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GRICULTURAL So-
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ar societies.

The agricultural interest of Dorchester County, and indeed, of the State of Maryland, is by common consent, acknowledged to be in a state of the lowest depression, and most deplorable condition, embarrassing to all who are concerned in it, directly, or indirectly.

The great staple crop, "wheat," has failed, for very many years, to compensate the costs and the labor of its culture.

The climate has manifestly, become adversary to the growth of this plant, "once the boast and the wealth of our country.

To supply this loss by the introduction of other plants, whose physiological character and habits may be better adapted to the present climate, is a problem, which merits the first consideration of this society; and whose solution requires much experiment, cost and labor; and is well worthy to have received long ago, the aid of Legislative wisdom, which in many other States has been liberally contributed.

Your Committee will not withhold *this clear truth*, "that without speedy relief, the agriculture of the State will be annihilated, by the emigration, or the bankruptcy of its *discarded* votaries.

Individuals cannot, in justice to themselves, incur the expenditures, inseparable from such experiments. The State, through her honorable body, has been often invoked for relief, and and as often, she has refused her fostering hand.

Under the pressure of these circumstances; of this paradoxical policy and marvellous apathy of that honorable body, we will not on the present occasion, presume to say, "sagacious body, which overflowing in their charities & kindness, have seen fit to practice liberality, and copious beneficence, in their bounties to all branches of human industry, within the sphere of their action," excepting only, that, which is the object of our present solicitude, on which too, all others must chiefly depend. Under these considerations and these appaling facts, "it becomes the moral duty of this discarded class to look to themselves, and cherish the profession, on which they hope to subsist," by the small resources, which a few "*associated individuals*" may afford, who, widely differing from their honorable representatives, hold the *heretical doctrine*, "That Agriculture," the denounced subject of legislative contempt, is one of the most prominent interests of the community.

Your committee from a view of the above most true, yet, lamentable premises, involving, "they are constrained to acknowledge the political honor, and intelligence, as well as the destinies of our native and beloved State, and the happiness of its citizens, conclude," that the most efficient application of the small funds of the society will be chiefly, for the introduction and encouragement of the growth and manufacture of *new species* of crops, which may have been elsewhere profitable.

To this view, they recommend a particular attention to the propagation of the *Mulberry* and the production of *cocoons* for silk.

The introduction of the *Sugar Beet* and the *manufacture* of Sugar.

The culture of *Spanish Tobacco*, and its manufacture into Segars.

The culture of *Hemp*, and others in general that may offer a prospect of fair remuneration for cost and labor.

Your committee, therefore recommend the accompanying scheme of premiums, as one the most conducive to the laudable purposes of the institution.

CROPS.

For the 5 best continuous acres wheat not less than 75 bushels, $

For the 5 best do do Indian corn not less than 350 bus. "

For the best acre Irish potatoes, not less than 300 bus. "

For the best mangel wurtzel or other turnip, not less than 35 ton, "

For the best half acre sugar beet, "

For the best do do of Hemp, "

For the best and greatest quantity of sugar from beet, "

For the best crop of parsnips, not less than 500 bus. on 1 acre, "

For the best crop of carrots, not less than 500 bus. on 1 acre, "

For the greatest number mulberry stocks, "multicaulis" and "white Italian," raised or owned by a member—and not less than 300; 4 ft. high, "

For the greatest quantity cocoons, raised by a member, "

For the most profitable species of crop and its manufacture—of any kind—and from any county, made by a member, and on not less than an acre; whose nett profits shall be not less $100 per acre, "

If the nett profits reach $200 per acre, "

If do do 300 do "

N. B. Not each, but the highest on the scale, shall be entitled; nor, is it to deemed essential, that the growth as well as the manufacture, shall both be the product of the same or present year, as this, in many cases, is wholly impossible, and therefore will be required in *none*; nor shall any article whatever, in the list, above or below named, which may be entitled to the highest premium also receive a second.

For the best crop of Sweedish or other turnips, not less than 400 bus. $

For the best crop of hay on 3 acres, not less than 6 tons, "

For one acre of Palma Christi, "

HORSES.

For the best stallion, "

For the best mare, "

For the best colt under 4 years, "

NEAT CATTLE.

For the best bull over two ys. "

For the best do under 2 ys. "

For the best milch cow, "

For the best heifer under 2 ys. "

For the best pr. of well broke oxen "

For the best fatted bullock, "

SWINE.

For the best boar over 1 yr. old, "

For the best breeding sow, little pigs with her, "

For the best boar pig under 12 mo "

For the best sow pig under 12 do "

For the fattest and heaviest hog, not less than 300 lbs. live weight, under 2 ys "

SHEEP.

For the best ram, "

For the best ewe, "

For the best lot of wethers, not less than six. "

DOMESTIC MANUFACTURE.

For the best 10 yds flannel, "

For the best 20 do kersey, "

For the best 10 do linsey, "

For the best 20 do carpeting, "

For the best hearth rug, "

For the best counterpane, "

For the best 10 yds linen sheeting,

For the best 10 do linen diaper, for table cloths, "

For the best 10 do linen diaper, for towling, "

For the best pr knit woolen stockings,

For the best pr do cotton do "

IMPLEMENTS OF HUSBANDRY.

For the best agricultural implement, that may be considered new and worthy of notice, "

BUTTER.

For the best butter, not less than 5 lbs. (fresh.) "

For the best 10 lbs. potted butter, not less than 3 months old, "

FERMENTED LIQUORS.

For a sample of the best barrel cider of any age, "

PLOUGHING MATCHES.

For the best ploughing by 2 horses,

For the best ploughman.

ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION.

1. The Society shall be styled the Dorchester Agricultural Society.

2. Citizens of Dorchester, and of all other counties of the E. S. of Maryland, may become members, by subscribing their names, in person, or by proxy to these articles of association, and paying to the Treasurer of the Society three dollars, on or before the 1st. day of June next.

3. The Officers of the Society shall be a President, three Vice Presidents, and twelve Directors; and they shall be elected forthwith, by ballot, for the term of one year from the day of election.

4. The Directors "four making a quorum," shall, with the President, who shall preside at the board, or in his absence, one of the Vice presidents, constitute a board for the transaction of business.

5. The board shall appoint a Secretary and Treasurer.

6. The President, Vice Presidents, Secretary, and Treasurer shall be, ex officio, a committee of correspondence.

7. The President may call a meeting when he may deem it advisable, by a notice, eight days at least, previously, in one of the Cambridge news-papers.

8. The Secretary shall record the transactions of the Society, and take charge of the books and papers.

9. The Treasurer shall take charge of the funds, and disburse them only, on the written order of the President, approved by the Board, and countersigned by the Secretary.

10. The committee of correspondence shall correspond with individuals and Societies, as occasion may require, for agricultural purposes.

11. The Board may appropriate the funds, at their discretion, for agricultural objects, including whatever may, in their judgment, conduce to the science and art of agriculture.

The members having subscribed their names, as required by the articles, proceeded to elect their officers, and upon balloting, the following gentlemen were elected, Dr. J E. Muse, was elected President; James Dixon, Thos. I. H. Eccleston, Thomas Hayward, all of Dorchester county, and Col. John Gale of Somerset county, John U. Dennis, of Worcester county, and Col. Nicholas Goldsborough of Talbot county, Vice Presidents; Dr. John H. Hooper, Treasurer; and Nicholas L. Goldsborough, Secretary.

Board of Directors—Wm. T. Coldsborough, John R. Keene, John C. Henry, Stephen Rawleigh, Jas. Thompson, Hooper Rawleigh, John F. Eccleston, Reuben Tall, Samuel Sewell, Dr. Anthony C. Thompson, Thomas Barnett and James B. Steele.

The exhibition will be held in Cambridge, on the first Thursday & Friday of November next.

ANTHONY MANNING, Chr'n.
THOMAS HAYWARD, Sec'ry.

May 8th, 1837.

ANOTHER BONAPARTE COMING TO AMERICA.—Prince Pietro (son of Lucien) Bonaparte, whose sentence of death has lately been commuted by the Pope to banishment, embarked at Leghorn on the 17th February for America.—*French paper.*

PROPHECY OF MR. WEBSTER.

"Loking to the state of things actually existing around us," said Mr, Webster in 1833—04, "looking to the great number of State banks already existing and to the vast amount of paper issued by these banks—considering that, in the very nature of things, this paper must be limited & local in its credit and circulation, I confess I see nothing but a well conducted National Bank which is likely to afford any guard against excessive paper issues, or which can furnish a sound and uniform currency to every part of the United States. This is not only a question of finance—it not only respects the operations of the Treasury—but it rises to the character of a high political question. It respects the currency, the actual money, the measure of value of all property and all labor in the United States. I hardly know any thing less consistent with our public duty and our high trust, nor any thing more likely to disturb the harmonious relations of the States, in all affairs of business and life, than for Congress to abandon all care and control over the Currency, and to throw the whole money system of the country into the hands of four and twenty State Legislatures."

"We are waging war"—said Mr. Webster, when he introduced his bill for the temporary recharter of the Bank—"for the benefit of the poor! We slay that monster, the Bank, that we may defeat the unjust purposes of the rich, and elevate and protect the poor! And what is the effect of all this? What happens to the poor and all the middling classes in consequence of this warfare? They are all at the feet of the capitalists. They are in the jaws of usury. Look to the rates of interest amounting to twenty, thirty, fifty per cent. Sir, this measure of Government has transferred millions on millions of hard earned property in the shape of extra interest, from the industrious classes to the capitalists, from the poor to the rich. And this is called putting down a monied aristocracy! Sir, there are thousands of families who have diminished, not their luxuries, not their amusements, but their meat and their bread that they might be able to save their credit by paying enormous interest.—And there are other thousands, who having lost their employment, have lost every thing, and who yet hear, amidst the bitterness of their anguish, that the great motive of the Government is kindness to the poor!"

Many of the Van Buren presses are constantly harping on the length of time consumed by Messrs. Wise and Peyton, at the close of Congress.—They would persuade the people, that the failure to pass the appropriation bill, whereby the great works of the country will be injured and retarded, is owing to the time thus consumed by these two great champions of constitutional law and freedom. What are the facts of the case? The bill providing for various reductions in the revenue of the country, and various changes in the land system, had been passed by the administration majority in the Senate of the U. S. and sent down to the House of Representatives for their concurrence. The House immediately took up the bill and passed it *as sent from the Senate*, with the exception of an additional section, proposed by Mr. John Bell, providing for the distribution of the surplus, if any should exist, after a reservation of five millions, *beyond the demand of Government*, as a contingent fund.— The bill thus amended, was sent back to the Senate, and that by the Van Buren Senate, on a *strictly party vote rejected*. The excuse given, by that party, for this outrage upon a people, for this blow, to the great works and defences of a nation, was, they were opposed to a surplus, and intended that none should exist, and therefore they would provide for the distribution of none; but the amendment of Mr. Bell in the event of no surplus existing was harmless—it could not distribute it, if there was none in the Treasury. Upon this miserable pretext, the Van Buren party in the Senate predicate their defence for defeating a measure which passed the House of Representatives, the *immediate democratic* branch of the government, by a majority of two thirds—and yet that party assume to be the people's party and the people's friends—ah, and the *great democratic party* too—and now when an outraged people are beginning to arouse to a proper estimate of such conduct, they are falsely told that Whig Orators consumed the time of the House in nine hour speeches, and prevented the passage of important measures.—The speeches of Wise and Peyton, were made after the fate of all the great measures were sealed, and we think that the time was well spent—an administration was in its last moments, that will be remembered for centuries—an administration that has warred on every cherished institution of the land, and on the great principles of constitutional law and right. The effect of some of those measures is now heavily pressing on the country and will ruin thousands. If men of patriotism gave vent to their feelings either in indignant invective against its misdeeds, or in jubilee of its end and dissolution, it is not to be wondered at. For ourselves we repeat, we think the time well spent, and to prove it we intend in our next to give some extracts from the speeches.—*Easton Gaz.*

ACCOMMODATING.—A giddy crack brained chap, having pronounced 'O yes," most audible three times, in New Market, collected a number of persons together, and made the following proposals to the gapers; "Who wants to buy a horse that can walk five miles an hour, trot eighteen, and gallop twenty?" "I do," said a gentleman, with manifest eagerness. "Then," replied the crier, "If I see such an animal, I will be sure to let you know."

"I say, Pomp, what be de difrence 'tween *poetry*, and de wat ye call *plank verse?*" "Why I gip you something Scip, I tink what be lustration of de subject:—

Go down to Mill Dam
And fall down slam—
dat be poetry; but
Go down to Mill Dam
And fall down whappo—
dat be plank verse."

The cultivation of fine tobacco for Segars is a profitable pursuit in Florida.—In due time, we doubt not, Cuba will find a strong competitor in Florida, for the supply of the article. The Apalachicola Gazette of the 8th, to show its profitableness says—

An acre of ground will yield 500 to 800 lbs. of clear tobacco; as much as 1200 lbs has been actually obtained from three cuttings.

This Tobacco is never sold, but employed by the Planter himself in the already much celebrated Florida segars, for which a vast number of twisters are employed.

A box of one thousand of these segars will weigh 7 a 8 lbs. neat. The twisting and expenses are from 3 to 4 dollars per 1000, and the sale is ready at 12 a 15 dollars per box, for there is not a supply for one quarter part of the demand.

Taking the 600 lbs. as a low average rate per acre, and dividing it by the highest rate, 8 lbs. or 1000 segars; the result is 75 boxes of a thousand, and multiplying this last by 12 dollars the lowest price of sale there results 900 dollars for gross produce of an acre, but there are expences say of 300 dollars for twisting, &c., at 4 dollars per thousand, which deducted. would leave 600 dollars for clear produce of an acre, or from the easy labor of one hand—one hand can tend two acres.

"*Turn out*, turn out, or by golly I'll serve you as I did a man t'other day," hollowed a Jonathan, who with his gal in the lumber box, was about coming in contact with a dandy in his fine gig.—The affrighted beau turned out for he was sadly terrified at the mysterious threat, and as brother Jonathan was passing, asked how he served the other man.? "Why, I turned out myself."

A *loafer* who let himself, was asked what he could do, to which he replied "split rails." His employer sent him to the woods; but having little regard to the rift, set himself to work chopping into a curley tree, and he found it impossible to make even the first impressions, so curly was the grain. Getting discouraged, he left his axe in the tree, when a thunder tempest arose and the axe attracted the lightning, when he exclaimed, Oh crackey! I guess you've got your match now.

BALTIMORE MARKET.
April 25, 1837.

FLOUR	
Howard street,	$9 00
City Mills,	$8a8 25
Susquehanna,	$9 00
Rye Flour,	$6 50a6 75
GRAIN.	
Red Wheat,	$1 45 a 1 50
White Wheat,	$00 00
White Corn,	74 a 75
Yellow do.	80 a 82
Rye	$1 00 a 0 00
Oats,	38 a 00
Cloverseed,	$6 00 a 7 00
Flaxseed,	00 00
Oils,	$1 00 a 1 02
Western Bacon,	8 a 8 1-2 cts.
Lard,	10 a 00
Mackerel, No. 1, per bbl.	$9 50
Do. No. 2,	$8 50
Do. No. 3,	$5 75
Feathers, per lb.	50 a 52

Chesnut Cord wood Wanted.

THE subscribers will contract for four or five thousand cords of Chesnut Wood to be delivered at their Iron Furnace, Whetstone Point, near Fort McHenry, or they will purchase the wood standing, provided it is not too remote from navigation.

Having ample wharf room, there will be no delay in unloading the vessels.

ANDR'W. & JNO. ELLICOTT & CO.

May 6, 3w

Sheriff Sale.

BY virtue, of a writ of fieri facias, issued by Stanley Richardson, Esq. and to the sheriff directed, at the suit of James Dixon of N. against Thomas Byus, I will sell at Public sale, on Saturday the 27th of May, at the store of N. the Dixon, to highest and best bidder for cash, between the hours of ten and 4 o'clock all the said Byus' right to a tract of *timber land*, lying in white marsh, adjoining the lands of Job Triggor, containing nine acres more or less, known by whatever name it may be. The above land will be sold to satisfy the above fieri facias and costs due.

WALTER KIRBY, Dpt. shr'ff.

May 6. 1837. 3w

PUBLIC SALE.

WILL be sold at Public Sale, on Saturday, the 13th of May, at Wm. D. Lynch's Tavern, in New Market, by order of the Orphans' Court for the benefit of Creditors, one

NEGRO GIRL,

aged about 14 years, sound, sightly and likely. Sale between the hours of 12 and 2 o'clock, for cash.

SAMUEL SEWELL, acting
adm'r. of Jos. K. Travers.

N. B.—Persons indebted to the estate of Joseph K. Travers, or to me as administrator, are hereby warned to come forward and liquidate their respective notes and accounts, by the payment of the cash, as it is now absolutely necessary they should; those who neglect, will have to pay costs that's certain. S. S.

April 29 3w

NEGRO FOR SALE.

WILL BE SOLD by virtue of an order of the Orphans' Court of Dorchester County, on Saturday 13th May next at Mr. John B. Robinson's Store, in Sts. Hundred, one negro GIRL, aged from 12 to 14 years; sightly, sound, and likely; sold for payment of debts. Six months credit will be given, the purchaser giving note & security with interest. Sale at 12 o'clock.

CHARLES TUBMAN,
Ex'r of C. Keene.

April 29 3w

Farm to Rent.

THE Subscriber offers to rent for the ensuing year, that fine Farm commonly called

PROSPECT,

situate in Brannock's neck, near Church Creek. This farm is beautifully situated on the creek, the improvements are good, the land is fertile, and the situation perhaps as healthy as any in the county. To a good tenant I will rent this place on accommodating terms. ROSE ANN PITT.

Church Creek, April 29 tf.

The Editor of the Aurora will please give the above three insertions.

Maryland:

Dorchester County Orphan's Court,
24th day of March 1837.

ON Application of JAMES THOMPSON, executor of Barzilla Streets, late of Dorchester County, deceased—it is ordered that he give the notice required by law for all creditors to exhibit their claims against the said deceased's estate, and that he cause the same to be published once in each week, for the space of three successive weeks, in the Cambridge Chronicle a paper selected by him.

In testimony That the foregoing is truly copied from the minutes of the proceedings of Dorchester County Orphans' Court, I have hereunto set my name, and the L. S. seal of my office affixed, this 24th day of March, in the year of our lord, 1837.

WILLIAM W. ECCLESTON,
Register of Wills, Dorchester Co.

In compliance with the above order,—This is to give notice, that the subscriber of Dorchester county, hath obtained from the Orphans' Court of Dorchester county, in Maryland, letters testamentary on the personal estate of Barzilla Streets late of Dorchester County, deceased. All persons having claims against the said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, on or before the 12th day of December next; they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate.

Given under my hand this 24th day of March, 1837.

JAMES THOMPSON, Ex'r.
of B. Streets.

April 29 3w

Postponed CHANCERY SALE.

PURSUANT to authority derived from the Hon Chancellor of Maryland, I will sell, to the highest and best bidder, on

MONDAY, 29th MAY next,

ALL THE

REAL ESTATE

of which Ezekiel Keene died seized This property is known by the name of "No. 3 of Ezekiel Keene's Land," divided by the commissioners in 1800, as by reference to the records in the Clerk's office will appear, and lies near Buck Town, in Dorchester county, and contains about

200 acres of Land,

nearly all *wood and the finest timber*. To wood dealers this property is very valuable, both for cord wood, staves, timber, &c. The sale will take place at Buck Town, on the day aforesaid, between the hours of 11 and 12, at the store of Messrs. Lecompte & Scott.

The terms of sale, as prescribed, are one fourth cash on the day of sale, the balance in six and twelve months from the day of sale, secured by bond and security approved by the trustee, bearing interest from the day of sale. H. PAGE, Trustee.

April 29th 4w

CHANCERY SALE.

PURSUANT to authority derived from the Hon. Chancellor of Maryland, I will sell to the highest and best bidder, all the right, title, and interest of John Hubbard, Jas. Hubbard, Sarah Ann Hubbard, Thomas S. Hubbard and Mary Elizabeth Hubbard to the

REAL ESTATE,

of which Nancy Hubbard died, seized--This property lies in the neighborhood of Tobaccostick, and is said to have been sold to Samuel Brohawn, in his life time for taxes—the trustee believes there is no evidence of title or of any sale in any office where it ought to be found if in existence. From all the evidence of which he is in possession, the trustee believes the title of the aforesaid Hubbard is entirely susceptible of maintenance.

The sale will take place on SATURDAY the 20th of MAY next, between the hours of two and three, at the store house of Wm. D. Barrow, Esq.; and the terms will be one fourth cash, the balance in six and twelve months from the day of sale, with interest from the day of sale, secured by bond and security approved by the trustee.

H. PAGE, Trustee.

April 29 5w

We are authorised to announce

John Dennis, Esq.

as a Candidate to represent the people of the District composed of Dorchester, Somerset and Worcester counties, in the Congress of the United States.

April 22, 1837 tf

NOTICE.

THE Commissioners of the town of Cambridge will meet on Monday next, for the purpose of appointing a Bailiff of the town and overseer of the Road, for the year 1837.

By order of the Board,
WILLIAM REA, Cl'k

April 29. 1837. 1t

We are authorised to announce

CAPT ALEXANDER DONOHO,

As a candidate to represent the people of the district composed of Dorchester, Somerset and Worcester counties, in the next Congress of the U. States.

April 8 1837 tf

NOTICE.

RETAILERS, Traders, Ordinary Keepers, Victuallers and all persons, bodies corporate or politic in Dorchester County, and all persons whom it may concern, are hereby cautioned to obtain a License or renew the same, according to the provisions of the act of Assembly, entitled an "Act to regulate the issuing of Licenses to Traders, Keepers of Ordinaries and others," before the tenth day of May next ensuing.

J. A. WADDELL, Shff.

April 29 2w A

Notice.

THE subscriber offers his services to the public as AGENT for the adjustment of Books, collecting accounts, conveyancing, and generally such other business as may be entrusted to his management.—Whatever shall be thus confided to him, will receive prompt attention, and will be despatched with fidelity. He can at all times be found at his Office, directly opposite the store of Thomas Hayward, Esq. and adjoining the late residence of James Houston, deceased. G. BAYLEY.

April 22, 1837. 3t

LOOK HERE.

THE subscriber has been repeatedly trespassed upon during the last month, by several COLTS and COWS, and has come reluctantly to the conclusion, that the owners of them make neither grass or grain upon their farms. If this conclusion be erroneous, it is presumed the bare suggestion, will OPERATE as a remedy, otherwise, he will publish them in propria persona, as destitute, both, of skill as farmers, and of sensibility to the sufferings of their cattle.

April 22 tf J. C. HENRY.

I. O. O. F.
Howard Lodge,
—No. 28.—

A PROCESSION of this Order will be held in New Market, on Tuesday the 16th of May. The Brethren of the different Lodges are invited to attend.

By order
WM. M. PRICE, Sec'ry.

☞ Editors friendly to the above order will please give it a few insertions.

April 15

NOTICE.

THE subscriber wishes to employ a young man of industrious and steady habits to attend to his Bar, his present Bar keeper, Mr. William A. Lecompte wishing to relinquish the situation for the purpose of engaging in the business of his trade. Any person of the character above described, desirous of obtaining the situation, can apply to the subscriber at the Steamboat Hotel. JOHN BRADSHAW.

April 15. 3t

George H. Staplefort,

WILL be supported for the next Sheriffalty of Dorchester County, by

MANY VOTERS.

April 8, 1837. tf

New Spring
AND
SUMMER GOODS.

WILLIAM W. BYRN, has just returned from Baltimore, and is now opening this day, at his old stand, opposite Yates' Hotel, a large lot of

FANCY AND
STAPLE GOODS,

Consisting in part of the following articles, viz:

Blue, black, brown, rifle green, dahlia claret and mixed Cloths.
Super ribbed, striped and plain Cassimeres:
Plain and printed Sattinetts:
Diagonal and imperial Summer Cloths:
Ribbed and striped Linen Drillings:
Plain white do.
American Nankeens and striped Florentines:
Silk, Satin, Marseilles and Valencia Vestings:
Black and blue Bombazine:
A large supply of small figured Calicoes from 10 cts a yard up.
Painted Lawns and Muslins, new style:
Jackonetts and Cambric do.
Striped and plaid Jackonetts,
Do. Plain and plaid Ginghams:
Bishop Lawns and Bobinetts:
Book, Mull, and Swiss Muslins:
Plain and hem-stitched Linen Cambric Handkerchiefs:
Plain, colored and black Gro de Naples:
Matteoni and other Lustrings:
Poult de Souis:
Pink, green, blue and straw col'd florences:
White, black and col'd Taffetta Ribbands:
New style Cap do
Black, white and col'd belt do.
Fancy silk Crape and Gauze shawls and Scarfs:
Black Italian Cravats and fancy silk do.
Plain and twilled silk Hdkfs.
Black and blue black Satin Stocks:
Worked Capes and Collars:
White, black and colored ribbed Cotton Hose,
White & bl'k Silk do.
Plain silk & Cotton do.
Children's brown and mixed cotton do.
Cotton and thread 1-2 do.
Ladies Silk and Kid Gloves:
Men's Cotton, Buckskin, and Kid do.
Net and Gum Elastic Suspenders:
Brown Holland and Irish Linens:
Bear Duck, and Suffolk Drilling:
Brown and bleached shirting, &c., &c.

With a variety of other articles too tedious to enumerate.

The public are respectfully invited to call and examine my stock of GOODS, which cannot be surpassed for beauty and cheapness:

The public's ob't. servant,
WILLIAM W. BYRN.

April 8 tf

Council Chamber,

ANNAPOLIS, MARCH 25, 1837.

IN compliance with a resolution of the General Assembly, I hereby authorise and request the Proprietors or Editors of the several newspapers hereinafter designated, to publish the following Acts, passed by the General Assembly at the late session---provided, that they will publish the same for fifty dollars, the maximum authorised by the said resolution---viz:

No. 19---An act to confirm an act, entitled, an act for the division of Baltimore and Frederick counties, and for erecting a new one by the name of Carroll, and to alter and change the Constitution of this State, so far as may be necessary to effect the same, passed at Dec. ses. 1835, chap. 256.

27---A supplement to an act, entitled, an act to authorise and empower persons owning real estate on any of the navigable waters of this state, to construct wharves thereon, passed at Dec. session 1835, chapter one hundred and sixty eight.

50---A further supplement to an act, entitled, an act to regulate the inspection of salted fish.

56---An act to continue in force the acts of Assembly which would expire with the present session of the General Assembly.

73---An act, supplement to an act, limiting the time for the collection of fees of attorneys, solicitors, clerks, registers, sheriffs, and other officers of this state, passed at December session, 1833, chapter 259.

76---An act to confirm an act, entitled, an act to alter and amend the Constitution and Form of Government of this State, so far as relates to the representation in the House of Delegates from the city of Baltimore.

97---An act relating to limited partnerships in this state.

122---An act to limit the time for which Tobacco Inspectors shall continue to hold their offices.

128---An act to regulate the manner of taking testimony in cases of equity.

150---An act to prohibit the owners of vessels and others, from navigating the same by and under the sole command of negroes and mulattoes:

156---A supplement to the act, entitled, an act concerning crimes and punishments, passed at November session, 1809, chapter 138.

191---A further supplement to an act to regulate the inspection of tobacco.

102---An act supplemental to an act, for amending and reducing into system the laws and regulations concerning last wills and testaments, the duties of executors, administrators and guardians, and the rights of orphans, and other representatives of deceased persons.

197---An act to amend the Constitution and form of Government of the State of Maryland.

204---A further supplement to an act, entitled, an act to establish Magistrate's Courts in the several counties of this State, and to prescribe their jurisdiction.

219---An act to repeal the second section of an act, entitled, a supplement to an act, entitled an act concerning the amendment of judicial proceedings, passed at December session, 1833, chap. 276.

220.---An act to invest the State's share of the Surplus Revenue of the United States and for other purposes.

224---An act to provide for the appointment of clerks of the several county courts, the clerks of the court of Appeals for the Eastern and Western Shores, the clerk of Baltimore city court, and the Registers of Wills in the several counties of this state.

230---A supplement to the act to provide for the public instruction of youth in primary schools throughout the state, passed at Dec. session 1825, chapter 162.

231---A supplement to the act, to regulate the manner of obtaining and altering public roads in the State, passed January 15th, 1819.

236---A supplement to an act, entitled an act provide for the completion of the Chesapeake and Ohio Canal to Cumberland, and for the completion of the Baltimore and Susquehanna Rail Road to the Borough of York, in the State of Pennsylvania.

238---An additional supplement to an act, entitled, an act respecting Hay and straw brought for sale to the city of Baltimore.

255---An act to authorise the owner or owners of any mill, factory, distillery, quarry, or lime kiln situated within the distance of five hundred yards from any rail road now made or which may hereafter be constructed, to apply to the county court, the levy court, or to the commissioners of the county, as the case may be, to lay out and open a private way for such mill, factory, distillery, quarry, or kiln, to the most convenient place of intersecting such rail road.

261---An act relating to charges for transportation upon the Baltimore and Ohio Rail Road.

264---An act for the prevention of frauds on the right of voting by the stockholders in the several incorporated institutions in this state.

265---An act to provide for the inspection and weight of Anthracite or hard coal, and for the measurement of bituminous coal.

269---An act relating to changing the venue for the trial of issues of fact, framed in the court of Chancery, or any county court, as a court of equity, or orphans' courts of this State, and sent to a county court for trial.

270---An act relating to the effect of the revocation of powers of attorney, by death or otherwise.

272---An act relating to the form in which promissory notes may be given to the incorporated Banks of this State.

274---An act to incorporate the American Colonization Society.

275---An act supplemental to the act entitled, an act to establish Magistrates courts, in the several courts of this state, and to prescribe their jurisdiction, passed at December session, 1835, chap. 201.

285---An act to regulate the charges for the use of Hackney Coaches, in the city of Baltimore.

289---An act relating to appeals.

292---A further supplement to the act, to authorise the Governor and Council to build a new tobacco inspection Warehouse in the city of Baltimore.

293---An additional supplement to the act for the relief of sundry insolvent debtors.

294---An act relating to the third and fith congressional districts of this state.

301---A supplement to an act, entitled, an act for the appointment of lime inspectors for the city of Baltimore.

305---A further supplement to an act entitled, an act to establish Magistrates courts in the several counties of this State, and to prescribe their jurisdiction.

To be published in the Maryland Republican, Annapolis; the Patriot and Chronicle, Baltimore; the Herald, Frederick; Torch-Light, Hagerstown; the Civilian, Cumberland; the Carrolltonian, Westminster; the Journal, Rockville; the Madisonian, Bel-Air; the Gazette, Upper Marlborough; the Courier, Elkton; the Bugle, Chestertown the Times, Centreville; the Gazette, Easton; the Advocate, Denton; the Chronicle Cambridge; the Herald, Princess-Anne, and in the Sentinel, Snow Hill.

THOS. CULBRETH, Clk.
of the Council.

April 8.

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