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An attempt was yesterday made to cut short the discussion in the Committee of the House of Representatives, on the Judicial Bill. A report, in part, was made by the Committee on Elections, on the subject of the Michigan Election. The report states that the Board of canvassers had exceeded their duty. The subject of a post road from Baltimore to Philadelphia, was referred to the Post Office Committee, on motion of Mr. Mitchell of Maryland. Mr. Wickliffe, of Ky. laid on the table a resolution on the subject of a Canal from the Mississippi to the Bay of Pensacola. Mr. Livingston laid some resolutions on the table to appoint a Committee to report at the next session on the expediency of consolidating the existing laws in relation to duties on imports and tonnage, and for making uniform the laws relative to foreign bills of exchange. A resolution was also agreed to, on motion of Mr. Ingham, of Penn. directing the Judiciary Committee to inquire into an alledged professional misdemeanor. It is charged against a district Attorney, that after prosecuting a public debtor, he received a fee from the debtor himself; or rather his assignee—to render him service in the case. The subject excited some indignation in the House, and the committee was clothed with authority to send for persons and papers.

JAN. 19.

The Debate in the House of Representatives, on the bill to amend the Judiciary System, draws to a close. It is ascertained by a vote taken yesterday, that the addition to the present number of Supreme and Circuit Judges, will not be less than three, should the bill pass in its present shape. Appearances are in favor of the passage of the bill, without amendment, as it came from the Judiciary Committee.—*Nat. Int.*

A very able and important Report was yesterday made in the Senate, from the Select Committee to whom was referred the propositions for amending the Constitution in regard to the election of President and Vice-President of the United States. A large number of the Report is ordered to be printed for circulation.

In the Senate, a bill was reported by the committee on Naval Affairs, for the establishment of a Naval Academy, and the committee on Roads and Canals, to whom was referred the bill to provide for the survey of the proposed Canal and ship channel across the peninsula of Florida, reported the same without any material amendment, with a report of the opinion of the Committee, and a long communication from Mr. White, the Delegate from Florida, on the subject. Mr. Johnson, of Kentucky, had leave to bring in his bill for the benefit of the Columbia College. The bill for the relief of sundry citizens of Baltimore was laid on the table, and the bill supplementary to the act to regulate the collection of duties on imports and tonnage, gave rise to some debate, from which it appeared that a confidential agent had been sent to Philadelphia, to investigate the facts relative to the recent custom-house transactions in that city.

After a little more discussion yesterday, in the House of Representatives, on the subject of the Judicial Bill, on which Mr. Wright, of Ohio, was the principal speaker, followed briefly by Mr. Wood, of New-York, and Mr. Kremer of Penn. the bill was reported without amendment. A bill was reported by Mr. Hemphill, concerning Roads and Canals, which authorizes the President to apply to the purposes of Internal Improvement any surplus money which may remain in the Treasury, at the close of each session of Congress. Mr. Drayton, of South Carolina, laid a resolution on the table, inquiring of the Secretary of War what had been done on the subject of the defence of the harbour of Charleston. A resolution was also laid on the table by Mr. Holcombe, of New Jersey, calling for an estimate of the cost of certain live oak timber, and the preservation of the live-oak and red cedar on the public lands. A few other resolutions of minor importance were ordered.

JAN. 20.

The Senate did not sit yesterday.

In the House of Representatives a bill was reported from the Naval Committee for the establishment of a Naval School. The resolution offered yesterday by Mr. Holcombe, of N. Jersey, relative to Live Oak Timber, was agreed to, with a trifling modification; and that offered by Mr. Drayton, of S. Carolina, relative to the fortifications of Charleston, was adopted. Mr. Davis, Massachusetts, and Mr Wickliffe, of Kentucky, offered resolutions somewhat similar in their object, asking for information as to the rules by which the War Department has been governed in the granting of pensions; which with a resolution offered by Mr. Scott, of Missouri, calling for a statement from the Treasury Department, of money paid by the purchasers of Public Lands, which have become forfeited to the United States, since the commencement of the Land system; lie one day on the table.

Just as the Speaker had called up the unfinished business of the preceding day Mr. Stevenson, of Pennsylvania, rose, and communicated to the House the death of Mr. Farrelly, one of the representatives from that state. On motion of Mr. Ingham, who delivered a pathetic and just eulogy on his deceased colleague, the House resolved, *unanimously*, to wear crape on the left arm for a month. The House then adjourned.

Cambridge Chronicle,

AND
Eastern Shore Advertiser.

CAMBRIDGE, SATURDAY, Jan. 28th 1826.

Printed and Published by
LUTHER MARTIN SCOTT,
N. E. corner of High and Poplar streets.

FROM ANNAPOLIS.

Extract of a letter to the Editor of the Chronicle, dated

ANNAPOLIS, Jan. 24.

Mr. Douglass has reported a bill relative to the Clerks of county Courts and Registers of Wills. It proposes to change the constitution, so that on the first Monday of October, 1827, and on every third year thereafter, these officers shall be elected by ballot, and shall be commissioned in the same manner that Sheriffs are. The resolution relative to the Executive employing counsel in the case of the administrator of Louisa Browning, has been read the first time and laid on the table.—The bill to repeal an act to increase the pay of the Judges of the Orphans' Court of Dorchester county, has been rejected in the Senate. The annual appointment of bank directors on the part of the state, will be made to morrow. The election for U. S. Senator in the place of Col. Lloyd, will be held this day —Charles Goldsborough, esq. Colonel Chambers, Gen. Read, R. H. Goldsborough, Esq. Dr. Spence, Maj. E. K. Wilson, and Judge Robbins are among the gentlemen spoken of.

Nathan Sanford, Esq. has been elected a member of the U. S. Senate. from the state of New York. It is stated that Mr. Sanford will be invited to a seat in the cabinet, in the place of the present Secretary of the Navy.

The Paris paper which is deemed the organ of the Minister of Foreign Affairs, has stated that the South American Republics solicit the cabinet of Great Britain to lend the aid of its counsel in the Congress of Panama.

General Foy, who lately died at Paris, entered the French army in 1791, and rose to the rank of Captain of Artillery. On the Rhine he was in the retreat of Moreau, and distinguished himself at Dirschein. When Bonaparte went to Egypt, he refused to accompany him as Aid-de-camp; and he afterwards refused him his vote, when he wished to make himself perpetual Consul.

His talents, however, were too necessary to be permitted to remain inactive: and he performed important services in the army in Holland, Austria and Friuli. In 1807 he was sent to Constantinople, at the head of 1200 cannoniers, and he defended the Dardanelles against the English and Russian squadrons. He then made the campaign of Portugal & Spain as Lieutenant General, and in 1814, he co-operated in a sagacious manœuvre in the retreat of the French army. He received his last wound at Waterloo, and afterwards amused himself in his retirement, by arranging the notes he had made during his campaigns in different countries.

He was subsequently chosen a representative in the Chamber of Communes for the Department de l'Aisne, where he became one of the distinguished orators on the side of the opposition.

The old dominion.—A correspondent of the Commercial, says Noah's Advocate, writes from Washington, that Mr. Clarke from Kentucky, in a speech on the Judiciary, "gave the old dominion several scientific hits, which made the old lady shed some claret." If the vulgar allusion is true, which we doubt, we admonish those inclined to sport with Virginia, to beware the placid Lion.—That great bulwark of constitutional limits; that proud depository of the great talent and patriotism of the nation; the birth place of Washington, Jefferson, Madison, and Henry, must not be spurned with. We think we perceive the inclination to do so, and the motives which spur weak men on. If the administration, on all points connected with the constitution, wish to wage war with N. York and Virginia, for those two states hold together on those points, more powerfully than other states, we think the odds will prove too great, the contest too severe.

Meeting of the Physicians.

At a meeting of the Physicians of Dorchester county, held on Monday, January 22d, at Cambridge, the following resolutions were unanimously adopted:

Resolved, 1st—That we, the Physicians of Dorchester county, have organised ourselves into a society, which society shall meet annually on the 2d Monday in January, for the purpose of receiving the reports of the Physicians, and executing other business.

2d—That a majority of the Physicians of the county, present, shall constitute a board for the transaction of matters.

3d—That it shall be the duty of each practising physician in the county, to present to each of his customers, or their legal representatives, his or her account for medical services, between the 1st of January and the 1st of April next, ensuing, and that for whatever may be due at settlement, he shall take a note with *seal*, bearing interest from the date; and in every subsequent year the *bill* shall be rendered the beginning of January.

4th—That in justice to ourselves and families, and in consequence of the numerous losses we have sustained by a fraudulent conveyance of property, intended expressly to cheat us of our just claims, and also in consequence of the nefarious practices of availing themselves of the law of limitation, we have determined among ourselves not to visit or prescribe for such person or persons, until they secure to us our claims; and we bind ourselves to make report of such person or persons so refusing to the members of the board on or before the next meeting.

5th—That a committee of seven be appointed forthwith, whose duty it shall be to make out a list of rates, and report the same to the board, which shall meet on the 2d Monday of February next, at 10 o'clock, A. M.

6th—That the preceeding resolutions which have been read to the society, and unanimously adopted, considering the purport of which to be replete with equity, we pledge ourselves each to the other to observe them most strictly.

Resolved—That the foregoing resolutions be published in the Cambridge Chronicle four times.

Thomas Woolford,	Zadock H. Rosse,
Thomas H. Handy	Robert Tubman,
George W. Pratt,	Daniel King,
James Sykes,	Anth'y. Thompson
Levin Fisher,	Jan 28 4w

N. B. Those Physicians of the county who were not present at our meeting on the 22d ult. will be particular in attending our next, the time of which, they will observe in the 5th resolution.

PENNSYLVANIA.—Resolutions have been adopted by the Senate of Pennsylvania, expressive of the opinion of the state, that slavery being a national evil, the People and the States of the Union ought mutually to participate in the duty and burden of removing it, and that the General government ought, if practicable, to adopt an efficient plan for its gradual abolition. Messrs. Hawkins, Duncan and Kelly, supported the resolutions, and General Ogle, and Mr. Dunlop opposed them. All agreed that slavery was an evil and a crime; but it was said by Mr. Dunlop that this measure, while it would produce no practical good, would irritate and inflame the minds of our Southern fellow-citizens, and create in them a hostile feeling towards Pennsylvania. Mr. Hawkins said the measure was suggested to him by the great and good Lafayette, who, in conversation with him, expressed his regret that slavery was still tolerated in the United States, and particularly that Pennsylvania had not exerted the influence which she had in the Union to abolish it.—The Senate rejected that resolution which requested Congress to pass a law, with the consent of the slave holding states, declaring all children of slaves, born after the passage of the law, free at twenty one years of age, if they would consent to colonization and providing for their support until that period by their masters.—*Aurora.*

Extract of a letter to the Editor of the Watchman, dated Dover, (Del.) Jan. 17.

"The Commissioners appointed by the state of Maryland to confer with the Legislatures of Delaware, Pennsylvania and New Jersey, on the subject of Negro Runaways, arrived here on Friday.—They consist of Ezekiel F. Chambers, esq. of the Senate Robert H. Goldsborough, and Archibald Lee, esq's of the House of Representatives. Upon receiving their communication, each house appointed a committee—three on the part of the Senate, and five on the part of the House of Representatives, as a joint committee to meet and confer with them on the subject of the delegation. On Saturday afternoon, the committee received the Delegates in the Senate chamber, and were addressed in succession by Mr. Chambers and Mr. Goldsborough, who presented, in a very candid and handsome manner, an exposition of the views and wishes of the State of Maryland upon this delicate subject. A bill has since been introduced and is now pending, which I understand, is the result of the conferences which have taken place and meets the wishes of the delegation of Maryland. The bill only goes to enforce the laws of this state & of the United States, by penal regulations."

MILITIA OF MARYLAND.

By the annual report of the adjutant general of this state to the legislature, made on the 12th inst. it appears that returns have been made to him from 48 regiments of Infantry, 10 battallions of Cavalry, 33 troops and 21 companies of Artillery.

The aggregate are

Infantry,	28,076
Cavalry,	1,473
Artillery,	1,399
Total,	30,948

The adjutant general, reports two major generals, six brigadier generals, and forty-two commanders of regiments, and extra-battallions, by name, as having made no return to the department for the year 1825.

He reports
7,745 muskets in possession of troops
6,136 do in arsenals.
1,054 swords in hands of troops.
96 do in arsenals.
43 pieces of ordnance in hands of troops
10 do do in arsenals.

PUBLIC DEBT OF THE UNITED STATES.

Statement of the debts of the United States, 1st of January, 1825.

Three per cent stock	13,296,231	45
Exchange six per ct. stock of 1812	56,539	30
	$13,352,770	75
Six per cent stock of 1812 (sixteen millions)	6,187,006	84
Do of 1813, (7½ mill's.)	12,403,051	66
Do of 1813,	5,452,884	46
Do of 1814,	13,096,542	90
Do of 1815,	9,490,099	10
Treasury note six per ct. stock	1,479,374	32
Do 7 per cent stock	2,113	92
Five per cent stock, subscription to Bank U. S.	7,000,000	00
Do of 1820,	999,999	13
Do of 1821,	4,735,296	30
Exchange 5 per ct. of 1822	56,704	77
Four and a half per cent. stock, per act of the 26th of May, 1824, (Florida Loan)	5,000,000	00
Exchange four and a half per cent. stock, per act of the 26th of May 1824	4,454,727	95
	$70,357,801	85
	$83,710,372	60

TREASURY DEPARTMENT,
Register's Office, Dec. 8, 1825.
JOSEPH NOURSE, Reg'r.

Crawford Ball.—The ball given at Savannah, in honor of the citizen whom all appear to delight to honor, was such as was to have been expected on the grateful occasion, affording an opportunity to our fair towns-women to give the meed of their approbation where it was so justly due. The ball room in the Exchange was tastfully decorated with evergreens, mirrors and prints, illustrative of various objects. The orchestra was handsomely dressed, with the American flag as drapery, and its pillars with fresh evergreens. Over each chimney piece was a large heart, formed of the same material, within which was inscribed, in large letters, "Welcome Crawford." The sides of the windows were also dressed with the same, which was continued in arches over their tops, the centre of each being decorated with stars and a sprig of laurel: An arch was also thrown over the east end of the room where a seat was prepared for the respected guest of the gay assembly. On no occasion has the taste of the ladies of Savannah been displayed to more advantage in the adventitious aid of dress, and on none have more real joy and innocent amusement contributed to enliven the hours as with "feathered feet" they tripped along. Dancing continued until about 1 o'clock, when the company partook of an elegant supper prepared for upwards of two hundred persons, in the Council Chamber, which was thrown open upon the occasion. Among the decorations of the table were five pyramids of cake handsomely ornamented, with the following mottoes, in gilt letters:—"Your fame shall be eternized"—"Virtue is invincible"—"If you seek his monument, look to his deeds"—"The hearts of Georgians are with you"—"In honor of an honest man, the noblest work of God." The supper was prepared by Mr. Miller, in the most fanciful style, and the whole decorations, with the ball, highly creditable to those engaged in it. Dancing was afterwards resumed, and continued until a late hour, when the company separated.—*Sav. Geor.*

Pennsylvania Justice.—"There are some amusing stories told," says Miner, "about the mode of bringing justice home to every man's door, in the country. A few years since, it is said no man was competent to discharge the duties of Justice of the Peace, in certain parts of our country, unless he was first rate at fisty cuffs. Almost every law suit terminated in a battle, either with the justice or between the parties, and not unfrequently the throne of justice was overthrown, and her representative turned out of doors with a pair of black eyes. A cause had been heard by one of our Esquires, who concluded to give judgment contrary to the wishes of one of the parties this, as usual, occasioned a row and a fight. The dissatisfied suitor turned the justice out of the room, locked the door upon him, and taking the vacant seat of justice, very deliberately entered judgment in his own favour. We have all heard of 'Sitgreave's Law,' by which a justice is directed to 'cowskin' a refractory party until he behaves himself. Upon the spirit of this law, another of our Justices turned an obstreperous defendant 'neck and heels' out of the office, and, after barring the door, gave judgment against him for default of appearance.

ROCHESTER, Jan. 3.

A LEAP.—A few days since a clever good-for-nothing fellow came to our village from the country, and being somewhat taken with its appearance, and feeling "*pretty cute*," took too much of "*the creature*;" the consequence of which was a little zigzag in his movements, and a desire to knock down and drag out.—Several people were dared to 'come on with their carcases and take a round,' and some fellows wishing to make a little fun, carelessly tumbled the fellow about over sleds and salt barrels, to the no small gratification of a gaping collection. At last, however, the knight of the whiskey bottle became so boisterous that he was taken before the proper authority, and very soon was on his way with the officer to the 'Jug.' Coming across the bridge, however, the officer being a little ahead, on looking around cried out 'where the d——l has the fellow vanished to;' when looking down the distance of about 25 feet, the fellow was discovered in the river, making the best of his way through the water and ice towards the shore. Immediate relief was afforded by putting in ladders to him, and as he has been since *sane*, it is supposed his unaccountable *leap* brought him to his wandering senses.

SUMMARY.

The present population of Erie county, in which Buffalo is located, is 24,142—increase since 1820, 8,474! New York will have more than two million of free persons, in 1830. So much for "big ditches."

Indian Schools.—The government pays 13,500 dollars annually for the support of schools, &c. at 38 stations among various tribes of Indians. Of the schools 16 were established by the American Board of Foreign Missions, 7 by the Baptist, 6 by the United Foreign Missionary Society, 2 by the Moravians, &c. The Society of Jesuits have a catholic school among the Indians of Missouri, which receives 800 dollars annually.—The number of teachers (including their families) at all the schools is 281; number of scholars 1159

Salt beef is retailing in New Orleans, at the enormous price of 25 cents per pound. Other articles of necessity in like proportions, and yet money was never before so scarce—not even when the city was besieged by General Packingham.

Jerremiah A. Fenner, Esq. of Scituate, N. Y. pulled on his farm a few weeks since, a common round turnip, weighing 5 lbs. 7 oz. and measuring 25½ inches round.

It has been ascertained that the whole number of tenements destroyed by the late fire at Petersburgh, Va. is ninety eight.

William B. Giles, well known in the field of politics as 'Farmer Giles,' though not living within the District, has been solicited, and has consented, to be a candidate for a seat in the House of Representatives of the United States, from the District lately represented by Mr. Randolph.

On Sunday week, Mr. Flint, of Mass. attempted to cross the Hudson river at the upper ferry. Albany, with a drove of 950 sheep, bound eastward, when the ice gave way, and 500 of them were drowned, of which the carcases of 396 have been recovered, and the rest floated under the ice.

The New Orleans Editors anticipate, that the events of the ensuing year, will cause the planters of Cuba, to emigrate to the United States; and they are beginning to advocate the granting them permission to bring their swarm of slaves.

Messrs. Jason Parker & Co. have lost, within a fortnight past, 35 stage horses, on the route between Utica and Manlius N. Y. The horses were all valuable and evidently were poisoned by some abandoned person.

A man by the name of William Patterson, stepped into a Grocery store in Rochester, N. Y. on the 27th ult. to get a dram, and soon after drinking it fell dead upon the floor! The physicians of the place were immediately called in and the cause pronounced Apoplexy.

☞The Orphans' Court of Dorchester county will sit on MONDAY next, the 30th of January.

NOTICE.

The Curators and other officers of the Dorchester Agricultural Society, are invited to meet at Dr. Muse's at 12 o'clock, on Monday week (February 6th) on very interesting business of the Society.

MARRIED,

In Somerset county, on the 19th inst. Mr. *Curtis Revill*, aged 89, to Miss *Nancy Gibson*, aged 16, all of Somerset county, Md.

In this county on the 22d inst. by the Rev. Mr. Conaway, Capt. *Martin Corkran* to Miss *Mary Corkran*.

In this county on the 18th inst. Mr. *William Todd*, to Miss *Eleanor Andrew*.

DIED,

In this town, on Tuesday morning last, Mr. *William H. Applegarth*.

In this county, on Sunday morning the 22d inst. Mr. *Trustram Wright*.

At Church Creek, on Tuesday morning last, Mr. *Samuel Colston*.

At Town Point, on Saturday evening the 21st inst. Miss *Ellen Fookes*, in the 63d year of her age. In the death of this amiable woman, not only her family, but society in general has sustained an irreparable loss. She was admired and beloved by a large circle of friends and acquaintances. She suffered much pain during her illness, but so long as reason reigned, she bore it with the utmost patience and resignation.—thus expired, under the influence of grace, a distinguished member of Christ's Church.

[*Communicated.*

At Straights Hundred, on the 20th inst. Mr. *Hugh Roberts*, in the 40th year of his age, a native of Ireland.

Notice.

All persons having claims against the estate of Abraham Lynch, late of Dorchester county, deceased, are requested to leave their accounts duly authenticated, with the Register of Wills, for said county, on or before the 26th of February, 1826.

THOMAS HILL, Admr.
of Abraham Lynch, dec'd.
Jan 28 3w

Boots and Shoes,

THE SUBSCRIBER,

Returns his grateful acknowledgements to his friends and the public, for the liberal encouragement he has received, and respectfully solicits its continuance. He has lately returned from Baltimore with an assortment of Leather, selected with care, and is prepared to execute all orders in his line, of the best workmanship and materials, at his old stand, next door above Dr. Waites.

He has on hand a large assortment of Men's and Ladies' shoes, which will be sold low for cash or country produce.

WILLIAM WINGATE.

NOTICE.—All persons indebted to me, are respectfully requested to make payment on or before the first day of March next, otherwise I shall be of necessity compelled to place their accounts in the hands of an officer for collection. This, however disagreeable, will be done without respect to persons. W. W.
Jan 28 3w

MARYLAND.

Dorchester County Orphans' Court, January 23, 1826.

On application of *Thomas Loockerman* and *William V. Murray*, administrators d. b. n. of *Henry Summerwell* late of Dorchester county, deceased, it is ordered, that they give the notice required by law for the creditors to exhibit their claims against the said deceased's estate, and that the same be published once in each week for the space of *three successive weeks*, in the newspaper printed in the town of Cambridge.

In testimony that the foregoing is truly copied from the minutes of the proceedings of Dorchester county Orphans' Court, I have hereunto set my hand and the Seal of my office affixed, this 23rd day of January, in the year of our Lord, 1826.

SEAL

WM. W. ECCLESTON,
Reg'r of Wills for Dorchester cty.

IN obedience to the law and the order of the honorable Orphans' Court of Dorchester county, this is to give notice, that the subscribers of Dorchester county have obtained from the Orphan's court of said county in Maryland, letters of administration on the personal estate of *Henry Summerwell*, late of said county, deceased. All persons having claims against said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the proper vouchers thereof, to the subscribers, on or before the 31st day of July, 1826, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of said estate.

Given under our hands this 23rd day of January, anno domini, 1826.

THOMAS LOOCKERMAN,
WILLIAM V. MURRAY,
Admrs. d. b. n. of Henry Summerwell.

☞All persons indebted to the above estate are requested to make immediate payment.
Jan 28 3w

The Billiard Table

Attached to my tavern establishment, and formerly rented by Mr. Millington, having undergone a thorough repair, will be kept for the accommodation of the public. The room will be open as usual during the day and night, and every attention paid to those who may favor the table with their custom.

SAMUEL LUCAS.
Jan 28 3w

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