THE BOUQUET.

"MUCH YET REMAINS UNSUNG."

THE MAID OF ARUTINA.

By the author of "Jessie of Dumblane," "Gloomy Winter," &c.

Forlorn among the Highland hills,
'Midst nature's wildest grandeur,
'Mid rocky dens and wooden glens,
With weary steps I wander.
The langsome way, the darksome day,
The mountain mist sae rainy,
Are naught to me when gaun to thee,
Sweet maid of Arutina.

Yon mossy rose-bud down the bowe,
Just opening fresh and bonny,
Blooms fresh beneath the hazle bough,
And scarcely seen by any;
But fairer 'mid her native dale,
Obscurely blooms my Joannie.
More fair than day or rosy May
The maid of Arutina.

High on the mountain's lofty brow,
I view the distant ocean,
Where avarice courts her bounden prow,
Ambition courts promotion;
Let fortune pour her golden store,
Her laurell'd favors many;
Give me but this, my soul's first wish,
The maid of Arutina.

ASPIRATIONS OF YOUTH.

By H. K. White.

Higher, higher will we climb,
Up the mount of glory,
That our names may live thro' time,
In our country's story;
Happy when her welfare calls,
He who conquers, he who falls.

Deeper, deeper let us toil,
In the mines of knowledge;
Nature's wealth and learning's spoil,
Win from school and college;
Delve we there for richer gems
Than the stars of diadems.

Onward, onward, may we press,
Through the path of duty.
Virtue is true happiness,
Excellence true beauty;
Minds are of celestial birth,
Make me then a heav'n of earth.

Closer, closer, let us knit
Hearts and hands together,
Where our fireside comforts sit,
In the wildest weather;
O they wander wide, who roam
For the joys of life from home.

Nearer, nearer bands of love,
Drew our souls in union,
To our father's house above,
To the saints' communion:
Thither every hope ascend,
There may all our labors end.

ANSWERS to ENIGMAS in our last

No. 1—He makes a *D* canter, (Decanter.)

No. 2—Woman.

ENIGMATICAL INTERROGATORIES.

No. 1—Why is a man of feeling like a cart-horse?

No. 2—If a tough beef steak could speak, which of the English poets would it name?

No. 3—Where was Jacob when his candle went out?

THE MISCELLANIST.

From the Salem Observer.

PRESIDENT MONROE.

It certainly should be considered among the causes which the citizens of this Republic have for exultation, that those who have successively administered our national government, have been men of such elevated characters; and perhaps the peculiar merits of our republican institutions could not be better exhibited, than by sketching the lives of those patriots, and contrasting them with the sovereigns of the old world.

As our present national chief magistrate, who has so long and so faithfully discharged the duties of this high station, will retire from it in the course of a few days, perhaps the following notice of his public life may not be found uninteresting.

Mr. Monroe entered the public service, in 1776, at the early age of 17, as a cadet in Col. Mercer's Virginia Regiment.—Soon after, he received a Lieutenant's commission, and marched, under Col. Weedon, to New-York, to join General Washington. While holding this rank, he was engaged in several important battles; Harlem Heights, White Plains, and the attack on Trenton where he was wounded and for his gallant conduct was promoted to a captaincy. He was soon after appointed Aid-de-camp to Lord Sterling, and continued in this station through the campaigns of 1777 and 8, in which he was engaged in the battles of Brandywine, Germantown & Monmouth, and was distinguished for his gallant conduct.

In 1778, at the recommendation of Washington, he was appointed by the Virginia Legislature, to the command of a regiment ordered to be raised, but as the troops could not be furnished, he exchanged the military for civil pursuits, & entered his name, as a law student, with Mr. Jefferson, the Governor of the State. In 1782, he was elected a member of the Assembly, and in the following year a member of Congress, and while in this body he was appointed one of the Judges of the Special court, which was formed to try the conflicting land titles, which were then in dispute between New-York and Massachusetts.

In 1787, he was again elected to the State Legislature, and in the following year a member of the convention, to decide on the adoption of the Federal Constitution.

In 1790, he was elected as Senator of United States, and at the expiration of his term, was appointed by General Washington, Minister Plenipotentiary to France. After continuing there three years, he was recalled by government, in a letter implying censure on his conduct during his mission, but he fully vindicated himself on his return and was immediately honored with testimonials of public respect and confidence.

In 1799, he was chosen Governor of Virginia, and served through the constitutional term, when he was appointed by President Jefferson, envoy extraordinary and minister plenipotentiary to France and Spain. Having succeeded in his negotiations with France, he was appointed to succeed Mr. King, minister at the court of St. James. After residing a year in England, he visited Madrid, on the original object of his mission to Spain, and after a few months' detention, returned to England, where he was afterwards associated with Mr. Pinkney, in negotiating a treaty with England.

In 1810, he was again elected member of the Assembly, and afterwards Governor of the State, and while in this office, he received the appointment of Secretary of State, and discharged the arduous duties of this Department with ability, till 1817, when he was elected President of the United States, and was afterwards rechosen for the second term.

He is now about sixty six years of age, all of which, excepting his period of childhood, and two or three years spent on his farm, have been devoted to the public. He came into power, before the nation had recovered from the paralyzing effect of the war, amidst the most violent commotions of party spirit and consequently was exposed to the reproaches of the censorious; but his administration has been wisely and impartially conducted, and his personal character has been so conciliatory, that he has not only pleased his friends, but has not displeased those who were opposed to him. The character of his administration has infused, into both political parties a more candid & friendly spirit towards each other, and were this its only recommendation, it would be deserving of high praise. But the present honorable state of our foreign relations, and the peace and prosperity which prevail at home, show the ability with which President Monroe has discharged the high trust; and when he retires from public life, may he carry with him the blessings of his fellow citizens, and long live to enjoy their gratitude.

"Earth knows no fiend like love to hatred turn'd,
Nor h—ll a fury like a woman scorn'd"

A DISAPPOINTED MAID.

Richmond, (Va.) March 22.

The attention of the citizens about the market, was on Friday morning last, arrested by the appearance of a robust comely female, parading on its pavement, with a cowskin of immoderate length in her hand, and evidently in a temper to apply it with a hearty good will, to some one who had provoked her ire.

On enquiry, it appeared, that some two or three weeks since, she had entered into an engagement to be married to a certain dashing buck of her neighbourhood, and that the preceding evening had been fixed on for the consummation of the nuptials.

At the appointed hour, the minister and guests had assembled; an elegant and ample supper had been prepared, and the lady herself, her face wreathed in smiles, and her form adorned with many a frill and furbellow, impatiently waited the moment which was to make her a bride! The moment came, and passed!—hour after hour lingered on, and finally the evening expired; but the Bridegroom came not.

At first, the neglect fair one bore her disappointment with a sort of pensive gloom, or meditative sullenness: this state of feeling, however, presently gave way to anger; and this soon became tempestuous and uncontrolable, and in the morning she sallied forth, prepared as we have described, to avenge her own grievances, in contempt of Doctors, Commons, Judge and Jury.

The truant lover, suspecting, probably, that there was a rod in pickle for him, prudently kept himself incog. and in the back ground. He seemed to be (to use a sporting phrase) 'a cock that would neither show nor fight,' and it was not until after long and diligent search, that he was discovered concealed, not far from the spot, where was exhibited the unusual appearance we have described.

The incensed female, forthwith, and without remorse, or the smallest mitigation of her powers, began to apply the cowskin to the shoulders of her craven Bridegroom, and this application she continued with so much pungency and perseverance, that flesh and blood could not longer bear it, but bolting forth, he fled with might and main down the street, pursued by the enraged Amazon, and accompanied by an hundred or two of the gentry and nobility about the market!

"The Beau, he fled with utmost speed,
And sad and anxious looks,
For why, he felt the whip indeed,
Was at his back gadzooks!"

It soon became apparent, however, that though our heroine ran with great speed and spirit, yet she was deficient in that essential quality for a courser, which jockeys term 'bottom.' And after "brushing it," (to keep up the figure) in high style, for two or three hundred yards, and occasionally applying her instrument with great efficiency to the shoulders of the fugitive Beau, she was obliged to give up the chase, and thus afford him an opportunity of accomplishing his retreat in security.

What may be the result of this feline sort of courtship, we presume not to conjecture; but we had rather have witnessed the castigation and the race, than any thing of the kind which has occurred since the days of the merrry ramble of Johnny Gilpin and his mare.

A HARD CASE.

The following notice appears by way of advertisement in the Louisiana Gazette. To lose wife and wardrobe too, and a wife who had made the first offer, was certainly too much for human patience to bear. The gentleman ought to bring an action for "*Breach of Promise.*"

Caution.—The subscriber takes this method of informing the public of an occurrence, which in this country he believes to be without a precedent. About six weeks ago, I advertised for a housekeeper, in consequence of which a young woman named Emma Bradford English, of Boston, called at my house and offered her services in the above capacity: I employed her, and she continued in the performance of her duties, and conducted apparently, with the most perfect propriety, until about two weeks past, when she one day came into my private room, and without ceremony proposed to become my wife. I was surprised at such a proposal; but having been pleased with the kind care and attention she appeared to manifest towards my children, I acceded to her proposition and left to her the appointment of a time for the matrimonial ceremonies. She said the anniversary of her birth-day would be on the 13th inst. and she would prefer being married on that day. This being agreed to, I procured from the parish Judge, the hon. J. Pitot, a license in legal form for marriage. On the evening appointed, the Rev. Mr. Hall and several gentlemen and ladies, who had been invited on the contemplated occasion, came at my house, and after being seated a short time, the pretended bride entered the room, and making a few remarks, left the house. Supposing she was to be my wife, I at her request, furnished her with clothing, &c. to a considerable amount, which she clandestinely removed from my house, near the time of her leaving it. From a sense of duty to myself and the public, I make the above statement of facts.

PETER NELSON.

As a plain garment best adorneth a beautiful woman, so a decent behaviour is the greatest ornament of wisdom.

THE REFLECTOR.

METHODIST

ANNUAL CONFERENCES.

The South Carolina Conference closed its annual session in great peace and harmony, on the 24th ult. The net increase of members in the Conference the last year was upwards of three thousand and three hundred. One Circuit alone (Enoree) had an increase of about five hundred members.

The Virginia Conference met at Oxford, (North Carolina,) on the 24th of February, and continued its session until the 2nd inst. Of the proceedings of this Conference we have received no particulars, except that sixty eight appointments were made for the present year, and that four persons the Rev Messers. John Andrew, Elijah Sparks, John Hales, and T. Muire, were located.

The Tennessee Conference closed its annual session on the 4th of December. Pleasing accounts of revivals were received from some parts of the Conference, and it appeared that there had been an increase, in the whole, of about sixteen hundred members. A considerable number of preachers joined the travelling connexion, and some few located.

[*Boston Herald.*

INDIA.—Mr. Leslie, a Baptist missionary in India, writers from Calcutta, under date of June 7, 1824, that much good is doing at Madras. At one of the stations of the Church Missionaries, there has been a great out-pouring of the Spirit; and in one school, 23, out of 30 youths give evidence of sincere convertion. Mr. L. attended a monthly meeting of all the missionaries at Madras in April last, at which 11 were present from different societies, and different countries. "All stated," says Mr. L. "that idolatry is beginning to visit very loosely upon the people.—Many of the converts have suffered great persecution for Christ's sake; and, in some places, even Christian villages exist. The people themselves are beginning to dispute with the Bramins on the absurdities of Hindooism,—and, on one occasion, a Brahmin was so confounded with some questions of the people concerning God, that he had to confess his ignorance; at which they, (in number about four or five hundred) called to a Missionary, who was standing by, to come and teach them concerning the Deity. This we heard from the Missionary himself."—*So. Int.*

THE ECONOMIST.

PRUNING FRUIT TREES.

Mr. Fessenden—Very different opinions have prevailed respecting the best season for pruning apple-trees. I believe it to be injurious to prune them at any season. Ten years ago I purchased a farm with a large thrifty orchard, admitted to be one of the best in town. It had never been trimmed. Thinking to improve it, I began with a very abundant trimming. A judicious neighbor came along, and observed that I should only hurt my orchard by so close trimming, and pointed to several orchards which had been much trimmed, and remarked that they were, at an early period, in a state of decay; and ten years observation has proved to me the truth of the remark.

Trees that are set at proper distances so as not to interfere with each other, will not need much trimming, except to cut off a few limbs that cross and chafe each other, dead limbs, and limbs that droop by the weight of fruit, so as to render passing under them difficult. If the limbs become in any place too thick, the superfluous will die. In that case the limb burdens and becomes very durable, and when cut off, there is no danger of its rotting and leaving a hole in the trunk.

The leave an orchard in this state, I know may look slovenly. But too much trimming is like too much doctoring. It is sure to destroy health, if not itself.

But if you trim, let it be in March or April, agreeable to immemorial custom.

ON THE PRESERVATION OF CABBAGE.

By Bela Fosgate, of Cayuga.

If the raising of vegetables is an object to the farmer, their preservation will be found no less so. I am convinced, from a partial experiment, that the following mode of keeping cabbage will be found useful. After they are gathered, and freed from their loose leaves and stalks, that nothing remains but the sound part of the head, bead them up in a tight cask. By thus excluding them from the air, they may be kept for a long time. Those intended for the longest keeping should be put into small casks, as they will soon spoil when exposed to the air.

CANDLES.

If you are without a rush-light, and would burn a candle all night, unless you use the following precaution, it is ten to one an ordinary candle will gutter away in an hour or two; sometimes to the endangering the safety of the house. This may be avoided by placing as much common salt, finely powdered, as will reach from the tallow to the bottom of the black part of the wick of a partly burnt candle; when, if the same be lighted, it will burn very slowly, yielding a sufficient light for a bed chamber; the salt will gradually sink as the tallow is consumed, the melted tallow being drawn through the salt, and consumed in the wick.

LIGHT READINGS.

A gentleman who had visited the Columbus 74, was describing in very pompous terms, the extent of her decks, the size of her chicken-coops, and stalls for cattle, &c. &c. when C———, (rather tired of the subject) observed, "O! yes, I hear they had a pack of hounds and a few hares, for the amusement of hunting occasionally as they crossed the Atlantic!"

A gentleman lately complimented a lady on her improved appearance. You are guilty of flattery, said the lady. 'Not so,' replied the gentleman, for I vow you are as *plump as a patridge.*' At first,' rejoined the lady, 'I thought you guilty of flattery only, but now I find you actually make *game* of me.'

A lady meeting in the street a gentleman who was frightfully ugly, took him by the hand, and led him to the shop of a statuary to whom she said "just like this," and departed. The gentleman astonished, asked the meaning of this; the statuary said "the lady has employed me to make a figure of the devil, and as I had no model she promised to bring me one."

I was present one evening at the Rev. Mr. D——'s in Westminster, with Peter Pindar, when a nobleman entered, whose very *small nose* he had taken the liberty to caricature in verse. At first the poet seemed a little confused, but spirit soon rallied, and, upon the peer's taking an opportunity of asking him in a jocose manner why he had attacked his nose? Peter replied, "My Lord, I did it in pure *good will to let the world know your lordship had one.*

A gentleman dining with some of his friends, aiming to rally two who set next to him, exclaimed; 'Well, how prettily am I fixed between two tailors!,' "I perceive it" says the entertainer, "but they ought not to be ridiculed, for they appear to be new in business, and to keep but one *goose* between them."

When Lieut. O'Brine, who was always called *sky rocket Jack*, was blown up in the Edgar at Spithehead, he was saved on the carriage of a gun; and when brought to the admiral all black and wet, he said with pleasantry, "I hope, Sir, you will excuse my dirty appearance, for I left the ship in so great a hurry that I had not time to shift myself.

Clock and Watch Maker.

WM. A. MARTIN,

(From Philadelphia,)

Respectfully informs the inhabitants of Cambridge and its vicinity, that he has commenced business at Mrs. *Bradshaw's*, and hopes by his knowledge of the business, (having followed it in the cities of Philadelphia and New York,) moderate prices and attention, to merit their patronage.

N.B. *W*atches sent from a distance particularly attended to. Persons either in or out of town having CLOCKS out of repair, will be waited on, by leaving their address at the above place.

feb 26 tf

Negroes for Sale.

Will be sold at public sale, on six months credit, on Friday the 22d of April next, a Negro Girl, about 20 years of age, and her male child, (Aleck) about 16 months old. Also, a Negro Girl, named Kitty, aged 17; a negro Man, named Thomas, aged 25, and a negro boy named Charles, aged 10.

The above negroes will be sold for the benefit of the creditors of the late Amelia Robson, deceased. Sale to take place at the store of Messrs. John C. Traverse and Son, Taylor's Island.

SAMUEL K. ROBSON. Adm'r.

march 26 ts

TAILORING.

Archibald Serrell,

High Street, near the Court House,

CAMBRIDGE,

Respectfully informs his friends and the public generally, that he still continues

THE TAILORING BUSINESS

at the above stand, where he solicits a continuance of public patronage. From his long experience in the business, he flatters himself, to have his work executed in the neatest and most fashionable style. Every exertion will be made to please those who may encourage him—he will be strictly devoted to business, and will work on the most reasonable and accommodating terms. All orders attended to with punctuality and despatch.

nov 6—tf

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Will be sold at public sale, on six months credit, on Friday the 22d of April next, a Negro Girl, about 20 years of age, and her male child, (Aleck) about 16 months old. Also, a Negro Girl, named Kitty, aged 17; a negro Man, named Thomas, aged 25, and a negro boy named Charles, aged 10.

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SAMUEL K. ROBSON. Adm'r.

march 26 ts

Forty Dollars Reward.

Ranaway from the Subscriber, on Wednesday, the 23d of February last, a negro woman named NANCY. She is large built, about 5¼ feet high, and has several lumps on the back of her neck which have the appearance of burns. She had on a linsey woolsey frock with black and white stripes, and several handkerchiefs. She took with her a male child, about 14 months old, of lighter color than his mother. It is supposed that she has made her way towards Queen Ann's County, as she formerly lived with Mr. William Harrison, of that county.

Whoever apprehends said woman and child, and brings them to me, or secures them so that I get them again, shall receive the above reward.

THOMAS WHITE.

Middletown, Dorchester C'ty Md. March 21, 1825 } march 26—3t*

☞ The Easton Gazette will insert the above *three* times, and charge to this office.

PUBLIC SALE.

By virtue of a decree of Worcester county court, as a Court of Chancery, will be sold at public sale on Wednesday the 27th of April next, at Capt. Peter Whaley's store, all that valuable Tract of Land, containing 369 acres, the property and late residence of Elisha Holland, late of said county, deceased; situated in said county, near said Whaley's store, and will be sold for the payment of said Holland's debts. The terms will be a credit of twelve months for one half the purchase money, and eighteen months for the other half, with interest from the day of sale, to be secured by bond to the trustee with approved security. The creditors of said Elisha Holland, are hereby notified to exhibit their claims to said court, within six months from the day of sale with the vouchers thereof.

THO'S N. WILLIAMS, Trustee.

april 2 4t

Medical Prize Question.

THE Medical and Chirurgical Faculty of Maryland, offer a premium of one hundred dollars in cash or a gold medal, at the option of the successful candidate, for the best essay "on the pathogy and treatment of the Cholera Infantum."

The undersigned have been appointed to award the premium at the next meeting of the Faculty. Candidates for the prize will cause their dissertations to be sent to either of them (post paid) on or before the 1st day of May, 1825—Each dissertation to be accompained by a sealed letter, superscribed with a motto corresponding with that prefaced to the essay. None of the letters except that to which the motto of the successful essay shall be affixed, will be opened. Remaining essays will be disposed of according to the direction of the owners.

NATHANIEL POTTER,
A. ALEXANDER,
THOS. E. BOND,
EZRA GILLINGHAM,
PATRICK MACAULAY.

Editors of papers throughout the Union, favourable to the promotion of medical knowledge, are requested to make public, the above notice.

Baltimore, Aug. 1824 jan 22—

CAMBR

VOL. III.

TAILORING.

ARCHIBALD SERRELL,

HIGH STREET,

near the Court House, Cambridge,

Respectfully informs his friends and the public generally, that he still continues

THE TAILORING BUSINESS

at the above stand, where he solicits a continuance of public patronage. From his long experience in the business, he flatters himself, to have his work executed in the neatest and most fashionable style. Every exertion will be made to please those who may encourage him—he will be strictly devoted to business, and will work on the most reasonable and accommodating terms. All orders attended to with punctuality and despatch.

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SAMUEL K. ROBSON. Adm'r.

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THO'S N. WILLIAMS, Trustee.

april 2 4t

Cabinet Business.

THE Subscriber takes this method of informing his friends and the public generally that he has commenced the above business in High street, one door from the corner of Poplar street, (adjoining the Chronicle Office,) where he is prepared to furnish all articles in his line on as good terms as they can be obtained in BALTIMORE or elsewhere. Having obtained the best workmen and materials, he feels confident that he will be enabled to supply persons on such terms and in such style, as will make it an object, and particularly calls their attention to it.

☞ All charges will be in accordance with the pressure of the times, and all orders faithfully attended to with punctuality and despatch.

N.B. The subscriber has provided himself with A HEARSE which will always be at the service of the public.

THEODORE SMITH.

oct 30 tf

Bread, Crackers, Cakes, &c.

J. WILSON,

(High st. opposite the Office of Brice J. Goldsborough, esq.)

Begs leave to tender his thanks to the citizens of Cambridge, for the very liberal encouragement he has met with since he commenced business, and assures them, that he will continue to use his best exertions, to supply every thing in his line of the best quality.

Loaf Bread 1 1-3 lb		$0	6¼
Pilot Bread	- - -	0	7
*W*ater Crackers (wholesale) lb			7
Butter Crackers,	do do		7
Medford Crackers	do 150	1	0
Sugar Cakes	do 300	1	0
Ginger Bread,	do 150	1	0
Pound Cake, per lb			40

Persons wishing bread baked in a superior style, can be accommodated. By sending 7 pounds flour, they will receive 9 lbs of Bread. Flour sent at 7 o'clock in the evening, will be baked and ready for delivery at 6 o'clock the next morning—Sundays excepted.

feb 26 tf

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