L, BARREN CREEK.
tember the 13th 1845.

ing since the primary
o Elect Delegates to the
d taken up my residence
ld escape the abuse and
ed upon some of the de-
ct, but finding that some
ard are, in my absence;
me with others Elected
date for the Sheriffalty
e cause of truth and jus
yourself to say that any
unded on the day of the
or after it, or that I was
any other individual is
simply in conversation,
stronger claims on the
yward; I did not vote at
I in Vienna during the
, I was not consulted as
s Elected, it is true, and
s a Delegate was unde-
, and I now say that if
y of those whose names
presented I should have
man, as I went to the
subserving the interests
the best of my judgment,
t of any individual at the
he charge of a Junto of
applied to that conven-
pprehend apply quite as
yward as to those who
and out of the conven-
greater efforts than did
dates before the conven-
f Mr. Hayward against
there was to my know-
Mr. Hayward or any of
were before the conventi
onvention was ever more
eld in Cambridge on the
norised to make such use
s you may choose.
y truly,
ITT C. HANDLEY.

icle, of the 13th inst. a
Hayward, in which he
t the delegates, from the
o vote for Mr. Jacobs in
a candidate for the Sher-
leclare the opinion to be
I am concerned. I was
ort Mr. Jacobs, but was
bject by any gentleman,
mary meeting, nor did I
should vote in convea
in convention, because I
he primary meeting that
e district prefered him
s their representative, to
and to vote for the man,
We are charged by the
ndidate, with having run
an occurrence, which I
very candid man) fasten
ith which they have al-
until late in the evening
eting was held, the p lls
otes taken. Soon after
K. Acworth who inform-
nning and that he wanted
rd ticket and I remarked
what you are up to (run-
acobs man.
d not know that I was
until Mr. Acworth in-
subject was not menti-
. C. HUFFINGTON.

September 16th 1845.
ion of Mr. Thos. Hay-
he 13th inst. in his (Mr.
npson, he steps out of his
saying that I had to be
to fill the vacancy, of Mr.
Vienna district, and I do
I was not sounded or in-
tion by any Gentleman,
on, that day as to who I
it to Cambridge on busi
ment I should be called
a vacancy occurring I
vacancy, and as a good
tate that not a word was
o I was favorable to or
nce the charge false and
a political Humbug.
rs &c.
DSON GAMBREL.

NNA 12th Sept. 1845.

through the kindness of
publicly and privately
private or special agree-
regard to the length of
d open in Vienna on the
positively deny that any
ent (as alluded to above)
enry or any other Gen-
ted by Dr. Henry him-
ry to day to know why it
nds should start a report
I made no such agree-
s the fact that there was
reement between us; all
-that during the evening
polls would close, and he
hour, or about an hour,
of tho' that much is like.
Dr. Henry and myself to
-it was a matter for the
him or myself; I also call
the Judge of the prima-
ively that he heard of no
h him, the arrangement
d not with me a private
has been asserted that it
Delegation would vote
leman knew that fact he
r I did not know how a
vote, and I further said,
who was pledged. But
any 5 Gentlemen who
cket that Mr. Hayward's
by Dr. Muse, would go
arful if we voted for a
er candidates would com-
went for the unpledged
Mr. Acworth said they
n, who was not for Mr.
ge of foul play and pack-
t the door of Mr. Hay-
on me as it seems they
by Dr. Fooks who was
Draw Bridge last Wednes
y denied what the dele
ar as he was concerned
that he was not present
meeting at Vienna, ne-
after as charged by Mr.
e know that he had been
week after the primary
e you see that this charge
you the whole charge is
, and this will be testified
Vienna district.
rs very truly,
VIN E. MEDFORD.

For the Chronicle.

DIED,—In Cambridge Md., on the 26th of August, Mrs. REBECCA RICHARDSON, in the 80th year of her age.

We are not often called to record the death of an individual who has passed through a long life with less to regret, than the subject of these remarks. The fidelity with which she watched over and provided for the comfort and well being of a large family—her sincerity in all the intercourse of life—her remarkable exemption from those faults which disturb the peace of society; and the steadfastness of her friendships, will long be remembered by a numerous family connexion and a still wider circle of friends. She received the doctrines and institutions of Christ's Holy Church as He has revealed them to us, and from them her affections *never* wandered. In simple and confiding faith, she looked for salvation in the "old paths" in which apostles and confessors walked. Probably at no period of her life was she indifferent to the claims of Religion and destitute of its controlling influence. And as she advanced in years and approached the end of her probation, she sought more earnestly the grace of Christ in the institutions of His Church. During many months of confinement and of frequent suffering, she asked for & obtained the celebration of the ordinance of Religion in her sick room, and the fervour with which she joined in these holy offices—the expressions of inward peace and tranquillity which often fell from her lips—her high appreciation of the privileges of the church, and especially of communion with her Redeemer in the blessed Sacrament of His body and blood, will not soon be forgotten, we trust, by those who witnessed these cheering tokens of genuine faith. May the lessons which they then learned quicken them in the ways of godliness!

While many whom she has left behind deeply feel their loss, as it regards *herself* there is nothing to regret in her removal from a world of sin and sorrow. No gloomy thoughts linger about her tomb or follow her into eternity. We have satisfactory evidence that the prayer in which she often joined, has been answered, in her behalf, in its full intent and meaning:—"When we shall have served thee in our generation, may we be gathered unto our fathers, having the testimony of a good conscience, in the communion of the Catholic Church; in the confidence of a certain faith; in the comfort of a reasonable, religious and holy hope; in favor with thee our God, and in perfect charity with the world." M.

HOOPERS STRAIGHT'S LIGHT BOAT.

ALL Persons concerned are desired to take Notice that the Light Boat at Hooper's Straights, will be removed on the 4th of October next, to the City of Washington to be Exchanged for a New Boat in waiting for the service. And consequently the Light will be suspended until the arrival of the new boat.

by order HENRY SHENTON,
Keeper Hoopers Straights Light Boat.
Sept. 20th 1845. 3w

The Republican & Argus and Sun Baltimore, will insert the above 3 times.

NOTICE.

THE subscriber begs leave to inform the public and particularly Physicians, who may be commencing practice, that he has on hand a full assortment of Drugs and Chemicals, neatly put up, and of the best quality, which he will sell at reduced prices. Also Catheters and other instruments, and a complete set of office furniture for a physician.

B. H. CHROCKETT.
Vienna, sept. 20th 1845. 3w pd.

CONSTABLE'S SALE.

BY virtue of five writs of fieri facias three issued by Fielder G. Jones, and two by Henry Shenton Esqr's. one at the suit of Travers & Kirwan use of Thomas J. Travers, one at the suit of Samuel Dunnock, two at the suit of Marcellous D. Keene, one at the suit of Goodman Gootee against the goods and chattles, lands and tenements of Robert C. Wallace, all to me directed, I have seized and taken into execution all the right, title, claim, interest and estate, at law and in equity, of the said Wallace in and to a part of a tract of land lying on Hoopers Island, near Fishing Creek Ferry, called by whatever name or names, the same may be called, containing 5 acress more or less, and I hereby give notice that on WEDNESDAY the 8th October next, at 2 o'clock, P. M., on the premises, I will offer for sale the said Property so seized and taken into execution at public auction, to the highest bidder for ccsh.

SAMUEL R. DUNNOCK,
sept. 20th 1845. 3w cons't.

CHINA GLASS AND
QUEENSWARE AT COST.

THE subscriber being about to retire from business offers his large stock of China Glass and Queensware at cost. To country Merchants and others purchasing Queenswaie to retail, a rare chance is offered to lay in their fall stock at low prices.

To any Person Wishing to commence the business a good opportunity is presented, as the Stock and fixtures would be Sold at very advantageous terms to the purchaser. The stand is one of the best in the city & commands an extensive country trade.

A. RILEY,
No 35 So. Calvert St.
Sign of the Golden Pitcher.
Sept. 20th 1845. tow3w

TO THE VOTERS OF
DORCHESTER.

FELLOW CITIZENS:

It will be observed by reference to the columns of the Chronicle of the 30th ult. that my address to you has called forth a very full and *exceedingly amicable* commentary from the pen of my friend James Thompson, Esq. Great umbrage seems to have been taken by that gentleman at the use of the words "juggling, wireworking, corruption &c," some of which, though not contained in my address, he yet quotes therefrom—and under the influence of this dissatisfaction he has at last been induced *very reluctantly*, to present to the Editor of the Chronicle a communication occupying an entire column of that paper and comprising three distinct heads or subjects of discourse. The first is an answer to the charge made by me against the Convention *generally*—the second, a reply to that made against *him individually*—the third and last, the expression of warm feelings of personal friendship for me &c., which may properly come under the general head of *Sundries*.

These are his positions, and in reference to them I invite the attention of my fellow-citizens of Dorchester to a review thereof. "Come now and let us reason together." In answer to the first charge, viz. that against the Convention—he says, "*I do most positively and conscientiously declare that no juggling, wireworking or undue means were used in the least* to the *prejudice* of *Mr. Hayward or any other gentleman candidates before the convention.*" This is indeed a very strong declaration and coming as it does from a man of Mr. Thompsons standing it is calculated to have very great weight. But does not *my friend* Mr. Thompson speak too fast? It seems to *me* that such haste in making an assertion belongs rather to the hair brained impetuosity of youth, than to the serious, sober, calm, unbiassed reflection which marks the action of the man of years. Let us see. There were four candidates before the convention and eight Districts in the County from which Delegates were chosen—can Mr. Thompson say, of his own knowledge, that these Delegates were elected honestly and fairly to represent the wishes of their respective districts, and that they did express those wishes? I imagine not. So far from it is the true state of the case, that I have the assurances of several gentlemen, whose truthfulness cannot be doubted for one moment—I can get their certificates if necessary—that in the Vienna district, where the parties had agreed to keep open the polls one hour, at the expiration of which time I had the majority, they kept them open *one hour and a half* in order to get votes for the Jacobs ticket—that those opposed to me started a ticket calling it unpledged, when at that very moment, as I have reason to believe, it was pledged to Mr. Jacobs—and that on a vacancy occurring, after they had met in Cambridge before it could be filled, the gentleman had to be sounded in order to see who he was for, before he was selected, to fill the vacancy; with this array of facts before him, independent of others which could be brought forward, can Mr. Thompson say that no undue means were used to prejudice me before the convention? I leave that question to be answered by my Fellow-Citizens of my native County. Besides, Mr. Thompson does me great injustice when he insinuates that I am wanting in proper gratitude to my friends. My charges against the convention were only intended for *those in it* whom the cap fit. I said that juggling characterized it, not because the action of the *convention itself* was unfair but because the *election* of some of its members was improperly effected, and because *undue* influences were used to bias others. A body cannot be pure if some of its elements are unclean, nor can a convention be fair when any of its constituent parts are fraudulently selected. So much for the first charge.

And now a few words with regard to the second, viz. the charge against him, Mr. Thompson *individually*. He says: "I understand Mr. H. accuses me with having been called on by some Gentlemen, Delegates from Hooper's Island, who were favourable to his nomination, and who were pledged to him, to give my opinion as to which of the candidates for the sheriffalty was the most availible man, or in other words to that amount, and that I asserted that I believed Mr. Jacobs was the man, and the man of my choice." This Mr. Thompson admits is all true as far as it goes, but that it is not *all* of the story. He then goes on to detail a long conversation which took place between these gentlemen and himself as they were coming out of the back yard of Major Yates. It seems that they were anxious to know whether or not it was true as had been reported that Mr. Jacobs was unpopular. In reply to this interrogatory, he stated that the *charge of his unpopularity was unfounded and that any person who made such a charge could not be a friend to Mr. Jacobs but must design to injure him in regard to the nomination.* These remarks together with some compliment to the capacity of each of us for discharging the duties of the office, comprise the whole of the conversation as reported by Mr. Thompson. But I would ask that gentleman since he inclines so much to the hearing of the whole story, if what *he* has detailed is all that he knows about the present one. Doubtless it is—but let me recall to his mind some portion of that story which has escaped his memory. I would advise him to reflect about the matter and he will soon recollect, that I am right. Mr. Thompson not only *defended Mr. Jacobs from the charge of unpopularity but stated to those gentlemen that if Mr. Jacobs was nominated he would easily be elected, but that if I was he did not know how it might be.* Yes he said this, and if any man doubts it let him come to me, I have incontrovertible proofs within my possession which will satisfy the most incredulous. These gentlemen came from a distance, their district was favourable to me—*I have never said they were pledged to me*—they desired to know if I was available, they asked Mr. Thompson who was supposed to be well informed upon the subject and a man upon whose statements they could rely and he expressed a doubt in reference to the result if I were nominated, but a certainty with regard to it should Mr. Jacobs be taken up. By such representations gentlemen who were disposed to vote for me, acting under information given them by a person in whom they confided were induced to vote against me—thus robbing me of my rights before the convention and the people of their claims to an equal representation.—*This is about the whole of the story.*

One word in reference to the last division of this able letter and I have done. Mr. Thompson declares I am mistaken if I suppose he is not my friend. Truly there seems to be some inconsistency in this assertion—any one who charged Mr. Jacobs with unpopularity, he thinks could not have been a friend of that gentleman, but designed to injure him in regard to the nomination—he however is a *warm friend* of mine at the same time that he expresses doubts as to my election even if I were taken up by the convention. I should prefer *friendship* to be evidenced by *outward* acts rather than *newspaper paragraphs*. Still Mr. Thompson is my friend; I owe him my thanks—he has dealt with me; I am under many obligations to him—but when he says he cannot approve my course nor does he see how any *consistent party* man can, I must say with reference to that matter, that though I respect, yet I should not be guided by *his* opinion nor do I feel myself in want of his instruction. I have been a Whig as long as Mr. Thompson has, I have never voted against my political sentiments but once in my life—and that was in the old days of Federalism & Democracy, when I voted for my friend Thos. H. Hicks, Esq. who was the Democratic candidate for the Sheriffalty, against the candidate of my own party—I did not regard the office of Sheriff as a party office but voted for the man I thought best qualified. The question then of my party consistency I shall rather refer to the voters of Dorchester, than to the isolated opinion of my *friend* Mr. Thompson. I believe now as I did in former days, that the sheriff should not be a party officer, and if elected, I shall act in conformity with that belief. As an officer of court, and of the people, I will not suffer, as far as I can prevent it, the free course of justice to be trammeled by party bias or political prejudice, but will guarantee to every man a fair hearing before jurors whose ears are open to the voice of his complaint. My Fellow-Citizens I have spent my life amongst you, judge you then of my party consistency and my claims to the office for which I am a candidate before you. I await with confidence your decree thro' the ballot box. Your obedient servant. THOS. HAYWARD.

Sept. 10, 1845.

BOOT & SHOE FACTORY.

THE subscriber would respectfully inform his friends and the public generally, that he is continueing the BOOT and SHOE business at the Stand formerly occupied by Mr. Thomas Hopkins, immediately opposite the Post Office, where he intends to manufacture Boots and Shoes of every description, in the most fashionable and approved styles, of the best workmanship and material, warranted to wear and fit equal to any in this town or city of Baltimore, and as cheap as can be had in either. He would also embrace this opportunity of returning thanks to his numerous customers and friends for their liberal and kind patronage, and by strict attention to business, solicits a continuance of the same. The public's obedient servant,

Sept. 13, 1845. tf JOSIAH HOPKINS.

N. B. A boy about 16 or 17 years of age, will be taken to learn the above business.

CAPT. JOHN ROWINS is announced as a *Reform* candidate for a seat in the next Legislature of Maryland, and will be warmly supported by the Reform party.

Sept. 13th

ALGERNON S. PIERCY, Esq. is announced a *Reform* candidate for a seat in the next Legislature of Maryland, and will be warmly supported by the Reform party.

Sept. 13th.

SAMUEL D. LECOMPTE Esq. is a *reform* candidate for a seat in the next Legislature of Maryland, and will be warmly supported by the friends of Reform without regard to party.

September 6th 1845.

WHITEFIELD WOOLFORD Esq is announced as a *reform* candidate for a seat in the next Legislature of Maryland, and will be warmly supported by the friends of Reform without regard to party.

September 6th 1845.

Notice.

THERE will be political meetings at the following named places, and times—

On	Tuesday	the 16th	at	New Market.
"	Wednesday	" 17th	"	Drawbridge.
"	Thursday	" 18th	"	Crotchers Ferry.
"	Friday	" 19th	"	Federalsburgh.
"	Saturday	" 20th	"	Williamsburgh.
"	Monday	" 22d.	"	Court House, Camb.
"	Tuesday	" 23d.	"	Loomtown.
"	Wednesday	" 24th	"	Slaughter Creek (T. I.)
"	Thursday	" 25th	"	Fishing Creek, M. Nk.
"	Friday	" 26th	"	McNamara & Coopsr's [Store.
"	Saturday	" 27th	"	Goulden Hill.
"	Monday	" 29th	"	Corner's Store.
"	Tuesday	" 30th	"	Elliott's and Blend's [Store.

Reformers and Anti-Reformers are invited to attend—and Candidates of every description, before the people of Dorchester County are expected to be present.

Sept. 13, 1845.

FOR SALE.

THREE valuable HORSES; young and gentle to all kinks of harness;—also some other kinds of Stock for family purposes;—An excellet second hand Gig, in good order. Apply to W. HENRY PATTISON.

Cambridge, sept. 13th 1845. tf

TO RENT.

For the ensueing year the well known Tavern Stand in East New Market at present in the occupancy of Mr. D. Robertson. For terms apply to

W. C. HUFFINGTON,
Big Mills, Dor. Co. Md.
Sept. 13, 1845. tf

A CARD TO COUNTRY MERCHANTS.
NEW AND CHEAP SHOE WAREHOUSE.

300 CASES TS, BOOSHOES, HATS & CAPS.—Just received from the Eastern Manufacturers, and now opening a complete assortment at No. 6 SHARP ST., 3 door from Market st., in part as follows:—

500 pairs men's heavy & kip Brogans, from 45 cts. up
300 do do do do BOOTS " 1,35 " up
250 do boys' do do do " 85 " up
200 do do do do Brogans " 37 " up
25 dases Fur, Silk & Cassimere HATS, from $1 up
10 do white & blk Wool Hats, from 4,50 doz. up
30 cases men's and boys' CAPS, a complete assortment, from 10 cts. up to $2 a Cap.

Country Merchants buying for cash or promp time—Dealers desirous of making their selections from an entirely New Stock, (at much less than the regular market prices,) will do well to call, examine the Goods and prices, and judge for themselves.

WILLIAM LEE, No. 6 Sharp street,
3d doors from Market st.,
sign of the 'Big Boot.'
BALTIMORE, 13th Sept. 1845 4w

SHERIFF'S SALE.

BY virtue of a writ of Venditioni Exponas, issued out of Dorchester County Court and to me directed, at suit of the State of Maryland use of Thomas M. Creighton, Exct'r. of Isaac Creighton, against the goods and chattels, lands and tenements of William Dean of George, I have heretofore seized and taken into execution the following property to wit: 1 yoke of oxen, 5 head of cattle, 7 head of sheep, 1 ox cart, 1 negro boy named John, aged about 13 years; 1 negro boy Elias, aged about 9 years; 1 negro girl Lotty a bout 16 years; household and kitchen furniture, tract, piece or parcel of land called Pritchett Forrest, containing 51 acres; Far Riler containing 25 acres; Black Swamp part, 38 acres; Bramble Meadow 19 1-2 acres; Andrews Fortunes part, 38 acres, and I hereby give notice that on

Saturday the 4th of October

next, between the hours of 10 and 4 o'clock, on the premises of the said William Dean of George, I will offer at public auction to the highest bidder for cash all his right, title, claim and interest at law and equity, to the above property so seized and takek into execution to satisfy the said writ of Venditioni Exponas and cost due and to become due, and also for County Charges, Direct Tax and officers fees for the vears 1843, 1844 & 1845.

WM. B. DAIL, Shff. & Col.
Sept. 13, 1845. ts

NOTICE TO THOSE WHOM IT MAY —CONCERN.—

HAVING concluded to remove to Baltimore City this fall, I am under the necessity of calling upon all persons indebted to me, to make payment at as early a day as practicable; they will confer an obligation by doing so.

All persons having business with me, can transact it with Mr. Josiah Kerr in my absence.

The public's ob't. servant.
JOEL CORNWELL.
VIENNA, Sept. 6th 1845. 3w

To be Leased for the Ensuing Year.

THE small Farm near Cambridge, at present occupied by Mr. Yates—For terms apply to Dr. James A. Muse—Easton—or. JOSEPH E. MUSE.

sept. 6th 1845. Cambridge.

ELECTION NOTICE.

THERE will be an election held in Dorchester County on the 1st. WEDNESDAY in OCTOBER next, for the purpose of Electing a Congressman, to represent the sixth Congressional District, in the Congress of the United States. a Shiriff for the county four Delegates to General Assembly of Maryland, two Commissioners to represent the third Commissioners District, composed of Lakes & Hoopers Island district.

W. B. DAIL Shff. D. C.
Sept. 6th 1845.

Notice.

The Creditors of Ebben Gootee are hereby notified to file their claims properly authenticated with the Register of Wills of Dorchester County on or before the 22nd. day of September. A dividend will be struck on that day.

JAMES THOMPSON,
Aug. 30, 1845. 3t Adm'r.

TO THE VOTERS OF
DO CHESTER COUNTY.

FELLOW CITIZENS:—

I am a Candidate for the office of Sheriff of Dorchester County, at the approaching election. As such I have been announced for some time past in the Cambridge Chronicle. From information which was communicated to me of a plan concocted by a Junto of political Jugglers, I had determined not to permit my name to be handed into the Convention which was to nominate a Can didate for that office.

I however abandoned this determination, making at the same time an express and unqualified declaration, to the member of the Convention who handed in my name, that unless the whole proceedings of that body were marked by fairness and a just regard to the will of the people I should not abide its action. Since its adjournment strong assurances have been made to me that such was not the character of the proceeding—On the contrary, I have good reasons for the assertion that the results we have seen, were brought about by undue and improper influences Conceiving therefore that the conditions upon which I placed my name before the Convention were not fulfilled, I can not consider myself as under any obligation to abide such decision, nor do I deem that a refusal can subject me to the imputation of violating any moral duty whatever. Such artifices as have been practised will not, I am sure be tolerated even by the warmest advocates of conventions, amongst whom I claim to rank myself.

My friends also insist that I shall be a candidate, and my own deliberate judgement, and my feelings, prompt me to acquiesce in their wishes. It is a prostitution of the system of Conventions to submit tamely to those which are unfair. The only means by which they can be fully sustained, is by opposing with our utmost might all such as are characterized by *packing*, and *juggling*, which were the distinguishing features of the convention of the 21st Inst. Opposed, as I am, to the action of that Body, I present myself before you as a Candidate for your suffrages. If elected, I shall endeavour to discharge the duties of the office, which I ask for at your hands, in a manner satisfactory to you all. The office of sheriff ought not to be regarded as a party office. Justice, truth, and reason proclaim that, that officer should be elected above party considerations. It would be a disgrace to our community, should its members exercise their right of suffrage in the election of county officers solely upon political grounds—thus indirectly introducing party spirit even into our very courts of Justice. Jurymen should be chosen for their honesty, probity and intelligence, and not for their adhearance to this or that party. I repeat, my fellow citizens, that I am before you as a candidate, and I pledge myself to continue as such, until the last moment of the day of the election. *I will not leave the field.* I pledge myself, if elected, to discharge the duties of the office to the best of my ability, with upright ness, and impartiality. I pledge myself to select Jurymen without reference to party—being always careful to have such men as are worthy of so important a place. I shall remember that the property, the liberty, the *lives* of all persons may be entrusted to their hands. I shall select them with a view to the momentous trusts which may be confided to them.

In conclusion, my fellow citizens, I would say that I am a native of your county,—myself nor family have ever asked an office at your hands,—I am known to most of you—you can judge of my qualifications, of my fitness for the office I now ask of you. The issue rests in your hands. I shall most willingly abide by your determination of it.

your ob't. serv't.
THOMAS HAYWARD.
August 2nd 1845. tf

CHEAP DRY GOODS.
WHOLESALE A D RETAIL.

THE attention of Country Merchants and others is invited to my large and handsome assortmen tof

Fresh Seasonable Dry Goods

which I am prepared to sell quite as low, if not lower, than they can be bought at any other establishment in this City. My stock consists of

New Style Balzarines and Bareges
do Painted Lawns and Ginghams
do Calicoes (a beautiful assortment)
Barege, M de Lain, Thibet & Crape Shawls
Cambric, Jacenet Book and Swiss Muslins
Small fig'd and dotted Swiss do
Cambric and furniture Dimity
Linen Sheetings, Pillow case Linens
Cotton and Linen Table Diapers
Welch Gange Flannel; Irish Linens
Single Mill'd Cassimeres, latest styles
Cloths, Black, blue, Invisible green, &c.
White, brown and fancy Linen Drillings
Gambroons, Summer Cloth, Tweeds
Linen and Cotton Checks, Brown French Linen
Hamelton Long Cloth Sheeting, Blue Drills
Osnaburgs, Ticking, Bagging, Domestic plaids
Silk, Linen Cambric and Cotton Handkfs.
Bleached and brown Muslins of all widths & qualities
Parsins and Stewarts Spool Cotton
4-4, 5-4 & 6-4 Canton Matting
Hosiery, great jobs in this article
5000 lbs. Cotton Yarn, Nos. 5 to 17

My stock is very complete, and receiving daily additions from the Auctions &c. which will be sold at a small advance tor cash or city acceptances.

HENRY W. COOKE.
of the late firm of Flint Cooke & Co., corner of Hanover & Lombard street, BALTIMORE.
May 31 1845, tf

A CARD.

THE undersigned still continues the GROCERY and COMMISSION business, at their old stand, No 6 Light Street Wharf, they have to tender their thanks, to their friends and the Public for the Patronage received heretofore, and solicit a continuance of the same.

They keep constantly on hand, a good assortment of GROCERIES, (Liquors excepted) Orders from Country Merchants and others, will be filled on pleasing terms. Having an extensive acquaintance with Flour Merchants. All Grain and other produce consigned to them will be promptly attended to, and the highest price obtained.

Publics ob't. servts,
CROOKSHANK & JONES.
Aug. 9 1845. tf

STRAW BONNET REPO.T

French Fancy and Staple Dry Goods Store, No 221 *Baltimore Street, 4 doors east of Charles street Baltimore.*

SALMON & SMALL,

MANUFACTURERS and DEALERS in Straw Goods, having greatly enlarged and extended their establishment, so as to offer superior facilities for the transaction of an increased business, respectfully inform their friends and customers, that they are now daily receiving supplies of FRESH SPRING GOODS, particularly in the

Straw Bonnet and Millinery
DEPARTMENT,—as

Devon Straw Bonnets, Village Hoods.
Florence Braid do. very large assortment,
Transparent & lace Neapolitan Bonnets,
English Satin Straw, Dunstable & Ruttland,
Modena, and every other description of White and Fancy Straw Bonnets,
Infant's Hats of Leghorn, Florence Braid, Albert and Ruttland,
Gimp and Hair Edgings, Satin and Wrapped Wire Foundations, crowns,
Crowns, Leno, Willow, Straw Cord, Glue, with every article in the Millinery line.

FOR ANNAPOLIS, CAMBRIDGE, and EASTON.—The fine steamer **Maryland** will leave Baltimore on every TUESDAY and FRIDAY MORNING, at 7 o'clock, for the places above named—starting from the lower end of Dugan's wharf, and return on Wednesdays and Saturdays.

THE MUTUAL FIRE
AND MARINE INSURANCE
COMPANY OF BALTIMORE,
(INCORPORATED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF MARYLAND AT THEIR LAST SESSION,)

Having been organized according to the provisions of its Charter, is now prepared to take

FIRE, MARINE AND INLAND RISKS,

On terms as favorable as any Institution in the United States, at their office, corner of Gay and Lombard Streets. up stairs.

DIRECTORS.

COLUMBUS O'DONNELL, Esq.
RICHARD NORRIS, Esq.
B. H. RICHARDSON, Esq.
JNO. D. EARLY, Esq.
WM. LONEY, Esq.
JAS. HARWOOD, Esq.
ALPHEUS HYATT, Esq.
RICHARD NORRIS, Esq., *President.*
JNO. S. LAFITTE, *Secretary.*

The Board avail themselves of this opportunity to draw the attention of the Public to some of the important features of their Charter:

1st. In this Company, all interests are equal; there is no privileged stock.

2d. Persons effecting insurance are not answerable for losses beyond the amount of premiums paid by them; and will divide amongst themselves annually the nett profits.

3d The capital of the Company is limited to half a million of dollars, and at the expiration of the Charter, that sum is to be divided pro rata amongst all persons holding the Policies of the Company, without reference to the time when they were issued, or to the fact of their having expired.

4. In the selection of persons to act as Directors of this Company, there can be felt none of that *proxy* influence which has destroyed, or weakened some of our strongest corporations; with us, the direction of the affairs of the Company *must* be in the hands of those most deeply interested in its proper and prosperous management.

5th. Any Policy holder has the right and the privilege of looking at the monthly statement of its affairs.

6th. Persons insuring in this Company, upon a renewal of their risks, are entitled to a deduction of 5 per cent. on the amount of premiums.

☞Our Tariff of rates has been carefully revised and the form of our Policies has been amended under the best legal advice, so as to embrace all the modern improvements suggested by Experience. The classification of the Fire Risks, as well as the direction given to represent them in the applications, are so modified as to avoid all doubt and ambiguity, and with a view to avoid all possible difficulties in the settlement of losses.

I have accepted the agency of the above Company, and persons desirous of Insuring their Property will find me at all times at my store, where I will receive their proposals, give the necessary information, and have their Insurance effected as soon as return can be had from the office at Baltimore.

THOS. HAYWARD, agent.
June 14 1845. tf

AUCTION GOODS! AUCTION GOODS!

Just received from Auction a large lot of Irish Linens in whole and half prices, bought at a great sacrifice and for sale at a small advance.

HOSIERY—a large assortment of Cotton Hosiery the greatest Bargains ever offered in this or any other market—we defy competition in this article.

PRINTS—10 cases new and rich styles—very cheap.

Mouseline de Laines, Printed Lawns, &c.

HENRY W COOKE,
Corner of Hanover & Lombard Streets,
BALTIMORE.
ap 5, 1845. tf

All kinds of Bills neatly executed at this Office.

Blanks for sale at this Office.

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