Choice Nursery Stock!

I HAVE FOR SALE FOR DELIVERY IN FALL 1904

A Very Select Lot of Peach, Pear Apple, Plum and Nut Trees.

Also some No. 1 Two-Year GOOSEBERRY PLANTS.

Gooseberries pay better than any fruit our county has ever grown. The great paying crops you have heard of were from patches I have placed. If you want to get something that will pay you handsomely try Gooseberries, but be sure to get the right variety. I have them. You take no risk with me.

HARRY L. BOYD,
Chestertown, Md.

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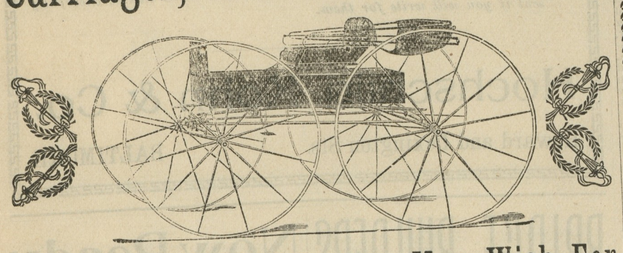
GREAT SALE OF SAMPLE SHOES

What are Sample Shoes? Sample Shoes are a superior product from enterprising Shoe factories, used to show their output by salesmen in the securing of orders. We buy these at a very liberal discount, owing to their slightly soiled condition and odd sizes. We have just secured the entire stock of samples from one of the best makers of fine Shoes. Some haven't been out of their boxes—reserve samples. Others have been with the salesmen on their rounds—but refinished and as good as new. All sizes for Men, Ladies and Children. Come, see what you can get for your money by buying SAMPLE SHOES.

W. A. CARROLL, Chestertown,

NEXT DOOR TO NEW POSTOFFICE.

Carriages, Dearborns, Wagons



Most Any Style Buggy You May Wish For

HORSE SHOEING, WHEELWRIGHTING and ALL KINDS OF REPAIRING second to none in the quality of our work. Call and see us,

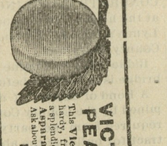
S. HICKS, Court Street.



TRUSTWORTHY TREES

Are most likely to be obtained from reliable growers—Harrison's. Are Reliable to be obtained from reliable growers—Harrison's. Are most likely to be trustworthy. They contain TWO PRIMEPAY PLUM—Pre-eminent good quality, productive, keeps two weeks. MAMMOTH BLACK TWIG, very productive, keeps two weeks. APPLE—Enormous apple; good quality; very productive; keeps two weeks. WINTER BANANA, good keeper, robust, heavy bearer. Descriptive price list of Small Fruits, strawberries, etc. Catalogue free. Hundreds of other varieties. Also Ornamentals, Roses, etc. Catalogue free.

HARRISON'S NURSERIES, Box 28, BERLIN, Md.



If You Are in Need of

PEACH TREES
Apple TREES
KEIFER PEAR

Write or Call on

J.G. Harrison & Sons
BERLIN, MD.

who guarantee Satisfaction. Catalogue Free.

PERSONAL INSPECTION SOLICITED.

VICTOR PEACH LEADERS COLUMBIAN ASPARAGUS

This Victor Peach is unfoubtably the earliest peach known. It is a free, good color and hardy, free from disease and a prolific bearer. Columbian Mammoth Asparagus is a splendid, large, early, blood red stem white, robust, vigorous grower. Also Small Fruits, Roses and our Plum and Apple Trees. Catalogue FREE.

HARRISON'S NURSERIES, Box 22, BERLIN, Md.

RYDALES STOMACH TABLETS.

Rydales Stomach Tablets are made for the Stomach and organs of assimilation and are not intended for a "cure all". They contain concentrated aseptic, Pepsin. Pure Pancreatin and other digestive agents. They contain powerful tonics and mild stimulants that have a specific effect on the stomach and organs of assimulation and which aid nature in reconstructing the broken down cells and strengthening the flacid muscles of the walls of the stomach and other digestive organs. Rydales Stomach Tablets, are a perfect stomach medicine, they relieve at once and soon cure the worst forms of stomach trouble, Price 25 and 50cts. a box.

M. A. TOULSON.

FOLEY'S HONEY AND TAR
for children: safe, sure. No opiates

TRUST FUNDS TO
LOAN ON MORTGAGE
IN SUMS TO SUIT

APPLY TO
JOHN D. URIE,
Office Adjoining Savings Bank,
Chestertown, Maryland.



Miss Agnes Miller, of Chicago, speaks to young women about dangers of the Menstrual Period.

"To Young Women:—I suffered for six years with dysmenorrhea (painful periods), so much so that I dreaded every month, as I knew it meant three or four days of intense pain. The doctor said this was due to an inflamed condition of the uterine appendages caused by repeated and neglected colds.

"If young girls only realized how dangerous it is to take cold at this critical time, much suffering would be spared them. Thank God for **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound**, that was the only medicine which helped me any. Within three weeks after I started to take it, I noticed a marked improvement in my general health, and at the time of my next monthly period the pain had diminished considerably. I kept up the treatment, and was cured a month later. I am like another person since. I am in perfect health, my eyes are brighter, I have added 12 pounds to my weight, my color is good, and I feel light and happy."—Miss Agnes Miller, 25 Potomac Ave., Chicago, Ill. — *$5000 forfeit if original of above letter proving genuineness cannot be produced.*

The monthly sickness reflects the condition of a woman's health. Anything unusual at that time should have prompt and proper attention.

RHEUMATISM

in any form yields quickly to NELATON'S REMEDY. Guaranteed to cure Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Sciatica, Gout—money back if it fails. At your druggist's. Free sample on request.

Nelaton Remedy Co.,
BALTIMORE, MD.

LIVE SPICES

Get your Spices here and be sure of the BEST. We can guarantee them to be PURE.

Bathing becomes a luxury when you use the Russian Rubber Sponge.

We have a large supply of Hair Brushes, Tooth Brushes, Nail Brushes just in. Call and examine Our Stock.

THE STAM DRUG CO.
CHESTERTOWN, MD.

IF YOU WANT

A FIRST-CLASS,, RELIABLE FERTILIZER for your Wheat—one that will not gum up or clog in your drill—

—USE—

Beck, Walker Co's.

TRY ME,
PROPAGATOR
or SPECIAL BONE
MIXTURE.

The largest yields of wheat this year have been where these goods were used.

We are also prepared to put up any kind of Fertilizer you desire, from the very best to the lowest price.

BECK WALKER COMPANY,

Office, Kent News Building.

'Phone No. 3. CHESTERTOWN, MD.

VALUE IN FERTILIZERS

WHAT THE FARMERS PAY FOR

Nitrogen, Phosphoric Acid And Potash And The Sources From Which They Are Obtained.

One of the most important things connected with successful farming is, of course, the maintenance of soil fertility. It is an admitted fact that there is nothing that is so generously good, both for immediate results and for feeding the soil with humus, as good barnyard manure, from stables in which a variety of stock is fed. The great problem is to secure sufficient of this for the many fields on the farm, and because the supply is not equal to the demand chemical fertiliziers are used instead of manure. Notwithstanding hundreds of thousands of tons of chemical fertilizer are bought by farmers every year, there is probably no one thing of which the farmers generally know so little.

Dr. Paul Schweitzer, in bulletin No. 43 of the Missouri Experiment Station, give the following sensible "Advice to Farmers;"

It is well to bear in mind that in the purchase of a fertilizer, no matter by what name or under what guarantee it is sold, the only things of value are the available phosphoric acid, potash and nitrogen—not all the phosqhoric acid, potash and nitrogen which the fertilizer may contain, but only those portions of the three substances mentioned which are available to the plants, and that means the portions which are either directly soluble in water or in such physical condition as to be easily absorbed by the roots that come in contact with them. If, therefore, a fertilizer is bought under the claim of containing 12½ per cent. of available phosphoric acid, then a hundred pounds of it contains 12½ pounds of value, the rest, 87½ pounds, being so much dross or useless incumbrance, and if sold under the claim of containing 3½ per cent. of available nitrogen, 1½ per cent. of water-soluble potash and 8 per cent. of available nitrogen, 1½ per cent. of water-soluble potash and 8 per cent. of available phosphoric acid, then 13 pounds in the 100-pound sack are of value and the rest incumbrance.

Now it is plain that to rely implicitly on the claim made for an article of commerce by its manufacturer would be unwise, for, though responsible houses can as a rule be trusted, the lack of supervision would beget carelessness, and this works without exception to the detriment of the buyer. It is for this reason that the State by its Fertilizer Inspection law endeavors to protect the farmer; this law places the responsibility of seeing that the fertilizers sold in this State are true to the claims made for them upon the director of the experiment station or his agents. They collect twice a year—in the fall and in the spring—samples of all fertilizers bought by farmers so far as they can be reached, and subject them to a careful chemical analysis, the results of which, along with the claims for them, are published in a buletin for general distribution. Every buyer of fertilizer should receive or call for a copy of this bulletin and compare the analytical statement with the claim made for the article he bought, so as to have a guide in future purchases.

No regulation of the prices at which fertilizers are sold can, of course, be attempted. Healthy competition will as a rule result in fair charges, yet it is desirable for every farmer to ascertain for himself whether he actually receives his moneys worth. It may be done with a tolerable degree of accuracy by pricing the pound of available nitrogen at 16 cents, the pound of available phosphoric acid at 4 cents and the pound of water-soluble potash at 4½ cents. These prices are subject to fluctuation and have to be revised every year, bnt they are thought at the present time to be fair to producer and to consumer.

The two fertilizers previously spoken of will consequently have the following values; The first, with 12½ per cent. of available phosphoric acid, or 12½ pounds of it in 100-pound sack, will be worth four times 12½cents, or 50 cents per 100 pounds, or $10 per ton, and the second 95 cents per 100 pounds, or $19 per ton; the caculation is readily made and will serve a good purpose. A number of brands of bone meal are, for example, in the market, and selection has to be made of the number; this is the most difficult case, since, in addition to the value of the ingredients mentioned, the phosphoric acid, listed as insoluble in bone goods, should receive a valuation of 2½ cents per pound; but by calculating and adding the value to the rest a comparison of the different brands can be readily made with the prices at which they are offered and the proper choice made intelligently.

Potash, phoshoric acid and nitrates in certain amounts are necessary to insure satisfactory crops. These substances are taken up by the plants largely during the early stages of their growth, which fact has a most important bearing upon the whole question of manuring, for it is plain that if the absorption of the largest part of the ash constituents takes place during the early growth and before the full development of the root system a much larger part, especially of the very essential food constituents of the plant, must be present in the soil than merely suffices for a single crop. The roots have not penetrated yet and spread through the whole mass of cultivated soil, and so the food must, so to speak, seek the roots rather than the roots the food, and to do so effectively it must be present in available form on every particle of soil. To stint the plants at this early stage of growth is fatal to their fullest and best development and a certain way to an inferior and short crop.

Nitrogen.

The term "available", so often used in regard to plant food implies solubility in water, since the roots of plants can absorb nothing but what is soluble. Whatever is insoluble, including the vast amount of elementary nitrogen in our atmosphere, is wholly unavailable excepting in the cause of leguminous plants, likewise does the available nitrogen in our soil suffer gradual but continual loss through surface washing or underdrainage, by which this most desirable and costleist of all plant foods demands more careful and more intelligent attention than the rest.

We know there are virtually but two classes of nitrogenous compounds which on account of their solubility and experimental proof furnished therefor, can be taken up and assimilated by the plants: these are ammonia salts and salts of nitric acid. We also know by practical trials with our cultivated crops that the latter is more effective than the former. There is no doubt that the nirates are preferable and cheaper than other nitrogen salts and are in reality the rational source of nitrogen for farm crops, unless, indeed, we supply, as we ought to do, the necessary nitrogen by a rotation, in which a leguminous plant, like clover or alfalfa, takes a prominent part.

Besides those mentioned, the markets supply two other nitrogenous manures—animal, like ground fish, bone, blood, scraps and various refuse of our slaughter and packing houses, and vegetables, like cottonseed meal and others—whose nitrogen is always speedily available to plants, but must first pass through a series of changes. These changes precede in every instance the assimilation of nitrogen, and, since animal substance containing it decompose more readily than vegetable ones, the former are more valuable to the farmer for manurial purposes, especially where quick responses are expected and demanded. From this statement, however, horn shavings and hide and leather scraps are excluded, as they have scarcely any effect whatever unless previously submitted to a chemical treatment.

Potash.

The accessible potash supply for this State consists of wood ashes and the products of the potash industry at Stassfurth, Germany.

The former are limited in amount and available only in certain places, and it is difficult to assign to them on account of the differences in their composition any certain value. Where used as in the southern part of the State, 10 per cent, of potash in unleached ashes is probably the average. Unlimited supply reaches us, however, from Germany under the names of kainit, sulphate and muriate. The first of these contains 12½ per cent, of potash and the others about 50 per cent, a guarantee being given in every case by the original seller which can be accepted as reliable.

Phosphoric Acid.

The sources of this acid are four in number—first, bones, either fresh or steamed or in some form resulting by the operations of the packing-house industry; second, phosphatic deposits, like those of South Carolina or the keys of the Caribbean sea: third, accumulations at certain places of fossil, chiefly excrementitious in character; fourth, Thomas slag or slag, a by-product of the smelting of iron ores, of late years brought into the markets of this country. In either of these substances is phosphoric acid readily available; each has to be ground more or less finely, or, better yet, treated with acid in manufacturing plants to make the phosphoric acid soluble. The percentage of this acid in the numerous brands of phosphatic fertilizers varies between wide limits and cannot even be approximately given.

The claim or guarantee on every sack or package required to be put on it by law, with steady supervision on the part of the experiment station, offers means of protecting the farmers against imposition; yet the decision in regard to the necessity of buying fertilizer at all, as also the intelligent selection of kind and amount, rests with the farmers, and no fixed rules can be given for either crop or soil, here or elsewhere. Actual tests of the value of a fertilizer on the farmer's own soil is the surest and safest guide.

It is expected that the new railway line between Middleton and Cecilton will be placed in operation about Christmas. The line will be ten miles long and will furnish railway facilities to a section of country which is now without them. The cars of the company will be operated by gasoline motors instead of by electricity as was at first expected. The outcome of this experiment will be watched with interest. It is claimed by some that the gasoline motors are as cheap to operate and as reliable as electric current. Unlike electricity the gasoline motor can de stopped when the car is not running and power saved.

For pleasure and profit plant peach apple and pear trees, thus enabling you to have fruit almost the entire year. These trees can be secured of J G. Harrison & Sons, Berlin, Md., who have probably the largest stock of Peach and Apple trees in the Country. Raising trees in large quantites they are able to supply you with any size tree you wish at a very small cost, considering the quality. They guarantee satisfaction and your personal inspection is invited before buying the trees. Do not delay.

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

R. F. PARKS & SON. | *R. F. PARKS & SON.*

October 1904. **October 1904.**

R. F. PARKS & SON,

Early Fall—The Beautiful Autumn Season Has Just Arrived. The Styles Have Changed.

Everything New and Handsome!

DRESS GOODS.

Ibalenes, 44 inches,	50c
Zibalines, 36 inches,	50c
Serges, all colors, 42 inches,	50c
Cheviots, 50 inches,	82½c and $1.00
Broadcloths, 50 inches,	$1.00, 1.37½ and 1.50
Cassimeres, 36 inches,	50c, 87½c and $1.00
Fancy Mohairs, 42 inches, all colors,	85c

PERCALES, ETC.

A tremendous line of dark and light Percales, Calicoes, Ginghams and Seersuckers.

BOMETHNG ENTIRELY NEW.

A large line of Fancy Flannelettes, Outings, Plain and Fancy, White, Blue, Cream, Red, Lenna Cloths.

A magnificant line of Fancy Collars in all styles and colors, beautiful Applique Trimmings and Embroideries.

UNDERWEAR.

We have a line of Underwear for Men, Women and children that cannot be surpassed by any.

Combination or Union Suits for Ladies and Children, all prices, all wool (positively) merinos for the little ones from 30c to 62½c. Heavy Fleeced Underwear for the men at 25c to 2.00.

SLANKETS, BLANKETS, BLANKETS.

In sizes 10¼, 11¼ and 12¼—All Wool Blankets in White, Red and Gray, comfortable, in all colors and sizes and the prices are right. From 55c to $6.50

FLANNELS.

Canton Flannels, Wood Flannels, in Red, Cream and white.

SHOES, SHOES, SHOES.

We still have a lot of Shoes which originally sold at $3 and $3.50, now $1 Shoes for women that were $1.50, $2, and $3 now at 98c. Shoes for children that were $1.50, $2 and $3 now at 98c.

HORSE BLANKETS.

We have just gotten in the largest and most varried assortment of Horse Blankets and Lap Robes of all descriptions to suit the most fastidious.

Trunks, Valises, Telescopes and Dress-suit Cases, varried line—at any price.

SPECIAL BARGAINS.

In 4-4 Brown Muslin, 8c value for	5½c
8c Canton Flannels,	6¼c
Quilting Calicoes in Dark Colors	4½c
Cotton Crash for Toweling,	3½c
4-4 Bleached Muslins, regular 10c and 12½ quality	8c
8c Apron Gingham for	5½c
Quilting Cotton at	6c

R. F. Parks & Son,

CHESTERTOWN, MARYLAND.

Ayer's Pills Keep them in the house. Take one when you feel bilious or dizzy. They act directly on the liver. J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass.

Want your moustache or beard a beautiful brown or rich black? Use **BUCKINGHAM'S DYE** FIFTY CTS. OF DRUGGISTS OR R. P. HALL & CO., NASHUA, N. H.

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