THE BOUQUET.

"MUCH YET REMAINS UNSUNG."

The following beautiful lines on the burial of Sir JOHN MOORE, an American by birth, who fell at the battle of Corunna, in Spain, while commanding a company of British troops, during the time of the invasion of Spain by the French forces in 1808, originally appeared, we believe, in a London paper. They have since been repeatedly published in the papers of our country, and we now insert them at the solicitation of a friend, and lover of fine poetry, with whom we concur in sentiment, in believing that for elegiac elegance and pathos, they are unequalled, and cannot be too much admired.

BURIAL OF SIR JOHN MOORE.

Not a drum was heard, nor a funeral note,
As his corpse to the rampart we hurried;
Not a soldier discharg'd a farewell shot
O'er the grave where our hero was buried.

We buried him darkly at dead of night;
The sod with our bayonets turning;
By the moon beam's struggling misty light,
And the lanthern dimly burning.

No useless coffin enclos'd his breast,
Nor in sheet, nor in shroud we bound him,
But he lay like a warrior taking his rest,
With his martial cloak around him.

Few and short were the prayers we said,
And we spoke not a word of sorrow,
But we steadfastly gaz'd on the face of the dead,
And we bitterly thought of the morrow.

We thought as we hollow'd his narrow bed,
And smooth'd down his lonely pillow,
That the foe and the stranger would tread o'er his head,
And we far away on the billow.

Lightly they'll talk of the spirit that's gone,
And o'er his cold ashes upbraid him;
But nothing he'll reck, if they let him sleep on,
In the grave where a Briton has laid him.

But half of our heavy task was done,
When the clock toll'd the hour for retiring;
And we heard by the distant random gun,
That the foe was suddenly firing.

Slowly and sadly we laid him down.
From the field of his fame fresh and gory;
We carv'd not a line, we rais'd not a stone,
But left him alone with his glory.

THE MISCELLANIST.

DEATH.

In this misjudging world, they picture death
A fearful tyrant:—O believe it not!
It is an angel, beautiful as light,
That watches o'er the sorrowing spirit here—
And when its weary pilgrimage is done,
Unbars the gates of everlasting life,
And vanishes for ever!

Many shrink from beholding a fellow mortal prepared for the "place of the dead;" and shun with superstitious awe, "the abode of the tomb"—but to me they are full of serious and salutary reflections—such seasons chasten and purify the soul; wean the unhallowed affections from the things of time; place before us those of eternity; and teach us to set our house in order, for we must surely die.

Go, stand by the grave, look down into its dark chamber, see how small a space we occupy in that earth, of which when living, we desire to possess so much!—where now is pride? where is ambition? what can the miser take with him, of all that vast heap he has been denying himself every comfort to accumulate? or can the prodigal spend it? where is envy? all here are equal!—save that one may have a stone placed over him to tell that he existed; another mingles with dust, and his name is forgotten! Though painful to humanity to witness the decay of what was fair, beautiful, and dear to us, I have often felt "it is good for us to be here;" and salutary for those who know they must die, to behold death, and frequently consider their latter-end!" and consoling to the heart oppressed and disquieted by afflictions to feel,

"That there is a calm for those who weep,
A rest for weary pilgrims found
They softly lie, and sweetly sleep,
Low in the ground!

The storm that wrecks the wintry sky,
No more disturbs their deep repose,
Than summer evening's latest sigh,
That shuts the rose!

The soul of origin divine,
God's glorious image, freed from clay,
In Heaven's eternal sphere shall shine
A star of day!" MARTHA!

Napoleon and the Ants.—The ants had appeared in great numbers in his bedroom, since he occupied it less, and had climbed upon his table, on which there was usually some sugar. Allured by the bait, they had immediately established a chain of communication, and taken possession of the sugar basin.—Napoleon was anxious that they should not be disturbed in their plan; he only now and then moved the sugar, following only their manœuvers, and admiring the activity and industry they displayed, until they found it again. "This is not instinct," said he: "it is much more; it is sagacity, intelligence, the idea of civil association. But these little beings have not our passions, our cupidity; they assist, but do not destroy each other. I have vainly endeavoured to deafeat their purpose; have removed the sugar to every part of the room; they have been one or two, sometimes three days looking for it, but have always succeeded at last. The idea strikes me to surround the table with water, and see whether that will stop them. Doctor, send for some."—But water did not stop them, the sugar was still pillaged. The emperor then substituted vinegar, and the ants no longer ventured to approach. "You see it is not instinct alone that guides them, they are prompted by something else, but what I know not. However, be the principle which directs them what it may, they afford to man an example, worthy of observation and reflection. It is only by perseverance and tenaciousness, that any object can be attained.

Thick Skulls.—The following extract from Dr. Crichton's Inquiry into mental derangement, proves that the reproach is anatomically correct when applied to those who labor under a defect of intellect:—

"It is very remarkable that the skulls of the greater number of such patients are commonly very thick; nay, some have been found of a most extraordinary degree of thickness. Among two hundred and sixteen patients of this description, whose bodies were inspected after death, there were found 167 whose skulls were unusually thick, and only 39 thin ones; among the last number there was one which was much thicker on the right side than on the left. But in particular, it was observed that among 100 raving madmen, 78 had very thick skulls and 23 very thin ones; among which skulls there was one quite soft. Among 26 epileptic raving madmen, there were nineteen found with very thick skulls, and four very thin. Among 16 epileptic idiots, there were 14, and among 20 epileptic patients 16, who had very thick skulls; among whom there was one discovered, one side of whose skull was thick, and the other thin. Among 24 melancholy patients, there were 18 with very thin skulls; and lastly among 30 idiots 22 with very thick, 6 with very thin skulls. All the others had skulls of a natural thickness."

THE ECONOMIST.

Pruning Apple Trees.—I beg leave through the medium of your paper, to offer a few hints to my brother farmers on the importance of pruning their fruit trees. It has been more neglected here, than in any section of the United States which I have visited. The fruit that grows in the shade where the sun does not come, nor the air circulate freely, is vapid and tasteless, and it must be obvious to every one, that the cider made from such apples is not so rich and good as that made from fruit that has had the benefit of the sun and air while growing. Pruning trees, if done properly, makes them healthy and long lived. Great care should be taken to cut off the dead limbs, and those that cross others, close, and in such manner as to leave the wood smooth, that there may be no place for the water to settle and make it rot. If it is found necessary to cut large limbs, a composition made of rosin, bees-wax and tallow, of equal parts simmered together, is very good to put on the wound. It would be well to take a small sharp hoe, and carefully scrape the rough bark from the trunk of the tree and the limbs, as far as you can reach, and cut up all sprouts around the trees. It is considered of so much importance in France, to remove the sprouts around the trees, that a French gentleman informed me that if any man was so slack, as not to attend to it, the people would not trust him for 1 dollar. Young trees should be washed with soapsuds. Take a brush, such as is used to whitewash, or a mop made of woollen rags on a stick, dip it in soapsuds, and rub the trees with it.—About the middle of June, take a knife and slit the bark on the north side carefully down, not so as to penetrate into the wood; but on no account whitewash the young trees; it dries and contracts the bark, and is injurious to the trees.

Brain Staggers.—A disease common to domestic animals, and to calves among the rest. They are supposed, in the case of calves, to be caused sometimes, by eating the blossoms of whortleberry bushes. In all cases, brain staggers may, we are told, be cured by splitting the skin of the forehead over the brain, and separating it from the bone sufficiently to introduce under it a small quantity of fine salt. As soon as the salt dissolves, the animal is relieved.

Raising Cucumbers.—I have tried this process of raising Cucumbers many years with success. I place an old hogshead or barrel on the south side of a building, in the warmest place I have; fill it as high as the bung hole, with rocks or refuse brick; put on a handful of straw, six or seven inches of dirt on that, leaving about 2 inches unfilled; put my seeds on that; throw brush from the cask around; put an horn in the bung hole; occasionally pour in a pail of water.—The straw will conduct it to the roots of the Cucumbers. They will need no other watering, be three weeks earlier, and bear as many as you can raise from 20 hills, planted on the surface.—*Author of Touches on Agriculture.*

Browning Gun Barrels.—The method of browning gun barrels, as prescribed by the board of ordonance of England, and which has been adopted by the U. S. armories, is complicated, and the composition unchemical. The following is very simple, and unattended with any of the inconvenience attending the old method. It is much more durable, and is susceptible of as high a polish.

After the barrel is finished, rub it over with aquafortis, or spirit of salt, diluted with water. Then lay it by for a week, till a complete coat of rust is formed.—A little oil is then to be applied, and after rubbing the surface dry, polish it with a hard brush and a little bees' wax.

LIGHT READINGS.

A pretty smart repartee was given the other day at a place in the Tongate, Glasgow, where some repairs were made in the pavement, and a very confined space left for lieges to walk upon:—A beautiful young lady was met at this narrow spot by two gentlemen, (one of them an exquisite Corinthian.) "I protest," said the dandy, "this place is as narrow as Balaam's passage,"—(the name of a narrow lane in Glasgow.) "Yes," said his companion, "and like *Balaam* my progress is arrested by an *Angel*." "True," said the lady, looking him full in the face, at the same time gliding neatly past him, "and I am stopt by the *Ass*."

A Frenchman being afflicted with the gout, was asked what difference there was between that and the rheumatism. "One very great differance!" replied Monsieur; "Suppose you take one vice, you put your finger in, you turn de screw, till you bear him no longer; dat is de Rheumatis; den, 'spose you give him one turn more,, dat is de Gout."

A tar growing sick of his business, deserted his ship, went into the country and hired himself to a farmer. He was immediately sent to ploughing, with a yoke of oxen and an old mare, called Jin. The sailor being wholly unacquainted with the management of the tacks, sheets and bowlins, of his old mare and oxen, in his first attempt to put about, missed stays, and by turning the yoke, threw Jin and the oxen all down in a heap together.

Jack, frightened with the confusion, bawled out for help. The farmer asked "What's the matter?" "Matter! matter enough, by my conscience," replied Jack; the larboard ox has got on the starboard side; old Jin has got fast in the rigging, and they are all going to the mischief stern foremast."

Toast Making.—A Chaplain to a Governor of Bengal, more remarkable for the goodness of his heart than the brilliancy of his wit, being one day at the table of his patron asked for a toast, with much simplicity exclaimed—"Alas! and a lack-a-day! what can I give?" Nothing better replied the Governor. Come, Gentlemen, a bumper to the parson's toast; a LASS and a LACK a day. A lack of rupees is One Hundred Pounds.

During the late assizes at Lancaster, a man who appeared to have got his 'beer on board,' was staggering along Market-street, when a friend accosted him with "Well, neighbor, how far are you going now?"—"Only to Skirton," replied the jolly fellow; "Why that is rather a long way for you," said his friend; "Oh, dang it," replied our hero, hiccupping, "I don't mind the length; it's the *breadth* that bothers me."

The following "*fair*" expose, we copy from the Vermont Watchman.

TO THE PUBLIC

Whereas *David Thayer*, my husband, by public notice in the Vermont Watchman, has forbidden all persons trusting me on his account, and states that he will pay no debts of my contracting after said notice; this is to inform the public that he has lately taken the poor man's oath on the small sum of *seven bushels of ashes;* and I have not been able for years to obtain one cent on my *dear husband's* credit, but have discharged some of his small debts. I now state that I will pay no more debts of his contracting, and I earnestly request all persons not to trust him on my account, especially for ardent spirits.

LUCY THAYER.

Calais, June 12, 1825.

The following specimen of *pure English*, I heard from an Englishman not long since, who was abusing the Americans for many things, and among the rest for speaking such bad *English*, that he could not *hunderstand* them.

I *ate* the *Hamerican* climate, because it is too *ot* in summer. I *ham* not *hable* to walk *hout* of the *ouse*. I *ave* to *habstrain* from *hall* the *hinjoyments* of *hexercise* on *orseback* or *hotherwise hexcept* I *ire aack*. The *Hamerican orses, hoxen* and *ogs* are not *hequal* to the Hinglish—he said he did not like our mode of living, because *hin* Virginia they gave him *Hindian* bread and *am* and *heggs* to *heat*, with sometimes a fried *en* instead of a chicken.

Quere—Was e heducated at Hoxford?

MARYLAND.

Dorchester County Orphans' Court, June 27, 1825.

On application of *Henry C. Hicks*, executor of *Thos. Simmons*, late of Dorchester county, deceased; it is ordered, that they give the notice required by law, for creditors to exhibit their claims against the said deceased's estate, and that the same be published once in each week for the space of *three successive weeks*, in the newspaper printed in the town of Cambridge.

In testimony that the foregoing is truly copied from the minutes of proceedings of Dorchester County Orphans' Court, I have set my Hand and the Seal of my Office affixed, this 27th day of June in the year of our Lord 1825. WM. W. ECCLESTON,
Reg'r of Wills for Dorch'r county.

SEAL.

IN obedience to the law and the order of the honorable Orphans' Court of Dorchester county, this is to give notice, that the subscribers of Dorchester co'ty, hath obtained from the Orphans' court of said county, in Maryland, letters of administration on the personal estate of *Thos. Simmons*, late of said county, deceased. All persons having claims against said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the proper vouchers thereof, to the subscribers, on or before the 10th day of Jan. next, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of said estate.—Given under our hands this 27th day of June, A. D. 1825. HENRY C. HICKS.
Executor of Thos. Simmons.
july 2 3t

†‡† All persons indebted to the estate of the deceased, are requested to come forward and make immediate payment.

MARYLAND.

Dorchester County Orphan's Court, June 27, 1825.

On application of *Reuben Tall* executor of *Bruffett Tall*, late of Dorchester county, deceased, it is ordered, that he give the notice required by law for the creditors to exhibit their claims against the said deceased's estate, and that the same be published once in each week for the space of *three successive weeks*, in the newspaper printed in the town of Cambridge.

In testimony that the foregoing is truly copied from the minutes of proceedings of Dorchester county Orphan's Court, I have hereunto set my Hand and the Seal of my office affixed, this 27th day of June, in the year of our Lord, 1825. WM. W. ECCLESTON.
Reg'r of Wills for Dorchester c'ty.

SEAL.

IN obedience to the law and the order of the honorable Orphans' Court of Dorchester county, this is to give notice, that the subscriber of Dorchester county, hath obtained from the Orphans' court of said county, in Maryland, letters of administration on the personal estate of *Bruffett Tall*, late of said county deceased. All persons having claims against said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the proper vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, on or before the 10th day of Jan. next, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of said estate.—Given under my hand this 27th day of June, anno domini, 1825. REUBEN TALL.
Executor of Bruffett Tall.
july 2 3t

☞All persons indebted to the above estate are requested to make immediate payment.

BACON.

The subscriber offers for sale, a quantity of PRIME BACON, wholesale or retail, on very moderate terms. Persons wanting the article, would find it to their advantage to call on
july 2—3t L. CLIFT.

LIST OF LETTERS

Remaining in the Post Office, at Cambridge Md. July 1st, 1825.

John G. Abbott, Lev Brown, Thos. Barnett, Jesse Bespitch, Rob't Burton, Roda Brien, Josiah Bayly 7, Francis E. Colston 2, Levin Colston, Mrs. B. Cook, John Cropper, Phœbe Corkerin, Lear Camper, James Chamberlain, Dan'l Denard, John Dorsey, Isaac Davis, Mathew Fleharty, Samuel Ferguson, Caleb Griffin, Eliza Gatts, James Hammersley, Washington Jones, M. Kean, Thomas Lucas 2, Wm. S. Lambdin, Wm. Lecompte, Levin M'Namar, sen'r. Dr. Wm. W. Mason; James, John or Henry Marshall; Mrs. Eliza Marshall, Dr. Geo. W. Pratt, Hannah Price, Hooper Rauleigh, Joseph Roberts, John H. Stevens, Rev. Levi Storks, Rawleigh W. Shelton, John Tindle, Matthias Travers, Jas. Underwood 2, Ann Wyvill, Rev. Stevens Woolford, Eliza B. Woolford, Gen. Winder. JAS. CHAPLAIN, P. M.
july 2 3t

Promissory Notes,

Neatly executed on good paper, may always be had at this office—Also, Wrants, Excutions, &c.

To be Drawn this Month (July 27th.)

HIGHEST PRIZE

40,000 DOLLS.

Grand State Lottery—No 5.

THE WHOLE IN ONE DAY.

SCHEME.

1	prize of	$40,000	is	40,000
1	do	10,000		10,000
1	do	5,000		5,000
10	do	1,000		10,000
30	do	100		3,000
50	do	50		2,500
200	do	20		4,000
250	do	10		2,500
500	do	6		3,000
20000	do	4		80,000

12120 prizes—40,000 tickets, $160,000

Tickets 5 dolls.

Shares in proportion; for sale at

WAITE'S

Lottery and Exchange Office, corner of Charles and Market sts.

☞ Orders from a distance promptly attended to, if addressed to G. & R. Waite, Baltimore. july 16

Come quick--Price no object.

Wanted to purchase, about 50 young NEGROES, for which a liberal price in CASH will be given. They are wanted for speculation; therefore, a few dollars in the price will be no consideration, if owners will apply immediately at the tavern of WM. C. RIDGAWAY.
july 2 tf

SHERIFF'S SALE.

By virtue of sundry writs of venditioni exponas and fieri facias issued out of Dorchester county Court and to me directed against Zadock Cropper at the suits of Henry Nicols, Elizabeth Marshall, administatrix of Wm. Marshall, and James Birkhead and Edw'd Loockerman, will be sold on Thursday the 28th instant, at the store of Hugh and Jno. Valliant, esqs. Crotcher's Ferry, between the hours of 10 & 4 o'clock, all the right of said Cropper to the following property to wit: all his right to all the land he holds in Dorchester county; that is to say all his part of the lands which came by his mother; also, the Houses and Lots at Crotcher's Ferry, at presenting the occupancy of Hugh and John Valliant, to be sold for a term of years, 1 Negro boy Jim, to serve for life; 1 sorrel Mare and Gig; 1 gray Colt, and all his Household and Kitchen Furniture, the Goods and Chattels, Lands, and Tenements of said Cropper, seized and will be sold to satisfy the aforesaid claims. THO'S H. HICKS, Sh'ff.
july 9 3t

SHERIFF'S SALE.

By virtue of a writ of fieri facias, issued out of Dorchester county Court, and to me directed, at the suit of Thos. Loockerman, assign of Peter H. Lowber, vs. Wm. M'Kenzie, will be sold at the Court-house door, on

Monday the 1st day of August next,

between the hours of 10 and 4 o'clock, all the right of said M'Kenzie to the Farm on which he now resides; also a negro Boy, to serve for life; seized, taken, and will be sold to satisfy said claim. THO'S H. HICKS, Sh'ff.
july 9 4t

SHERIFF'S SALE.

By virtue of a writ of venditioni exponas, issued out of Dorchester county court, and to me directed, at the suit of Thomas I. H. Eccleston use Michael Lucas vs. William Applegarth, and a writ of fieri facias at the suit of Bell and James, will be sold at the Court-house door, Cambridge, on

Monday, the 1st day of August next,

all the right of said Applegarth to a small Farm situated on the waters of Little Choptank; 1 Negro boy and girl; 1 bay Horse, seized, taken, and will be sold to satisfy said claims. Sale to commence between the hours of 10 and 4 o'clock. THO'S H. HICKS, Sh'ff.
july 9 4t

☞ Money Wanted.

The subscriber respectfully requests all persons indebted to him, to come forward and discharge their bills before the 1st day of August next. His circumstances compel him to give this notice, and he hopes that it will be attended to by every lover of good bread who is in his debt. JOHN WILSON.

N. B. He continues the BAKING business in all its varieties, at the old stand, High street, opposite the office of Brice J. Goldsborough, esq.
july 9 3t

Notice to Creditors.

James Sampson, a petitioner for the benefit of the insolvent laws of Maryland, hereby notifies his creditors, to be and appear before the judges of Somerset Court, on the 1st Saturday of September Term next, to show cause, if any they have, why he should not have the benefit of said insolvent laws.
june 25 4t

NOTICE.

The subscriber informs those who may wish to transact business with him, that during the summer months, he may be found at his private residence, the brick house formerly occupied by the late C. K. Bryan, except on Mondays, when he will attend at his office.

JOHN R. PITT.
july 16 3t

CAMI

VOL. III.

Come quick--Price no obj

Wanted to purchase, about 50 y NEGROES, for which a liberal pr CASH will be given. They are ed for speculation; therefore, a few lars in the price will be no consider if owners will apply immediately a tavern of WM. C. RIDGAWAY.
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N. B. He continues the BA business in all its varieties, at stand, High street, opposite th of Brice J. Goldsborough, esq.
july 9

For Sale or Rent.

That comfortable HOUSE and LOT on next door to Solomon Jo quire, and now occupied James Sewell. The house is i lent repair, and has the conven a good well. For terms, which moderate, apply to DAVID
june 18

TO BE RENTE

For the ensuing yea large and valuable FAR Hicksborough, on which Hutchison now resides; smaller FARM connected with vated this year by Mr. Clement also, two HOUSES and LOT a Blacksmith's Shop, in Hicks For terms, &c. apply to the subs his residence, Stepney View.

ST. GEORGE E. RO
may 28

House and Lot for

I wish to sell the H Lot, where I now live on the river; it has th nience of an excellent Water within a few steps of For particulars, enquire of

AARON MITCHELL
S. & S. Mitchell, Ca
july 16

TO RENT

For the ensuing year yard, dwelling House, good Smoke-house, Sh and Beam-house, attach yard, all in good repair, toge 2 good Lots, situated half a m Salem, and formerly belonging Hutson, dec'd.— —Also, a H Lot (at Salem Meeting House, repair. Apply to

SAM'L FERG
Administrator of Wm. Huts near Hunting Creek Mills
july 16

TO RENT,

For the ensuing year, the F Cambridge, where Solomon W lives. For terms, apply to

THO'S COOK, C
july 16

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