The Cambr[illegible] Chronicle.

JOSEPH R. ECCLESTON,] [Editor & Proprietor.

NEW SERIES—VOL. 7. [illegible]TEMBER 30, 1843. NUMBER 1.

TERMS.

PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY MORNING,

At two Dollars and Fifty Cents per annum, payable half yearly in advance. No subscription will be received for a shorter period than six months, and no paper discontinued until all arrears are paid.

ADVERTISEMENTS inserted on the usual terms, and where the number of insertions is not limited, they will be continued until direction to omit them is received, and charged accordingly.

WRIGHT'S INDIAN VGETABLE PILLS

OF THE

NORTH AMERICAN COLLEGE OF HEALTH

If the channels of our mighty rivers be [illegible] or obstructed so as to afford an insufficient outlet for the superabundant waters, we can expect nothing less than that the surrounding country will be overwhelmed with the flood. In like manner with the human bod—if the Skin, Kidneys and Bowels, (the natural outlets for useless and corrupt humors,) become so obstructed as to fail in affording a full discharge of those impurities, which are in all cases the cause of sickness we surely can expect no other results than that the whole frame will, sooner or later, be overwhelmed with disease. As in the first place, if we would prevent an inundation we must remove all obstructions in order that there may be no hindrance to the free discharge of the superabundant waters. So in 63 second place, if we would prevent and cure disease, we must open, and keep open, all the Natural Drains of the body.

WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS

Of the North American College of Health, will be found one of the best if not the very

BEST MEDICINE IN THE WORLD

for carrying out this beautiful and simple theory; because they completely CLEANSE THE STOMACH AND BOWELS FROM ALL BILIOUS HUMORS and other impurity, and at the same time promote a healthy discharge from the Lungs, Skin, and Kidneys; consequently, as all the Natural Drains are opened, Disease of every name is literally driven from the Body.

The following letters, which have been received from gentlemen of the highest respectability, will show conclusively that Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills are a most

VALUABLE MEDICINE,

and their fame is rapidly extending to every part of the Union.

Extract of a letter from Lawrenceville, Monroe Co., Arkansas:

LAWRENCEVILLE, Monroe Co. Arkansas, Dec. 10, 1842.

DOCT. WM. WRIGHT—Dear Sir; Having become acquainted with your most excellent PILLS (viz INDIAN VEGETABLE), by experience, I take the liberty to write you on the present occasion by way of [illegible] Agent for this State to dispose of them.

In 1841, I was prostrated with the congestive fever in East Florida, and often having been ill with the first attack and a severe relapse, I was necessitated to repair to New York for the recovery of my health; being much debilitated, I tried different Physicians and as many medicines, but all to no purpose; I found my liver much effected, and Dyspepsia setting in with its worst form. I began to think my case was hopeless. I concluded to resort to travelling, accordingly I left the city of Albany, New York, for Cincinnatti, Ohio. On my way through New York State, I chanced to come across one of your Agents at Newark, on the Erie Canal; I read one of your advertisements, purchased a box of Pills, and TO MY UTTER ASTONISHMENT FOUND MYSELF partially RECOVERED; on my arrival at Buffalo, I purchased some more of your Agent there; Cleaveland, Ohio, visited your Agent, the dry good merchant, talked with him, and took several boxes. I soon found myself a well man, and concluded to return to my Profession viz: A Travelling Methodist Preacher.

I accordingly came on to St. Louis, and from thence to Helena, Arkansas, where I joined the Arkansas Conference, and was assigned to Lawrenceville Mission on St. Francis and White Rivers, hear the mouth of the same. Very respectfully,

Your obedient servant,

W. H. HOUCK.

TANNER'S BROOK, N. J., Sept. 3d, 1841

DOCT. WM. WRIGHT—Dear Sir: Your travelling Agent was here, a short time since, and left with me two dozen boxes of your INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS, which I have already sold, although they have never been introduced in our neighborhood before; at first prevailed on a friend of mine, who had been afflicted with the Dyspepsia, and Rheumatism in the head, for the last two years, to make trial of them. He had previously tried various medicines, but never obtained any relief until he made use of your Indian Vegetable Pills. After using one box, he said he felt like a new man, and now, having used two more boxes, he considers himself a SOUND MAN.

Yours, respectfully, &c.,

June. 3, 1843.——tf J. INGERSOLL.

FRANKFORT, ROSS Co., Ohio, Aug. 13, 1842.

Dear Sir—The Pills, that I purchased of you last April, have sold far better than I anticipated. I think by the time I visit your city again, which will be in a few months, I will have sold out entirely. They have not only effected cures in diseases that seemed to baffle the best medical skill in the country, but numerous individuals here bless the day that the undersigned introduced Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills into the neighborhood. I can get, if you think it necessary, several very valuable certificates of cures. One old Lady in particular, who has been afflicted several years with consumption, commenced taking the Pills a short time since, and is now nearly restored to health. Several cases of Dyspepsia have also been entirely cured by your TRULY EXCELLENT INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS.

In order to give them a more general circulation and thereby extend their usefulness, I have made arrangements with a gentleman in a neighboring town, who has promised to use his best efforts to promote their sale. You will, therefore, please send another supply, shipped to my address, Chillicoth, care of Mr. Dixon Fullerton. Faithfully yours, W. J. F. DAILY.

W. Wright, V. P. of the N. A. Coll. of Health.

N. B. The original letters from which the above have been copied, together with others of a similar character, may be seen by calling at the Office and General Depot, No. 169 RACE Street.

POETRY.

From Graham's Magazine.

I STRIKE MY FLAG.

Last Words of the late Commodore Hull.

BY REV. WALTER COLTON, U. S. N.

I strike, not to a sceptered king—
A man of mortal breath—
A weak, imperious thing;
I strike to thee, O Death!

I strike that flag which in the fight
The hopes of millions hailed,
The flag which threw her meteor light
Where England's lion quailed.

I strike to thee, whose mandates fall
Alike on king and slave,
Whose livery is the shroud and pall,
And palace-court the grave.

Thy captives crowd the caverned earth,
They fill the rolling sea,
From court and camp, the wave and earth,
All, all have bowed to thee.

But thou, stern Death, must yet resign
Thy sceptre o'er this dust;
The Power that makes the mortal thine
Will yet remand his trust.

That mighty voice shall reach this ear,
Beneath the grave's cold clod,
This form, these features re-appear
In life before their God.

TWILIGHT.

BY MRS. LYDIA H. SIGOURNEY.

There is a dimness, like a doubt,
That wrappeth earth and sky,
When Day hath in its glory fled,
And ere the night comes forth with pride,
Of some majesty.

'Tis like the soft delay of youth,
Where Love hath built its throne,
A coy repentance ere it rest
Entirely on anothers breast,
To be no more its own.

It is the gentle pause of Heaven:
Even as a mother mild,
Before some new bequest is lent,
Inquiring how the last was spent,
Of her forgetful child

Then Conscience, like that fearful cry,
'Mid Eden's deep repose,—
"Where is thy brother?"—turns its ray
Upon the annal of the day,
That to its funeral goes.

Perchance the queenly Moon ascends,
And lo! the haughty Sea,
On her pale face doth fix his eye,
And bids his mightiest tides comply,
And own her agency.

Yet twilight gray to me is dear,
More than the blushing Day,
Or possible splendors of light

chester County Court and to me directed, at the suit of Henry L. McNamara, Adm'r. of Jno. B. Robinson, against the goods and chattels, lands and tenements of Joseph Insley, and Shadrack Gootee I have seized and taken into execution the property of Shadrack Gootee to wit:—Negro man Sam, a slave for life, 1 yoke of oxen, 1 bay horse, 4 head of cattle, 9 head of shoats, 7 head of sheep, 1 ox cart, 100 cords of pine wood [illegible] land in Lake's district called Nuners Pasture Enlarged, containing 235 acres more or less, a piece or parcel of land called 'Griffith's Outlet containing 39 acres, a peice or parcel of land called Providence, containing 150 acres, a piece or parcel of land called Newners Discovery,' containing 38 acres more or less. And I hereby give notice that on

Saturday the 30th day of September

on the premises of the said Gootee, between the hours of 10 and 4 o'clock P. M., I will offer at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, all the said Gootee's right, title, claim and interest, at law and inequity to the property so seized and taken in execution to satisfy writ of fi. fa. and cost due and to become due, and officers fees, county charges and direct taxes due me as Shff. and Col. for 1843.

The above property will be sold subject to county charges, direct tax, officers fees John H. Hodson late Shff. and Col.

WM. B. DAIL, Shff & Col

Sep 9, 1843. JOSEPH BRADSHAW

FOR SALE OR RENT.

The subscriber offers for sale, the farm on which he lives, the improvements are a two story frame dwelling, cook house &c., all convenient and in good order, large barn, corn houses, stables &c., the farm contains upwards of two hundred acres, is beautifully situated on the county road leading from Vienna to Cambridge, and within six miles of Cambridge, less than one mile from the Choptank River. If above property is not sold at private sale at a very early day then it will be rented for the ensuing year to a good tenant upon accommodating terms. Apply to

JOSEPH BRADSHAW

Sep 9, 1843. tf

IN CHANCERY, 6th Sept. 1843.

ORDERED that the sale of the property in the cause of Peter Vickers against Isaac Wright and others, made and reported by the Trustee, James A. Stewart, be ratified and confirmed, unless cause be shewn to the contrary on or before the 13th day of November next, provided that a copy of this order be published in some newspaper in Dorchester County once in each of three successive weeks before the 13th day of October next. The Report states the amount of sales to be $725,00

True Copy.

Test, LOUIS GASSAWAY, Reg. Cur Cy.

Sep. 16. 1843. 3w

SALE OF REAL ESTATE.

BY Virtue of authority derived from Robert McNance I will dispose at private sale small farm whereon Samuel Abbott now lives, situated below Cambridge on the road leading to the shore and adjoining the lands of Samuel Corner near Beckwith's Meeting house. This tenement containing 24 acres of land is beautifully situated creek leading into Great Choptank river and affords all the luxuries that the water can produce. On premises are a good dwelling, storehouse and necessary out buildings. Besides there is an excellent orchard of winter apples, which is properly attended to, will annually yield a handsome revenue. The tillable land is in a good state of cultivation, about one half of it has been heavily limed. The situation is desirable to a merchant, (being a good stand for business) or physician. Those who wish to purchase can see the premises by calling on Samuel Corner, Esq. who resides near the spot. The title is indisputable. For terms apply to the subscriber.

JAMES WALLACE

Sep 16, 1843. tf

as by an Act of the last Legislature of Maryland Chapter 133, the laws in regard to the sales of such lands by Collectors have been materially altered & amended, and whereas many of those lands have changed owners since those charges have become due, In consequence of which it is desirable that land holders generally would examine carefully the advertisement; as some of their lands may be exposed to sale for charges due under former owners; and tax payers generally are interested in making the lands sell, as all deficiences will have to come against the County as insolvent and will if large swell the county levy beyond the usual amount.

The public's obt. servt JAMES A. WADDELL Collector

September 2, 1843

SHERIFF'S SALE.

BY virtue of a writ of fieri facias, issued out of Dorchester county court and to me directed at the suit of Jacob Wilson, against the lands and tenements of Charles Calaway, I have seized and taken in execution the following property to wit;—all that tract, piece or parcel of land lying in the Fork District called Hog yard and Mahan's chance, containing 71 acres more or less; a tract piece or parcel of land in the same District called Hog yard part, containing 100 acres more or less. And I hereby give notice that on

Saturday the 30th day of September

between the hours of 11 and 3 o'clock, P. M. at Crotcher's Ferry, I will sell to the highest bidder for cash, all the said Callaway's right, title, claim and interest at law, and in equity to the said property so seized add taken into execution to satisfy the said writ and cost due and to become due, and officers fees county charges and direct taxes due me as Shff. and Col. for 1843.

WM. B. DAIL, Shff. & Collector.

Sep. 9th 1843. tf

our labors we live and if you Farmers do not support us we cannot buy your marketing. We cannot afford to give papers away.

Farmer—But I asked for only a paper and that is not much you know, you will not miss that.

Editor—I asked you only for a pound or two of butter, and that is not much you know.

Farmer—Yes that's all very true, but if I should give you my butter every body else would want to get it on the same terms, and I could'nt sell any more to any person.

Editor—Exactly Farmer Snobs, now I have brought you to the very point I wish you to understand—it is true one newspaper is but of trifling value, but let an editor get in the habit of giving his papers away to Tom, Dick and Harry, whenever called on, who will be fool enough to pay for what others get gratis? Besides, it is morally wrong to make paying subscribers pay for the papers thus wasted upon persons who refuse to contribute one cent to the sustainment of the public press. We therefore feel it our duty to inform you, neighbor Snobs that we do not give papers away—if our paper is not worth buying it is not worth reading.

WORK FOR CHILDREN.

There is no greater defect in Educating children than neglecting to accustom them to work. It is an evil that attaches most to large towns and cities.—Our children suffer from it. The parent never considers whether child's work is necessary or not to the child. Nothing is more certain than that their future independence and comfort much depends on being accustomed to work—accustomed to provide for the thousand constantly recurring wants that nature entails on us. If this were not so, still it preserves them from bad habits; it secures their health; it strengthens both mind and body; it enables them better to bear the confinement of the school room, and it tends more than anything else to give them just views of life. It is too often the case that children, provided they spend a half dozen hours of the day at school, are permitted to spend the rest as they please. They thus grow up in the world without a knowledge of its toils and its cares. They view it through a false medium. They cannot appreciate the favors you bestow, as they do not know the toils. Their bodies and minds are enervated, and they are constantly exposed to whatever vicious associations are within their reach. The daughter probably becomes that pitiable helpless object, a novel reading girl. The son, if he surmount the consequence of your neglect, does it probably after his plans and station are fixed, and when knowledge, for one of its important objects, comes too late. No man or woman is fully educated if not accustomed to manuel labor. Whatever accomplishment they passess, whatever their mental training, a deduction must be made for ignorance of that important chapter in the world's great book.

A LUCKY MAN.

The prince de Joinville, son of Louis Phillppe, King of the French, is a lucky man. He has recently been promoted to the rank of Rear Admiral in the French Navy. The Brazilian Princess, whom he lately married, brought him as dower, first, 1,000,000f. in specie—secondly, a revenue of 180, 000f. arising from Brazilian stock—thirdly, 25 leagues of territory in the province of Santa Catharinas at the choice of the prince—fourthly, a yearly income of 26,000f. together with jewels to the amount of 200,000f.—fifthly a present from the Emperor of the Brazils of 300,000f. for her outfit. Independently of these advantages, she is to succeed to the throne of the Brazills, to the exclusion even of her eldest sister, if the Emper Don Pedro II and the Princess Januaria, the presumptive heiress to the crown, should die without issue.

POTATO STARCH.

We find in the Cleveland Herald, the following method of making potato starch, which it says is the veritable Arrow root, so highly valued for invalids:—

"Take a dozen large and smooth mealy potatoes, wash them, and then carefully pare off all the rind. Next grate them fine with a suitable tin grater.—The pulp must be mixed with a pitcher of cold water, and thoroughly agitated and squeezed by the hand or any suitable instrument, at the same time throwing away the fibrous matter, and permitting the starch to sink to the bottom of the vessel. This must have a fresh washing in cold water, till the pure farina is obtained free from all other matter. This should be spread on earthen dishes, and dried in a warm, airy situation.

The good housewife will exclaim, "Why, this is nothing but potato starch." True, it is not—nor have you used any other article under the name of arrow-root, for the sick members of your family, though you may have purchased it at the rate of several shillings per pound."

By proper modes of cooking, known to every nurse and house keeper, this article becomes a delightful beverage for invalids weak of digestive powers; whilst as a pleasant dietary, even to persons in good health, it possesses a strong attraction.—Amer Agricul.

To Wash Woolen Goods.—The art of washing woolen goods so as to prevent them from shrinking, is one of the desiderata in domestic economy, worthy of being recorded, and it is therefore with satisfaction that we explain this simple process to our readers.—All descriptions of woolen goods should be washed in very hot water with soap, and as soon as the article is cleansed, immerse it in cold water; then let it be wrung and hung up to dry.

Great Military Review.—A brigade, consisting of eight regiments, numbering in all about *five thousand men*, is to be reviewed in Hartford, Conn. on the 4th and 5th proximo. This force is under the command o Brig. Gen. Owen; Major Gen. Pratt will review it. It is expected that Gov. Cleveland, and Col Johnson of Kentucky, will be present. The 4th is the anniversary of the battle of the Thames.

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