CAMBRIDGE CHRONICLE.

"The union of the Whigs—for the sake of the Union."

CAMBRIDGE—MD.

SATURDAY MORNING, February 1st, 1840.

FOR PRESIDENT.
WILLIAM H. HARRISON,
OF OHIO.

FOR VICE PRESIDENT,
JOHN TYLER,
OF VIRGINIA.

It was rumoured last week that the Hon. Henry A. Wise was dangerously ill, but not having seen any confirmation of the rumour we infer that it was unfounded.

A press of advertisements has considerably curtailed the quantum of reading matter in to day's paper. We hope our subscribers wont complain, for although advertisements may appear uninteresting to them, they are the making of a newspaper.

We regret that want of space compels us to defer the publication of the communication from "A Reformer" until next week. We entirely concur with our correspondent in his views and would lend our feeble aid in bringing about the reform which the degeneracy of society so imperiously demands.

The Concert given by Mr. Schmidt on Monday evening last gave universal satisfaction, and we are happy to learn the receipts exceeded Mr. Schmidt's expectations. The house was crowded with a fashionable and discriminating audience, who evinced their gratification by repeated bursts of applause.—The legerdemain of Mr. Kayton created a good deal of surprise and merriment, and his consummate skill no doubt impressed some of the credulous with the belief that he was leagued with old Pluto. Such entertainments serve to lighten care and beguile the gloom of winter, and we should like to see them repeated.

PHRENOLOGY.—Mr. L. W. Fowler delivered lectures upon this science several evenings last week. & on Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday evenings last, which were quite interesting and well attended. During his sojourn among our citizens Mr. Fowler has been busily engaged in examining heads, and we bear testimony to the faithfulness of his delineations of character. The results of his examinations have been in general so correct, that they have gone far to shake the skepticism of the most incredulous.

By Thursday's Mail we received very little news from Washington or Annapolis. The members of Congress are spending their time in personal altercations, explanations &c. By the last "Intelligencer" we perceive that Duff Green has made an exposition of the matter in relation to the election of printer, in which Mr. Mitchell was charged by the "Globe" with making overtures of bribery to Gen. Green. The defence of Gen. Green triumphantly vindicates Mr. Mitchell from the base slanders of the Globe, and administers a most merited rebuke to the Nullifiers for their tergiversating course.

In our state legislature nothing of much interest has occurred. On Tuesday the 21s. ult. Mr. Mason presented the memorial of Reverdy Johnson Esq. in relation to the proposed investigation into the causes of the failure of the Bank of Maryland, and his alledged participation in them; and moved to refer the same to the committee already raised on that subject. Four of the delegation from Baltimore city voted against the adoption of this order upon the ground that it would "raise an issue not contemplated by the original organization of the committee."

We know not what may have appeared to the delegates from Baltimore city to be the reasons for the "original organization of the Committee," but it strikes us the most cogent reason with the Loco Focos was to sully the fair reputation of the memorialist. He has been assailed in the most shameful and virulent manner by the Baltimore Republican—has been charged with having participated in the frauds of the Bank of Maryland, and now the very men, who control in some degree the organ which uttered the foul slanders, object to Mr. Johnson's memorial going to the committee upon the grounds we have just stated. We shall advert to this subject again, and shall speak in such terms of the villanous calumniators of Reverdy Johnson Esq. as their depravities deserve.

THE LEGISLATURE.—Under the dominion of the Loco Focos we fail to receive the copy of the journal of the proceedings of this body, which a resolution passed some two years ago requires to be sent by the printer to each newspaper published in the State.—We are entirely dependent upon the "Maryland Republican" for our information, and by the present existing confused mail arrangements that paper is a week old before we receive it; and, consequently there is a lack of legislative information in our columns. Until this difficulty is remedied we shall publish only such portions of the proceedings as most immediately concern our county.

From all we can learn however, they have been doing little else than wasting time in idle discussion. The Bills to reform the Judiciary of this State, and to alter and amend the constitution and form of Government, so as to provide for the election of County Clerks and Registers of Wills, immediately by the people, we understand have been rejected by the Senate. The "Registry law" has been repealed, it having failed to prevent illegal voting—Whigs and Loco Focos voting for its repeal en masse. We know not what has been done with the "instructing Resolutions," nor do we care. Like the originators they are made up of mist and moonshine, and we doubt whether they would, in the event of their passing, demand the serious attention of our Senators in Congress. Doct. Phelps of this county, made a clear and lucid speech against the passage of the resolutions, and, we should presume, gave its advocates no little trouble. Some of the Doctor's arguments are exceedingly powerful and we may take occasion hereafter to notice them more at length.

We noticed in the last "Aurora" another miserable attempt at wit by the conceited editor of that paper. We allude to the article respecting the doings of the delegation from this county in the State legislature. The appellation of MR. is due to every one, and its use is only dispensed with among intimate friends.—The familiarity which the editor of the "Aurora" assumes in designating our delegates as Tall, Frazier and Wilson is not warranted by the state of *social* feeling existing between them, and we are forced to consider it as a gross and unmannerly disregard of decency and politeness. If the motive was friendly, the editor of the "Aurora" has acted undignifiedly in voluntarily assuming such disgusting familiarity, or if beneath the apparent veil of friendship he intended to couch a shaft of irony, the motive becomes more despicable from its insidiousness:

Doubtless some of our readers remember the many lectures this selfsame editor has given us upon the propriety of conducting the "Chronicle" in a respectful manner towards its political adversaries, and they will now discover his hypocrisy. We have endeavoured to conduct our paper upon liberal principles—to speak of our opponents in as decorous and respectful terms as consistency with truth and duty would allow, and when obliged we have ridiculed an adversary whose alone protection was a coat of mail composed of ignorance, stupidity and zeal. Let the "Aurora" reflect and see if its strictures upon indecency do not recoil upon its own head. We notice this incident with the view of convincing the "Aurora" that its course is strictly watched, and to put it on the guard against similar forgetfulness.

TWENTY-SIXTH CONGRESS.

FIRST SESSION.

Correspondence of the American.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 23, 1840.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

As soon as the journal of the *House* was read, various efforts were made to bring forward bills from some of the Standing Committees upon various public matters.

Mr. Sergeant, from the Committee on the Judiciary, wished to report a bill amending the act in relation to the next Census.

Mr. Reed wished to report a bill, but could not get an opportunity to present it.

ABOLITION OF SLAVERY.

Mr. Hunt, of New York, got the floor last evening, after Mr. Alvord had concluded his remarks upon the resolution of Mr. Thomspson before the House.

Mr. *Hunt* opposed the resolution of Mr. Thompson. Four years ago he had brought forward a resolution similar to the one introduced at the present session by Mr. Chinn of Louisiana—proposing the reception of Abolition Memorials, their reference to a Select Committee, and action upon them by a report.

Mr. H. endeavored to prove to the *House* that this last resolution was the one which ought to be adopted. He was not, however, for granting the petitioners, for the reason that the Abolition of Slavery would be a violation of the implied faith in the cession of the District of Columbia to the General Government by Maryland and Virginia. *He* believed that *the* Abolitionists, by petitioning as they had, had put off the great question for fifty years desired by them. No petition should have been sent to Congress asking for the Abolition of Slavery here, until Maryland and Virginia and the District, the triune power, had demanded it.

Mr. Bynum, (half past three) has just commenced a speech.

UNITED STATES SENATE.

NORTH EASTERN BOUNDARY.

The Vice President presented to the Senate, after the reading of the journal, a Message from the President of the United States in relation to the Boundary question. and in answer to the resolutions of inquiry adopted by the Senate last week.

The Message was made up of a correspondence between the Secretary of State, the British Minister. and the Governor of Maine. Five thousand extra copies were ordered to be printed on motion of Mr. Williams, of Maine.

Other Messages were received from the President of the United States, but were not read.—The Message of the President upon the Boundary question has excited some interest, from the fact that the Secretary of State demands the enforcement of the agreement between Gen'l. Scott, the Governor of Maine, and the Lieutenant Governor of New Brunswick.

The British Minister in his letter to the Secretary of State did not feel authorised to command the withdrawal of the troops, but he says he has laid the application before the *Home* Government. Mr. Forsyth expects that the Home Government will see the necessity of complying with the terms of the agreement, and that the troops will be withdrawn.

BILLS REPORTED.

Mr. Tappan, of Ohio, gave notice that he should, in a few days, introduce a bill to regulate the issue and circulation of Bank notes in the District of Columbia. Mr Tappan said that the introduction of his bill would depend somewhat on the action of the District Committee.

Mr. Merrick, of Md. chairman of the committee on the District, said that they had the subject under consideration. But a port of the Banks had petitioned for a re-charter.

Many private bills were reported.

ORDERS OF THE DAY.

The sub-Treasury Bill came up in order, and Mr. Henderson. of Miss. spoke at length in opposition to the bill. His remarks were in part a reply to Mr. Buchanan, and in part a response to his colleague. Mr. *Henderson* is a new Senator, and is a very plain and sensible man—not as brilliant as some nor as profound as others, but a very sensible man nevertheless, who has made today a very sensible speech. Much of his argument was confined to the question of labor, and the effects the Bill would have on the laboring classes of the country.

He denied what both Mr. Walker and Mr. Buchanan had contended for, that a reduction of labor and a reduction of prices would benefit the country. A country was prosperous where labor was respected and well rewarded, as it was here in the United States. He could not go back to the hard money governments of Europe to find a fitting model for our home government. We were an exception to all governments, and to place us upon an equality with them was to do injustice to the nation and to the world. Mr. H. during his remarks paid a high compliment to the laborers of the country, and to our form of government which gave them a generous and a noble pretection.

For the Chronicle.

LINES TO MISS * *.

Sweet girl! with bright and snowy brow,
Whereon such touching grace I read—
Fair Maiden ,who and what art thou?
Methinks a rose of heaven indeed :

For surely on so sweet a flower
The morning sun hath seldom shone;
Nor ever grew in human bower
A gentler or a lovelier one.

Like winds that wake the slumbrous trees,
Thy whispers tremulous arise;
Nor sweeter o'er the star-lit seas
The gushing soul of music sighs.

What if thou boast no high degree?
When in the page thine eyes unfold,
A dearer badge of rank I see
Than knightly banner e'er unroll'd.

For if thou hadst a lowly birth
Sweet maiden, hast thou never found
The loveliest flowrets of the earth
Bloom on the spurned and trodden ground.

Or is thy blood of ancient race,
That walk the earth in scorn and pride?
What then—in such a lovely face
Alone their virtues can reside.

Whate'er thou art I'll cling to thee,
Unchanged by gliding years;
Through Fortune's rise, or her decline
In sunshine or in tears.

Yes, love! my breast, at sorrow's call
Shall tremble like thine own;
If from those eyes the tear-drops fall,
They shall not fall alone.

Cambridge, Md. * * *.

For the Chronicle.

[COMMUNICATED.]

The concert given by Mr. Schmidt at the Court House on Monday night last went off in fine style and afforded great delight to the many who heard it. Our citizens have seldom an opportunity of enjoying so great a musical banquet. Mr. Schmidt, deserves great credit for his zeal and energy in getting up a concert on so large a scale, for the gratification and enjoyment of our citizens. The Guitar, Clarionet, Bugle, several Violins, Flutes and Octave Flutes, all contributed "to swell the soul to rage or kindle soft desire."

Mr. Kayton's performance in Legerdemain which he exhibited after the concert, was really admirable. One might suppose he had paid old Nick a visit, and taken a few lessons from him.—Mons. Adrian who is so celebrated for his performance, could not have done better, or exhibited a greater variety.

We trust we shall have the pleasure of enjoying another concert from Mr. Schmidt before long. He has our best wishes. His talents and scientific attainments as a musician. added to a uniformly polite and gentlemanly deportment will ever win for him the respect and confidence of all who know how to appreciate merit.

PHI.

MARYLAND LEGISLATURE.

Mr. Firor presented a bill to create an additional primary school district in Frederick co., referred to Messrs Firor, Biser and Simmons.

Mr. Simmons, from the committee on that subject, —a bill entitled an act for the protection of the People's Bridge in Frederick county across the Monocacy on the road leading from New Market to Buckeystown, ordered to lie on the table.

Mr. Simmons reported a bill entitled an act to divorce Mary Ann Shearer from her husband David N. Shearer.

Mr. Quynn reported a bill entitled an act for the benefit of the person who warms the court room and has the care of the fires in Frederick County court.

Also, a bill entitled an act for the benefit of the crier of Frederick county court.

Which were read the first and by special order the second time, passed and sent to the senate.

After the presentation of a number of petitions of a local character, the house, at an early hour, resolved itself into a committee of the Whole on the resolutions offered by Dr. Graves of Baltimore city, instructing our Senators to vote for the Sub Treasury bill.—Mr. Mason of Washington county, presided as chairman. The debate was continued up to the hour of adjournment, when the committee rose, reported progress, and had leave to sit again to-morrow.

The Loco Focos having got, this time, an accidental majority in the House, will probably pass the resolutions, but in the Senate they will be repudiated by a decisive majority.

It is the opinion here, that a more inefficient *House* of Delegates never before assembled in this State, and the sooner they adjourn, the better for the the people. For going on as the majority have from day, meeting and doing nothing, no real good can be expected from them. I must exclude from this general remark members from both sides for there are really some excellent members in each party.

The following are the names of the committee on the Bank of Maryland Messrs Seidenstrider, Mason, Spence, Graves, Matthews, Humphreys and Potter.

January 15.

The House as a committee of the Whole, resumed the consideration of Mr. Graves' resolutions, directing our Senators and members of the *House* of Representatives in Congress to vote for the Sub-Treasury bill. *Mr.* Phelps, of Dorchester, concluded his remarks, and was followed by *Mr.* Giles.

Mr. Gaither, of *Montgomery* county, next spoke, and in a discourse of some length, provided that the Sub-Treasury scheme was in spirit and in practice contrary to the Constitution and subversive of the fundamental principles of the Government.

Mr. Spencer, of Queen Anne's, followed on the opposite side: and his remarks occupying the attention of the *House* until three o'clock, the committee rose, reported progress, and obtained leave to sit again.

In the Senate the bill to repeal the Registry law was passed.

NATIONAL CONVENTION OF YOUNG MEN AT BALTIMORE.—The subjoined article, pressing upon the notice of the whig young men of the Union a recommendation of the Harrisburg Convention, to hold a Young Men's Convention in Baltimore, in May next, is from the National Intelligencer of this morning:

TO THE YOUNG WHIGS OF THE UNITED STATES.

It is thought proper to invite your attention, more distinctly than has yet been done, to the fact, that among the doings of the Harrisburg Convention was a resolution recommending to the WHIG YOUNG MEN of the several States to assemble in GENERAL CONVENTION in the city of BALTIMORE, on the first Monday in May next, for the purpose of advancing the cause of sound principles, and securing the election of the nominees of the Harrisburg Convention.

It is time that the Young Whigs in every State in the Union were bestirring themselves to carry into effect this recommendation, which, independently of its direct object, cannot fail to be attended with the happiest effects, in bringing together so large a gathering, as may be expected on such an occasion, of the Young Men on whom rest the confidence of the Whigs for success in the present contest, and the hopes of the Nation for its future prosperity and glory. Coming from the most remote as well as the adjacent States, the mere gratification of an interchange of friendly salutations between the sons of the North and of the South, of the East and of the West, would be one to be remembered for years, whilst acquaintance and friendships may be made between many which will last throughout their lives.

We trust that our Young Whig friends will put themselves immediately and earnestly in motion to accomplish this desirable object.

THE NEW JERSEY CASE.—Mr. Wise, of Virginia, being unable to attend a public dinner given to Mr. Mercer by his constituents, on his retiring from Congress, thus writes:

Gen Mercer, is leaving us for a time when no friend of his country must absent himself for a day from his post. The dangers daily thicken around the institutions of the people. The States themselves are now struck at, and one of the sisters of the confederacy has at length felt a blow from the mace of despotism which has almost staggered her out of the Union. New Jersey stands at the door of the House of Representatives claiming in vain to be admitted, under the solemn compact of the Constitution, to the seats of representation. By the fraud and force of a reckless party spirit through the instrumentality of a nominal officer, she has been deprived of five out of six of her members, and that officer has been thus enabled to re-elect himself to a place which he has abused for selfish and party purposes. To accomplish these purposes, immoral and base in themselves by these means, violent and unconstitutional, the Federal Government has been for weeks virtually dissolved. The Wheels of Government have been stopped—the legislation of the country has been arrested—the business of the people has been delayed—their treasures uselessly expended—their honor and dignity insulted—their rights violated to enable the Administration to usurp a majority in the house! If such wrong could be perpetrated to obtain a majority, what wrong may we not expect this majority to attempt to perpetrate? There must be something dangerous and disastrous to our dearest interests completed by an usurpation so bold, so reckless, so foul, so rank. I apprehend something worse even than what has ever yet been done by the worst of rulers, and shall be thankful if the worst motive of their conduct is only to force upon the country an Executive measure, which heretofore has been thrice rejected by a duly organized Congress.

These words of Mr. Wise, whom the New York American truly calls an "honest and blod Virginian," will be remembered by those who read the Message of the New Jersey Governor, and the Protest of the Legislature of that State. which we publish this evening.

DIED,

In this county, on Monday Morning last Mr. SAMUEL HURST. at an advanced age.

BALTIMORE PRICES CURRENT.

OFFICE OF THE AMERICAN,
JANUARY 25th 1840.

FLOUR—Howard Street.	$5.50
City Mills.	$5.75
WHEAT—Prime Red.	$1,00 a $1,12 1 2
CORN—Yellow,	58 cts
White,	57 cts.
SUGAR—Port Rico, per. hund.	$5,50 a 7.50
Orleans. "	$6,00
WOOL Counting washed full blood Merino	55 cts
BACON—New, Hog round,	9 1 2 cts.
Old Western Hams	6 1 2 cts.
" " Shoulders,	4 1 2 cts
BUTTER—Glades No. 2.	17 a 20 cts.
BEEF—Per hundred,	$15.00

PUBLIC SALE.

THE subscriber intending to discontinue the Mercantile Business, hereby gives notice that he will offer his entire Stock of GOODS on Thursday the 13th of February next, at *Hicksburg*; Terms of Sale, on all sums of and under $5, the a credit of Six months will be given, the purchaser, or purchasers giving note with approved security. Sale to commence at 10 o'clock a. m. & attendance given by the subscriber.

JOHN *H.* WILLOUGHBY.

Feb. 1st 1840——A *Hicksburg.*

NOTICE.

THE creditors of Amelia Brown, late of Dorchester county, deceased: are hereby notified, to file their claims duly authenticated in the Register of Wills' office on or before the 27th. February next, as a dividend of assets will be declared on the personal Estate on that day. Given under my hand this 29, January 1840.

WILLIA*M* REA, exo'r.

N. B. The sundry creditors who have filed their claims heretofore with me will be attended to without further notice. W. R.

Feb. 1st 1840——3t

CHANCERY SALE.

PURSUANT to authority derived from the Honorable Theodorick Bland, Chancellor of Maryland, I will sell to the highest and best bidder on

Saturday the 22nd instant,

all the real estate of which William T. Brohawn died seized, which lies in the town of Vienna, and consists of the following property, to wit:

A ONE STORY HOUSE, and lot containing one acre; A first rate BLACKSMITH'S SHOP, one new and well finished

Two Story Dwelling House,
35 a 26 feet, and a fine LOT.

The sale will take place in the town of Vienna, at the door of Maj. Leary's Hotel, at the hour of 12 o'clock, M.

The terms of sale as prescribed by the decree are one fourth cash on the day of sale, the balance in six and twelve months from the day of sale, all secured by bond and security approved by the trustee, and bearing interest from the day of sale.

H. PAGE, Trustee.

Feb. 1st 1840 tds

CHANCERY SALE.

PURSUANT to authority derived from the Hon. Chancellor of Maryland, I will sell to the highest and best bidder on

Saturday the 29th instant,

all the real estate of which John Kirwan and Arthur Pritchett in his life time were tenants in common, & which estate was purchased by them from Isaac Moore, consisting in part of a tract of land called

Todd's Venture, part of the second part of Todd's Expense, part of the third part of Todd's Expense, part of the fourth part of Todd's Expense, part of the fifth part of Todd's Expense, part of Lewis' Desire, and a part of

MIDDLE SWAMP,

situate at the head of Firm Creek in Dorchester County containing in all

100 & 3-4 Acres more or less.

The sale will take place at the Store House at McKnight's at the hour of 12 o'cleck, M. The terms of sale, as prescribed by decree, are one fourth cash on the day of sale, the balance in six and twelve months from the day of sale, with interest from date till paid; all secured by bond and security approved by the trustee.

H. PAGE, Trustee.

Feb. 1st 1840. tds

ANTHONY MANNING vs. SAMUEL TROTH & others. } **IN CHANCERY.** 17th January 1840.

THE object of the Bill filed in this cause is to obtain a decree for the sale of the Real Estate of which Thomas Troth died seized. The Bill states that the said Thomas Troth left the following heirs at law, to wit: Nancy Troth, Henry Troth, Samuel Troth, Robert Troth & Sylvester Troth. That the undivided interests which descended to the said Nancy, Robert and Sylvester Troth have been purchased by this complainant and are now owned by him.—That Henry Troth has died and left an only child who lives without the limits of this State, and the name of the said child is not known to the complainant. That the Estate is two small to be divided without detriment to all interested, and the Bill prays a sale of the said property by a decree of this court.

It is therefore ordered that the complainant by causing a copy of this order to be published in some newspaper once in each of three successive weeks before the first day of March next,—give notice to the legal representatives and heirs at law of the said Henry Troth of the substance and object of the Bill, that they be warned to appear in this court in person or by solicitor, on or before the 17th day of June next, to shew cause if any they have why a decree should not be passed as prayed.

True Copy,
Test RAMSAY WATERS,
Reg. Cur. Can.

Feb. 1st 1840.

In Chancery 17th January 1840.

ORDERED that the report of Henry Page Trustee, for the sale of the Real Estate of Solomon Kirwin Junior be ratified and confirmed, unless cause be shown to the contrary on or before the 25th, day of March next. Provided a copy of this order be published in some newspaper once in each of three successive weeks before the 25th day of February next.

The report states the amount of sales to be $587,-00.

True copy Test
RAMSAY WATERS,
Feb. 1st Reg. Cur. Can.

IN CHANCERY, 17th JANUARY 1840.

ORDERED, that the Report of Henry Page, Trustee for the sale of the Real Estate of John Donovan, be ratified and confirmed unless cause be shewn to the contrary on or before the 25th day of March next. Provided a copy of this order be published in some newspaper once in each of three successive weeks before the 25th day of February next.

The Report states the amount of sales to be $500,-00.

True Copy.
Test RAMSAY WATERS,
Reg. Cur. Cur.

Feb. 1st 1840.

IN CHANCERY, 17th JANUARY 1840.

ORDERED, That the Report of Henry Page Trustee for the sale of the Real Estate of Ezekiel Keene and others, be ratified and confirmed unless cause be shewn to the contrary on or before the 25th day of March next. Provided a copy of this order be published in some newspaper once in each of three successive weeks before the 25th day of February next.

The Report states the amount of sales to be $300,-00.

True Copy,
Test RAMSAY WATERS,
Reg. Cur. Cur.

Feb. 1st 1840.

JOB WORK DONE AT THIS OFFICE. AT THE SHORTEST NOTICE.

In Chancery 17th Janu

ORDERED that the report of H... tee, for the sale of the Real E... Philips be ratified and confirmed ... shown to the contrary on or before ... March next. Provided a copy of th... lished in some newspaper once in ea... cessive weeks before the 25th day of ... The Report states the amount of s... 50.

True copy Test
RAMSAY ...

Feb. 1st. 1840.

In Chancery 17th Jan

ORDERED that the Report of ... tee for the sale of the Real ... Phillips be ratified and confirmed ... shown to the contrary on or before ... March next. Provided a copy of ... lished in some newspaper once in ea... cessive weeks before the 25th day ... The Report states the amou... $488.50.

True copy Test
RAMSAY ...

Feb. 1st. 1840.

In Chancery 17th Jan

ORDERED that the Report of ... tee for the sale of the Real ... Mobray be ratified and confirmed ... shown to the contrary on or before ... March next. Provided a copy of ... lished in some newspaper once in ... cessive weeks before the 25th day ... The Report states the amount ... True copy Test
RAMSAY ...

Feb. 1st. 1840.

In Chancery 17th Ja

ORDERED that the report of ... tee for the sale of the Real E... son be ratified and confirmed, unl... to the contrary on or before the ... next. Provided a copy of this or... some newspaper once in each ... weeks before the 25th day of Fe... Report states the amount of sales ...

True Copy,
Test RAMS...

February 1st 1840.

In Chancery 17th Ja

ORDERED that the Repor... Trustee for the sale of the ... liam Roach, be ratified and con... to the contrary be shewn on or ... March next. Provided a copy ... lished in some newspaper once ... cessive weeks before the 25th da... The Report states the amount ... 00.

True Copy,
Test RAM...

Feb. 1st 1840.

In Chancery 17th J

ORDERED that th Repo... Trustee for the sale of the ... as Morman be ratified and confi... shewn to the contrary on or be... March next. Provided a copy ... lished in some newspaper on... successive weeks before the ... next.

The Report states the amoun... 00.

True Copy,
Test RA...

Feb. 1st 1840.

In Chancery 17th

ORDERED that the repor... tee for the sale of the R... H. Staplefort and Wm. T. St... confirmed unless cause be show... or before the 25th day of Mar... copy of this order be publish... once in each of th ee successive... day of February next.

The Repot states the amoun... True copy. Tes...
RAM...

Feb. 1st. 1840.

In Chancery, 17th

ORDERED that the repo... tee for the sale of the R... Byrn be ratified and confirme... to the contrary on or before ... next Provided a copy of th... some newspaper once in e... weeks before the 25th day of ... The Report states the amo... 00.

True copy, Test
RAM...

Feb. 1st 1840.

IN CHANCERY, 17th

ORDERED that the Re... tee for the sale of the ... Brown be ratified and con... shewn to the contrary on or ... March next. Provided a co... lished in some newspaper o... cessive weeks before the 25t... The report states the amo... 00:

True copy, Test
RA...

Feb. 1st. 1840.

IN CHANCERY, 17th

ORDERED that the re... tee for the sale of the ... kridge be ratified and co... shewn to the contrary on o... March next Provided a ... lished in some newspaper ... cessive weeks before the 25... The report states the am... 75.

True copy, Te...
RA...

Feb. 1st 1840.

TO E...

FOR the balance of the ... Grocery and Counti... pancy of the undersigned ... der, and the stand is heli... For terms, which shall be...

Feb. 1st 1840. 8w

©Maryland State Archives, msa_sc6044_1_62-0236.jpg