



THE STAR.

EASTON, Md.

TUESDAY MORNING, NOV. 18, 1845

Mr. V. B. PALMER is our authorized agent to receive subscriptions and advertisements for the "Eaton Star," in the cities of Baltimore and Philadelphia.

NOTICE.—Persons who have advertised Insolvent Notices in our paper, are notified that they cannot obtain certificates thereof without the cash. From this rule we cannot deviate.

TALBOT COUNTY COURT met yesterday.—Present, Judges Chambers, Hopper and Ebleston.

The following is the list of Grand Jurors: Matthew T. Goldsborough,

Charles H. Bowdles, Wm. H. Fairbanks, Wm. Hayward, Thos. Arringdale, Sol. S. Hopkins, Josiah E. Leonard, Samuel Emerson, Charles Robinson, Josiah Chaplain, Nicholas Orem, Henry Lowe.

J. Bozman Kerr, Esq. has been appointed Deputy Attorney General for this county, vice Hamilton, resigned.

We learn that John C. Ruth, indicted before Queen Ann's county Court, for committing a rape on the body of a Miss Thawley, has been tried and acquitted of the charge.

Privileges of Post-Masters.—When subscribers refuse to take Newspapers from the office, Postmasters are now, as heretofore, required to notify Editors, &c. and may frank letters containing such notice.

Snow.—The snow was three inches deep at Union on Sunday the 9th inst. At Cayuga bridge (N. Y.) it was said to be 18 inches.

The first session of the Twenty-ninth Congress will commence on next Monday week. About 160 seats in the House of Representatives have already been selected by the new members in person.

MARYLAND SENATE.—The term of service of the following Senators expires at the end of the approaching session of our State Legislature: Whigs.—Palmer of Queen Anne; Townsend of Worcester; Newcomer of Washington; Beal of Allegany.

Democrats.—Ely of Balto. county; McCulloch of Cecil; and Frick of Baltimore city.

MEXICO.—The Washington correspondent of the New York Journal of Commerce professes to know the purport of the recent despatches received from Mexico by our Government. He may or may not be correct. We would be gratified to hear, beyond doubt, that our difficulties were in a train of amicable adjustment. The correspondent says, as far as we are unofficially learned, the Mexican government propose—

1st, the withdrawal of the United States naval force from Vera Cruz; and the Mexican coast; 2d, upon the compliance of the United States with this request, diplomatic relations to be restored, and diplomatic agents to be mutually appointed; 3d, negotiations to be entered into for the settlement and liquidation of all difficulties between Mexico and the U. States; 4th, a proper boundary line to be agreed upon between the U. States and Mexico; 5th, a proper and reasonable remuneration to be allowed to Mexico for the adjustment of the new boundary.

THE WAR PANIC.—From the course pursued by many of the Whig papers, the public may be led to suppose that a war between the United States and Great Britain is unavoidable. The reason assigned is, that active warlike preparations are going on in the navy yards and arsenals of England, and the unsettled feeling in regard to the Oregon question. We cannot believe that such is the true cause of alarm with them. We reluctantly assert that their motive is favoring to trans-Atlantic views and hostility to the Executive of their own government.

Be this as it may, the Cabinet at Washington are diligently acting on the sage advice of the Father of his country, by using all the means in their power to fortify our country against any sudden aggression, should it be attempted now or hereafter. President Polk will fearlessly assert our rights, regardless of all intimidation from home or abroad, and the American people will stand by him in the honest discharge of his duties. We do not desire war—our Government does not seek it—nor do we believe the adjustment of the Oregon question will involve us in a war. Let us hear what a neutral paper in politics says.

The Baltimore Sun in noticing the war-cry asks—"why this special alarm now? why at this particular point in time now? the cry of apprehended war?" The activity of warlike preparation in England was not "news by the Calcutta;" it had been known in this country for some time before her arrival, and not a very short time neither; why then did it not stir up the spirit of special comment sooner? The truth is, or would at least seem to be, that it was because British speculation had not before directed the point of those preparations towards Oregon. The trans-Atlantic war had not been given, and the performers on this side were at fault; and now they affect—perhaps some really feel it—considerable alarm, not really at the prepara-

tions in reference, but at the English speculations touching the object of them; while in fact these amount to nothing more in the way of conclusion, than a mere proposition that the British government intends to take strong ground in relation to Oregon. And are we to have our fears excited because of this? The attempt to do so though it may be worthy of its authors, must prove a most decided failure as an experiment upon our people and government; for as such it was no doubt particularly designed by its English originators.

ELECTIONS.—NEW YORK.—The Senate will stand 26 Democrats to 6 Whigs! The House 75 Democrats to 53 Whigs and Anti-renters!

Notwithstanding the holy horror professed by Whigery at every breach of public honor or of individual dishonesty, we find that party in several counties of New York uniting with and supporting the anti-renters—a combination of men who have set law at defiance, and imbued their hands in innocent blood. Comment on such a factious union is unnecessary. The State is safe, and public virtue has triumphed.

The majority for a Convention to reform the Constitution, it is said, will be 50,000.

MASSACHUSETTS ELECTION.—"The Democrats defeated!!"—"Massachusetts gone for the Whigs!!"—"The French have taken Algiers!!"

From the Boston Post.—"Briggs and Reed—the whig candidates for Governor and Lieutenant Governor have failed of an election by nearly, or quite, a thousand votes. There is no election in the 9th Congressional District. Mr. Pierce (Democrat) has a plurality, but lacks thirteen or fourteen hundred of a majority. The whigs will have a majority in the House of Representatives and thus be enabled to fill the vacancies in the Senate, elect their Governor and Lieutenant Governor, and obtain the control of all the branches of the government for the ensuing year."

There is but little in this result for Webster, Whigery to shout over.

MICHIGAN ELECTION.—This State has 'gone it strong' for Democracy, scarcely leaving a foot-hold sufficient for Whigery to stand upon.

The result shows—A Democratic Governor by two thousand majority! Seven of the nine Senators elected! And a majority of 33 in the House!

LOUISIANA.—Genl. Harisson, dem., has been elected to Congress in the 3rd district of this State, beating his competitor (Cooley) by a large majority.

The new Constitution has no doubt been adopted.

MILITARY CONVENTION.—We have been requested to publish the annexed notice and proceedings. It will be seen that it is proposed to hold a General Convention in Baltimore on the last Tuesday of this month for the purpose of devising a better system of laws for the regulation and government of the Militia of the State than that now in operation. We call attention to the subject.

Twelfth Brigade, M. I.

The Officers belonging to the Twelfth Brigade of Maryland Militia, are hereby requested to direct their attention to the subject of the proceedings of a Military Convention recently held in the city of Baltimore, concerning matters of deep interest to all of them.

TENCH TILGHMAN, Brigadier General. Papers in Talbot, Caroline, and Dorchester will confer a favor by inserting this notice.

PROCEEDINGS OF THE MILITARY CONVENTION.

Agreeably to public notice, the Convention composed of the General Field and Staff of the 3d Division of Maryland Militia, the General Field and Staff of the 1st Light Division of Maryland Volunteers, and the delegates from the volunteer corps of the city of Baltimore, assembled at the City Hall on Monday evening, the 5th Oct. The meeting was organized by appointing Maj. Gen. GEO. H. STEWART, President, Brig. Gen. B. C. HOWARD and R. DUTTON, and Col. O. BOULDIN, V. PIES'S, Captains JAMES M. ANDERSON and WILLIAM H. WATSON, Secretaries.

The following resolutions, prefaced by some remarks calling the attention of the Convention to the defective organization of the Militia of the State, were offered by Capt. John Fickell, of the National Blues, and unanimously adopted:

Resolved, That a committee composed of the Major General of the Third Division of the Maryland Militia, the Major General of the First Light Division, and eleven other members of this Convention, to be elected by ballot, be formed to prepare a system of laws for the regulation and government of the Militia of the State, and also to prepare such additional provisions as may be necessary for the Militia of the City of Baltimore; and that said committee be requested to report the result of its proceedings to a more general Convention to be held in this city on the last Tuesday of November next; the members of this Convention to be members thereof.

Resolved, That the General Field and Staff of the Militia of the State be considered members ex-officio of said Convention, and are respectfully requested to attend the same; and that the several volunteer or uniformed companies in the State, be also requested to appoint delegates to attend the General Convention at the time and place above designated.

Resolved, That a committee of correspondence, composed of five members, be appointed by the Chair to carry the object of the preceding resolution into effect.

Resolved, That the publishers and editors throughout the State favorable to the object proposed by this Convention, be respectfully solicited to publish the proceedings of this preliminary meeting in the

several papers, and to invite public attention to the subject.

On motion of Lieut. Fahnestock, it was Resolved, That the committee appointed to prepare a plan for the regulation and government of the Militia of the State, be authorized to invoke the aid of such gentlemen as they may deem requisite to promote the object contemplated by this Convention.

The Chairman appointed the following gentlemen a committee of correspondence: Brig. Generals Benj. C. Howard, Robert Dutton and Henry Mankin, and Cols. Nathaniel Hickman and Jacob G. Davis.

On motion of Col. Bouldin, it was Resolved, That the members and delegates to the Military Convention to be held in the city of Baltimore on the last Tuesday in November next be requested to appear in uniform.

After which the Convention adjourned.

ABOLITION OF CAPITAL PUNISHMENT.—The convention for the abolition of capital punishment met in Philadelphia on Wednesday.

The proceedings consisted rather of recommending and adopting plans of operation than in speech making.

On Wednesday evening, the first annual meeting of the American society for the abolition of the death penalty, was held in the Chinese Saloon. The president of the society, the Hon. Geo. M. Dallas, presided over the meeting; and, in taking his seat, enforced, in a brief and pertinent manner, the importance of the object at which the society aims, and the best mode of attaining it. Upon the conclusion of his remarks, a series of resolutions was read by Honore Greely, Esquire on the part of the committee appointed for the purpose at the previous meeting of the society. Addresses were then delivered by Cyrus Burleigh of Connecticut, Dr. Snodgrass, of Baltimore, and others. Dr. Collins, of Baltimore, was also present, and took part in the proceedings.

HANGING OF COL. DAVENPORT'S MURDERERS.—Aaron Young and two brothers named Long, were executed at Rock Island, Illinois, on the 4th inst., for the murder of Col. Davenport. They were all hung on one gallows and on letting the drop fall, the rope to which Aaron Long was suspended broke, and he fell, striking his back on the beam below, and laid insensible from the effects of the rope on his neck. Soon however, the officers descended and lifted him up, when he recovered his senses and was again led upon the gallows, suffering intensely, raising his hands and crying out—"The Lord have mercy on me? You are hanging an innocent man and (pointing to his brother) there hangs my poor brother."

The scene is represented to have been horrible indeed and when he was about to be suspended the second time there was considerable murmuring among the crowd and a general rush, but the officers performed their sad duty; and he was soon tumbled into eternity.

VIRGINIA ANNUAL CONFERENCE.—The Norfolk Session, of Wednesday, says—"The annual session of this body convenes this evening, at the Methodist Episcopal Church, in this city. This being the first session since the separate and distinct organization of the Church, South, an unusually large attendance of Ministers is expected on the occasion. Beside the members of the Conference, about one hundred in number, some twenty-five or thirty ministers attached to the Baltimore and Philadelphia Conferences, but who side with the South in the struggle which is now dividing this large denomination in twain, are expected to be in attendance. In addition to Bishop Andrews, many other ministers of distinguished pulpit abilities will be in attendance."

MIRACULOUS ESCAPE FROM DEATH.—A few days ago, as Mr. Craig Vanosters, of Salem county, N. J., was in the act of descending an old well, the well caved in both below and above, and buried him to that depth of about 30 feet. The well was some 60 feet deep, and at the time of the accident Mr. V. was suspended in the bucket and the neighbors began a search for what they deemed his dead body. At 5 o'clock in the afternoon, they found him alive and but very little injured, the stones having formed an arch over his head. His escape under the circumstances was truly wonderful.

SINGULAR FANATICISM OF THE MILLERITES.—We perceive by one of our exchanges, that in Gill, Mass., the Millerite meetings have recently exhibited some of the most shameful scenes of gross and debasing fanaticism and wickedness of which we have heard. In the course of their senseless and fanatical ravings, it was concluded that one of their number might stand should become the scapegoat for the sins of the whole assembly. A man by the name of Kendall was selected for that purpose, and by some process by which the sins of the other disciples were transferred to him, whereupon, he submitted to be beaten until his face and head became literally black and blue.

THE NEW GOVERNOR OF IOWA.—The Pennsylvanian says, the newly appointed Governor of Iowa, James Clark, Esq., was born in Westmoreland, Pa.—is a nephew of James Clark, now Canal Commissioner of Pennsylvania—served an apprenticeship as printer at Harrisburg—emigrated to Burlington—published the Territorial Gazette there—was Secretary of the Territory and is now its Governor.—He is an excellent fellow—a sound Democrat, and his appointment will, we have no question, delight the people of Iowa.

Singular Sights.—Several ships recently arrived, are reported as having passed large ice islands in the middle of the Atlantic. The packet ship Liverpool met with one, and the Sylvie de Grasse saw another on the 1st inst., in lat. 43 30. lon. 43 59, which was one hundred feet high, and four hundred feet long. It is very rare that these immense bodies of ice are to be seen at this late season of the year.

A DEMOCRATIC COUNTY.—Monroe Co. Pa. gives the following vote for Canal Commissioner. Look at it coons, and—weep!

Burns, dem. Karns, con. Middle Smithfield, 305 1 Hamilton, 226 2 Chesnut Hill, 130 0 Jackson, 91 0 Price, 34 0 Coolbaugh, 31 0

Population of the Empire State.—The entire population of the State of N. York, by the census just taken, is 2,600,374. In 1840, it was 2,429,436, showing an increase in 5 years of 170,938.

Great Yield of Corn.—Mr. Morris, of Chester co., Pa. has raised a field of corn this year, which yields 112 bushels to the acre.

THE MEMPHIS CONVENTION.—This body, composed of some of the most talented men in the country, will assemble at Memphis, Tenn., to-day. As its deliberations are looked to with some interest, we may state that the following subjects will engage its attention:

- 1. The Military and Naval resources of the Mississippi Valley, and its ability to create and sustain a steam military marine.
2. The improvement of the Ohio river, and the project of a free Canal at the falls of the Ohio.
3. The improvement of the Mississippi river, and its tributaries.
4. A Western National Armory.
5. A National Ship Canal, to connect the Mississippi with the Northern Lakes.
6. Mail routes to the Western rivers.
7. A military road through the Public Lands in the Southwest.
8. The reclaiming the submerged grounds along the margin of the Western rivers.
9. The growth of Cotton.
10. Manufacturing in the South.
11. The completion of the Railroad from Charleston to Memphis.

From the New Orleans Picayune. VERY LATE FROM TEXAS.—The steamer N. York, Capt. Phillips, arrived last evening from Galveston bringing us papers from that city of Saturday last, the 1st inst.

The Civilian says that the 300 dragoons to be stationed at Austin under Maj. Fauntleroy, have doubtless reached their destination. They crossed the Brazos; and at Nashville on the 2d of Oct.

The returns are not yet all in of the vote upon the adoption of the Constitution of Texas, but there has been no serious opposition heard of from any quarter. In Lagrange precinct the vote upon Annexation was 251 in favor of it, and only two against it.

Generals Rusk, Lamar and Houston are the most prominent candidates named to represent the new State in the Senate of the U. States.

The Civilian announces that Mr. Saligny will positively revisit Texas previously to returning to Europe.

Not a word by this arrival do we have from the troops at Corpus Christi, to indicate any change in the health of the soldiers, or their habits of activity. There is not even sufficient prospect of a fight for them to talk about. Business continues animated, Mexican traders arriving and departing freely. The Galveston News says that Maj. Hays and Captain McCullough, with their companions well mounted, are now on an expedition to the Rio Grande.

The Lagrange (Fayette county) Telegraph mentions that during the night of the 12th ultimo the town of Gonzales was visited by a party of horse thieves, and 20 of the finest horses in the place were stolen. It is not known whether the party were Indians, Mexicans or white men; but the former bear the burden of suspicion.

THE OREGON QUESTION.—The intimations by the Government organ, the Union, leads to the conclusion that the President intends to take the proper ground in the Oregon question, to assert the unquestionable right of the United States to the whole territory, up to 54 degrees, ground on which he will receive the support of two-thirds of the freemen of the country. The Union of Thursday has the following remarks upon the subject: "THE OREGON OR OREGON, on none—this is the only alternative as an issue of territorial right. We wholly deny the break in the American title at latitude 49 deg. We hold that our title from 42 deg. to 54 deg. 40 min. is one title, and as we believe, a perfect title against the world.—As the question has been discussed for a quarter of a century between us and England, we are not aware of one argument—scarcely of one phrase purporting to be an argument—which carries our title up to 49 deg. and there stops. We claim as a matter of right the territory drained by the Columbia river. In the view of the law of nations, this territory being unoccupied, has its distinctive character and unity as one region, in the fact that it is so drained.—And as one region, we either own it or do not own it."

Again, we must speak to the democratic party of the U. States. But we dare to hope that many a liberal will feel the force of the appeal which the interests of his country will make to his patriotism on this important question. We especially address ourselves, however, at this time, to the democratic party, because of the peculiar circumstances which have connected them in past times with the question of Oregon. They became peculiarly connected with it by their public avowals near eighteen months ago. The Baltimore convention expressed the deepest interest in the territory of Oregon. In the canvass of the Presidential election, the same decided sentiments were manifested. The President's first prompt, strong, manly word, in full response to that convention was, "Oregon our right is clear and unquestionable."

Let that word be spoken again by the man whom millions of freemen have called to occupy the "great central post of the civilization of popular power," and who doubts but that the democracy of the whole Union will repeat it—with a full determination to stand by the rights of the country? When that word goes forth from the constituted authorities of the nation, "Our right to Oregon is clear and unquestionable," who doubts that it will go through the length and breadth of the land, and that it will be hailed, as it goes, by the democratic party with one unanimous amen? And what then? We answer this then—the democracy of this country will stand to its word. It will not flinch. Nor will the honest, patriotic, and determined whig flinch either.

CALIFORNIA.—Albert M. Gilliam, late U. S. Consul at California, is of the opinion that the government of California must soon fall into the hands of the Anglo-Saxon race, either to New Orleans or some point on the Red River, might be made to great advantage. Mr. G. is engaged in writing a work on Mexico, &c.

Luther's dwelling House.—The king of Prussia has given directions for the purchase of the houses of the two reformers—Luther and Melancthon—for the purpose of converting them into schools. His Majesty has also commanded that the doors of Luther's dwelling, which the French had in a great measure, destroyed should be replaced. They will be of metal, richly embellished.

Odd Fellows.—The Odd Fellows in the U. States number over 100,000 members.

ANECDOTE OF MR. WEBSTER—IF TRUE, OMINOUS IN REGARD TO OREGON.

The "New York Morning News" of yesterday relates the following expressive anecdote about Mr. Webster:

The privileges of aristocrats and the protective system cannot stand under the influence of railroads. This feeling was expressed a fortnight since by Daniel Webster. Mr. A. Whitney, the projector of the great western railroad called upon Mr. Webster to know if he was favorable to the project. "No!" "Why?" "Because I will not support any means of improving the intercourse with the country west of the Rocky mountains. All that country must become a separate and distinct nation; and for that object I will oppose this railroad with all my influence." This was said within three weeks, and is very significant from the negotiator of the surrender of Maine.

We regard this anecdote as important, not as bearing on the question of railroads but of Oregon. Is it true that Mr. Webster (one of the whig champions of the Senate) is in favor of erecting a distant republic on the shores of the Pacific? Then does he not share the American feeling, but he adopts the policy of England and of France. Mr. Gozoli is for trimming the balance of power in America. Mr. Webster appears to fall into a similar policy. Great Britain was in favor of establishing an independent government in Texas. The "London Times" enforced it with all its power. It was for establishing another republic on our borders, for the purpose of balancing the weight and counteracting the influence of the United States. For the same reason, too, many of the English politicians are anxious to cut us off from Oregon, as well as from California, and, indeed, to cripple us in all directions. Such, we apprehend, is the spirit of Mr. Webster himself. If he has made this declaration to Mr. Whitney, he is for cutting us adrift from Oregon and inviting her people to erect that country into an independent republic. How different is this feeling from the sentiment ascribed to General Jackson. "No compromise (of Oregon) but at the cannon's mouth!"—Union.

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News of the Week.

"With News the time is labor.—And throws forth each minute some."

GEORGIA.—Judge Dougherty has been nominated by the Whig party of the Georgia Legislature, as their candidate for U. S. Senator.

The Canal.—The Cumberland Civilian says, the unfinished Masonry on the Canal, we learn, was all sub-let on Friday last.

Death of a Sheriff.—The Marlboro Gazette announces the death of Eli S. Baldwin, Esq., Sheriff of Prince Georges co., aged 44 years.

Religious Revival.—There is a revival of religion going on at the M. Episcopal and M. Protestant churches at Wilmington, Del.

Behaved.—At Lexington, Ga., James Shett behaved Mr. Selom H. Pemberton, after inflicting sundry wounds with a Bowie knife on his body.

Some mummy wheat, supposed to be 2000 years old, was sowed this year in Wrexton, England, and has produced upwards of forty stems from each grain, each stem bearing an ear.

The take of herrings all along the west coast of Ireland is so immensely abundant that the people cannot procure salt in sufficient quantity to save them.

Mr. Colkutt.—This distinguished statesman arrived at Mobile on Tuesday week, and was received with great ceremony by all classes and parties.

Hon. Oliver H. Smith, late U. S. Senator, has refused, under any circumstances, to be the whig candidate for Governor of Indiana.

A Noble Animal.—Carter, the lion king has purchased the largest horse in England. He has named him "General Washington." He is twenty hands high, and looks as large as an elephant.

Old Colony Railroad.—This new road connecting Boston with Plymouth, was opened on Saturday, with all the honors.—The Hon. John Quincy Adams and Daniel Webster were present and made speeches.

Hot for Texas.—Steamship Galveston, Capt. J. T. Wright, left New York on Tuesday morning for New Orleans, with the very small complement of 179 cabin, and 47 steerage passengers, of which nearly one-half were females.

The Receipts from the the use of the telegraph between Baltimore and Washington, are now at the rate of about \$2,000 a year, which pays its expenses. During the session there will be of course a great increase of income from this source.

Suicide.—The Chambers (Ala.) Herald states that a few days ago, Mr. Jas. Dozier, a young man of Wickerville in that county, committed suicide, by taking laudanum. Reason, removed from a second relapse of intemperance.

LONGEVITY.—The Clarksville (Va.) Herald says, there is living in that county, a colored woman 120 years old. She can tell all about the days that tried men's souls—retains her eyesight, and presents here and there, a beautiful pearly tooth.

Won't go to California.—Emma, the widow of the Mormon Prophet, Geo. Smith, has a large estate in and about Nauvoo, and is determined to stay and take care of it for herself and children. Some say that she claims the Temple also.

Georgia.—The Milledgeville Recorder says—"The Hon. John M. Berrien this day resigned his seat in the U. S. Senate. Both houses have voted to go into an election, but have fixed no common time, and there is still much doubt whether they will agree."

A turnip was exhibited in this place on Tuesday last, which measured thirty-nine inches in circumference and weighed twenty pounds and a half. It was of the Ruta Baga species, and was grown by Mr. Joseph K. Greenwell of this district.—Leonardtown, St. Mary's Co. Md. Herald.

Two negroes, convicted of a gross outrage on the person of a female in the vicinity of Stanton, Va. have been sentenced to be hanged. Wm. B. Johnson, a white man, concerned in the same outrage, has been sentenced to forty-two years' imprisonment in the penitentiary.

DEBT FREE.—The Consul for Belgium residing at New York, has received official information from his government that the following articles will be admitted in the ports of that kingdom free of duty until the first of June, 1845, viz. cheese, rye, barley, buckwheat, Indian corn, beans, peas, oats, natural, potatoes and rice.

POST OFFICE DEPARTMENT.—Information has been received at the department of the conviction of Doct. Patterson, of Rome, Georgia, in two cases, for robbing the mail in the spring at that place. He has been sentenced to hard labor in the penitentiary for 15 years in each case.

New York post office yielded for the quarter ending the 30th June, 1844. \$70,166 For the quarter ending the 30th of June, 1845. 45,254

(Union.) Deficit \$24,912

A Heavy Sentence.—Mike Caesar, the leader of the recent insurrection among the negroes of Charles county, was tried at Port Tobacco last week. The grand jury found 36 indictments against him, he was tried upon but ten of them, and sent to the penitentiary for four years upon each, making the whole term of his imprisonment 40 years. He is about 37 years of age.

Farms in Chester county, Pennsylvania, are selling at fair prices. The farm of Hugh Henry, in Charleston township, 100 acres, was sold by assignee on the 24th ultimo, for about \$69 per acre. The farm of W. Climeson, deceased, in Honeybrook 50 acres, sold for \$40 per acre. The farm of General Stanly, in West Nantmeal and Honeybrook, 150 acres, sold for \$55 per acre.

Remainder in the Received donation merchandise, \$6.—The Board, present Juvenile Whigs of E. \$200 dollars and fifty well for you, young, thy of imitation. M. to remember the poor, supplying the most of you surrounded by kind friends God to deprive you of their place be supplied cloth closer than a brot. Though the amount Treasury is small, yet of the health of our pensioners have been during the presence of two have been ill, much more, but were probably have to suffice, &c. The piercing wind leaves remind us of here. Many of us during this social without we have both friends around us, winter covers the whistles over the last heart feel who has the common sense they are not alone,

Experience has taught more than four years. Dr. Sherman's Medicated they are the best, safest preparations in use. It acts like a charm in the most cough, allaying all irrita free expectation with regard been tried in vain. The Lozenges are unequalled in their effects, and give worms can stand no children not heard of his celebrated engines? They relieve minutes, and are a specific palpitation, looseness of nervous affections arising habits. The Doctor's no humbug—they are simple they are all that they need. One trial will testify the their virtues. His warehouse street, New York. For sale at the Drug S. M. Dawson & Brother, agents at other stores in the

Baltimore. The supply prices tending up. We Wheat for family flour, good to prime red at 115 occasionally a few cents more ordinary to good 114 1/2 1500 bushels Pa good red Corn has further advanced quantities of Maryland new white at 62 1/2; of new yellow at 62 1/2; of old Corn at 67 1/2. Old Sales of Md. Rye at 70 1/2 at 75 cents. There has been an ad Flour during the past week

MARRI In Cambridge, Md., of ning last, by the Rev. Rev. James M. Haines Annual Con. Meth. Pro Hester Ann Lecompte.

DEED Near Potts's Mill, on the Ann, daughter of Leventown, aged 3 years days.

On Wednesday evening this Town of scarlet fever nine days, Elizabeth A. of James & Mary Barron years.

At Cambridge on Sunday Muse, Esq.

UNION ANNUAL THE Board of Officers A. Society respect Annual Report. Eleven years have past organization of the above sent our grateful thanks for allowing us the priv the sorrows and supply suffering fellow creature sent your Committee assisted, as far as they allow, all the poor with whom they thought re In November, nine persons assisted, three of whom ten, all indispos In January, ten, seven eleven, three sick, O month, our aged and Mr. Mrs. DWIGGINS, exch row and affliction for and happiness. We memory that we never sent upon her charac She was a pensioner of than five years, and the timony of all who visit "an Israelite indeed in el no guile." Through affliction she adorned sion by hearing the fru in rich abundance. Fr ty, gratitude and cleec the dispensations of I she has left but few c She lived to a good eighty-ninth year, w ripe sheek of corn, w gramer of her Lord an will be safely housed morn shall break in t delighted vision, neve by the trials and suffe right state. "L. In March, ten pers assisted—three sick, seven—one sick, In June, six—one v very sick. In August In September, seven sick. In October, nine The Treasurer report of "Treasury, Nov. 30 Received from Annual Donations in cash, Fines,

Received Expended

Remaining in the Received donation merchandise, \$6.—The Board, present Juvenile Whigs of E. \$200 dollars and fifty well for you