g amended in some particu-
dered to be engrossed for a
g to-morrow.
art gave notice that he should
y, ask the House, to consider
g resolution, submitted by
me since, viz.
, That the Committee on
Canals be instructed to re-
ppropriating the annual pro-
e sales of the public lands,
vidends of the United States'
, commencing from the 1st of
to the purposes of internal
nts, to be distributed among
ccording to their representa-
be expended on objects to
ated by Congress, within, or
n the respective states, u-
any state may consent that
ion of the fund shall be ap-
object not immediately con-
h its territorial limits."
n the House adjourned.

STATISTICS.

owing is a comparative view
ulation, revenue, and debt of
eal modern states, in pounds

Population.	Revenue.	Nat. Debt.
	L.	L.
29,000,000	36,000,000	184,500,000
28,000,000	12,500,000	73,000,000
17,000,000	6,500,000	135,000,000
68,000,000	50,000,000	801,000,000
6,000,000	7,000,000	145,000,000
11,000,000	7,000,000	28,000,000
52,000,000	14,500,000	40,450,000
12,000,000	5,500,000	19,500,000
5,000,000	2,900,000	14,000,000
9,500,000		

ARICARA INDIANS.

ts were received at Franklin,
) on the 24th of March, from
the Army at Fort Atkinson,
at "five or six men belonging
azeau's trading establishment,
ly killed near the Aricara vil-
e ascending the Missouri river.
ere conveyed in a batteau, and
g up for the purpose of trading
Mandans and Aricaras. With
y's voyage of the Aricaras vil
patroon, apprehensive of dan
is company, and proceeded b
e promised to rejoin them a
ans, whose town, one mile a
Aricara's, he entered under
the night. The day after hi
he received news that his men
murdered, his cargo captured,
oat sunk. The amount of goods
s, at cost, $1500. Mr. Tilton,
of the Mandans, sent one of hi
e river for water, who was also
killed by an Aricara Indian"
issouri Intelligencer, which fu-
e above account, has some exce-
rks on the inhuman effects
nd trapping on the Indian lands,
ng the Indians farther towards
s of the Pacific, from the means
tence, and beyond the hope of
on.

pondent of the Boston Daily Adver
s merchants' letters into two classes,
and the flummery. Here is a speci-
e first:
men—Yours 9th received. Con-
ed. Arrived, Jenny, Saunders.
ed the Custom-house yesterday.
s not yet landed. Hope they
ood condition. Enclosed last
rrent. Since which a spirit in
market. Wines, best, run off
Lead heavy. Copper very dull
es look lively. Much done in
icks on hand. Feathers, goose,
. Skins do not get off. Great
for hemp by the government.
ery good, this morning, with
parcels of sugar eagerly sought
Our exchange one half, has
Money scarce, and therefore
ficulty with bills. Bristles ris-
We are, gentlemen, &c.

POUGHKEEPSIE, N. Y. May 5.

Casualty.—Mr. Justus Warren
ostown, was killed on the 30th
most shocking manner. While
e of intoxication, he started from
ing Landing in a wagon in com-
th two other men, determined,
d, to drive by every thing he
e started from the landing with
ed, but had not proceeded far
ose that were with him perceiv-
e danger, cautioned him against
so unreasonably; at which he
"I can steer them through h—."
ords had scarcely escaped his
re one of the wheels of his wa-
ile descending a hill, came in
with a stone with such great force
ow him from the wagon, on a
e, which entered his head and
deprived him of life. One of
s had his shoulder dislocated,
eived some external wounds,
ot incurable, the other escaped
unhurt. What an aspect this
e presented to the relatives of
er who died an instantaneous
low it must have harrowed their
when contemplating on that un-
expression which he uttered the
before he entered that 'bourne
en no traveller returns.' This
of the result of intemperance,
nn warning to all intemperate
This man has left a wife and
mourn their dreadful bereave-

wift said that fine sense and exalted
not half so useful as common sense.

CAMBRIDGE CHRONICLE

AND EASTERN SHORE ADVERTISER.

SATURDAY EVENING, May 15, 1824.

☞By reference to the Baltimore Prices Current in this day's paper, it will be seen that *Corn* has risen to 33 a 34 cents. A gentleman on board of the Steam Boat, which arrived at Castle Haven on Wednesday last, informed us, that 36 cents had been obtained the day preceding, for a large quantity.

AGRICULTURAL NOTICE.

The next Fair and Cattle Show of the Agricultural Society of Maryland, is to be held for three days, at the Maryland Tavern, in Baltimore county in October next. The premiums, we understand, will be double in number and amount of those heretofore distributed.

THE TARIFF.

On Monday the discussion of the items of the Tariff Bill was finished by the Senate, in committee of the whole, and the Bill and amendments were subsequently reported. It is supposed its fate in the Senate will be decided in the course of the present week.

INTERNAL IMPROVEMENTS.

The National Intelligencer of Tuesday last, remarks—Another bill, embracing an important principle connected with the power of Congress to appropriate money for the purposes of Internal Improvement, was on Monday passed to its third reading, in the House of Representatives, by a large majority. It proposes to appropriate money for experiments towards facilitating the navigation of the Rivers of the West—an object of great interest to the Western country, whose wishes and feelings the House has thus evinced a decided disposition to consult and propitiate. The principle of this bill has been, heretofore, recognized in part, if not to its full extent, by the appropriation of a sum of money for the purpose of examining the obstructions in this navigation, upon which a report has been made by the United States' Topographical Engineers.—We are agreeably disappointed, however, to find that this bill has met with so little opposition. The bill was reported, from the Committee on Roads and Canals, by Mr. Henry, of Kentucky, on the 28th of February.

FIRE AT HARPER'S FERRY.

The Editor of the Baltimore Patriot, has been favoured with the following extract of a letter, dated

"HARPER'S FERRY, May 8th, 1824.

"A dreadful calamity happened at this place this morning before day. The work-shop which contains a principal part of the machinery, and in which upwards of two hundred workmen were employed, was entirely consumed by fire. The building was about 150 feet long by 50 wide; it will be a loss to the United States of from 80 to $100,000, and to the workmen of from 10 to $20,000, in consequence of being thrown out of work. Seven hundred finished muskets, besides an immense quantity of materials were entirely destroyed.

"There happened to be but little wind stirring at the time; had it been otherwise the whole of the place most inevitably have been destroyed. The fire is supposed to have been the work of an incendiary."

FROM PORTUGAL.

Captain Budd, of the ship Mary Ann, arrived at Antigua on the 17th ult. in 44 days from Lisbon, confirms the report that the assassination of the Prime Minister of Portugal was attributed to the king's second son, and that the country was in a state of commotion. The officers and troops had positively refused serving under Marshal Bereford, who had in consequence been deprived of his command. The people evinced the most marked feelings of hostility towards the U. States, in consequence of the language adopted by the President in his message to Congress.

MADRAS.

A letter from Calcutta, dated Jan. 8th, says "The accounts from Madrass are of a most distressing nature, and have come upon us with a suddenness which renders the horror more striking. We were prepared to expect a scarcity of Grain on the Coast, but had not the most distant idea of the extent to which the failure of the crops had reached. Madras and the surrounding country is in a state of famine.

DUEL.

A Jamaica paper of a late date states, that about the 5th of April, two midshipman of the U. S. ship John Adams, accompained by two of the ship's crew, met near the Victualling office, Port Royal. After the second fire, one of them was shot through the back part of both thighs, and bled profusely. The Magistrates apprehended two of the party, but on reciving information on oath from the surgeon of the John Adams, that the person wounded was in no danger, they delivered them over to an officer, who was sent on shore from Commodore Porter.—It is stated the combatants were only eighteen years of age, and had been engaged a few weeks before, in an affair of honor.

THE SHARK.

The United States schooner *Shark*, arrived at Charleston on the 4th inst. officers and crew all well. We are pleased to hear, that this vessel has not lost a man during her cruise.

MISSISSIPPI FRONTIER.

Generals SCOTT and ATKINSON, with a number of other officers, left St. Louis on the 5th April, in the *Mandan* steamboat, for the upper Mississippi. They proceed on a tour of inspection to various military posts in that quarter. The steam-boat carried military supplies, as well as several passengers.

Mr. CONINE, Lottery ticket vender, in Baltimore, proposes to appropriate one dollar of the price of every ticket he may sell in the present State Lottery, to the benefit of the *sufferers at New Castle.*

LITERARY.

We learn from an English paper, that the long expected Novel of "The Highlanders," from the pen of author of the Hermit in London, Hermit Abroad, &c. will appear in a few days. If the author displays as much talent throughout his story, as he has shown in his short sketches of Scottish manners, he may anticipate the most decided success.

MURDER AND SUICIDE.

At Potsdam, in the state of New-York, an Englishman, named Joseph Prince, a labourer, murdered his wife a short time since, and then hung himself. The particulars of this affair are two horrid to publish.

MR. HILSON.

The celebrated comedian Mr. Hilson, advertised to make his last appearance in Baltimore, on Wednesday night last.

The deaths in Baltimore, for the week ending last Monday morning, amounted to *tweuty-six.*

TO THE VOTERS OF

Dorchester County.

I again tender to you, fellow citizens, my services as a delegate to the next General Assembly. I had determined, and I believed that determination inflexible, to decline in future, being a candidate for the Legislature.—But the repeated requests of a number of citizens, for whose opinions, I could but feel the most profound respect, have induced me again to appear before you as a candidate for your suffrages. I the more readily yielded to the solicitations of my friends, as, I knew, unless I represented the county in the next Legislature, it would not be in my power at any future period. At the last session, the time of meeting of the Assembly was changed from the first Monday of December, to the last Monday of the same month—the alteration was made to avoid the annual recess of the Legislature at Christmas, which cost the state several thousand dollars, for which it received neither service nor benefit—At the ensuing session of the Legislature, no doubt exists, that the alteration will be confirmed: consequently after the next session of the Assembly, its future meetings will be after Christmas, which will carry the session to about the middle of March, and will render my serving in the Legislature impossible, unless at a great sacrifice of private inverest.—I have also been induced to offer you my services, as I wished to aid in the completion of several measures of policy, which were suggested at the last session of the Assembly—Among these may be named a revision and very material alteration of the criminal code, the extension of the number of the members of the Senate, in order that each county may be represented in that body, which is of the highest importance,—and a reduction of the members of the lower branch. Last session it was tried to reduce the number to two for each county; the bill failed—probably three for each county is a better number. The House of Delegates at that number would bear a better proportion to the Senate, if the proposed enlargement of that branch should be enacted.

It is with mixed sensations of regret and astonishment, that I have discovered, exception has been taken to some votes which I made last session, and considerable censure has been passed upon one or two measures which were by me introduced. To please every body, the man and his jack-ass in the fable, has long since demonstrated to be utterly impossible, and none but a being of the last description, will ever attempt it—Whatever votes I made, or measures I originated, the independent decisions of my own judgment, under the control of a most earnest and anxious solicitude to promote the best interests of my constituents, were the only rules by which I was governed.—I did not go to Annapolis, (as too many do every winter) to legislate for myself, that is to vote for every measure, right or wrong, which will be popular; and oppose every measure, however salutary and wise, that is not calculated to catch a fleeting popularity and may prevent their re-election. At the meetings of the several regiments and extra battalion in September next, all these matters shall be fully explained.

I have also learned that some sagacious persons have insinuated that my political principles are not those which I profess—such insinuations have been made for the purpose of detaching from me those, with whom I have acted ever since I took any part in public concerns. No doubt a preamble and resolutions, denouncing in the strongest terms a congressional caucus, which I offered to the consideration of the House of Delegates, and which I consider the most democratic act of my life, are the real subjects of reprobation, among those who wish to instil into the minds of my friends, that my politics are unfixed and vacillating. If I erred on that occasion, I must console myself with the reflection, that I have erred with some of the most enlightened men of both parties in this country. I acted conscientiously, under a firm belief that a most important right guaranteed to the people by their constitution, was about to be wrested from them. As for my political principles, they are precisely those on which MONROE has conducted his administration—those which JACKSON recommended, and those which every republican, who is not the tool of party and the slave of political prejudice, will ever uphold and maintain. As to the federalists, I consider them a disunited and scattered party—but still as fellow citizens, some of them eminent for worth, patriotism, and abilities, and entitled in proportion to their merit, to share the honours and offices of their country. An exclusive and selfish course of policy, is unworthy the republican party, and would exhibit such a jealousy of worth, and such a dread of talent, such a mean, dastardly spirit of persecution, as would disgrace the pure principles it professes.—Who but an ignorant political fanatic, would exclude such a man as Daniel Webster from the councils of the nation? Where can be found a partisan so impious as to raise his arm to pull John Marshall from the bench which he adorns, and where his decisions reflect lustre on the judiciary of his country?

It is, believe me, a source of real regret, that my principles have been misrepresented, and my actions misconstrued.—To the good sense of you all I appeal, nor do I fear the result—You have too lofty a spirit of independence, too quick a discernment of justice, and sense of generosity, to withdraw your confidence from any man, till you have full evidence that he has forfeited it. If you should think proper to return me as a delegate, I trust your confidence will not be misplaced. Your fellow citizen,

J. R. W. PITT.

Cambridge, May 12, 1824.

SMALL POX.

We regret to observe that the small-pox still prevails in Philadelphia. Out of seventy-eight deaths last week, in that city, eight were carried off by this loathsome disease. It is fair to presume that due attention has not been paid to *vaccination*—which, though perfectly mild and innocent in its operation, constitutes the great safe-guard of the human race against the attacks of the small-pox.—*Balt. Am.*

FROM PERNAMBUCO.

Capt. Rathbone, (arrived at N. York,) who left Pernambuco about the 3d ult. states that an English frigate, and two sloops of war, the latter under command of Com. Taylor, arrived off that port 5 days before from Rio Janeiro. The Commodore informed capt. R. that on the 6th of April, he should put the port under a strict blockade, and should not permit vessels of any nation to go in or come out until the present President was removed, and the person appointed by the Emperor was placed in his stead. This the majority of the inhabitants were determined to oppose, and a number of troops had already come in from the country to aid in defending the town.—The place was in a good deal of confusion, and the market dull.

JAMAICA.

Jamaica papers to the 9th ult. have been received at Norfolk, from which the editors of the Beacon have extracted the following:—

PANAMA, March 22.

By an arrival here last week, we learn that the Spanish Generals Canterac and La Serna, had called a meeting of all the principal Officers under them, and came to several Reservations—one not to acknowledge the absolute government of the King, should the Constitutional cause fail in Spain. They also despatched a Colonel with proposals to the Congress at Peru: the precise nature of them had not been made public, but are supposed to relate to an arrangement for peace. The reply is said to be, that the present Government could not enter into any treaty without consulting the Laberator, General Bolivar. By a late letter from Lima, dated the 19th of January, it is ascertained that the Congress and General Bolivar have appointed the Conde de St. Domas (and who has departed,) to carry despatches to the Spanish Generals, and it is supposed the Commissioners will soon be appointed to bring affairs to an amicable issue

Relief of the Greeks.—The society of Friends in England, has subscribed and sent on, for the assitance of the Greeks, the sum of 7,100*l.* sterling. It is to be applied to the relief of the distressed, and not for war operations.

A man named Walter Marran, between 50 and 60 years of age, and a native of Ireland, was found dead in a barn in Guilford Township, Franklin County, Pa. on the 17th ult. About five hundred dollars in money was found in his pockets. He was preparing to leave this for his native country. James Welsh esq. of Hamilton Township has administered on his effects.

On Monday week, Geo. Henry Washington, an Indian, was tried in Tolland county, for the murder of his wife, found guilty, and was sentenced to be executed at Tolland on the first Tuesday of June next.—*Middlesex Gaz.*

Curious Error.—The Norfolk Herald likens this gentleman's mouth to a Hornets nest: he cannot open it, but out pops a *sting.*

An eastern paper in copying the paragraph, says he cannot open it, but out pops a *string.*

NATIONAL ARMORIES.—The muskets made in 1823 at Springfield, were 14,000, screw drivers 14,000, wipers 15,831; ball screws 1400, spring vices 1400, arm chests 1035. At Harpers' Ferry, muskets 12,200; screw drivers 10,343; arm chests 921. Total amount of the expenditure $366,589 20 cts viz. $181,988 01 cent. at Sprinfield, & $184,551 19 cts. at Harper's Ferry.

HUNTSVILLE, ALAB. April 20.

New Invention.—By a letter of recent date from Mr. Joseph Lancaster, of this county, who favored us with a notice some weeks ago, we learn that he is progressing with his discovery, and is in high spirits of being able to bring his *Atmospheric Engine* into successful operation. Mr. Lancaster says, this Engine is calculated to drive every kind of machinery, and particularly those of the heaviest character, such as mills and boats, and will supersede the use of steam altogether, from the cheapness and simplicity of the machinery. It is pleasing to see the progress which science is making in the world, and we hope the efforts of Mr. Lancaster may be crowned with success.—*Wash. Repub.*

Something Curious.—There is an old live oak stump on Mr. Couper's plantation, (St. Simon's) from which the original stern post of the Constitution was taken—shortly after the capture of the Guerriere by that vessel a Bay Tree sprung up from the centre of the old stump—and has continued to flourish ever since—and as an evergreen, may be seen at all times of the year, constantly increasing in beauty & strength. We are told that Mr. C. guards it with uncommon care.—*Darien Gaz.*

☞We are authorized to state, that JOHN WILLIS, Esq. is a candidate to represent this county in the next Legislature of Maryland.

☞We are requested to state, that Doctor DANIEL SULIVANE, is a candidate for the next Legislature of Maryland.

☞We are authorized to announce Captain BARTHOLOMEW BYUS, as a candidate for the next General Assembly of Maryland.

☞We are requested to state, that EZEKIEL WHEATLY, Esq. is a candidate to represent this county in next Legislature of Maryland.

☞We are requested to state, that MATHIAS TRAVERS, is a candidate to represent this county in the next General Assembly of Maryland.

☞We are authorised to state, that JOHN N. STEELE, Esq. will serve, if elected, in the next House of Delegates of Maryland, for this county.

☞Major EPHRAIM K. WILSON, is a candidate for an Elector of President and Vice President, for the district composed of Somerset Worcester and part of Dorchester counties—if elected he will vote for WILLIAM H. CRAWFORD, as President.

Agricultural Notice.

The FARMERS of Dorchester county, are requested to meet on MONDAY, 31st of the present month, at 12 o'clock, at Ridgaway's tavern, Cambridge, for the purpose of forming an Association to promote the Science and Art of Agriculture.

The necessity of such an Association need not be demonstrated; that Agriculture is the basis of national and individual wealth and happiness, all admit. That the present system is materially defective, is equally true.

That an Association, whereby an incitement to laudable pride and industry may be created, and experience compared, will tend to improve both the science and the art, is plain to common sense. Therefore, it is earnestly hoped, that the above invitation will be accepted.

AGRICULTOR.

Cambridge, May 5, 1824.

☞The Orphans' Court for Dorchester county will sit on WEDNESDAY next, the 19th inst.

☞The Levy Court of Dorchester county, will meet on MONDAY, the 24th inst.

Bank Note Exchange.

Corrected weekly for the Cambridge Chronicle.

Baltimore, Wednesday, May 5.

U. S Bank	par	MARYLAND.	
Do. Branches	do	Frederick co. bk.	par
CANADA.		Havre-de-Grace	do
Canada bank	5	Farmers' bank at Annopolis	do
Montreal	5	Branches at Fred'k. and Easton	par
MASSACHUSETTS.		Hagerstown	do
Boston banks	1½	Conococheague	1
Other notes	2a3	Westminster	par
RHODE ISLAND.		Prince Georges	do
Rhode Island bks.	3	Elkton	1
NEW YORK.		Caroline	7½
City banks	par	Bank of Somerset	70
Other notes	2a3	Somerset & Worcester	50
NEW JERSEY.		Cumberland	50
New Jersey banks	3	Port Deposit	20
PENNSYLVANIA.		VIRGINIA.	
Philadelphia banks	par	Richmond and Branches	½
Easton	½	Bank of the Valley	
Germantown	½	Branch at Leesb'g	
Montgomery co.	½a1	Br'ch at Charles'n.	
Chester county	½	Br'ch at Romney	
Delaware county		N. W. Bank of Virginia at Wheeling	5
Lancaster bank		NORTH CAROLINA.	
Farmers' bank of Lancaster	½	State bank at Raleigh & branches	5
Harrisburg		Cape Fear	
Northampton		Newbern	
Columbia do. do.	2	SOUTH CAROLINA.	
Farmers' bank of Bucks county	½	State bks. generally	1½
York bank	par	GEORGIA.	
Chambersburg	par	State bank	4
Farmers' bank of Reading	2	Planters' bank	
Gettysburg	par	Augusta	
Carlisle bank	par	Darien	
Swatara at Harrisb'g.	2	Augusta Bridge Company	no sale
Pittsburg	1½a2	KENTUCKY.	
Centre	20a25	Bank of Kentucky and branches	no sale
Milton	18a20	OHIO.	
Greensburg	5	Chillicothe	5
Brownsville	5	Most others	no sale
Other notes	no sale	SPANISH DOLLARS	par
DELAWARE.		DOUBLOONS	15½
Milford	5		
Laurel	25		
Other notes	½a1		
DISTRICT.			
District notes	par		

PRINTING.

Attached to this establishment is an extensiv

JOB PRINTING

OFFICE,

Which enables the Proprietors to execute every description of Printing—such as

Law Blanks, Handbills, | Labels, Cards, &c. &c.

☞Persons who favor them with their orders, may rely upon having them executed in the best manner, correctly and expeditiously.

Cambridge, April 24, 1824.

BY THE STEAM BOAT.

Corrected weekly for the Cambridge Chronicle.

PRICES OF COUNTRY PRODUCE

IN BALTIMORE,

Wednesday, May 12.

Flour, (wharf,) superfine, pr. bbl.	$5 75a6 00
Do. fine do.	5 25
Wheat, white, per bushel,	1 27
Do red, do.	1 13a1 14
Rye,	40 cents
Indian Corn,	33a34
Oats,	22a25

ALTAR OF HYMEN.

"But happy they! the happiest of their kind!
Whom gentler stars unite, and in one fate
Their hearts, their fortunes, and their beings blend."

MARRIED,

In Baltimore, on Thursday, the 6th inst. Mr. Hosea Johns, to Miss Elizabeth Cooper, both of that city.

In Italy, the ex-empress Maria Louisa widow of Napoleon Bonaparte to the count Nyberg, her chamberlain, a very homely man, but a gallant officer who has lost an eye in battle.

COURT OF DEATH.

"Fools that we are!
Never to think of death, and of ourselves
At the same time!—as if to learn to die
Were no concern of ours."

DIED,

In this town, yesterday morning, Mr. JOHN REA, in the 26th year of his age, after a lingering illness of about eighteen months, of a pulmonary disease, which he bore with great fortitude; his last words were "O Lord." We have no doubt but he has gone to that rest which remaineth for the people of God.

On Tuesday the 11th instant, Mr. JOHN KEYS, of this county.

On Wednesday the 12th instant, Mr. STEPHEN DOLLY, also of this county.

On the 3d inst. Mrs. Chambers, consort of James Chambers, esq. of Talbot county.

In Easton, Talbot county, the 4th inst. Mr. Lambert Clayland.

NOTICE.

IN conformity to an act of Assembly of the last session, the Trustees of the *Cambridge Academy*, hereby notify the citizens of Dorchester county, that on TUESDAY, 7th June next, a selection will be made of FIVE, from among the poor children of the county, to be educated in the Academy. Applications for appointment will be received on that day, at Mr. Flint's tavern, from the parents, guardians, and friends of poor children of the county.

By order, JOS. E. MUSE, *President.*

Attest,

JAMES CHAPLAIN, *Secretary.*

may 15 4t

New and Cheap Goods.

Birckhead & Loockerman,

Have just received and are now opening,

A LARGE SUPPLY OF

Spring & Summer Goods,

Imported by the latest arrivals from Europe,

And of the most fashionable and rare articles

WHICH in addition to their former stock, renders their assortment such as is adapted in every respect to the demand of this market, viz.

Blue, black, drab, brown and mixed Broad Cloths
Blue, black, drab, brown, mixed, corded and striped Cassimeres
Scarlet Cloth, Silver Vellum Lace, and other Military articles
White Drillings, various qualities.
Plain and striped Satin
Long and short Nankeens
White and striped Jeans
Marseilles and Valencia Shapes
Marseilles, white and colored Vesting Silk do.
Do colored plain and striped do new style
4-4 and 7-8 Irish Linens, various qualities
Superior Sea Island and steam loom Shirtings
Linen Cambrics and Imitation do.
Cambric Prints of the first style & common do
Do Ginghams, 5-4, 4-4 and 3-4 wide, various colours
Wide and narrow Bombazines, very superior
Silks, black Senchew and Lustring
Do. as adapted to the season
Ladies' green and white Bonnet Veils
Crapes, Nankeen and Canton, black
Do. blue and pink
Cambric, jaconet, mull and book Muslins
White, striped, plain and figured Swiss do
Ladies' muslin and Gingham Robes
White bordered and figured Cravats
Small merino and fancy silk Shawls
Bombazets, plain, twilled and figured black and fancy colored do
Ladies' white and black silk Gloves and Hose
Umbrellas and Parasols
Men's do do do do do
Smooth, Rough Red, Chamors, Wookstock, Beaver and Dog Skin Gloves
Bandanno and Spittlefield Handkerchiefs, Plaid do
Cotton Cassimeres; Marseilles Quilts; Oil Cloths
Irish, Russia and Scotch Sheetings
Scotch Doulas Bed Ticking
Russia Table Linen and Toilet Diaper
Stair and Kidderminster Carpetings
Netting Cotton; Cotton Yarn of all numbers
Men's and Boy's Leghorn Hats, and a variety of other articles, together with a general assortment of

Hardware & Cutlery, Groceries, China, Stone and Potters' Ware, and

IRON MONGERY.

The care and attention which has been bestowed upon the selection of these Goods, will enable them to furnish their friends and the public generally, upon the most reasonable and best terms, and they therefore solicit an early call. may 15 3t

TO HIRE.

A VALUABLE HOUSE MAID and SEMPSTRESS. Apply to

HENRY M. STEELE.

may 15 3t

Contents of the Amer. Farmer of May 7.

Premiums to be awarded by the Pennsylvania Agricultural Society—Part of the Stud formerly owned by Col. John Tayloe, of Airy, (Va.) Mr Watertons' new method of preserving Specimens in Natural History—Progress of American Vineyards—Maple Tree Sugar—On keeping of Meat, and best construction of larders, pantries, and meat safes—Diseases of Domestic Animals, and their cure—Extracts from Editor's Correspondence, dated King Creek, Duncanville, Cæcil County, Chester, and Blythe, near Nottinghamshine, England—Tobacco Report Receipt to remove the turnip flavour from milk or butter—To make Brand Bread—Sleep after meals—Water—To warm a carriage are small apartment—Poetry—Editorial Remarks—Items of news—Price Current—Advertisement, &c.

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