CAMBRIDGE DEMOCRAT.

W. W. BALLARD, Editor.

Wednesday Morning, Mh. 27, 1861.

NOTICE.

☞The disreputable individual who edits the *Intelligencer*, a low, truckling sheet of Black Republicanism published in our midst, is held in so low esteem here that no remark in reply to his editorial of Saturday last, is needed from us for this meridian. For the information of others, however, who do not know him, other than through the columns of his paper, it is enough to say that he is a miserable creature, whose low and vulgar flings at, and vile and slanderous imputations on, the character of some of our best and most respected citizens, would have subjected him to a merited horse-whipping, despite his revolver and weighty hickory, were it not that such conduct totally unfitted him for the notice of decent people, and had not his weak condition with threatened consumption and occasional bleeding of the lungs, prompted them to pass him unnoticed and *unmartyred*.

The grossly disrespectful allusion by him on Saturday to some of our citizens show they have not done wrong in so doing. Contempt in such cases is better than a horse-whipping or a paddling. These gentlemen who are so disrespectfully spoken of and so foully aspersed, are veterans. They have served their country on the battle field, and to-day bear scars of wounds received while fighting to vindicate their country's honor and maintain her rights, and whose gray hairs alone would cause them to be respected and venerated by all classes and conditions of men, unless it be the untutored savage or the blackguard.

When age is not respected, and patriots who have sacrificed health, and if necessary would have sacrificed their lives to serve their country, have applied to them odious expressions, it certainly could not be expected that we should escape. "Liar," "terrier," "tool," which he calls us, are considered in *his* vocabulary euphonious names. Such unrefined and vulgar epithets, unsustained by proof or argument and used in wrath, only show how truth will cut. So long as we continue to notice him as we have done in the past, we shall never fear the punishment of an Ananias or a Sapphira.

It is a source of deep regret to us that we have been compelled to write thus personally of this individual.—We have gained no laurels, for none are to be gained in such a contest. Hereafter our notices shall be confined to the Intelligencer as it further advances in Black Republicanism. We shall never cease to call attention to the "finger boards" which this paper may set up to lead Dorchester down the dismal road to abolitionism, not from principle, for we dont believe its editor has any of this article.

The Editor may yelp "false"—"tool" "unmanly," and all the epithets in which the language of scurrility may abound, it shall not deter us from defending Southern rights or from denouncing those, who for a mess of pottage would sell out those rights to Black Republicanism.

Here is the Secretary of the Chief Magistrate of the nation, executing the grandest swindle that has ever been known to the civilized world. The secretary of war deliberately and maliciously robs the Goverment of six millions of dollars. * * * * * This same Mr. Floyd, when he found he must surely be detected flew to Virginia crying aloud for disunion. The eminent rogue hoped, by distroying the Goverment, to escape the consequences of his villainy.—*Intelligencer, Feb. 23d 1861.*

It is scarcely necessary for us to mention the name of the journal from which we make the above extract. It discloses its own paternity. It is a part and parcel of that tissue of slanderous imputations and Billingsgate slang, which fills up the editorial columns of that tool of Black Republicanism, the Intelligencer. The charges which a Black Republican committee in Congress attempted to prove against Mr. Floyd were for malfeasance in office in issuing the acceptances on the Indian Trust Bonds. The Grand Jury of the District found two bills against him, one for conspiracy to defraud the Government, the other for malfeasance in office. These charges came up for trial on Tuesday of last week, and in the first the District Attorney stated in open Court that there was no evidence to sustain this charge, and, with leave of the Court, entered a *nolle prosequi*. The other bill was taken up for trial and submitted to the Court, when the Court ordered it to be quashed, as not being sustained. Thus Mr. Floyd has been acquitted on both charges.

We notice this fact not so much to notice the complete vindication of Mr. Floyd, as to show the vile aspersions which are cast upon him by the *Intelligencer*, without any facts on which to base them, save one-sided testimony, taken before a Black Republican committee. As Mr. Floyd is *not* an "eminent rogue," as he has *not* "executed the grandest swindle, &c." will the *Intelligencer* "stick to it like a man?"

☞We would call the attention of those suffering from Consumption, Bronchitis, &c., to an advertisement in another column of this paper, of an important discovery for the cure of those diseases, now introduced for the first time to the American public by Messrs. Leeds, Gilmore & Co., of New York.

☞It is rumored that President Lincoln intends to consult with Gov. Hicks, Hon. Reverdy Johnson, and the Editors of the American in regard to his appointments in this State. Is this the way Gov. Hicks saves the Union?

The News.

The Kentucky Legislature reassembled on Wednesday last.

The Ohio Legislature has passed a resolution requesting Congress to call a National Convention. Hon. John Sherman has been elected U. S. Senator from that State, to fill the place of Gov. Chase, who has resigned for a seat in Mr. Lincoln's Cabinet.

The vote by which the secession ordinance was defeated in the Arkansas Convention, has been reconsidered, and a resolution to submit the question of co-operation or secession to the people of Arkansas on the 1st Monday in August next was adopted.

The Louisiana Convention has ratified the permanent Constitution of the Confederate States—ayes 101, nays 71.

The Southern Tariff is being enforced by the Southern Confederacy. At all railway connections between the confederate and border States officers have been stationed to enforce the decrees and tariff regulations of the confederate States. The Adams' express company informs the citizens of Baltimore by advertisement that duties must be paid on all goods for those States.

Mr. Bayard, U. S. Senator from Delaware, has submitted a proposition to the Senate favoring the recognition of the independence of the Confederate States.

The Missouri Convention has adj. till 3d Monday in December. Before adjourning it elected seven delegates to represnt the State in the proposed Border State Convention. The following from an editorial in the St Louis Republican (Douglas Democratic) is a resume of the proceedings of the Convention:

"The voice of Missouri has been spoken through the Convention called for that purpose. That voice pronounced that further concessions should be made, with a view to the restoration of the Union of the States. Definitely these concessions should have the Crittenden resolutions for their basis. It declares that such a reunion would be imperiled by the use of force on the part of the Federal Government against the people of the seceded States, and specially advises the Federal troops to be withdrawn from those States where a collision threatens.

"Firm and steady in its expression, it declares for a National Convention, in the hope that its deliberations may resnlt in measures which will secure that object. The same voice consistently pronounces that there is at present no adequate cause for retiring from the Union, and refuses, at this time, to pledge Missouri to secession, even in the event of the secession of the rest of the border States or the refusal of the North to accede to any plan of adjustment.

"The inference may be drawn from the action of the Convention, that Missouri is in favor of every peaceable mode of adjustment calculated to call back the seceded States, and in default of obtaining such measures, will favor steps for bringing about a peaceable separation between the Union and the Southern Confederacy. Also, that her mind is in a state of suspense as to the question of retiring from the Union, until the happening of the contingencies which have been mentioned."

Secretary Seward's reply to the Southern Commissioners will, it is said, be conciliatory, and will propose the meeting of a National Convention, in hopes thereby to bring about a satisfactory adjustment.

Rumors of a threatened revolution in the Pacific States is creating considerable alarm in Republican circles at Washington. The object is to join the Southern Confederacy.

The Legislature of California was still unable to elect a U. S. Senator, numerous ballots had been taken but no election made.

Fears are entertained that a collision would take place in Texas, between Gov. Houston and the citizens of that State. The State Convention passed an ordinance declaring vacant the Gubernatorial chair, as well as the office of Secretary of State, because those officers refused, after due notification, to appear before the Convention and take the oath of allegiance to the Confederate State's Government. Lt. Gov. Clarke is to assume the duties of Governer at once.

The Legislature met on the 18th inst.

Local and Personal.

The male members of the M. E. Church of this place, in consequence of the distracting condition of the church in this section, held a meeting on Sunday afternoon last, and passed unanimously the following memorial, addressed to the Philadelphia Conference now in session.—Wm. Rea, Esq., was commissioned to bear the memorial to the Conference and present it to the Bishop:

In view of the critical condition of the church in this Station, growing out of the action of the late General Conference, and the uncertainty as to whether the Philadelphia Conference fully appreciates the difficulties of our position, and is prepared to adopt such measures as are essential for our present unity, for our future prosperity and integrity as a Station, the male members are constrained to assemble on Sabbath afternoon, March 24th, to give further expression to wants and demands of the church in relation to ministerial supply for the present year. It is the deliberate conviction of the entire membership that it would be ruinous to the interests of Methodism in Cambridge to remain under the jurisdiction of the Phila. Conference, as at present constituted—and they therefore make this final appeal to the Conference to grant a division of the Conference by State lines, and supply this division with such preachers as repudiate *in toto* the doctrines of the new chapter. If this cannot be done, we then affectionately entreat that Cambridge Station be stricken from the list of appointments, so that we may then pursue such course as our necessities require.

At the late session of the Balt. Conference, the following questions were propounded to the presiding Bishop in writing, who gave the answers annexed, also in writing:

By W. T. D. Clemm.—Is the new chapter to be regarded as containing the doctrine and belief of the church on Slavery?

Answer—The New Chapter contains admonition and advice, and from its position in the Discipline, claims to be the doctrine of the Church on Slavery.

By B. F. Brooke.—Is not every man a sinner "against God, nature, etc., who holds a slave in the sense of the Chapter in the Discipline?"

Answer—He is, in the sense of the Discipline, whatever that sense is.

The Meth. Prot. Conference closed its session at Newark, N. J., on Wednesday last. For the churches in this county the following ministers have been appointed: For Cambridge, J. H. Ellegood; for Dorchester circuit, W. G. Holmes.

Rev. T. J. Slaughter, who filled the churches of Dorchester circuit during the past year, has been left without an appointment at his request.

Shad are being caught in large quantities in the Nanticoke River, near Vienna. We are told the number caught averages near 60 to a boat.

The protracted meeting which has been going on in the M. E Church in New Market, still continues with unabated interest and great success.

Persons wishing to buy a pair of fine Mules are referred to the advertisement of R. C. Holland.

Our Book Table.

The American Agriculturist, published in N. York by Orange Judd. The editor of this journal will please accept our thanks for the January, February and March numbers of this most excellent agricultural journal. It is a thorough-going RELIABLE and PRACTICAL journal. It is a large journal of 35 pages, all full of interesting agricultural matter. Look at advertisement.

Boys and Girl's Own for April.—The very interesting history of the Discovery of America is continued, in this number. "Boys and Girls I have known," cannot fail to strike favorably the youthful reader. We assert that no more interesting and instructing literary matter for the youth can be obtained than is found in this little magazine.

Terms 75 cts per copy—address W. L. Jones 152 sixth avenue N. Y

BY LAST MAIL.

The President has not yet come to a decision with reference to Fort Sumter, and much impatience is manifested at the "masterly inactivity" which he displays.

WASHINGTON, March 24.—The number of office-seekers in Washington seems to be increasing. The Departments continue to be thronged with them, much to the interruption of public business. The removals will be numerous in the mail branches of the Government, and take place as soon as they can be prepared for official action. This assurance is repeatedly given to the important expectants. The application by letter number from four to five hundred daily.

Wm. Jayne, of Illinois, has been nominated for Governor of Dacotah.

FROM TEXAS.—The State Legislature met at Austin on the 18th inst.

All the members of the Senate and House (with the exception of a few who acted under protest) took the oath of allegiance to the Government of the Confederate States, as required by the Convention.

General Houston and his Secretary of State have retired, and surrendered the archives to Lieutenant-Governor Clark.

General Houston has issued an appeal to the people, denouncing the action of the Convention.

The latter body had passed a substitute to the army bill, raising only one mounted regiment.

The Philadelphia Conference of the M. E. Church, which commenced its session on Wednesday last, has been engaged mostly in the examination of candidates for Deacon's and Elders orders. The slavery question has not yet been reached.

Attorney General Bates has been ill for several days; he is still unable to be at his post.

Mr. Cobb, of Alabama, heretofore a strong Union man, has gone over to the Revolutionists.

The Baltimore correspondent of the New York *Tribune* has taken up the question of the successor of H. Winter Davis—and declares that he must be either "*a Secessionist or a Federalist*," for "as things look, a republican will stand little chance."—He maintains, however, that the Republicans hold the balance of power, and that if Wm. H. Collins, Esq., will consent to serve, he will receive the entire Republican vote, and be elected.—*Balt. Republican.*

Hon. Waldo P. Johnson, the newly elected U. S Senator from Missouri was a member of the Peace Conference, and last fall supported Breckinridge.

Maryland and the Virginia Commissioners.

The following is the communication of the committee of the Maryland Conference Convention, which was laid before the Virginia Convention on Monday week, and referred to the committee on federal relations:

To the Honorable the President of the Convention of the People of Virginia:

The undersigned, citizens of Maryland, have been appointed a committee on behalf of a conference convention, representing a portion of the citizens of the city of Baltimore, and of nearly all the counties of Maryland, to communicate with the convention over which you preside in reference to a matter in which they deem themselves deeply concerned, and which is now occupying the attention of your body. It is upon the subject of the proposed conference with the Southern border States

It is especially to be understood that in anything we may say there must be no inference that this particular measure, or any other, is, in our judgment, or in the opinion of those persons whom we represent, to be preferred. We entirely disclaim every purpose even to suggest what would be the judgment of our constituents, did the occasion make it droper to express it. Our design is solely to invite the attention of the convention to the importance of one particular consideration, if and when the proposed conference shall be found acceptable to your convention. In that event, believing (as those whom we represent have instructed us to say they do believe) that the people of Maryland will accept such an invitation, it becomes, as we respectfully suggest, a matter of equal interest to each and all of the Southern border States to secure, as far as it may be done, a full, fair and accurate expression of the popular will in such form as to leave no doubt either of its character or of the authority of those who may be selected as its agents and representatives.

The proposition before your body requires the delegates to the Conference to be selected by the "proper authorities of those States."

If any existing organized department of the government of Maryland should attempt the selection of delegates to such a convention as is proposed, it would undoubtedly be resisted by the people, and in that event conflicting claimants would present themselves as rightful exponents of the popular sentiments, duly entitled to be receivable as such.

Our sole object is to avoid, by the terms of the invitation, all occasion for such collision; and with this view we respectfully suggest such an alteration in the language of your resolution as will express its object to be "that delegates to the proposed convention shall be elected either directly by the people or through the agency of a sovereign State convention."

In the hope and expectation that this request will be favorably considered by your convention, we have the honor to be, very respectfully, your obedient servants,

W. MITCHELL,
E. F. CHAMBERS,
WM. HENRY NORRIS,
ISAAC D. JONES,
J. HANSON THOMAS.

We have had no advices from them for several days. The above embraced the object of their mission. The Virginia convention has taken no further action in regard to a Border State Convention.

A snow storm of unusual violence, especially for the spring of the year, set in on Sunday night in various portions of the South. At Wilmington, N. C., and in Southwestern Virginia, snow fell to the depth of four inches, and the merry jingle of sleigh bells startled the "oldest inhabitant," while at Norfolk and Portsmouth, Va., at noon on Tuesday, it had been snowing thirty-two hours. The ground was then covered to the depth of twelve inches. Not a few people there looked upon the storm as an extraordinary and unexpected "northern invasion." The snow, however, under the genial influences of a bright sun, rapidly "evacuated."—Sleigs were out in both Richmond and Petersburg on Tuesday. The snow at Wilmington, N. C., was preceded by a violent storm of thunder and lightning. Early vegetables and fruits in that region, it is feared, are all killed.

AFFAIRS IN KANSAS.—ATCHISON, Mh. 21.—Joseph Hapromboise, the head chief of Pottawattomiss, with a number of the leading men in the tribe, came in yesterday with seventeen teams for supplies from the relief society. They were supplied with corn, flour, beans, meal, clothing and with weat for seed. They claim the $600,000 due them from the government, and for which they have recently instituted a suit. The tribe numbers 2,700; and the head men estimate that over a thousand are in want of assistance.

Over thirty thousand bushels of seed wheat have been received and distributed from this point, together with large amounts of garden and other seeds. Nearly three hundred teams loaded with supplies of different descriptions left to-day.

The Tariffs North and South.

The following comparison of a few of the articles embraced in the tariffs of the North and South, will show how the two sections stand at present, and how their interests will be affected under the new tariff.—The first column is the present U. S. tariff, the second the existing Southern tariff, based upon the U. States tariff. The third is the new United States tariff, just adopted, and the fourth the proposed new tariff for the Confederate States, but which, it is reported, has not been passed It will be seen that the rates of the existing Southern tariff are less than the existing United States tariff, but this difference is still greater under the new United States tariff and the Southern proposed tariff.

	Tariff 1857 Duties per ct. nov.	Southern existing tariff, per ct.	Tariff of 1861	Southern proposed Tariff.
Brandy,	30	30	100 per gl	15
Ale, beer, &c	30	24	15 "	15
Clothing	30	24	30 per ct	15
Earthen & chinaware	30	24	25	15
Hats, bonnets	30	24	30	15
Socks, shirts	30	15	30	15
Carpets	30	24	30 to 50	15
Coal	30	24	$1 per ton	free
Cotton cord	30	24	30	15
Cutlery	30	24	30	15
Artificial flowers	30	24	30	20
Hemp, unmanfact'd	30	24	25	15
Iron	30	24	25 to 30	10
Jewelry	30	24	25	15
Metal wares	30	24	30	15
Glass ware	30	24	30	25
Woolen man'fact.	30	24	25 to 30	15
Paper	30	24	30	15
Feathers	24	24	30	15
Cotton manufactures	24	—	1 to 4 cts. per sq. yd,	free
Floor matting	24	19	10	15

LATEST FROM JAPAN.—*Trade with the United States.*—Letters have been received in New York from Mr Harris, our minister at Yedo, dated as late as the 10th of December. The health of Mr. Harris has been entirely restored, and he was in the active performance of his official duties.—He represents the feelings of the government and people of Japan to be in the highest degree favorable to this country. Mr. Harris differs essentially from the opinions of recent letter writers from Japan, in regard to the prospective importance of the American trade. There is reason to believe we may expect large importations of teas and silks from there during the present year. The ambassadors who visited the United States had all resumed their official employments, and were loud and sincere in their acknowledgements for the honor and kindness shown them while in the United States.

THE LAW OF EVIDENCE.—Hon. R. Hunt, an eminent lawyer of Louisiana, has introduced into the Legislature of that State an Act removing the Common law disability as witnesses of parties previously convicted of crime, or interested in the issue before any Court. Husbands and wives of the parties are also rendered competent and compellable witnesses to testify on behalf of any party to the suit or other proceedings. Neither husbands nor wives can, however, be required to give evidence for or against each other in any criminal proceeding, or any suit instituted in consequence of adultery. Neither husband nor wife are rendered competent or compellable by the Act to disclose any communication made by one to the other during the marriage.

THE SOUTHERN NAVY.—The following shows the number of vessels now in the Southern navy:

Name.	Guns		Crew.
*R. McClleland,	5		35
*Lewis Cass,	1 69 pounds.		45
*Aikon,	1 42	do.	35
*Washington,	1 42	do.	35
*Dodge,	1 32	do.	25
Lady Davis,	5		100
Steamer Jas. Gray,	1 6-inch Columbiad		40
Bonita (Brig,)	6		90
Steamer Ninna,	1		30
Steamer Everglade,	1		35
†Steamer Fulton,	5 32 pounds.		120
Total,	28		590

Those marked (*) were U. S. Revenue cutters; and were seized by the State authorities.

† The U. S. steamer Fulton was seized at the Pensacola Navy Yard while in ordinary. She was built at the Brooklyn Navy Yard in 1837, and is of 698 tons register. It will cost $10,000 to put her in sea going trim.

The Wilmington Republican says no little talk has been created on account of the Rev. John L. Gray, pastor of the Episcopal Church, at Seaford, Delaware, omitting prayer for the President of the United States, as laid down in the Episcopal prayer book. After prayer he made some explanation why he did so, saying "that his simpathies were with the South, he being a Southern man." He says that he shall continue so to do until otherwise directed by the Bishop of the Vestry. Some of his congregation are very much displeased at his course.

YANKEE NOTIONS.—In the town of Concord, Mass., according to the recent census returns, there are annually manufactured 100,000 pails and 75,000 tubs, worth $94,000; 2000 gross of pencils, worth $4000; 2000 packs of gold leaf, worth $14,000.

The amount of spice brought to this country from Europe, from December 15 to March 16, was $19,320,455. During the same time about $5,000,000 of gold was brought from California.

On Wednesday last the Senate confirmed the following nominations of Ministers to foreign courts:

Chas. F Adams, Minister to England; Geo. P. Marshall, Minister to Sardinia; James Watson Webb, Minister resident at Constantinople; Hillons Sandford, of Connecticut, Minister resident at Belgium; Wm. S. Thayer, of New York, Counsel General to Egypt; Patrick J. Divine, Counsul to Cork.

In addition to the above Wm. L. Dayton of New Jersey, has been confirmed as Minister to France.

A witness in a case before the Court of Sessions at New York last week, disclosed the fact that the wine which had been sold by him while in the employ of the defendant, was made of what was called "turnip juice." This was "made to sparkle by gas from *vitriol and marble dust* and then labelled champagne." No wonder that intemperate persons so often die prematurely.

A Large Southern Rights meeting was held at Louisville, Friday, Mh. 15th; it was attended with considerable confusion and finally broke up in a row. It met again on Saturday March 16th, and passed unanimously the resolution presented on Friday night, for the appointment of delegates to the Mass Convention to meet at Frankfort on the 20th.

MISSOURI STATE CONVENTION.—J. McFerring and James H. Ross, two natives of Maryland, are members of this body. Samuel A. Lowe, also a Marylander, is the secretary. T. T. Gantt, another member, is a native of the District of Columbia. No less than twenty-one of the members hail from Virginia, thirty from Kentucky, ten from Tennessee, and *only* fourteen from Missouri.

THE CORWIN AMENDMENT.—On Tuesday, in the Virginia Legislature a communication was received from Governor Letcher, from Abraham Lincoln, President of the U. States, transmitting an authenticated copy of a joint resolution to amend the constitution of the United States adopted by Congress, and approved on the 2d day of March, 1861, by J. Buchanan, President.

A call, signed by a number of the citizens of Frederick county, Md., has been issued for a mass convention, to be held in Frederick city, on Tuesday next, to organize a Union party, and to take measures to hold a State Convention of the new party. The signers to the call pronounce secession a "political heresy" and the triumph of republicanism not an "overwhelming calamity."

Mr. Reuben Traveller, a well known citizen of Ottawa, Upper Canada, died last week, in the eighty-first year of his age. He passed through an eventful life, among other circumstances having been present at several of the great naval battles of Nelson, and being also one of those venturous spirits accompanying Mungo Park in his African exploration.

The Laymen's convention within the Baltimore Conference of the M. E. Church which met at Staunton Va. adjourned on Saturday last, after having declared by a large vote—ayes 91, nays 32, against the new chapter.

The East Baltimore Conference of the M. E. Church, which met at Chambersburg, Pa declared that the substitution of the *new* for the *old* chapter on slavery was an unnecessary and injurious change, that the control of the subject ought to be left to each individual conference.

Tacony, the celebrated trotter, which beat Flora Temple three times has been sold to Mr. Train, of Cincinnati, for $1,000. A few years ago the same horse was sold for $7,700.

Governor Letcher, of Virginia, has received a letter from a number of the officers on board the United States sloop of war Richmond, now at Messina, Sicily, offering their services to the State, in the event Virginia secedes.

Miss Ellen Smith of Boston, Mass., has just recovered $4000 of Francis Clementson, for breach of promise of marriage, after twenty years' courtship. Only $200 a year for waiting so long.

Martin Van Buren is the only individual who has filled the four highest positions under the American Government. He has been U. S Senator, Secretary of State, Vice President and President.

Hon. Jno. Sherman has been elected U. S. Senator from Ohio. He appeared in the Senate on Saturday last and was sworn in.

The Union party of Tennessee have called a convention for nominating a Governor, to meet at Nashville, on Thursday, May 2d.

An enthusiastic secession meeting was held at Goldsborough, N. Carolina, on Friday last. It is stated that all sections of the State were represented.

The steamer Powhatan has arrived off Pensacola, making the fifth war vessel now stationed there.

The Hon. H. Winter Davis will probably be sent by the administration as minister to Russia.

Hon. Wm. L. Dayton, the new minister to France, has appointed the son of Mr. Speaker Pennington as his secretary of legation.

The official census of the United States, which is just announced, takes the population thirty-one millions five hundred and twenty-nine thousand eight hundred and ninety-one (31,429,891.) Of these three millions nine hundred and fifty-one thousand eight hundred and one are slaves.

TO CONSUMPTIVES and those afflicted with DYSPEPSIA, NERVOUS DEBILITY, HEART DISEASE, FEVER and AGUE, or CONSTIPATION.—The undersigned, now seventy-five years old, has for years devoted his time to curing his Parishioners and the poor in New York of these dreadful complaints, which carry thousands and thousands to an untimely grave; he has seldom failed to cure all who have applied to him for relief, and believing it to be a Christian's duty to relieve those abroad, as well as at home, will send to those requiring it, a Copy of the prescriptions used, (Free of Charge,) with directions for preparing and using the same—also rules on Diet, Bathing, Ventilation and Exercise for the Sick, they will find these remedies a sure cure for Consumption, and all diseases of the Throat and Lungs, Fever and Ague, Constipation, Heart Disease, Dyspepsia, Nervous Debility, and Female Complaints, and he hopes every one afflicted will send for a copy, as it will cost nothing, and those suffering should apply before it is too late. These Prescriptions are used by the most eminent Physicians in London, Paris and New York. Those wishing them will please address

REV. DR. CHAMBERLAIN,
Williamsburgh, New York.

Health! Health!! Health!!!
Health! Health!! Health!!!

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Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry.
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THE GREAT REMEDY.
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The victim of an obstinate cough or cold, hoarseness, asthma, or any symptoms of disease in the throat, breast or lungs, should resort at once to Dr. Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry, an article which has been fully tested, and found to possess healing virtues hitherto unknown in the history of medicine. Rely not upon simple catchpenny articles, which relieve for the moment, but eventually accelerate the disease, when you can obtain a safe and reliable remedy, prepared by an experienced physician, whose laborious private practice of near quarter of a century, must satisfy all of the superior excellence of this old established and far famed Wild Cherry Compound, as prepared under the immediate care of Dr. H Swayne.

Great Purifying Purgative!

Swayne's Sarsaparilla and Tar Pills.
Sacayne's Sarsaparilla and Tar Pills.
For Biliousness,

For Headache,			Liver Complaint,
For Headache,	Female		Liver Complaint,
For Headache,	Com-		Liver Complaint,
For Headache,	plaints,		Liver Complaint,
For Headache,			Liver Complaint.

No Pills seem to give such universal satisfaction.

DR. SWAYNE'S VERMIFUGE,

A safe and sure remedy, prepared from the purest materials, and has proved itself the most effective antidote for WORMS ever offered to the public.

Prepared only by Dr. H. SWAYNE & SON, Philadelphia.

Sold by WM. THOMAS, Cambridge; T. B. LECKIE & SON, New Market; W. J. VANZ, Hirksburg, and dealers in medicines everywhere. jan2-1y

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THE CURES MADE BY PROF. DE GRATH with his "Electric Oil," are almost miraculous and so wonderful and instantaneous, so satisfactory, and mitigating of human ill, as to call upon public functionaries, and those having charge of public institutions for the sick and suffering, to look well into the well attested merits, the simple efficacy of this "Electric Oil." See advertisement. mh6-4m

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CLOVE ANODYNE TOOTH-ACHE DROPS.—Why will ye suffer? Read the following letter from a distinguished practical dentist:

NEW YORK, Dec. 19th, 1846.

Messrs. A. B. & D. Sands, gentlemen:—In the course of my practice I have extensively used your Clove Anodyne with much success for the relief of toothache; and as I constantly recommend it to my patients, I deem it but just to inform you of the high opinion I have of it over other remedies. I am yours, very respectfully, M. LEVETT, Dentist.

Prepared and sold by A. B. & D. Sands, Druggists, 100 Fulton street, New York.

Sold also by Dr. J. Flint, Cambridge, Md. Sold also by Druggists generally.

MARRIED.

On the 27th ult, by Rev. J. P. Dosh, ASA L. JONES of this county to AUGUSTINE FOOSE of Baltimore city.

On the 12th instant, by Rev. Thomas W. Maclary, JACOB W. CALLOWAY and Miss JANE P. RUSSELL, all of this co.

March 19th, in Gree's Chapel, by Rev. T. Burton, SOCRETES HURLEY to SOPHIE HURLEY, both of this county.

DIED.

In Philadelphia, on the 17th inst., THOMAS GOLDSBOROUGH, in the 57th year of his age.

Baltimore Grain Market.

BALTIMORE Monday March 25.—There were some 3,200 bushels of Wheat offered to-day; demand less active, and sales of white at $1 30a1 40 for common, 1 45a$1 55 for medium to fair, 1 60 a$1 70 for good to prime, and at 1 55a$1 66 per bushel for choice; red bro'l 1 23a$1 28per bushel for good to prime. Of Corn 5,000 bushels offered, and white sold at 57a64cts, and yellow at 55a60 cts per bushel.

THE ORPHANS' COURT of Dorchester county will sit on MONDAY, the 1st of April.

Road Notice.

I hereby give notice to all concerned, that I shall apply to the County Commissioners at their next session held thirty days after date of this notice, to have that part of the road connecting the Bucktown Road with the New Market road, which runs through my farm changed

mh27-3t JACOB WILLEY.

FOR SALE.

One very fine dark-bay Mare, seven years old, well broke to harness, gentle and kind.

I will sell on reasonable credit, or exchange for a good yoke of Oxen.

THOMAS VICKERS,
mh27-3t* Cambridge, Md.

☞CARDS neatly printed at this office.

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