The writer proceeds to say that Mr. Crawford has four states which nothing can shake; Georgia, N. Carolina, Virginia and Delaware; that if New York does not go for him, her vote will be divided and lost, that Mr. Adams will get the six New England (perhaps five only) and probably Illinois—that Maryland and New Jersey are divided between Jackson and Adams; that it is possible, the votes of three or four of the States may be lost by division. The friends of Mr. Crawford have held but one tone. "We nail our flag to the mast and sink with the ship." "Mr. Crawford is quite well; and his friends are in good spirits. Never was a man surrounded and upheld by more warm or disinterested friends." "God grant, (says a letter from Washington) that he may yet triumph! I ask for the peace and prosperity of my country!—*N. Y. Advo.*

Contrary opinions.—In the last evening's Commercial is a letter from Washington, saying that Adams will be elected President. In the Post is another letter which declares that Jackson will be the man. We caution the public against giving credit to these speculations; Mr. Crawford's prospects are equally as good as either Mr. Adams' or Gen. Jackson's, and better.—*ib.*

Duelling.—The recent Presidential election, has brought to light a number of interesting matters, which, but for that event, would probably have been forever buried in oblivion. The following correspondence we believe has never until lately appeared in print.

Philadelphia, July 31, 1797.

SIR—Your letter of the 28th which I have received, claims a short answer.

I have stated to you that I have no wish to do you a personal injury. The several explanations which I have made accord with truth, and my ideas of propriety. Therefore I need not repeat them. If these do not yield you satisfaction, I can give no other; unless called on in a way, which, for the illustration of truth, I wish to avoid, but which I am ready to meet. This is what I meant by that part of my letter which you say you do not understand. With due respect, I am sir, your humble servant.

JAS. MONROE.

Alexander Hamilton Esq.

New York August 4, 1797.

SIR—In my opinion the idea of a personal affair between us ought not to have found a place in your letters or it ought to have assumed a positive shape. In the state to which your correspondence, had brought the question, it lay upon you to make the option whether such an issue should take place. If what you have said be intended as an advance towards it, it is incumbent upon me not to decline it. On the supposition that it is so intended I have authorized Major Jackson to communicate with you and to settle time and place. I am, sir, your humble servant,

ALEXANDER HAMILTON.

James Monroe, Esq.

Philadelphia, August 6, 1797.

SIR—I do not clearly understand the import of your letter of the 4th inst. and therefore desire an explanation. With this view I will give an explanation of mine which preceded.

Seeing no adequate cause by any thing in our late correspondence, why I should give a challenge to you, I own it was not my intention to give or even provoke one by any thing contained in those letters. I meant only to observe that I should stand on the defensive and receive one in case you thought fit to give it. If therefore you were under a contrary impression, I frankly own you were mistaken. If on the other hand you meant this last letter as a challenge to me, I have then to request that you will say so, and in which case have to inform you that my friend Col. Burr, who will present you this and who will communicate with you on the subject, is authorized to give my answer to it and to make such other arrangements as may be suitable in such an event. With due respect I am, your very humble servant,

JAS. MONROE.

Alexander Hamilton, Esq.

A predicament.—The constitution of Maryland has in due form changed, so as to provide that the legislature shall meet in future on the last instead of the 1st Monday in December, and the Governor and Council are in future to be elected in January, instead of December. The present Governor and Council have been elected under the old form, and their time of service expires on the second Monday of next December. What is to be done for an executive of the state between the period of the termination of their service, and the election of a new Governor and council in January?

A law has been reported by Mr. Howard in the House of Delegates, to authorize and empower the present Governor and Council to act in their executive capacity until the time prescribed for the next election of Governor and council.—Can the legislative branch create or continue an executive by a simple single act—Can a governor who has served three successive years, continue to be immediately thereafter eligible?

Cheap Living.—In an Indiana paper, of the 11th ult. the following are given as the current prices of provisions in that state:

Corn, 75 cts. per barrel; oats, 14 cts. per bushel; sugar, (domestic) 9 cts. per lb.; butter, 8 cts.; bacon, 5 cts.; chickens, 75 cts per doz.; pork, $2 per cwt.; whiskey, 25 cts. per gal.

Maryland Legislature.

ANNAPOLIS, February 1.

The bill for reducing the number of justices of the peace in the several counties in this state, as it passed the House of Delegates, as I understand, did reduce the number of Frederick county to thirty some odd. Thus by the operation of this project, the largest county of the state will have the advantage of having as few magistrates as some of the smallest counties in the state.

One gentleman in debate, differing with the majority of his colleagues, as to the number which should be named for his county, insisted upon it, that there were not as many men in the county qualified for the station as they wished to name.

The debate occasioned the recital of an anecdote (not in the house,) of the examination of a magistrate by a judge of the court to whom one of his decisions had been carried up, upon appeal. The judge perceiving at a moment a manifest error, was curious to know what could have induced such a decision. "Mr. M——" said he, "will you be so obliging as to inform the court upon what ground you decided the case?" "Upon what ground? said the magistrate, "why, upon my own ground in —— town. "Aye," said the judge, "but upon what principle, I mean, did you decide in this way"—"Why," rejoined the magistrate, "for twenty-four dollars *principle*, and fifty-eight cents *cost*." "Very well," concluded the judge. "Clerk reverse the judgment."

But notwithstanding all the good humoured objections that may be urged to that part of our judicial system, which is administered by justices of the peace, I doubt very much whether, in comparison to the quantity of business transacted by them and any other of our tribunals, there is not a greater proportion of real justice extended between man and man—extended promptly, cheaply and conclusively too, by justices of the peace, than by any of them. I even doubt whether there is half as many appeals made from their decisions, as there is from the decisions of the learned courts, and when made, I question further, whether there are more of them reversed. The documents collected during the session of 1821, and published with the votes and proceedings of that year, contain invaluable information upon these subjects, which it is to be regretted are not annually submitted to the legislature, and with their proceedings to the people of the state, as an account of what the judiciary are doing, have done, *and have left undone.—Md. Rep.*

The House of Delegates were occupied on Thursday, Friday and Saturday last, in debating a bill for altering the constitution of this state, so as to increase the delegation of the city of Baltimore, diminish the delegation of the counties from four to three members each, and to deprive the city of Annapolis entirely of her representation in the House of Delegates. The bill was reported by Mr. Merrick, and was announced on the floor, as a measure of compromise between the parties friendly to one or the other of these several distinct measures, and therefore likely to succeed as one whole.

The debate was opened by Col. Howard on Wednesday, who was followed by Mr. M'Mahon, both in favor of the bill. On Thursday, Mr. Carroll and Mr. Speed, spoke against the bill, and Mr. Merrick and Mr. Tingle in support of it. On Saturday Mr. M'Mahon replied to the opponents of the bill, and Mr. Tyson spoke in favor of its passage; Mr. Maxcy closed the debate in opposition. Without any reference to the merits of the proposed alteration, we may be allowed to say, that there has been as large a portion of talents displayed in the debate, which has been sustained for three days in succession, and until a late hour each day, without either of the gentlemen, except one, speaking twice to the question, as ever has been elicited upon any one question in that house, and I doubt whether there be any popular assembly in the union, Congress only excepted, which upon such a question would exceed the specimen displayed by the house of delegates upon this occasion. It is a subject of deep interest to the state, and as it possibly may be submitted to the consideration of the people for their ultimate decision, I have thought it a duty to attempt to preserve at least the leading features of the arguments used by the several speakers on the occasion, without however, yet determining exactly what disposition may hereafter be made of them. They ought not to be lost, and if preserved, they deserve to be made as faithful as it is now possible to make them, which even from their great length, will require time and some *leisure*, of which I have at present no considerable stock.

The motion to refer the bill to the 1st of June, which would have been to negative it, upon which its merits were argued, was determined by a vote of 44 to 33 against the reference. Its ultimate success is very uncertain.

On Friday week, while Mr. Benjamin Jerome, of New London, (Conn.) aged 77, was walking near the beach, in close conversation with his son, who was on a visit to his aged parent, he suddenly stopped, and laying his hands on the shoulder of his son, remarked that he was faint, and instantly dropped down and expired.

We have been politely furnished with the following list of the major generals of Maryland, the boundaries of their divisions; and the dates of the commissions. Also, the annexed list of colonels of cavalry, &c.

FIRST DIVISION.

Commanded by major general *Robert Cumming* commissioned Dec. 19th 1812.

Prince George's and lower part of Montgomery, 4th brigade St. Mary's and Charles' Counties, 5th brigade—Lower part of Frederick & upper part of Montgomery, 7th brigade—Calvert and Anne Arundle counties, 8th brigade.

SECOND DIVISION.

Commanded by major general *Perry Benson* commissioned Nov. 1st 1819.

Harford, and Cecil counties, 1st brigade—Kent and Queen Ann's, counties, 6th brigade—Somerset and Worcester counties 10th brigade—Dorchester, Caroline and Talbot counties, 12th brigade.

THIRD DIVISION.

Commanded by major general *Robert G. Harper*, commissioned February 25, 1824. [now General *John Stricker.*]

Baltimore City, 3d and 14th brigades.

FOURTH DIVISION.

Commmanded by major general *Tobias E. Stansbury*, commissioned February 25th 1824.

Allegany and Washington counties 2d brigade—Upper part of Frederick county 9th brigade—Baltimore county, 11th brigade.

COLONELS OF CAVALRY.

Otho H. Williams Com.	June 13th 1817
Baker Johnson	June 14th 1824
Joseph Kent	July 26th 1824
Charles S. Ridgely	June 12th 1817
James Thomas	Dec. 10th 1819
John Bolden	Sept. 18th 1821
Nicholas M. Bosley	June 14th 1817
John Street	June 14th 1817
Adam Whann	Jan. 31st 1824
Edward Lloyd	June 13th 1817
William Hughlet	June 14th 1824
John H. Anderson	April 14th 1818
Christopher Carnan	Jan. 26th 1824

From the Goshen Patriot, Jan. 24.

SUICIDE.—A young man by the name of *Abiram Cobb*, of the town of Wallkill, near Mount Hope, put a period to his life, on Saturday evening, the 15th ult. by shooting himself with a gun. We understand that he and his father had been at work in the woods—they had taken the gun along to shoot game, and during the day he had shot and wounded a patridge. About foddering time they started for home—Abiram said he would take the gun and go round where the patridge had been wounded—perhaps he might find and shoot it. Sometime after the father returned to the house, the report of a gun was heard—it now being dark, and the young man not returning as soon as was expected, they concluded to go in search of him. His footsteps were traced in the snow a short distance from a tree where they had been at work, and then back again to the same place near which he was soon found a lifeless corpse. It appeared as though he ha placed the b t of the gun on his foot, and the muzzle in his mouth, and in that manner had started the trigger with the rod, and lodged the contents in his head. He is said to have exhibited symptoms of partial derangement at times, but no idea was entertained of his having a design upon his own life.

It is rumored that Joseph Bonaparte has purchased the lot between Market and Chesnut and Eleventh and Twelfth streets, Philadelphia and is about to erect on it a Mansion for his Family.

A woman named Catherine Plain, on her way from Philadelphia to Wilmington, on Wednesday week, at mid-day, about a mile from Naaman's creek, was assaulted and robbed of a bundle of clothes, and 66 dollars in money. The highwayman is described as being six feet high, dark complexion, large black whiskers; had on brown pantaloons and a blue coat, very much torn under the arms.

Commodore Rogers, who goes out to the Mediterranean in the North Carolina, has arrived at Washington, on a visit of a few days, previously to his departure. The North Carolina was left about 75 miles below Washington, lest she might be injured by the ice, if she ascended the Potomac too far. The ship is of a beautiful model, and works exceedingly well.

The inhabitants of Stonington (Con.) have been afflicted for a few weeks past, with a disease which has proved fatal to many after a very short illness. In some cases persons have died in forty-eight hours after the attack. The disease is called putrid, sore throat lung fever &c.

Tea Plant of Louisiana.—The Tea Shrub of Louisiana has attracted the notice of our fellow-citizens in different sections of the United States. We have been informed by Mr. William Lewis, who first made its discovery known, that there are several small plantations of it now growing in this state, and that it thrives most luxuriently. We have been likewise informed by the same gentleman, that from a comparison recently made of the seed of the Louisiana tea shrub, with that of China, there remains not a doubt of the shrub of this country being the genuine tea plant. Hence it only remains for ourselves to cultivate it in such quantities as to supercede the necessity of importing it.—*Orleans pa.*

Twenty-two revolutionary veterans dined together at Hillsborough, New Hampshire, on last Christmas day, whose combined ages amounted to one thousand four hundred and ninety years.

ALTAR OF HYMEN.

"But happy they the happiest of their kind!
Whom gentler stars unite, and in one fate
Their hearts, their fortunes, and their beings blend."

MARRIED, at Salisbury on the 30th ult. by Mr. Daniel Davis, Mr. *Henry Delany* to Mrs. *Sophia Tunis.*—By the same, Mr. *George Deshield* to Mrs. *Elizabeth Corner.*

In Greensborough, Caroline county, Mr. *Cornelius Comegys* to Miss *Eleanor M. Adams.*

COURT OF DEATH.

"This is the desert, this the solitude:
How populous, how vital is the grave!
This is creation's melancholy vault,
The vale funereal, the sad cypress gloom!
The land of apparitions, empty shade!"

DIED, in this county on the 29th ult. Miss *Love Lecompte*, aged about sixty years, after a severe indisposition of 4 weeks, which she bore with Christian fortitude.

—— in Talbot county, Mrs. *Sarah Kemp.*—Mr. *John McDaniel*—and Mr. *Worrell Casson.*

—— On Saturday evening last, *Wm. W. Haddaway*, esq. after an illness of a few weeks—the deceased had been a useful man, and one who had served the public for many years as Mail Contractor from Annapolis to Snow-Hill, in which he acquitted himself with the department, and approbation of the People.—He has left a widow and a number of relations and friends to regret his loss.

—— In Georgetown, Capt. *James C. Baily*, late of Accomac county, Vir.

—— In Boston, on the 12th instant, Mrs. *Rebecca Snowden*, aged 34 years, the wife of the Rev. Samuel Snowden, Pastor of the African Methodist Episcopal Church, in this city. Mrs. Snowden had been a professor of religion and a member of the Methodist Church about twelve years. Her last sickness, which was very severe, and of seven weeks duration, she bore with patience and without murmuring. Some of her last words were, "Glory be to God—is this my dying bed?

"Jesus can make a dying bed,
Feel soft as downy pillows are!"

"Jesus, my Savior, thou art my Rock. Heaven is just before me. Why do thy chariot wheels delay? Come, Lord Jesus, and come quickly. Husband, give God all the glory!"—She then fell asleep in the cold embrace of death. She left a husband, and three children, to mourn the loss of an affectionate wife and pious mother.

—— In Gloucester, on the 11th inst. *Charles*, youngest child of widow *Nancy S. Corlis*, aged 14 months. Within six months she has lost by death, her husband, eldest daughter, son, mother, and only sister. Reposing in the mercy of God, this meek, afflicted, unfortunate woman, has met these heavy and repeated strokes of Providence with great Christian fortitude.

BOOKS AND STATIONERY.

The following Books, among others, are for sale at the

CHRONICLE OFFICE,

At the usual low Prices.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Mills on Cattle, shewing the most approved method of breeding, rearing and fitting for use, Mules, Horned Cattle, Sheep, &c.
Blue Lights, or the Convention—a poem
Naval History of the late War,
Letter Writer,
Schmucker on the Revelation,
Chrysal, or the Adventures of a Guinea, 4 volumes,
Harold the Dauntless, a poem,
Don Quixotte, 4 vols.
Homer's Odyssy, 2 vols.
Urania, or the true use of Poesy,
Anne of Brittany, an historical romance,
Plutarch's Lives, 8 vols.
Life of the Rev. William Tennent, who was three days in a trance, apparently lifeless,
Life of Joseph and his Brethren,
Brissot on Commerce,
White's Essays,
Red Gauntlet, by the author of Waverly, &c.
Time's a Tell Tale, a comedy.

SCHOOL BOOKS.

Walker's Dictionary—Comly's Spelling Book,
New York Spelling Book,
American Class Book,
Murray's Reader—Murray's Grammar,
Murray's Introduction,
Willett's Geography—Primers, &c. &c.

—ALSO—

Prayer Books,	Ink Powder,
Copy Books,	Quills,
Slates,	Blacking,
Ink Stands,	Glue, &c. &c.

Together with a small assortment of

MUSIC,

—*Among which are the following*—
A favorite Song for the Piano Forte, by Steibelt,
Oh! Rest thee Babe,
Love among the Roses,
Sonata for the Piano Forte, by Nocolai,
Do. Do. Do. bs Dussek,
L'Alouette—an easy lesson for the Piano Forte, by Gildon,
You Gentlemen of England, by Callcot.

jan 29

ANOTHER CAPITAL PRIZE OF

2,500 DOLLARS

SOLD AT CLARK'S.

Combination ticket 30, 27, 17, which yesterday drew in the Maryland University Lottery, 3d class, New Series, a capital prize of 2500 dollars, was, with many handsome prizes sold at Clark's, one half, the day previous, to a gentleman of this city, to whom the cash was paid immediately after the drawing, the other capital of 2500 dollars in the University Lottery, 4th class, new series, drawn to combination ticket 1, 18, 23, on Tuesday last it will be remembered was also sold at Clark's.

27 17 30 13

Were the Nos. drawn. The Grand State Lottery of Maryland drew for the 12th time on Thursday last. Capitals 40,000, 20,000, 10,000, 5000, 15 of 1000, 12 of 500, &c. Tickets 12 dollars, shares in proportion.

Prizes of the last drawing, No. 8652, 1000 dollars, Nos. 570, 10833, 500 dollars; 1649, 100 dollars; Nos. 6028, 9283, 1261, 50 dollars; and 193 of 10 dollars.

FOR PRIZES APPLY AT

CLARK'S

Offices, corner of Market and Calvert streets, and No. 52 Market street, 3 doors west of Gay street.

Orders strictly attended to addressed to JOHN CLARK, Baltimore.

feb 5

Maryland University Lottery

For the benefit of the Medical College of Baltimore, 4th class, new series.

BOARD OF MANAGERS.

J. B. Davidge,	Wm. Lorman,
Elisha De Butts,	James Bosley,
Nath'l Potter,	Wm. Howard,
Maxwell M'Dowell,	Wm. Jenkins,
G. S. Pattison,	David Williamson,
Richard W. Hall,	J. P. Pleasants,
Luke Tiernan,	David Hoffman,

SCHEME.

1 prize of	$10,000	is	$10,000
1 do	6,000	is	6,000
1 do	4,000	is	4,000
1 do	3,000	is	3,000
1 do	2,000	is	2,000
1 do	1,538	is	1,538
6 do	1,000	is	6,000
6 do	500	is	3,000
6 do	200	is	1,200
156 do	24	is	3,744
312 do	12	is	3,744
568 do	8	is	3,744
7800 do	4	is	31,200
8760 Prizes, 15,600 Blanks			$97,170
24,360 Tickets at $3 25 is			97,170

No ticket which shall have drawn a prize of a superior denomination can be entitled to an inferior prize.

Prizes payable 30 days after the drawing, and subject to the usual deduction of 15 per cent.

Whole Tickets $4, *shares in proportion.*

Packages of ten tickets, embracing the 30 numbers of the lottery, which must of necessity draw at least $13 60, net, with so many chances for capitals, or shares of packages, may be had at the same rate.

To be drawn the day of May next.

This is a lottery formed by the ternary combination and permutation of 30 numbers. To determine the prizes therein, the 30 numbers will be publicly placed into a wheel on the day of the drawing, and 4 of them be drawn out. And that ticket having on it the 1st, 2d, and 3d drawn numbers in the order in which drawn, will be entitled to the prize of $10,000—And those five other tickets which shall have on them the same numbers in the following orders, shall be entitled to the prizes affixed to them respectively, viz:—the 1st, 3d and 2d, to 6000 dollars—2d, 1st and 3d, to 4000 dollars—2d, 3d and 1st to 3000 dollars. 3d, 1st and 2d, to 2000 dollars—3d, 2d and 1st, to 1538.—Those six other tickets which shall have on them 3 of the drawn numbers, and those 3 the 1st, 2d and 4th, in one of their several orders of combination or permutation, will each be entitled to a prize of $1000—Those six other tickets which shall have on them 3 of the drawn numbers and those 3 the 1st, 3d and 4th in some one of their several orders of combination or permutation, will each be entitled to a prize of 500 dollars—Those 6 other tickets which shall have on them 3 of the drawn numbers and those 3 the 2d, 3d and 4th, in some one of their orders, will each be entitled to a prize of 200 dollars—Those 156 tickets which shall have on them 2 of the drawn numbers and those 2, the 3d and 4th, will each be entitled to a prize of 24 dollars. Those 312 tickets which shall have on them two of the drawn numbers and those two, the 2d and 3d, os 2d and 4th, will each be entitled to a prize of 12 dollars—All others being 468, having on them 2 of the drawn numbers will be entitled to a prize of 8—And all those 7800 tickets having on them but 1 of the drawn numbers will each be entitled to a prize of 4 dollars.

Prizes in any of the Lotteries of Maryland, Virginia, New York, New Jersey and Pennsylvania, will be received in payment.

Orders enclosing the cash or prizes as above, free of postage for tickets and shares, will receive prompt attention—if addressed to

YATES & M'INTYRE,

Feb 5—tm *Baltimore.*

COHEN's OFFICE,
Baltimore, Jan. 27.

Grand State Lottery, No. 3,

Now drawing every week under the superintendence of the Commissioners appointed by the Governor and Council.

Eleventh Day's Drawing:

No. 8652 a prize of	$1000
*10833 570 do	500
1649 19283 do	100
6028 12261 do	50
And 193 prizes each of	10

Marked thus * *sold at Cohen's.*

☞Only NINE drawings yet remain to complete this brilliant Lottery and will be continued *on Thursday next* as usual—The great capitals of $40,000, 20,000, 10,000, 5,000, 15 of *One Thousand*, &c. &c. are all still undrawn—Tickets are become scarce—small prizes ought to be renewed without delay.

Whole tickets $12, *Halves* 6, *Quarters* 3, *and Eighths* 1 50.

To be had, warranted undrawn at

COHEN'S

Lottery and Exchange Office, No. 114 *Market-street, Baltimore.*

Where No. 13467, a prize of $5000 (being the highest yet drawn in the scheme,) was sold, & *where more capital prizes have been obtained than at any other office in America.*

Orders enclosing the cash or prize tickets (post paid) for tickets and shares, will be promptly attended to, if addressed to

J. I. COHEN, Jr. Baltimore.

Adventurers at a distance may at all times with confidence forward their remittances to Cohen's Office, for if the great Capitals in the scheme should be drawn when their orders arrive, and the state of the wheel not justify an investment, the amount enclosed will be returned by the first mail, or will be invested in some other brilliant lottery which may then be about to draw.

jan 29 tf

27 17 30 13

Were the numbers drawn which determine the fate of all the prizes contained in the third Maryland University Lottery, drawn in the order here placed.

☞The prizes are cashed or renewed

AT CONINE'S

No. 32 Market st. near the Centre Market

Where, as usual, extremely good luck attended adventurers.

☞A most excellent opportunity is presented to renew prizes in the Grand State Lottery of Maryland, (the most brilliant lottery now drawing in the U. States)—draws again on Thursday.

Whole tickets 12 dollars and shares in proportion. jan 28

DR. G. W. PRATT,

RESPECTFULLY informs his friends and the citizens of the county generally, that he has removed to the house lately occupied by Mr. Thomas Hayward, opposite Mr. Samuel Corkran's, where he may be found in readiness to attend to any calls in his professional business, and hopes by unremitted attention, to merit a continuation of their confidence and patronage.

He also will RENT for the ensuing year, the ROOM lately occupied as his office, with a good stove in it, on moderate terms—possession given immediately if required.

He has also a handsome and good saddle, gig and harness HORSE, young and sound, which he will sell upon moderate terms for cash or good paper.

LAND FOR SALE.

WILL be sold for *cash* to the highest bidder on Monday, 7th February next, at Wm. C. Ridgaway's Tavern, in Cambridge, a part of the FARM I now reside on; commencing with a line at Horn's Point Road, and running parallel to the division line between Mr. Goldsborough and myself, until it intersects the river, containing in all about sixty-nine acres, ten of which are well timbered. Persons wishing to purchase can see a plot of the land, by calling at Samuel LeCompte's, esq.

JNO. H. STEVENS.

jan 29 2t

CAUTION.

MY wife *Keziah Phillips* having left my bed and board, all persons are hereby cautioned against crediting her on my account, as I am determined to pay no debts of her contracting.

RICHARD PHILLIPS.

jan 22 3t*

Notice to Creditors.

IN obedience to the law and the order of the honorable Orphans' Court of Dorchester county, this is to give notice, that the subscriber of Dorchester county, hath obtained from the Orphans' court of said county, in Maryland, letters of administration on the personal estate of *Edward Riggin*, late of said county, deceased. All persons having claims against said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the proper vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, on or before the 25th day of July next, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of said estate.—Given under my hand this 15th day of January, anno domini, 1825. JOHN RIGGIN,

Adm'r. of E. Riggin, dec'd.

jan 15 3t*

Magistrates' Blanks,

For sale at this Office.

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