E. CHURCH

Will hold a SUPPER and FESTIVAL in the HALL, the large building nearly opposite the church, on

Friday and Saturday Eve's, Oct. 19th & 20th.

All are cordially invited.

FESTIVAL & SUPPER!
At Union M. E. Church.

The ladies of the Union M. E. Church will hold a FESTIVAL and SUPPER in the old M. E. Church building on FRIDAY and SATURDAY EVENINGS, Nov. 2nd and 3rd. Everybody is invited.

FESTIVAL AND SUPPER
AT PINEY NECK.

The ladies of Piney Neck Church will hold a Festival and Supper at the church on FRIDAY and SATURDAY, October 26th and 27th. Supper each evening. Everybody welcome. Come and enjoy a good time.

FESTIVAL AND SUPPER.

BENEFIT of NEW M. E. CHURCH.

Members and friends of Maxwell Lodge, I. O. O. F., Chesapeake and K. of P. and Rock Hall Camp, P. O. S of A., and others will hold a Festival and Supper on Mr. JOSEPH LEARY'S Lawn at Rock Hall on FRIDAY and SATURDAY Evenings, Oct. 19 and 20th, for benefit of new Rock Hall M. E. Church. Supper 40 cents.

Stam's Hall, on TUESDAY NIGHT, OCT. 23rd, 1900.

CHARLES MANLEY, AS "SETH HUCKINS,"

—IN THE—

MUSICAL RURAL COMEDY DRAMA

'Down on the Farm'

IN THREE ACTS written by C. W. Hancock.
Supported by a Talented Company.
A Metropoliton Production.

The Celebrated HAYSEED Quartet.
150 LAUGHS in 150 MINUTES.

Squashtown Band and Orchestra.

Street Parade in Afternoon.

Seats now on sale at Stam's Drug Store.
PRICES - 25, 35 and 50c.

MUSIC!

MISS NANNIE C. DIXON will give lessons in Instrumental Music either at her home on Queen Street, or the home of the pupil in Town. TERMS $5.00 PER QUARTER.

MARION T. MILLER

—ON THE OLD SITE OF—

MILLER BROS.

ROCK HALL!

WILL COMMENCE BUSINESS AGAIN

Wednesday, Oct. 24th

I especially desire to call your attention to the fact that I expect to be ready for business on the above date and will certainly be pleased to see all our friends and patrons of the past and endeavor earnestly to make you feel at home. I shall be in a position to sell as cheap as first class goods can be sold, having made arrangements through the help of some kind friends to buy goods for cash, therefore getting them as low as they can be bought and will endeavor to exercise such judgment in my selections of stock as shall prove beneficial to you as well as myself. My stock will not be large at first, but I shall do my best to make and keep it fresh and new by rapid selling and buying.

Remember, circumstances of the past compel me to make my terms cash, but I shall try to make it to your interest to bring your cash. Please remember I will be ready for you on and after Wednesday next, Oct. 24th, and extend to each and every one of you a kind invitation to come and see me at the Old Stand in Rock Hall. Yours sincerely,

MARION T. MILLER.

Form the Good Habit of SAVING!

MAKE A BEGINNING!

Open an account with us with $1.00 You will have a sense of independence and luxury in the possession of

A Savings Bank Account,

Interest paid on deposits.

Kent County Savings Bank

OF CHESTERTOWN, MD.

Open every business day from 9 a. m. to 3 p m. Your account is respectfully solicited.

JOHN K. ALDRIDGE, President.
WM. F. RUSSELL, Cashier.

TRESPASSING FORBIDDEN.

ALL PERSONS are forbidden against trespassing with dog, gun or otherwise upon the Almshouse farm. By order of Trustees.
o20-3t. J.THOS. BLACKISTON, Tenant.

NOTICE TO GUNNERS.

All persons are hereby warned not to trespass with dog, gun or otherwise upon the lands of the undersigned as the law will be enforced.
W. E. DEFORD,
oct.20—3t. HORACE CONSTABLE

CAUTION NOTICE.

ALL PERSONS are warned not to trespass on the John Primrose Farm. Violators will be prosecuted to the full extent of the law.
o13-4t. THOMAS SKIPPER.

CAUTION TO GUNNERS.

ALL PERSONS are hereby forewarned against trespassing with dog, gun or otherwise upon the farm occupied by the undersigned near Still Pond Creek from this date. The law will be enforced against trespassers.
o20 3t. JOHN S. SILCOX.

CAUTION TO TRESPASSERS.

GUNNERS AND OTHERS are hereby cautioned against trespassing with dog, gun or in any other manner upon the premises of the undersigned as we shall prosecute all such after this date.
JOHN G. WESTCOTT,
o20 6t. WALTER S. TREW.

NOTICE!

All persons indebted to the undersigned will please pay immediately. Otherwise I shall proceed to collect according to law.
B. FRANK PORTER,
oct. 20—3t. ROCK HALL.

FAMILIES WANTED.

TEN FAMILIES Wanted at UNICORN MILLS. Boarders unless experienced in Cotton Mills need not apply.
Apply to
oct. 20—4t. E. E. GAMBRILL, Supt.

PLANTS!

20,000 EARLY CABBAGE PLANTS now ready for fall planting, the earlier planted the better to winter over. Also, Hyacinth Bulbs and Tulip Bulbs Crocus Bulbs, and Chinese Sacred Lillies, now in stock.
For sale by
WILLIAM H. KIRBY,
o6 3t. Chestertown, Md.

FOR SALE.

ONE YORK CARRIAGE, good as new, been used but very little; also ONE SET of Single CARRIAGE HARNESS and Fly Net.
A. C. HURLOCK.
Apply for terms to
C. H. HURLOCK,
oct13—3t. Chestertown, Md.

FOR RENT:

WHEELWRIGHT SHOP and DWELLING HOUSE in POMONA for the next year. Apply to
JAMES. H. BAKER,
o20-3t.* Pomona.

FOR RENT FOR 1901.

HOUSE and LOT with all necessary Out-Buildings at Pomona, Md., for rent. Inquire on premises or address,
WM. S. SCOONE,
o13-tf. 816 Aisquith St., Baltimore, Md.

DWELLING FOR RENT
FOR YEAR 1901.

Intending to move, I will rent my dwelling on Mill street, for the year 1901. The house has three bedrooms upstairs, two rooms, hall and kitchen downstairs, and a splendid summer kitchen. Nicely located and every convenience.
Write or apply to
H. MEETEER WALLIS,
o13 3t. Chestertown, Md.

FOR RENT:

A STOREHOUSE and DWELLING, nearly new. A good business stand Georgetown, Kent county, Md.
Apply to A. P. PRETTYMAN,
s22-tf. Galena, Md.

WATTS BOARDING HOUSE
for Rent.

Twenty-five Rooms. Electric Lighted. For the year 1901. Apply to
a4-tf. THOMAS W. ELIASON.

CHAS. L. PETTIS & CO.

CASH

Produce Buyers,

Dressed Poultry, Game Furs,
Eggs and Butter,

204 DUANE STREET,
NEW YORK.

Write for Our Present Paying Prices.

Fall 1900. Winter 1901

READY MADE **Clothing** MADE-TO-MEASURE

First in Quality, Style Workmanship and Fit.

JOHN R. ROLLISON,

Representing WANAMAKER & BROWN, OF PHILADELPHIA, PA.

Presents compliments and invites you to examine complete line of the newest fabrics just arrived.

"HESS SHOES"

40 Latest Fall and Winter Styles to select from. Before purchasing come in and let's talk the matter over.

Very truly, yours,
JOHN R. ROLLISON,
225 High St., Chestertown, Md.
☞ Second door below Savings Bank.

AROUSED!

The Importance of the Great Issues!

SPLENDID SPEECHES by ABLE MEN!

JUDGE J. A. WICKES RECEIVES A HANDSOME OVATION!

AND MAKES A NOTABLE SPEECH!

Senator Bacon, of Georgia; Col. Wood, of Frederick; Col. E. H. Brown and Senator Moore Ably Discuss the Issues!

The Democratic Mass meeting in Chestertown last Tuesday was a grand success. The attendance was large, the enthusiasm great, and the speaking excellent. For the first time in history almost—at least for a great many years—every speaker advertised to be present was on hand.

R. D. Hynson, Esq., called the meeting to order and announced the following officers:

President—HON. JOSEPH A. WICKES.

VICE-PRESIDENTS:

1st District—Capt. Andrew Woodall, Adam F. Huey, John P. Ahern.
2nd District—Alday Clements, Wm. Medders, John M. Comegys.
3rd District—James T. Ireland, Thos. Gale, Harry Nicols.
4th District—Samuel Vannort, John Bell, Thomas G. Wroth.
5th District—Richard W. Jones, Samuel J. Wickes, James M. Wood.
6th District—George E. Noland, W. Tylden Brice, Harry Willis.
7th District—George Beck, Wm. E. DeFord, Capt. Robert Jones.

SECRETARIES:

1st District—Walter McIntyre.
2nd District—Woodland Hurtt.
3rd District—Capt. George M. Moore.
4th District—James W. Crouch.
5th District—Marion T. Miller.
6th District—F. Ward.
7th District—Roland Shriver.

When the distinguished ex-judge advanced to the front he was greeted with a storm of hearty applause which continued for some moments. He seemed in splendid voice and physical condition and every word of his earnest speech was heard with breathless interest.

HON. JOSEPH A. WICKES' SPEECH.

FELLOW CITIZENS:—Having been selected by you to preside over this meeting I thank you for the honor you have conferred upon me.

For thirty years my duties were of such a character that I abstained from all active participation in political affairs. Under that habit and training I ceased to be a partisan, but did not cease to be a Democrat. I endeavored to look dispassionately upon all political questions as they arose and was willing to give credit to the Republican party for any measure which they proposed, which in my judgment was conducive to the public welfare. But my confidence in the mass of the Democratic party, and my loyalty to those great fundamental principles which have controlled and directed its policy since the days of Thomas Jefferson, its great founder, are as strong today as in the days of my early manhood. Because I believe that upon the success of those principles depends the preservation of our free institutions, and the welfare and happiness of the American people. But when there has been a radical departure from the policy of the government since its foundation, and those in control of the government are pursuing a course not sanctioned by the constitution of the United States, and if persisted in must prove dangerous if not destructive to our free institutions, it becomes the duty of every citizen to do everything in his power be it much or little to arouse the people to a sense of their danger, that they may at the ballot box put a stop to those measures and defeat the party that is responsible for them. For this reason I am here today, to participate with you in this meeting.

For the first time in the history of our country, we find ourselves in possession of a large foreign territory, the Philippine islands, situated in the Pacific Ocean and seven thousand miles from our shore; inhabited by eight or ten millions of people, a majority of whom are Malay Indians, a dark race and totally uncivilized; and the question of first importance is, what disposition shall we make of them?

We declared to the nations of the world that our object in prosecuting the war with Spain was to liberate Cuba from her despotic rule, and to secure to the people of that island independence and self government. Mr. McKinley had declared that the war was not waged for the purpose of acquiring additional territory, but on the contrary, that such action on our part would be "criminal aggression;" yet when the commissioners, appointed by him met the Spanish Commissioners in Paris, to make a treaty of peace, he directed them to demand of Spain the surrender and cession of the Philippine Islands. Spain yielded and upon the payment of twenty millions of dollars she ceded those islands to the United States. By that treaty no provision was made for the independence of those islands, or to secure the personal and political rights of the people; but they became the absolute property of the United States, not for the purpose of forming new states to be admitted into the Union, or to enjoy those rights or that protection of person and property which the Constitution guarantees to the humblest citizen, but as subjects of a conquered province, to be held as they are now held, taxed and governed by the President with the army of which he is commander in chief and over which he has supreme control.

That such is the policy of Mr. McKinley and the Republican party there can be no doubt. This is shown by the platform of the party and his letter of acceptance, neither of which gives any promise of independence to the islands. After the treaty with Spain was ratified by the Senate of the U. S., Mr. Bacon, the distinguished Senator from Georgia, who will address you this afternoon, offered a resolution, declaring that the purpose of this government was to give independence to the Philippine Islands, and that resolution was defeated by the Republican Senate.

After Admiral Dewey destroyed the Spanish fleet in bay of Manila, the President through his agents, induced the leaders of the Philippine army to unite with our forces to drive the Spaniards from those Islands, under a promise as their ally that when peace was restored they should have their independence. They fought with our troops and rendered material assistance to the American army. The Spaniards were expelled and peace was declared. But those unfortunate people soon discovered that they had only exchanged masters; that their condition had not improved, but, on the contrary, that the government of this great republic was more galling and oppressive to them than the tyranny of Spain, under which they had languished for more than three centuries.

From that day to the present the President has waged a war of extermination against those helpless people, for no other reason than because they ask to be let alone and that they be allowed to govern themselves! We now have an army of sixty thousand men on those islends whose daily pastime seems to be to slaughter men, women and children as they would wild beasts. Sixty thousand soldiers can never subdue them. There must be a large increase in the army and years must elapse before they can be subjugated. After more than three hundred years of Spanish rule we found them in active rebellion against that government, and fighting for their liberty. Already this war has cost our government two hundred millions of dollars and before those people can be conquered a much larger amount must be expended.

The course thus pursued by the President of the United States is a flagrant usurpation of authority. The constitution confers no power upon the federal government to conquer foreign, nor any other territory to hold as a colony. The practice of the government since the adoption of the constitution shows that the territory we acquired was contiguous to territory we already possessed, and for the purpose of forming new States to be admitted into the Union when they had the requisite population. The government of the United States was formed by free and independent States for their mutual protection and benefit. They proclaimed as a fundamental principle that all governments derive their just powers from the consent of the governed, and upon that foundation our Republic has rested until the present time.

But that principle has been repudiated by Mr. McKinley as not applicable to the Philippine Islands. In its place he has organized a military government as despotic and arbitrary as any government the Sultan of Turkey, or any other despotic ruler could establish. This is the Imperialism against which William Jennings Bryan with all the force of his great intellect now protests, and to defeat which the American people should elect him President of the United States.

We now have a standing army of one hundred thousand men and it requires no prophetic vision to foretell that if Mr. McKinley is re-elected the same policy will be continued during the next administration. The army will be greatly increased and a standing army will become one of the established institutions of this country. The defeat of Mr. McKinley is our only means of escape from the perilous policy which he has inaugurated His re-election will be considered by him and his party as an indorsement of that policy, and an encouragement to prosecute a war as cruel as it is unjust.

This is the great and supreme issue which is now to be decided by the American people. The corrupt and oppressive Trusts, bad as they are and all other questions, are of secondary importance, when compard with this great evil, which threatens the very life of the Republic. It is not my purpose at this time to discuss more fully the important issues which are soon to be decided by the people, but merely in a brief manner to call to your attention, and to impress upon you, the great importance of the all absorbing question to which I have referred, which in my opinion overshadows all others, and upon the proper decision of which depend the safety and preservation of our free institutions, and, it may be, the Liberty of the people.

I now have the pleasure of introducing to you Col. Moore, the candidate of the Democratic party for the House of Representatives.

Hon. John P. Moore, candidate for Congress, followed in a masterly address of about forty minutes. Senator Moore had carefully written out his speech, and delivered it verbatim, knowing that the enemy would only be too glad to take advantage of any careless or indiscreet utterance. His cautious and sensible discussion of every leading issue now before the people proves him to be the right man to represent the people of this district in the 57th Congress.

The audience heartily greeted Senator Moore's strong points and gave him a rousing endorsement at the close of his address.

THE GREAT GEORGIAN SPEAKS NEXT.

Hon. Augustus O. Bacon, of Georgia, one of the ablest American Senator's and a brilliant Democratic orator, was next introduced and held his large audience in rapt attention through his full hour's speech. He did not say a word about the money question knowing this to be a dead issue, but pictured in glowing colors the fearful peril to the nation from the McKinley-Republican colonial policy, and the direful inroads of trusts.

NIGHT MEETING.

The night meeting was even larger than that of the afternoon. Stam's Hall was crowded. Col. Edwin H. Brown was the first speaker and for a full hour held the audience in close attention to his eloquent words. Maryland will be honored by having this able lawyer, brilliant orator and true representative of the people in the next Congress.

Continued on 4th Page.

JAMES D. LUCAS.

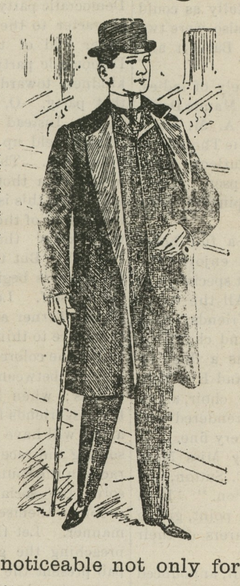
CLOTHING!

We open our line for the FALL 1900 and WINTER 1901 with much the same feeling of confidence that a fellow experiences when he knows he has a good thing.

SO

many good things grouped together that it is impossible for us to tell you about them all in this column, but your attention is especially directed to our grand collection of

Men's, Boys' & Children's
... Clothing ...



Which is noticeable not only for its elegance, but its cheapness in price, and great variety as well.

BIG MEN, LITTLE MEN, FAT MEN and LEAN MEN

all get fit at our store.

Our Hat, Underwear, Neckwear and Glove Departments

are all filled to overflowing with good things. Anything you want in these lines, you may reasonably expect to find here.

JAMES D. LUCAS

THE CLOTHIER,

Directly Opposite Stam's Hall, Chestertown.

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