PRESIDENTIAL.

ADAMS MEETING.

At a meeting of the citizens of Dorchester county, held at the Court House in Cambridge, on Monday, the 25th instant,

Dr. JOS. E. MUSE, being called to the Chair, and

JOHN R. W. PITT, appointed Sec'y. the following preamble and resolutions were unanimously adopted:—

Whereas the present state of the political concerns of Europe requires that the citizens of the United States, should exercise the greatest caution, in the selection of the person they intend to elevate to the Presidency, as not only the prosperity of our country, but the dearest interests of the civilized world, depend upon the wisdom, integrity, firmness and patriotism of the Chief Magistrate of the only government in which civil and religious liberty is recognized and established. Events of a few years past demonstrate that a mighty struggle for the liberties of mankind is fast approaching, which will terminate either in the destruction of despotism or in the general acknowledgement of the unalienable rights of men. It is the duty then of the people of the United States to deliberate, and select a person who possesses the greatest qualifications for the highest office in the republic: He should be distinguished for talents natural and acquired, experience in public affairs, attachment and devotion to our republican institutions, and the utmost purity of private character. We then in unison with our countrymen, who have already expressed their opinions on this momentous subject, deeply impressed with the importance of the next Presidential election, and thoroughly convinced of the superior abilities, patriotism and virtue of JOHN Q ADAMS, have

Resolved, That we will support his election to the next Presidency of the United States.

Resolved, That we have the greatest confidence in Littleton Dennis, senior, esquire, as the Adams elector in this district.

Resolved, That it be, and is hereby recommended to the friends of John Q. Adams, that their support be conducted with dignity, decorum and moderation, without any abuse of the other candidates, or impeachment of the motives of their advocates and partizans.

Resolved, That we deem it expedient, that committees of vigilance be appointed in the three election districts of Dorchester county, united with Somerset and Worcester counties into one presidential district.

Resolved, That for the Cambridge district, the committee consist of the following persons:—

John C. Henry,	Wm V. Murray,
John H. Hooper,	Lit'n. M. Robinson,
Michael Lucas,	James Shanley,
Henry Dickinson,	Bond Martin, jr.
Thomas Hayward,	Robert Applegarth,
James Bryan,	John L. Phillips,
John Williams,	Wm. Mullikin,
James Birckhead,	Peter Le Compte,
Thomas Barnet,	John Stephens, (of Levin,)
Joseph Le Compte,	
Joseph S. Hooper,	Wm. E. Hooper,
T. H. Eccleston,	Nath'l. Applegarth,
Michael Mitchell,	Levin Hubbard,
Robert Speddin, (of Robert)	Hugh Speddin,
	Daniel Martin,
Wm. Barrow,	Richard Keene,
James W. Stewart,	William J. Ford,
Henry Burns,	John Dorsey.
Samuel Williams,	Samuel Coston,
Wm. Pattison,	

For the Lower District,

Robert Hart,	Jacob Willey,
Arthur Pritchet,	Elijah Pritchet,
Washington Lake,	George Lake,
John M'Namara,	Wm. Andrews,
Edward Griffith,	Geo. Griffith,
Geo. Bouze,	Wm. Robinson, (Robinson's Neck)
Benjamin Slacum,	
George Hart,	Arthur Hart,
Benjamin Hart,	George Mister,
John Cowart,	Wm W. Lake,
Edward Pierson,	Charles Tubman,
Richard Tubman,	Robert Tubman,
John Travers,	Samuel Barnes,
Benjamin Elliot.	

For the Parson's Creek District.

Martin L. Wright,	Mathias Travers,
Reuben Paul,	Samuel Travers, (of Taylor's sland)
John Brohawn,	
Samuel Brohawn,	Joseph Brooks,
Philemon Geoghgan,	Jacob Todd,
Samuel Harrington,	John Harrington,
Henry Harrington,	John Harrington, jr.
James Tall,	Col. John Jones,
John Jones, jr.	Elijah Tall,
Nicholas Craig,	Thomas Jones, (of John,)
Thomas Jones, (of Thomas)	George Keene,
Dr. Levin Fisher,	Levi Travers,
Jeremiah Spicer,	William Jones, (of Thomas)
Stewart, Keene,	
Jas. Jones, (of Thos.)	

Resolved, That these proceedings be signed by the Chairman, attested by the Secretary and published in the Cambridge Chronicle.

JOS. E. MUSE, Ch'n.

Attest—JOHN R. W. PITT, Sec'y.

Cambridge, Oct. 26th, 1824.

Extract of a letter from a gentleman in a populous and central town in Ohio, to his friend in Washington, dated September 24.

"We are doing not only well, but very well. We must succeed. At a general muster in Adams county, the other day, the votes for President stood thus:

For Jackson 513; Adams 16; Clay 13.

"This shows how the question will be decided here. Every mail adds to the number of our triumphs."

JACKSON COMMITTEE OF VIGILANCE,

For the Cambridge District.

Solomon Jones	James Chaplain
Arthur Bell	Nathl. G. Eccleston
Daniel James	John Donovan
Wm. G. Starkey	Thomas Woolford
Zadock Cropper	Wm. C. Ridgaway
James Ewing	John Shock
Chas Goldsborough	Ennalls Roszell
Thomas White	James Straughn
Charles Rea	Thomas Webb
John G. Abbott	James Lecompte, jr.
Charles Straughn	Vachel Straughn
James Woolford, of Cambridge	Robert Burton
	Thos. Loockerman
Thomas Lucas	Peter Farquharson
Thos. I. Pattison, jr.	Lambert Abbott
William Millington	James M. Dorsey
Isaac P. Townsend	John Winterbottom
Harrison Winterbottom	Robert Geoghegan
	John Craig
Sol. Devennish	Archibald Serrell
John Griffin	Noble Warren
Joseph Pattison, T. P.	Charles Vickars
William Robertson	Nathan Griffin
James Vickars	Reuben Phillips
Joseph Byus	Levin Jones
John Spedden, C. P.	John Spedden, of R.
Thomas Cook, jr.	Thomas Cook, sen.
Thomas Jenkins	Robert Spedden
Levin Childerston	John Smith
Joshua Parker	Isaac Meekins
James North	Henry Arnett
Joseph Keys	John Thomas
George Scott	Woolford Stewart
Stephen Biddle	Woolford Vickars
James Eccleston	Matthew Turnbull
John Scott	

LOWER DISTRICTS.

Isaac Meekins	William Barrow
Nathan Richardson	Solomon Kirwan
Caleb Griffith	George Graham, sen.
Samuel Travers	Thomas Jones
Hiram Woolford	James Jones
William Willes	Tristram Richardson
Roger Woolford	
Henry Pattison	Mathias Travers
Levin Fitcher	Washington Jones
Moses Geoghegan	Francis Lithecum
John Brooks	Capt. T. Woolford
William Geoghegan	Thomas Woolford, of T.
Jas. Woolford, (Hickory)	William Colston
Joseph Brooks	Capt. John Griffith
Levi Travers	John M'Knight
Thomas Tolly	Geo. Graham, jr.
Levin Woolford	Whitfield Woolford
Hugh Neal	Stephen Woolford
William Woolford	Wm. Woolford, jr.
John Ratliff	James Brooks
Levin Tall	John Geoghegan, sen.
Thos. Woolford, jr.	Levin Griffin

MEETING

In Anne Arundel County.

At a respectable meeting of citizens of the fourth and fifth election district of Anne Arundel county, held at Merrill's Tavern, on Saturday the 23d of October, the following preamble and resolutions were unanimously adopted, viz:

Whereas, The welfare and prosperity of the people, and respectability of the government of the United States, greatly depend, at all times, upon the character of the chief magistrate, and, taking into consideration the present extraordinary and portentous aspect of the old world—especially the existence there of a great and formidable combination, in hostile array to the vital rights of man every where—and the probability that its hostility may be directed against that portion of the new world, which is now nobly struggling either to gain or maintain the invaluable rights of self government—and which hostility may in its consequences involve the best interests, perhaps the dearest rights of our own country. It becomes therefore, at this time, of more than ordinary importance to select the candidate best suited to that high office.

And *whereas*, upon examining the qualifications of the several candidates for the presidency of the United States, the decided preference of this meeting has fallen upon JOHN Q ADAMS; whose consummate talents, great public & private virtues, extensive knowledge, and long experience in affairs of government; joined to an ardent patriotism, and entire independence of character—most eminently qualify him as their choice.

Therefore Resolved, That in order to promote the election of John Q. Adams, to the Presidency of the United States, this meeting will use all fair and legitimate means for obtaining the election of Thomas B. Dorsey and George Warner, as constitutional electors for the third Maryland District, to vote for Mr. Adams accordingly. JOHN JAMES, Ch'n.

SAM'L BROWN, jr. Sec'y.

From the Maryland Gazette.

The author of the work entitled "A Winter in the Metropolis," in speaking of the candidates for the Presidency, thus notices Mr. Crawford:

"A tall athletic, fine looking young man, was pointed out to us as the Secretary of the Treasury. He was familiarly conversing with some gentlemen in the room, and seemed to be very plain and unassuming.

"Mr. Crawford," says T. "is a gentleman of excellent mind, and amiable and conciliatory manners. There is nothing repulsive and haughty about him, and though from a state where slavery is tolerated, he possesses all the simplicity of republicanism, and exhibits, on all occasions, the man of good sense and intelligence.

Mr. Crawford has filled several public stations with the same ability which he evinces in the present; and his powers of mind are such as to fit him for the faithful and able discharge of the duties of almost every situation in public life. But what is still more a matter of commendation, he is, I understand, indebted for the elevated rank he now holds, to his own individual exertions and enterprise, and how much higher he will ascend, time alone can determine; but there is no situation in this government, however exalted, that nature and study have not qualified him to fill with credit to himself, and honor to his country.

From the National Intelligencer.

All that is now necessary, it appears to us, to secure the election of Mr. Crawford, is, that his friends in the several states be firm, temperate above all, and vigilant. Let them not be influenced by the representations of the state of things, adverse to their wishes, elsewhere than in their own sphere, because those representations are often deceptive, and sometimes intentionally so. In a battle field, those whose stations are in different parts of it, can only truly know what befals their own corps until the battle is over. So, in an election, the result can only be known when the votes are collected and compared. Let every citizen then discharge his duty at the polls as does the soldier in the field of battle, without reference to what others are doing or saying, but with reference to what he ought to do. If he conscientiously discharges his own duty, he will at last be able to regard the result, whatever it be, without the pain of self reproach, and to submit to it with the cheerfulness which becomes a good citizen.

From the Trenton Emporium.

ARBUTINOT & AMBRISTER.

In answer to a note from the Spanish Minister of Foreign Affairs to the American Minister, John Q. Adams, says, "that the two Englishmen executed by the order of General Jackson, were not only identified with the savages, with whom they were carrying on the war against the United States, but that one of them was the mover and fomentor of the war, which, without his interference and false promises to the Indians of support from the British government, never would have happened—that the other was the instrument of war against Spain, as well as the United States, commissioned by Mc Gregor, and expedied by Woodbine, upon their project of conquering Florida with these Indians and negroes: That, as accomplices of the savages, and sinning against their better knowledge, worse than savages, General Jackson possessed of their persons, and of the proofs of their guilt, might, by the lawful and ordinary usages of war, have hung them both, without the formality of a trial: That, to allow them every possible opportunity of refuting the proofs, or of showing any circumstance in extenuation of their crimes, he gave them the benefit of a court martial, of highly respectable officers; that the defence of one consisted, solely and exclusively, of technical cavils at the nature of part of the evidence against him, and the other confessed his guilt. Finally, that, in restoring Pensacola and St. Marks, to Spain, the President gives the most signal proofs of his confidence, that hereafter her engagement to restrain, by force, the Indians of Florida from all hostilities against the United States, will be effectually fulfilled; that there will be no more murders, no more robberies, within our borders, by savages."

From the foregoing extract, it will plainly be seen that John Quincy Adams, had an exalted opinion of the conduct of the General. And he is not the only conspicuous character, that entertains such an opinion. As Gen. Jackson was on his way to the seat of government, he was invited to a public dinner, given at Lynchburgh, Virg'a, where he was joined by the venerable Thomas Jefferson, whose sentiment was:—"*honor* and *gratitude*, to the MAN, who has filled the measure of his *country's honor!*" Let this then be the motto of his friends.

The *Baltimore American*, of Wednesday, contains an account of Lafayette's arrival at Norfolk, on last Friday week, where he remained until Monday; from thence he proceeded on his way to Richmond, and was expected to arrive in that city on Tuesday morning.

LA FAYETTE AT THE Tomb of Washington.

To the Editors.—Gentlemen: The solemn and imposing scene of the visit of LA FAYETTE to the tomb of Washington took place on Sunday the 17th inst. About one o'clock, the General left the steam boat Petersburg at anchor, off Mount Vernon, and was received into a barge manned and steered by captains of vessels from Alexandria, who had handsomely volunteered their services for this interesting occasion. He was accompanied in the barge by the family and suite, and Mr. Secretary CALHOUN. On reaching the shore he was received by Mr. Lewis, the nephew of Washington, and by the gentlemen of the family of Judge Washington, (the Judge himself being absent on official duties) and conducted to the ancient mansion, where, forty years ago, he took the last leave of his "Hero, his friend, and our country's preserver." After remaining a few minutes in the house, the General proceeded to the vault, supported by Mr. Lewis and gentlemen relatives of the Judge, and accompanied by G. W. La Fayette, and G. W. Custus, the Children of Mount Vernon, both having shared the paternal care of the great Chief. Mr. Custus were the ring suspended from a Cincinnati ribbon. Arrived at the sepulchre, after a pause, Mr. Custus addressed the General as follows:

"Last of the Generals of the Army of Independence! At this awful and impressive moment, when, forgetting the splendor of a triumph greater than Roman consuls ever had, you bend with reverence over the remains of Washington, the child of Mount Vernon presents you with this token, containing the hair of HIM, whom, while living, you loved, and to whose honored grave you now pay the manly and affecting tribute of a patriot's and a soldier's tear.

The ring has ever been an emblem of the union of hearts, from the earliest ages of the world, and *this* will unite the affections of all the Americans to the person and posterity of La Fayette now and hereafter; and when your descendants of a distant day shall behold this valued relic, it will remind them of the heroic virtues of their illustrious sire, who received it, not in the palaces of princes, or amid the pomp and vanities of life, but at the laureled grave of Washington. Do you ask—

Is this the Mausoleum, befitting the ashes of a Marcus Aurelius, or the good Antonius? I tell you that the Father of his country lies buried in the hearts of his countrymen, and in those of the brave, the good, the free, of all ages and nations. Do you seek for the tablets, which are to convey his fame to immortality? They have been long written in the freedom and happiness of his country. These are the monumental trophies of Washington the Great, and will endure when the proudest works of art have "dissolved and left not a wreck behind."

Venerable man! Will you never tire in the cause of freedom and human happiness? Is it not time that you should rest from your generous labors, and repose on the bosom of a country which delights to love and honor you, and will teach her children's children to bless your name and memory? Sure where liberty dwells, there must be the country of La Fayette!

Our fathers witnessed the dawn of your glory, partook of its meridian splendor, and oh! let their children enjoy the benign radiance of your setting sun; and, when it shall sink in the horizon of nature, *here*, hero with pious duty, we will form your sepulchre, and united in death, as in life, by the side of the Great Chief, you will rest in peace, till the last trump awakes the slumbering world, and calls your virtues to their great reward.

The joyous shouts of millions of freemen hailed your returned foot print on our sands. The arms of millions are opened wide to hug you to their grateful hearts, and the prayers of millions ascend to the throne of Almighty Power, and implore that the choicest blessings of heaven will cheer the latter days of La Fayette!

The General having received the ring, pressed it to his bosom and replied:

The feelings, which, at this awful moment, oppress my heart, do not leave me the power of utterance. I can only thank you, my dear Custis, for your precious gift, and pay a silent homage to the tomb of the greatest and best of men, my paternal friend!

The General affectionately embraced the donor, and the other three gentlemen, and gazing intently on the receptacle of departed greatness, fervently pressed his lips to the door of the vault, while tears filled the furrows in the veteran's cheeks. The key was now applied to the lock—the door flew open, and discovered the coffins, strewed with flowers and evergreens.

The general descended the steps, and kissed the leaden cells which contained the ashes of the great Chief and his venerable consort, and then retired in an excess of feeling which language is too poor to describe.

After partaking of refreshments at the house, and making a slight tour in the grounds, the general returned to the shore. In descending the hill to the river, the horses became restive. Some spirited young men rushed forward, removed the horses, and would have drawn the carriage themselves, but this the General would not permit, and, alighting, walked to the shore, a distance of nearly a quarter of a mile. Previous to re-embarkation, Mr. Custus presented the Cincinnati Ribbon, which had borne the ring to the vault, to Major Ewell, a veteran of the revolution, requesting him to take a part of it, and divide the remainder among the young men present, which was done, & a generous struggle ensued for the smallest portion of it.

The same barge conveyed the general to the Petersburg, the marine band playing as before a strain of solemn music. The vessel immediately proceeded on her voyage to Yorktown.

Not a soul intruded upon the privacy of the visit to the Tomb; nothing occurred to disturb its reverential solemnity.

The old oaks which grow around the sepulchre, touched with the mellowed lustre of autumn, appeared rich and ripe, as the autumnal honors of La Fayette. Not a murmur was heard, save the strains of solemn music, and the deep and measured sound of artillery, which awoke the echoes around the hallowed heights of Mount Vernon.

'Tis done! the greatest, the most affecting scene of the grand drama has closed, and the pilgrim who now repairs to the tomb of the Father of his country will find its laurels moistened by the tears of La Fayette.—Nat. Intel.

Cambridge Chronicle

AND EASTERN SHORE ADVERTISER.

SATURDAY EVENING, Oct. 30, 1824.

☞ A meeting of the Executive Council of Maryland will be held on Monday next.

☞ The Electors for President and Vice-President will be chosen throughout this state, on Monday the 8th day of of November.

New Orleans.—Accounts from this city up to September 21, state, that the sickness has lost none of its malignancy; every day brings with it the melancholy record of some victim to its desolating grasp. No less than seven Physicians had fallen victims to the disease since the middle of August.

Pennsylvania.—JOSEPH HEMPHILL, Esq. is elected a Representative to Congress from that state, by a majority of 5 or 600 votes over William Duane.

Uncommon Growth.—Mr. Samuel Stackhouse, has left at the office of the Mount Holly Mirror, a basket of Potatoes, raised on his farm near Mount Holly, of the largest growth we have ever seen or heard of:—as an evidence of their uncommon size, 14 of them measured a full half bushel.

On the FOURTH OF JULY, 1826, half a century of our National Independence will be completed. On that day by the admission of Michigan and Arkansas, the number of States will have doubled, and instead of the original THIRTEEN there will be TWENTY-SIX STATES in the Confederacy. This calculation, we believe, is warranted by our present prospects.

The Charleston Courier contains the obituary of two persons who recently died in that city by the name of Cannon:—they were cousins, in the thirtieth year of their age; were born on the same day and left the world at nearly the same hour.

At Mr. Ladd's, No. 30 Wall street, New York, is a lump of pure *Gold*, found in Mecklenburg county, N. C. which has been sold by Mr. Ladd for the purpose of making a set of buttons for La Fayette, to bear the likeness of Washington. It is an object of curiosity both in itself and for the purpose to which it is applied.

Yankee Girls.—At the late annual Fair at Pawtuxet, Rhode Island, there were premiums given (for substantial and fanciful household manufactures) to twenty-five ladies, about one third Matrons, and the remainder Misses. We think the bachelors will *miss* it very much, if they do not most assiduously persuade such fine girls to change their titles and their names.

It is a fact, and we have seen, says the New York Gazette, several letters stating it, that the French editors who had prepared articles announcing General La Fayette's reception in this city, were forbidden by the Censors from publishing one word on the subject, and such articles were suppressed. The effect of this tyranny will shew itself hereafter. An awful change in that country we fear is fast approaching.

A PRINTER's DREAM.

The Printer of the Farmer's Advocate says—"We do not pretend to believe in dreams,' but we had one a few nights since, of such a singular character, that we cannot resist an inclination to give it publicity. We dreamed (for printers are subject to dreams,) that all our delinquent subscribers flocked in, and paid up their old accounts—consequently, we immediately procured new type from New York, enlarged the Advocate, and paid off the paper maker. In this we were exceedingly delighted: but just as we were about to render a host of grateful acknowledgments to our patrons, an unlucky blundering little insect, (which we do think might have found better lodgings,) gave us such a friendly grip between the shoulders, that we awoke under the dreadful apprehension that the sheriff had favored us with a call. But 'twas all a dream—all but the *bite*."

TO MEDICAL STUDEN

AT the Annual Convention Medical and Chirurgical Society ryland, it was *resolved*, that Phy be recommended to receive as St those only, whose classical attai and correct deportment qualify th the profession of Medicine,—*Also* before being admitted as Candid a degree, they should have rea years, attended two courses of Le and have read and studied certai which are particularly mentioned

MR. GALLATIN WITHDR

We find the following in a la ber of the Richmond Enquirer.

Fayette co. Penn. Oct. 2, Understanding that the withd my name may have a favorable e the result of the approaching ele President and Vice President United States, I request that I longer be considered as a candi the office of Vice President.

ALBERT GALLA

The Equestrian Statue of Wa is now completed in the city York, and subject to the inspec committee who are to decide o rits.

La Fayette:—The editor of ton Gazette says: "A worth man of Albany, who is somew brated for his eccentricity, ass our presence, and we do not fact, that within one year the be upwards of ten thousand named after the distinguished the nation. He had an infan whom he meant to give the name: *Vanschoon Synderd Moonhagen Vansart La Fayet*

In another eastern paper, w that a similar compliment t tion's Guest has been actually that an infant son of Mr. Gil ner, at Hingham, was baptise day last, by the name of "*W Fayette.*

RATTLE SNAKE

This deadly reptile of late carried about as a show in b the keepers imagining them to and and not having extra fangs, are exposed to continu A melancholy instance is reco Genessee Register. A man appearance in the village, "w ber of rattle snakes, which he a box." While there, he ha snakes as very harmless th allowing them to crawl over He was frequently cautioned pising his life in this manner; garding the advice of more pr sons he took out his snakes a tel's at the Conesus, and wh crawling on his mouth, or rat his lips, he received a bite on of which he died next morni cle of indiscribable horror. cently interred by the inhabit place.

Trinidad.—Jamaica paper September, state that des been received there, from Admiral Lawrence, inform strong symptoms of revol shown themselves among the that Island. It was repo French fleet of 28 sail, seve ships of the line, had arrived ique.—*N. Y. Evening Post.*

Among the curiosities Marseilles, is a giant na Robega, who is 7 feet 2 inch with finely proportioned and thighs. His strength, i prodigious, for he breaks wi marble slab into pieces by a with his naked fist. He is birth, and the descendant of Buffon has honored with a Natural History.—*Paris pa*

Suicide.—The Schaffhau gives an account of a suicid in a most extraordinary man, at Marot, who filled mouth and ears with gun then blew off the top of his

Murder.—The Schenec of Tuesday says—"just a was going to press, John F aged about 20 years, was jail in this city, for the m wife of Mr. John I. Sche Rotterdam.—He made e fore the Justice's Court tha ed his gun for the purpos the house, opened the door rate aim, fired and retreat certaining whether he had object or not.

A gentleman at the req ladies of Fredericktown, p La Fayette at the Exchang emblematic of their wishes ed *life everlasting.*

A GENERAL CE

The present Census World is said to stand thu

Jews,	
Pagans,	
Mahomedans	
Christians,	
Total,	

Deists and Atheists are but not distinguished in e enumerations, as they do selves by any formation i are anomalies in each clas

It is worthy of notice th cient congregation, viz. Pa sist through the globe,

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