emblematic of *Faith* an

sumptuous repast had been
nd the cloth removed, the
ular toasts were drank, in-
vith excellent instrumental
usic from professional gen-
mateurs:—

TOASTS.

untry—Supported by wis-
n and beauty, established in
nitated in the South, respect-
red in the East.

emory of the Master Work-
ge—GEORGE WASHINGTON.
ng the following toast, the
er, in a short but eloquent
nded to the many and signal
ch had been rendered to this
ring its struggle for liberty,
La Fayette:—

ustrious brother, *La Fayette*
lished the honors of the East,
the labors of the West.

La Fayette now arose, and
ustomed feeling manner ex-
gratitude for the many testi-
esteem and friendship which
xtended towards him—and,
the persecutions which were
d by Masons in some parts of
concluded by offering the fol-
t:

nory of an illustrious patriot
, General RIEGO—may the
ome, when the anniversary of
dom will be celebrated in
s to atone for the base and fe-
ebration of the present year.

ular toasts next in succession

World—the Trestle Board on
sketched the magnificent ope-
our Supreme Architect.

Mysteries of our Order—a pil-
to the Brethren; of clouds and
to the uninitiated.

spread of Masonry through-
orld—the Divine decree, 'Let
ght,' never can be weakened by
ce of human power.

ties of our Order—exceeding
h the Gordian knot: they ne-
e severed.

Brethren of the South—may
arity and Concord be their
nion their shield.

his toast was drank, His Ex-
M. REBELLO, Charge des Af-
e Brazillian government, arose
behalf of his brethren of the
xpressed his thanks for the kind
anifested towards them. His
on this subject, he remarked, he
t better express than by offer-
ollowing:—

overnment and People of the
tates—May they enjoy forever,
y, peace, and plenty; the ne-
offspring of order, energy and

egular toasts next in order were
:

e 19th of October, 1781—Mil-
Freemen remember with grati-
glorious triumph of the *York*

The Temple of Masonry—its
ates open but to the magic pass-
hich is deposited in the bosoms
ithful.

Masonry, the handmaid of Reli-
ke Martha and Mary, both de-
the service of the Master.

The Charity of Masonry—"the
s cruse shall never fail, nor the
son feel want."

he Mason's Badge—More an-
an the golden Fleece or Roman
nore honorable than the Star or

The Masonic Communications—
hand writing on the wall of the
alace, intelligible only when in-
d.

he Memory of Benjamin Frank-
aithful brother and the friend of

The Memory of our late Grand
, Coats, Kerr, Crawford, Wirg-
d Winder; they wrought faith-
heir work is finished, and they
receiving the Master's wages.

The Star of Masonry—it shines
ual lustre upon the whole world.

The light of Masonry—A lamp
eet of the afflicted, a source of
comfort to the destitute.

The Twenty-four pillars of our
temple—like the Alphabet, may
ions of the earth learn wisdom
om.

The motto of our Order—"on
Peace, good will towards men."

The ambition of Masonry—its
les Philanthrophy; its aim the
nd happiness of mankind.

The knowledge of Masonry—like
ntle of Elijah, it has descended
eneration to generation, unimpair-
ts beauty, unpolluted in its spirit.

Our persecuted brethren in Eu-
Lux ex Tenebris.

Woman—Though not permitted
ship in the masonic temple, she
its protection and its blessings.

VOLUNTEERS.

Br. B. C. Howard, Grand Master.
Republic—never more glorious
hen presenting like the Roman
er, "the full breast of her youth-
uberance" to the lips of a vene-
father.

Br. Little, Past Grand Master—
s a tree—the fruit is ripe in the
season, the evening crowns the
ng—thus has it been with the
n's Guest.

Br. Montgomery, Mayor of the ci-
The Temple of Liberty, built in
nd by the master workmen, Wash-
, La Fayette, and their co-patri-
may it be perpetual. Its founda-

tions have extended to the Southern Continent—may they spread throughout the empires of the world.

By Br. Steuart, Dep. Grand Master.—Long life, health and happiness to our worthy brother, George Washington La Fayette.

To which Br. G. W. La Fayette proposed a toast which we have not been able to obtain.

By Br. E. G. Woodyear, Grand Treasurer—Brother La Vasseur, the interesting friend and companion of our illustrious guest; he has been educated in a good school and under an able tutor.

Upon which Col. La Vasseur proposed the following toast:

The Freemasons—they will never forget that the Temple of Liberty is entrusted to their care.

By Br. Edme Ducatel. To the memory of the brave ancestor of our beloved and venerated guest, Gilbert De LaFayette, who lost his life at the battle of Poictiers, in 1359, while endeavouring to rescue his King from the hands of the English. From that moment the Chiefs of that illustrious race bequeathed to the descendants their exploits to maintain, and their patriotic devotion to imitate; a noble legacy which the Hero of America, and the friend of man and liberty in both hemispheres, has not only preserved inviolate, but gloriously increased; and which he will transmit to his worthy posterity with the additional splendour of his own bright example.

Fortes creantur fortibus et bonis.

By Br. P. A. Guestier.—The joy we this day feel, in seeing before us our dear brother La Fayette, must be enhanced, when we reflect, that future generations, will hear with emotion, that a generous people knew how to scatter roses over the evening path, and enliven the winter of the life of the man, who devoted the spring time of his, to the deliverance of their country.

By Br. Kelly, Senator of the U. States from Alabama. The soul of the nation; the soul that fills this Hall! the pulse that strikes here so strongly, beats with undiminished ardor in every cabin in the western wilds.

By Br. Reynolds. The mighty fabric of our national independence—We this day greet one of its noblest builders, a brother whose work bears inspection.

By Col. Miltenberger. Liberty and Masonry—We rejoice that the eminent champions of the former, are the zealous patrons of the latter.

By Br. Creme, of New York. The United States—The asylum of persecuted patriots, adorned with wisdom, strength and beauty, having sprung up like light out of darkness, exhibits a brightness that will serve to illume the nations of the earth in their pathway from the thraldom of oppression or the confusion of anarchy, to the Elysium of freedom.

By Br. R. Lemmon. The Masonic Garden—the secret and faithful heart. Its plants, benevolence, sympathy and affection; its fruits, gratitude to God, peace and good will to man.

By Br. Hinkley. The happiness of being free is not greater than that of honoring those who have made us so.

By Br. P. Macauley. The Grand Lodges of Tennessee and New Hampshire; may their gratitude to the father of the nation be imitated by those of every other state.

By Br. S. Keerl, Is evidence wanted of high, elevated patriotism and great disinterestedness of character among Free Masons—we point to Washington, to Franklin and to La Fayette.

By Br. E. J. Coale. The Congress of the U. States; they have met the desire of ten millions of grateful freemen.

Between eight and nine o'clock, the General rose to retire, having first expressed the satisfaction it gave him to spend the day with them. His address was responded by the enthusiastic cheers of the company; and as he passed along the hall, the brethren arose and saluted him with the grand masonic honors.

CONGRESS.

Thursday, December 29, 1824.

SENATE.

Mr. D'Wolf gave notice that he should to-morrow, ask leave to introduce a bill to grant a draw-back upon articles manufactured from foreign materials imported into the United States.

The resolution was received from the House of Representatives proposing a joint Committee to wait on Gen. LA FAYETTE, and announce to him the passage of the act in his favor, and requesting his acceptance of the provision therein made to him.

The resolution was agreed to *nem. con.* and Messrs. Smith, Hayne, and Boulinge, were appointed by the chair the committee on the part of the Senate.

The Senate then adjourned to Monday.

House of Representatives.

On motion of Mr. Archer, of Va. it was

Resolved, That a Committee from the Senate in announcing to Gen. LA FAYETTE the passage of the act concerning him, which has just been approved, and to express to him the respectful request and confidence of the two Houses of Congress that he will add his acceptance of the testimony of public gratitude extended to him by this act to the many and signal proofs which he has afforded of his esteem for the United States.

Official Papers.

THE AFFAIR AT FAXYARDO.

Naval Department,
28*th December*, 1824.

Sir—In answer to a resolution of the House of Representatives of the 27th inst. "that the President of the United States be requested to communicate to the House any information in his possession, not improper to be communicated, explaining the character and objects of the visit of the Naval Officer of the United States commanding in the West Indies, to the town of Faxyardo, in the island of Porto Rico, on the — day of November last; I have the honor to enclose to you a copy of a letter from Captain David Porter, to the Department dated 15th November, which is the only information on the subject in possession of this department.

An order has been given that Captain Porter should return to this place without unnecessary delay; and an officer will sail from the United States to relieve him and take command of the squadron in a very few days, as soon as a vessel can be prepared for the purpose.

I have the honor to be, very respectfully, your most obedient servant,

SAML. L. SOUTHARD.

The President of the United States.

U. S. Ship John Adams,
Passage Island, Nov. 15, 1824.

Sir: I have the honor to inform you that on my arrival at St. Thomas, I was informed that Lieut. Commander Platt, of the United States' schooner Beagle, who had visited Faxyardo, a town on the coast of PortoRico, about 2 miles from the sea, for the purpose of making inquiries respecting a quantity of dry goods, supposed to have been deposited there by pirates, was, after being recognized as an American officer, by the proper authorities there, imprisoned and shamefully treated.

Indignant at the outrages which have been so repeatedly heaped on us by the authorities of Porto Rico, I proceeded to this place, where I left the ship, and taking with me the schooners Grampus and Beagle, and the boats of the John Adams, with Capt. Dallas, and part of his officers, seamen, and marines, proceeded to the port of Faxyardo, where, finding preparations were making to fire on us from the battery on shore, I sent a party of seamen and marines to spike the guns, which was done in a few minutes, as the Spaniards fled on the landing of the party.

I then landed with 200 men, and marched to the town, spiking on the way the guns o a small battery placed for the defence of a pass on the road, and reached the town in about 30 minutes after landing. I found them prepared for defence, as they had received information from St. Thomas, of my intention of visiting the place. I halted about pistol shot from their forces, drawn up on the outskirts of the town, and sent in a flag requiring the Alcade or Governor, with the Captain of the Port, the principal offenders, to come to me to make atonement for the outrage, giving them one hour to deliberate. They appeared accordingly, and after begging pardon (in the presence of all the officers,) of the officer who had been insulted, and expressing great penitence, I permitted them to return to the town, on their promising to respect all American officers who visit them hereafter. We then returned to the vessels, and left the harbor, after being at anchor three hours.

As we were getting under way, a number of persons appeared on the beach bearing a white flag, and having with them some bullocks, and a number of horses apparently laden, no doubt a present from the authorities of the place, which they informed me they should send me.

There is no doubt our persons and our flag will be more respected hereafter than they have been by the authorities of Porto Rico.

Every officer and man on this occasion, conducted themselves in a manner to meet my entire approbation.

I have the honor to be, very respectfully, your most obedient servant,

D. PORTER.

Hon. *Samuel L. Southard*,
Sec'y of the Navy, Washington.

FOREIGN.

On the first of the year can we communicate more joyful intelligence to our readers than the extracts with which the papers are crowded; than the tidings that our sister Republic of Greece is still triumphant over the Ottoman oppressors; the destruction of the Turkish navy. A second massacre at Samos was attempted by this fleet—the navy set sail from the harbour of Mitylene for that purpose, when it was pursued, overtaken and wrapped in flames by the Grecians—six Egyptian frigates made an ocean bonfire, and the naval hero, Canaris, set with his hands the flames to three of the ships. The Grand Seignior ascribes this blazing discomfiture to the relaxed devotion of Mussulmen. The remainder of the Turkish squadron has escaped to the harbor of Mytylene, where Canaris declares he will follow them and burn them even in the channel of the Dardanelles. We learn further, that the Grecian Army, catching a spark from the Navy, have defeated the Dervish Pacha, and captured all his artillery and baggage, and that an expedition is now fitting out to relieve the island of Crete from the Mussulman yoke—that 10,000 Grecians are preparing to attack Patras, and that 10,000 more are awaiting the arrival of the Egyptian fleet at Hydra. Another icicle of comfort for the Grand Seignior is, the Mussulmen in Candia have quarrelled with his own troops and driven them out of the city. The Grand Officer of the seraglio has of course been beheaded, while the Grand Seignior of the seraglio complains in his firman, that the Turkish women deviate from decency, and recommends and enjoins more modesty for their observance.

His Spanish Majesty is endeavoring to procure funds by new loans. Accounts state that the French army of occupation is preparing to retire, leaving 23,000 men distributed about in different garrisons; to remain until France was reimbursed or indemnified for her expenses in the war. The French are making preparations for departure. Meanwhile, Spanish persecutions rage as violent as ever against the Freemasons, the Constitutionalists, and the royal party likewise—for Ferdinand's friends as well as his enemies, all come in for a share of these blessings.

Another revolution in favor of the Queen for the murder of the King of Portugal, and the coronation of their son, has been attempted and suppressed. Royal plots like these are rare proofs of the advantages of the Holly Alliance.

In England the greatest exertions are making, not only to preserve the life of Fauntleroy, but also to abolish the punishment of death for forgery. Our countryman Perkins has invented a mode of substituting steam for gunpowder.

The process is very simple to those who remember Mr. Perkins' generator into which he inserts a barrel, and by the addition of two pipes towards the chamber of the gun, introduces a quantity of balls, which by the handle to the chamber are dropped into the barrel and fired one by one, at the rate of from 4 to 500 per minute, with an explosive force of steam of 700 lbs. to the square inch—a musket ball fired against an iron plate distance 100 feet flattens; with the force of 840 lbs. to the square inch, it flies into so many fragments, that not a particle remains. Mr. Perkins is now constructing moveable cannon on this principle—ten guns are calculated to do more execution than 200 on the present plan; and a vessel carrying only 6 guns would be more than a match for a 74.—The person who examined this invention thus concludes—

"If any two rulers of the earth were to know, that in the event of declaring war against each other, a plague or pestilence would blast both armies and sweep them from the face of the earth, they would pause before they made such a declaration; but what plague, what pestilence, would exceed, in its effects, those of the Steam Gun? Five hundred balls fired every minute, and one out of 20 to reach its mark—why, ten of such guns would destroy 150,000 daily. Mr. Perkins considers steam discovery as in its infancy, for he says he is convinced that a steam engine might be made to throw a ball of a ton weight, from Dover to Calais."

From all quarters we hear that liberty although surrounded by monarchs and armies and chains and holy alliances, and crescents and dungeons, still makes her way like a spirit, felt, but invisible—there is a moral force more violent, more explosive than gun-powder—it is against this power that the members of the Holy Alliance are now making war with as much prospect of success as it would be in a warrior who should undertake with a cannon to inflict a wound upon the atmosphere.

Artificial Hands.—A laboring man, by the name of Reed, (says the Boston Medical Intelligencer,) who had both arms blown off just below the elbow, and who had suffered the loss of an eye, in blasting a rock at the bottom of a well, made application a few weeks since to Mr. Doyle, of the Columbian Museum, in Boston, who carved a pair of hands, and matched them to the stumps, so ingeniously, that they would be mistaken at the first view, for natural hands. Although there are several springs exerting a power on the palm and on the wrist, the contrivance is very simple, and there is but little danger of its getting out of order. He is now enabled to take off his hat as genteelly as his friends, cut his food, feed himself as readily as any person, and what is still more wonderful, write his name with correctness and facility. His clothing is now kept together by small hooks instead of buttons, which he manages with such adroitness, as to dress and undress himself without any kind of assistance. His acquaintance have now the strongest hopes that he will maintain himself by his own industry. What adds greatly to the interest of Mr. Reed's case, and reflects honor to the benevolent artist who has thus restored him to the pleasure of mutual industry, is, that he was made welcome to the services of Mr. Doyle, and left him with a thankful heart and money in his pocket.

TO CORRESPONDENTS.

The communications of "W" and "Selim" are on file for insertion.

ALTAR OF HYMEN.

"But happy they! the happiest of their kind!
Whom gentler stars unite, and in one fate
Their hearts, their fortunes, and their beings blend."

MARRIED, on Tuesday last, by the Rev. Daniel Bayne, Mr. *Stephen Hurst*, to Miss *Elizabeth Skinner*, both of Dorchester county.

In Talbot county, Mr. *Thomas Rowe*, to Miss *Jane S. Darden*—Mr. *Samuel K. Benson*, to Miss *Eliza Matilda Bradshaw*.

Promissory Notes,

Neatly executed on good paper, may always be had at this office—Also, Warrants, Executions, &c.

COURT OF DEATH.

"This is the desert, this the solitude!
How populous, how vital is the grave!
This is creation's melancholy vault,
The vale funereal, the sad cypress gloom!
The land of apparitions, empty shade!"

DIED, at Secretary, Dorchester county, on Tuesday last, Miss *Sarah*, daughter of Mr. Levin Keys.

In Talbot county, Mrs. *Andrews*, consort of Mr. Thomas Andrews—Mr. *Arthur Holt*—Mrs. *Ann*, consort of Mr. Henry Catrupe.

In Keene, N. H. Mrs. *Hannah Wheeler*, aged 103 years. She had seen more years than any other inhabitant of the town.

In Newton, Mass. Abigail Eager, widow, aged 101 years.

In Worcester, Mass. Mr. Nathaniel Gates, aged 54. He received a severe blow while employed in fastening his oxen in the stalls for the night, and immediately expired.

NOTICE.

THE *Commissioners of the town of Cambridge*, are requested to meet on Tuesday next, at 10 o'clock, A. M. at the Court House. Punctual attendance is earnestly solicited, as business of importance will be submitted to them.

JOS. E. MUSE,
jan 8 President of the Board.

Land for Sale.

THE subscriber will offer at public sale, on the 4th Saturday of this month, (22nd Jan.) at Mr. Martin L. Wright's store, at Church Creek, 50 or 100 acres of prime timber Land, being part of the land on which he now resides, on the South side thereof, in lots of 25 acres. One fourth of the purchase money will be required at the time of the sales, the residue at such periods as may be agreed on at the time.

WILLIAM PATTISON
jan 8 2w

NOTICE.

J. R. W. PITT,

Informs his clients and others who may wish to engage his professional services, that he has removed his office to the north front room of the brick building in High street, occupied by Capt. *John Donovan*. jan 8—3t

Cambridge Fire Company.

THE Members of the *Cambridge Fire Company* are requested to meet at the Engine-house, on Saturday next, at two o'clock, with the buckets, badges and implements of their respective stations.

It is earnestly hoped that the menacing aspect of the recent fire in the cabinet-maker's shop, when the want of discipline had nearly countervailed the laudable, but confused and discordant efforts of an active and ardent crowd, will impel to a participation in the toils of *drilling* every man in Cambridge, who is competent to render corporeal services; and those who are not, to contribute in money to the expenses necessarily incident to such an association; and that those very few citizens who have not become members, will evince their disposition to cooperate, by money or labor, for the security of the town from fire, by coming forward on Saturday next, and subscribing to the Constitution of the "Cambridge Fire Company."

JOS. E. MUSE, President of Co.
John Donovan, Sec'y.
jan 8 1w

List of Letters

Remaining in the Post Office, at Cambridge, Md. on the 1st of January, 1825.

John E. Ardsey, Wm. Bespitch, Jane Bowdle, John Broughawn, Elijah Barnett, Thos. Barnett, Isaac and Jacob Carmur, Levin Colston, (Thomas Cooper, Martin L. Wright, Levin Richardson, or Stanley Ridardson,) Samuel Corkran, 2; Wm. Claw, William Dean, Samuel Dunnock, The Hon. Judge and Clerk of Dorset county; Elizabeth Ferguson, Mary E. Fitchett, Samuel Ferguson, Rev. Sam'l Griffith, Roger Hooper, Benjamin Jones, 3; Daniel James, Eben W. Kennard, 2; Mary Linthicum, Silas Lucas, Cambridge Lodge, 2; Samuel Lecompte, John Mitchell, John D. Meekins, Ammon Porter, Reuel H. Page. Col. Thomas Pitt, Dr. Geo. W. Pratt, Rev. Charles Reed, Geo. W. Stephens, Levin Stanley, Dorothy Stoakes, Doctor Rob't F. Tubman, John C. Travers, Eliza Waggaman, Thomas E. Waggaman, John Woodland.

J. CHAPLAIN, P. M.
jan 1 3t

Notice to Creditors.

IN obedience to the law and the order of the honorable Orphans' Court of Dorchester county, this is to give notice, that the subscriber of Dorchester county, hath obtained from the Orphans' court of said county, in Maryland, letters of administration on the personal estate of *Eleanor Wright*, late of said county deceased. All persons having claims against said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the proper vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, on or before the 21st day of July next, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of said estate.—Given under my hand this 8th day of January, anno domini, 1825.

CLEMENT WRIGHT,
Adm'r. of E. Wright.
jan 8 3t*

The Subscriber

Having removed to that commodious house lately occupied by Mr. Roger W. Stewart, and formerly as a tavern, in a central and healthy part of the town, will take a few Boarders on reasonable terms, either male or female.—As the schools &c. at Cambridge, are as good as those of any other place on the Eastern Shore, persons who wish to send their children can be accommodated.

He will constantly attend to any public business in his line, and from his experience in public business of different kinds for more than twenty years, he hopes to meet with the public patronage.

jan 8 JAS. HOUSTON.

N. B. A woman who is a good Cook, Washer, &c. may meet with employment by applying as above.

FOR SALE,

By the subscriber, a VESSEL, sloop rigged, about 3 years old, burthen about 1400 bushels of grain, of an easy draft of water, being built with the intention of trading to the head of navigation on the Choptank river, Greensborough, as he has declined the mercantile busines, with a view of devoting his attention to agriculture. This vessel will be sold low for cash, or on a liberal credit as may be agreed on. Persons wishing to purchase, may view her in Secretary creek, near his residence, Dorchester county.

Jan 1—8t W. HUGHLETT.

SHERIFF's SALE.

BY virtue of a writ of *fieri facias*, issued out of Dorchester county court, and to me directed, at the suit of John Robinson, use of Thos. Hayward, against Benj. Todd, Edward and Geo. Griffith, will be offered at public sale, on Monday the 3d of January next, 1825, at the court-house door, between the hours of 10 and 4 o'clock, all the right of Benjamin Todd to all that tract or parcel of land lying and being in Dorchester county, known by the name of Todd's Enclosure—Also, a tract or parcel of land called Timothy's Intention, also Evans' Horse Pasture, End of Dispute, Safford and Betty's Lot containing in the whole about ninety acres, more or less, together with one yoke of steers and a cart.—ALSO, at the same time and place, all the right of Edward Griffith to all that tract or parcel of land, called World's End Project containing 82½ acres, more or less, 2 horses, and 2 yoke of oxen, taken as the property of Edward Griffith, and ALSO, at the same time and place all the right of George Griffith, to all that tract or parcel of land, called Todd's Horse Pasture, containing 16 acres, more or less, two horses and two yoke of oxen, taken as the property of George Griffith, and will be sold to satisfy the above debt, interest and cost.

THOS. H. HICKS, Shff.
Dec 3 ts

Two more $1000 Prizes

FROM COHEN's OFFICE,

No. 11233 and 14406 prizes of $1000 each drawn on Thursday afternoon in the *Grand State Lottery of Md.* were both sold at

COHEN'S OFFICE,

No. 114 *Market street, Balt.*

where the cash as usual is ready on presentation of tickets—The following is the *brilliant list of Prizes* already obtained at *Cohen's Office* in the

Grand State Lottery of Md.

No. 13467	a prize of	5000	Dollars!
No. 16002	do	1000	Dollars!
No. 14086	do	1000	Dollars!
No. 19437	do	1000	Dollars!
No. 11233	do	1000	Dollars!
No. 14406	do	1000	Dollars!
No. 6245	do	500	Dollars!
No. 7987	do	500	Dollars!

All undrawn in the present Grand State Lottery, and sold at Cohen's office, No. 114 Market street, where the most unprecedented success continues to attend adventurers. jan 1

CLARKE's LIST OF PRIZES

Of the 7th day's drawing of the Grand

State Lottery of Md.

Nos. 11233 14406	prizes of	$1000
*12449	prize of	100
3388 8399 13591 15242 17100		50
And 192 of		10

All thus marked * sold at Clark's

The drawing will be continued on Thursday next—The capitals still to be drawn are

40,000 *Dollars*	10,000 *Dollars*
20,000 *Dollars*	5,000 *Dollars*
21 of 1000 *Dollars*	15 of 500 *Dollars*

Whole tickets $12—halves 6—quarters 4—eighths 1 50

The whole of the Universihy Lottery, 4th class, new series, will be drawn on the 25th inst. Tickets $6, shares in proportion.

The whole of the Maryland University Lottery, 3d class, new series, will be drawn on the 27th inst. Tickets $5, parts in proportion.

Packages of whole, halves, quarters, and eighths, or certificates thereof, also for sale at

CLARKE'S

Lottery and Exchange Offices, corner of Market and Calvert streets, and No. 52 Market st. 3 doors west of Gay st.

Orders fulfilled immediately if addressed to S. CLARKE, Baltimore.

jan 1 tf

©Maryland State Archives, msa_sc6044_1_62-0035.jpg