OM MR. CLAY ON THE TA-
be recollected that we published,
, the Resolutions of a body, o-
co Focos, declaring their intent
Polk on account of his refusal to
r requesting his opinions on the
f the same letter was addressed
e 2d. inst., and after all hope of
Polk was abandoned. Mr. Clay
d the following answer. The
m Mr. Clay's letter is addressed
n, Cumberland County Pennsylv-
nsylvanians read it, and judge
Polk is the friend of the present

LAND, 9th September, 1844.
—I this day received your letter
quiries to me—first. Are you in
ff Act of 1842: and second,
cted, support that Act as it is,
on, or would you be in favor of

gentlemen, expressed my opin-
Tariff of 1842, that the only
you should deem it at all ne-
any renewed expression to it.—
ke pleasure in complying with
ying that I am of opinion, that
2 has been eminently salutary;
ly opposed to its repeal; that
peal as a national calamity; and
of the necessity of any m-
therefore opposed alike to its
on. A fixed and stable policy
y most needs, and I sincerely
f of 1842 may be maintained,
curity for that desideratum.
lly, your abedient servant,
H. CLAY.

N. Y. Courier, in an article
ower of individual. effort in any
owing instance:
he Temperance reform in this
upon whose shoulders much of
years rested, made an arrange-
r of the "Journal of Humani
ass. to furnish 8,000 copies, for
lar each. These be directed to
asand gentlemen in this State,
ended as being most likely to
the subject, with the request
l and circulate them.
ood accomplished by this indi-
8,000 is incalculable. An in-
near the close of the year, as-
writer, that the distribution of
minished the sale of intoxica-
all town of his residence, to
0; thus saving the people of a
ear more than three times the

THE TARIFF OF 1842.—Un-
Robinson, the New York lith-
orth, says the New York Re-
ature of the season. On one
a well drawn representation
ding in his hand a scroll, on
"Protectiun for the Ameri-
ound him are grouped a num
priately styled "the consu-
productions." There stands
anvil, while from his lips is-
o for Clay and Frelinghuy-
r is so busily at work that he
The saddler remarks, "I
an I can do." A couple of
usily employed are planning
gken with their families the
o for the tariff that gives me
ead," exclaims the printer;
both hands occupied says,
y the Locofoco slang of the
oor poorer long enough."—
rful and busy; and such are
of 1842
picture presents a different
tation of the results of the
840. We are introduced to
store of Messrs. Polk and
foreign goods only." The
very much like Mr. Polk is
ots of foreign manufacture,
ale at half price. Piled up,
utiful assortment of French,
goods—hardware, broad-
jewelry, &c. Clustered
e artisans who environ Mr.
d! "I have had no work
s out one poor fellow. "I
re for work, and can't get
ll seem to be sad, discon-
the auctioneer keeps up his
t half price," without re-
h condition.

again. On Friday the of-
ed to suspect that a further
made upon the part of the
heads this notice to escape
s confined. His trunk was
or box, a couple of saws,
imilar to one of those used
were discovered. These
n conveyed to him since
ell. We understand that
ers were aroused by see
ut one of the back gates,
observed, went off; and it
articles mentioned under
were conveyed to Torrey
f the cell by some of the
within the jail bounds.

LATER FROM MEXICO—*Destruction of Mata-*
ras by a Hurricane—Two hundred Lives lost!

We were furnished at an early hour yesterday afternoon, by H. J. Rogers, Esq., the gentlemanly assistant of Mr. Morse, with the following Telegraphic despatch received from Washington: "Matamoras was destroyed by a hurricane on the 4th ultimo—200 lives lost and two-thirds of the houses prostrated by the gale." This intelligence is confirmed by the New Orleans papers received last night. The Picayune furnishes the following:

It occurred on the night of the 4th ult., and was more tremendous in its effects than the hurricanes of '36 and '37. More than two-thirds of the houses of the city were prostrated, and the remainder were more or less injured. As to the extent of the loss of life we are not accurately informed. The correspondent of *El Censor de Vera Cruz* estimates the whole loss at over two hundred souls. The direst destruction, however, so far as we can learn, was at the two mouths of the Rio Grande, some thirty miles below the city of Matamoras. Here scarcely any were saved.

In writing of Matamoras, the editors have nothing to mitigate the extent of its ruins. They describe it as a beautiful city, abounding in luxurious habitations, and provided not only with the necessaries of life, but many of the most refined luxuries.

A Matamoras paper says, except the houses of Don Pedro Jose de la Gaza, of Donna Juanna Perez and the new church, there is not a building which is not much damaged or which is not a heap of ruins. The following persons have perished in the crash, an infant son of Don Mariano Aguado, an artillery soldier, three women are badly wounded, but still survive.

Among those buildings are the artillery barracks, and the hospital Mata, containing near 100 sick, the wall of the prison, and half of the wall of the grave yard. To all every thing in one work—the greater part of the population are compelled to live in shantess built among the ruins of their houses. I leave your excellency to imagine the miserable condition of all sorts of produce growing in the fields.

The sick were carried to-day to the barracks of the lancers, the park to the church, which has lost one tower and half of another, the cannon to the lower story of the consistorial houses—prisoners of all kinds have been well guarded and not one has escaped.

As soon as his excellency the president heard of this disastrous event, he gave orders that without the least delay relief should be distributed to all the unfortunate, to enable them to rebuild their houses and retrieve their losses.

We earnestly wish that a general subscription may be opened for the succour of these unhappy people.—We doubt not that all our countrymen, impelled by sympathy for so great a misfortune, will contribute to its relief. We intreat our brethern of the press to make an appeal to the whole world—natives and foreigners will cheerfully respond to it.

A letter from Matamoras, dated the 7th, has just been communicated to us: it depicts in detail the terrible disaster which has ruined that town. The population are plunged in the lowest depth of misery; and if succor be not speedily sent them, the survivors of the tornado will die of hunger. Never was charity requested for so overwhelming a misfortune.

We learn that an order from the government of Mexico has liberated from confinement in Perote Castle the Texas prisoners Capt. Wm. Ryon, Col. Wm. F. Wilson, Wallace, James Armstrong and Thos. Tatem.

Mr. Shannon, the new American Minister, visited the prisoners and warmly sympathized with their sufferings. Mr. Shannon was waylaid by robbers on his way to the city of Mexico, and a considerable sum of money stolen from him.—*Diario.*

OHIO CONFERENCE OF THE METHODIST EPISCOPAL CHURCH.—The Ohio Conference of the Methodist Episcopal Church, closed its session at Marietta, on the 12 inst. Bishop Waugh presided, and in his closing address declared his belief that the church would not be divided. The Conference refused to concur in the resolution of the General Conference, recommending the change in the restrictive rule, only one person voting in its favor, and 132 against it. The following preamble and resolutions were adopted after considerable discussion.

Whereas, the action of a large majority of the late General Conference in regard to the case of Bishop Andrew, has been denounced in the most severe manner by our Southern brethren, in primary assemblies of the church, which are being held all over the Southern country: and whereas, such a course of bitter denunciation is calculated to foster animosity and strife, and create a disorganizing spirit throughout the whole body of the Methodist Episcopal Church;

Therefore Resolved, That this Conference view with pain the *political religious* aspect which the question of division has assumed at the South, and that we earnestly request the members of the church in the non-slaveholding States and Territories to preserve a patient and conciliatory spirit towards their brethren of the South, however much they may be denounced.

Resolved, That those delegates who supported the resolution offered by brothers Finley and Trimble in relation to Bishop Andrew, are entitled to our warmest approbation and prayers.

Resolved, That we regard the contemplated separation of our Southern brethren as a consequence for which *they alone are responsible*.

RELIGION AND POLITICS.—Religion and politics should never be united; and no discreet man would attempt to rally the members of a religious sect, on party grounds. It is the boast of this country, that every man has the right to worship God according to the dictates of his own conscience, and to enjoy his political sentiments disconnected from religious sectarianism. The Mormons, however, are not content with this separation of religion and politics; but openly proclaim that all of the "latter day Saints," as they call themselves, must vote the same ticket at elections.—Do these misguided men see the effect which such a combination will produce? They know that their sect is now unpopular, and can hardly be tolerated within the limits of any state—and what do they suppose will be the feeling when it is found, that they aim at grasping political power? They may rely on it, that the people of no state will permit the rule of fanatics, who recognize no law but that of their own making. "Church and state" will never be permitted in this country.

Balt. Clipper.

MR. CLAY. GEN. JACKSON AND THE NULLIFIERS.

The following instructive anecdote we find in a speech by the Hon. James S. Rhett, at a mass convention at Macon, Georgia. This Mr Rhett is not the agitating orator, *R. Barnwell Rhett* who is traversing South Carolina for the purpose of informing the people that they are dreadfully oppressed, although they do not know it. Mr. J. S. Rhett, from whom we quote, belonging to the Union party in South Carolina in 1832 and '33; he spoke as follows of an incident of that period.

"During the deepest period of our troubles, when the ordinance of Nullification was within a few days of its enforcement, I was sent by the Union party of South Carolina on a secret mission to President Jackson. I was directed to tell him, that whilst we were anxious to do our duty as good citizens of the Union, no Union man would commit treason against his native State; and that if he intended to coerce the State, he must make his arrangements with that understanding.

"Pointing to a drawer in his cabinet, he said he had documents there offering two hundred thousand volunteers for the suppression of the movement in Carolina, and added, 'Within three weeks, sir, after the first blow is struck, I will place fifty thousand troops in your State; and as he spoke in the first person, led me to infer that he should himself assume the command; he said that as to the position of the Union party, he should take care of it in the proclamation he was about to issue. Whilst he was speaking, Gen. Coffee entered the room, to whom he introduced me, stating that that gentleman had volunteered to take command of the Western men. Judge, then, my fellow-citizens, what must have been the feelings under which I returned to my native State. Her destruction seemed to be inevitable—against fifty thousand picked troops, commanded by the most consummate General on the American continent, and assisted by others second only to himself, what could South Carolina have done? She would have fought gallantly, no doubt, but it seemed to me that her fall was certain. Under these gloomy apprehensions, great, indeed, was my relief, when in a few days I heard of the compromise."

Who can estimate the value of Mr. Clay's service in the Compromise Act?

Wooden Ware Manufacture.—At South Orange, in Franklin county, there is an extensive establishment belonging to Wm. B. Whitney, for the manufacture of Wooden Ware—pails, bowls, tubs, clothes-pins, &c. Over 70 hands are employed in this manufactory. For several weeks past we have noticed a large wagon drawn by five stout horses, pass our office—generally three times each week—heavily laden with very handsome wooden ware. It is sent from here by the canal. On Saturday last, this wagon contained two thousand one hundred and ninety pails!—*Northumdtion (Mass.) Courier.*

BALTIMORE PRICES CURRENT.

Sept 25 1844.

FLOUR—Howard Street,	$4 25
City Mills,	4 12
WHEAT—Prime White,	
Prime Red,	85
CORN—White,	42
Yellow,	43
OATS,	20
RYE,	

TO COUNTRY MERCHANTS
HOUSEKEEPERS AND OTHERS.

CHEAP DRY GOODS.

CLOTHS—Blue, black, invisible green, brown, drab, bottle green, dahlia, mixed, &c.
CASSIMERS—Black, drab, blue, oxford and cadet mixed; new style of Fancy ditto.
VESTINGS—Silk velvet, valencia, toilinet, merino, cashmere, black satin, fancy silk, &c.
BEAVER CLOTHS—Tweeds, Kentucky Jeans.
SATTINETS—A handsome assortment, plain and fancy.
Kerseys, Linseys, Osnaburgs, Tickings, Checks, Plaids
Drillings Canton Flannels, coloured Cambricks,
Bleached & Brown Muslins from 3 to 12 quarters wide
MUSLINS—Cambric, Jacenet, Book, Swiss; checked, striped, figured, &c.
SHAWLS—Canton Crape, Merino, Thibet, Blanket, Cotton, &c.
DRESS GOODS—Cashmere D'Ecesse, Chusans, Mouseline and Crape de Laines.
CALICOES—A large assortment of the newest and richest styles—and very cheap.
Ginghams, Gala Plaids, Cloakings
Laces and Edgings, Cap Netts
Flannels, Blankets, Tailor's trimmings
Irish Linens, Sheetings and Diapers
Counterpaines, Toilet covers, Dimity
Gent's Stocks, Scarfs, Handkf's
Saxony shirts and drawers, gloves, hosery, cotton wadding and batts, Parson's spool cotton, &c. &c.,
Received and for sale Wholesale and Retail, at the lowest possible prices by
HENRY W. COOKE,
of the late firm of Flint, Cooke & Co.
Corner of HANOVER & LUMBARD Streets,
BALTIMORE.
Oct. 5, 1844 3w

Vendue.

THE undersigned will offer at public auction, on *THURSDAY the 10th of OCTOBER*, instant, between the hours of 9 & 10 o'clock, the following property, to wit: corn, fodder, cattle, horses, hogs, sheep, ploughs, and many other articles too tedious to mention. The terms will be cash for all sums under $5, and on all sums above five, six months credit, with note and security until paid.
AARON MITCHELL.
Oct. 5, 1844 1w

A list of Letters remaining in the Post Office at Cambridge, Oct. 1st. 1844.

A.	M.
Abbott John G. 2	Mitchell Miss Mary
Andrew Samuel	Mitchell Micheal
Atkinson Thos. Jr.	Marshall William
B.	Mitchell S.
Berkley Mrs. Emily W.	Mitchell Capt. John P.
Ball William	N.
Bryan Miss Milley	Newton & Creighton
C.	P.
Corkran Elisha	Phelps Dr. F. P. 2
Chase Mrs. Clawy	Parvin Thos.
Conner James	R.
Carrol James	Robinson Mrs. Sophia
Cornish Miss Margaret	Rudenstein r John
D.	Reiman Henry
Dawson George E.	Ross Edward
Donovan Mrs. Sarah E.	Reddit James 2
H.	Rossell William 2
Harrington Miss Hester	S
Hughlett Richard	Steele James B. Sr.
Hopper Mrs. Lucretia D.	T.
Hubbard Capt. Jno or Henry	Tolsom T.
	Tyler Miss Millicent
I.	W.
Insley Levin	Wright Martin L.
K.	Wall Levin H.
Kramm Mrs. Marietta E. 4	Wilson James H.
Keine Henry	Woolford Capt. Thos. jr.
Kiar Nelly	Worshipful Master Cambridge Lodge, No. 66.
Keirra Mrs.	
L.	
Lecompte Hugh	

EDWARD A. MARSHALL, P. M.
Oct. 5, 1844 3w

N. B. Persons receiving papers through the Post Office, are notified that a quarter's postage is due from this day, October 1st. 1844.

CARPET FACTORY.

JAMES MITCHELL & Co. are manufacturing fig'd. Ingrain fig'd Venetion and plain striped carpeting of the very best quality; from 15 to 20 per cent. may post tively be saved by buying from them.

CUSTOMERS

who will furnish 1 1-4 lbs. clean wool can have either fig'd Ingrain or fig'd Venetion yard wide manufactured for 62 1-2 cts. For fig'd Venetion made from the yarn 41 cts.—1 lb scoured yarn to each yard. Plain striped carpeting 50 cts. per yard, made from the wool—40 cts. when the yarn is furnished, 5-8 & 3-4 yd. wide made at prices in proportion.

Samples may be seen by calling on
WHITE & ANDERSON, Agents.
Sept. 28, 1844 tf.

TO RENT FOR THE YEAR 1845.

Two houses in the town of Salem, one at present occupied by John T. Venebles, and the other by Mitchel Sherman. They will be rented on reasonable terms to good tenants. The houses are in good repair, and ground abundant for gardening purposes, the situation is healthy, the water good and the neighborhood pleasant. Immediate application must be made to
HUGH LECOMPTE.
N. B. I take this occasion to forwarn all persons from trespassing on said property, under the penalty of the law.
Sept. 28, 1844. 3t

WOOL! WOOL! WOOL!

JAMES MITCHELL & Co. respectfully solicit the patronage of the public generally. They continue to manufacture best fulled Kerseys with 12 oz. to 1lb. clean wool as required, at 33 1-4 cts. per yard; striped Linseys 1 1-4 yard wide, fast colors, (blue and red,) 8 to 10 oz. clean wool at 33 1-3 per yard. All wool coarse cloths 1 1-4lbs clean wool, 40 cts. per yard; fine cloth for gentlemen's wear 1lb clean wool, drab color, 50 cts.; grey mixed 62 1-2 per yard; blankets, 1 1-4lbs. clean wool, 37 1-2 per yard.
WHITE & ANDERSON, Agents.
Sept. 28, 1844 tf

THE SCHOONER VENUS
For Baltimore Market.

TO THE FARMERS OF DORCHESTER CO.

I will carry Corn this fall and hereafter for 4 cents per bushel and pay all expenses; Wheat for 5 cents, Oats 3 1-2 cts. and all other freights in proportion, delivered to me at my granaries at Waterloo, Indian Creek; or, I will give the highest market price for all sorts of produce.
All kinds of freights taken on reasonable terms.
THOS. B. SHERMON.
Sept. 28, 1844 3t

CONSTARLE SALE.

BY virtue of one writ of Fieri Facias issued by John G. Abbott, Esq., a Justice of the Peace in and for Dorchester County, and to me directed, in the name and on behalf of White & Anderson against Solomon Frazier:—I will sell at public sale to the highest and best bidder, for cash, on

Monday the 21st October,

at the Court House door in Cambridge, between the hours of ten & four o'clock, all the right, title, claim, interest and demand of the said Solomon Frazier, either in law or equity, of, in, and to, all the lands which Henry Page, Trustee for the sale of the Real Estate of Edward Stephens deceased, conveyed to the said Solomon Frazier, as reference to the deed of conveyance for the same will appear. The above taken as the property of the said Solomon Frazier and will be sold to satisfy the above writ of fieri facias, and the costs due and to become due.
GEORGE WINGATE,
Sept. 28, 1844. tds. Constable.

A HOG IN JEOPARDY.

Was caught in my corn field yesterday a light sandy barrow, in fine order, marked two crops in each ear, with a small piece out of the upper part of the left ear. The owner is requested to come for him pay charges and take him away.
ROBT. F. TUBMAN.
Glasgow farm, Sept. 28, 1844 3t.

WANTED.

WANTED to purchase a colored man and his wife of middle age, or over middle age. The man to wait, attend to a horse and drive a carriage, and the woman to cook and do house work. Two such servants, of honest, sober and industrious character, will meet with kind treatment and a good home at my house. Any person having such servants to dispose of, will please drop me a line stating price, age, &c.
A RICH Sen'r.
No. 83, Hanover st. Baltimore.
Sep. 21, 1844. 3w

Caution.

THE undersigned adopt this method of forwarning all persons from trespassing with dog or gun on either of the farms upon which they reside. We hope all persons will observe this notice, otherwise the law will be enforced against them.
SAMUEL PATTISON,
W. HENRY PATTISON,
NEHEMIAH LECOMPTE,
JNO. R. PATTISON, W. Bridge.
SAML. HOOPER,
RICHD. JENKINS,
HENRY JENKINS.
Sept. 21, 1844. 3w

$200 Reward.

RUNAWAY, on Tuesday the 10th inst., a negro woman named SARAH, belonging to the estate of Noah Dixon late of Dorchester county, Md., dec'd., also, on Saturday the 21st inst., a negro man by the name of ADAM, about 5 feet 10 inches high, a large full face, stout built, broad across the shoulders, slow of speech. The woman rather under size, about 5 feet 1 or 2 inches high, spare made, rather a large mouth—clothing of neither recollected. The above reward will be given for the apprehension and delivery of the above negroes if taken out of the State of Maryland, or $100 for either of them, or $50 if taken out of the county and in the State for either of them, or $100 for both, and $25 for each if taken in the country—in all cases to be delivered in Cambridge Jail.
AMOS BOWDLE, Adm'r. of
Noah Dixon, dec'd.
Church Creek, Sept. 28, 1844 3t

Vendue.

WILL be sold at public sale without reserve, on *SATURDAY* the 5th day of October next, at my farm called 'Buck Neck,' my entire stock, consisting of horses, cattle, sheep, hogs, together with all my farming utensils, blade fodder, with a variety of household and kitchen furniture. Sale to commence at 10 o'clock A. M., when conditions will be made known.
ELIZA S. HOOPER.
Sept. 21, 1844 ts

Caution.

I hereby caution all persons whatever from trespassing, with dog or gun, on any of my lands. I hope this notice will be observed, as it will be very disagreeable to me to be compelled to enforce its observance by the rigor of the law.
JAMES DIXON.
Sept. 21, 1844 tf

$200 Reward.

RANANAY from the subscriber, living near Church Creek, on Tuesday the 20th ult., a negro man named George Stiles, five feet six or seven inches high, and about 23 years of age. George is of a light chesnut color, with a down look when spoken to, has a scar on his forehead from the kick of a horse, and another on his breast proceeding from a burn. He had on when he left home a dark kersey roundabout, linen pantaloons, and leather cap, but probably will change his clothes. A reward of two hundred dollars will be given for the apprehension of said negro if caught out of the State of Maryland, and a reward of one hundred dollars if taken up out of the county, and fifty dollars if taken in the county, provided the said boy is delivered in Cambridge jail. Any expenses accrueing in taking and delivering said negro will be deducted out of the above reward.
ANN H. STAPLEFORT.
Dorchester Co. Md., Sept. 21, 1844 tf.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

BY virtue of a writ of Venditioni Exponas issued by Edw. W. Morris Esq, and to me Sheriff directed, at the suit of Henry Page use of Wm. Jackson, use of John Bradshaw, against the goods, chattels, lands and tenements of Thomas Briley, Samuel Briley and Wm. Briley, I have heretofore seized and taken into execution the following property to wit:—2 head of horses, 2 yoke of steers and cart, 5 head of cattle more or less, all of those tracts, pieces, or parcels of land belonging to Sam'l. and Wm. Briley and formerly belonging to Thomas Briley's hs., 2 negroes, also all of Thomas Briley's right to certain lands formerly belonging to Wm. Wheatley, all taken as the property of the said Thomas, Samuel and William Briley, and I hereby give notice that on

Saturday the 12th day of October

next, at Crotchers Ferry between the hours of 10 and 4 o'clock, for cash, I will offer the above named property so seized and taken to pay and satisfy said writ of Venditioni Exponas and cost due and to become due, also county charges, direct taxes and officers fees due. Attendance given by me.
WM. H. AKERS, Deputy Shff.
Sept. 21, 1844. tds

SHERIFF'S SALE.

BY virtue of a writ of Venditioni Exponas issued by Edw. W. Morris Esq. and to the Sheriff directed, at the suit of John H. Hodson, against the goods, chattels, lands and tenements of James Gould, I have seized and taken into execution the following property to wit:—2 head of horses, one yoke of steers and cart, five head of cattle more or less, all that tract, peice or parcel of land whereon the said Gould now resides, called and known by the name of Partnership, Harper's Regulation, Thompson's Meadows, 140 acres, Farm Support, from Samuel Vaine 25 acres, all taken as the property of said Gould, and I hereby give notice that on

Saturday the 5th day of October

next, at Crotchers Ferry between the hours of 10 & 4 o'clock I will offer the above named property for sale to pay and satisfy said writ of Venditioni Exponas and cost due and to become due, also to pay and satisfy county charges, direct taxes and officers fees for the years of 1843 & 1844. Attendance given by me.
WM. H. AKERS,
Sep. 14, 1844. tds Deputy Shff.

BEAUTIFUL FRENCH GOODS.

T. HAYWARD & SON have just received from New York, some splendid silks, cashmeres de Ecosse, Pompadour cashmeres, chusans, Mouse de Lanes, Alpacas plain and figured, splended new style Bonnet Ribbons, Jet Ornaments, Collars, &c. &c.—The Ladies are invited to call and see them. Black, Blue, and Olive cloths, superior style of Cashmeres and Vestings, together with a general assortment of Fall goods which the public would do well to examine before they purchase elsewhere.
Sept. 14, 1844. tf.

A VALUABLE WOOD LOT FOR SALE.

BY virtue of competent authority I will sell at private sale a valuable Wood Lot, near Cambridge. The said lot is situated about one mile from town immediately on the county road leading to Church Creek and adjoining the Brick-Kiln Lot owned by James A. Stewart, Esq. and contains 23 acres. From the close proximity of this lot to Cambridge and also from the quantity of fire wood upon it, it is probable the most desirable lot that can be brought into market. The terms will be made accommodating.
JOSEPH R. ECCLESTON,
Sep. 14, 1844. tf Trustee.

The Thorough bred Horse
YOUNG ECLIPSE.

This fine Young Horse will travel this fall through the upper part of this county; making a fall season, at the following rates: $3 single leap, $5 the season, $8 to insure the mare with foal.
Pedigree and other particulars may be had by reference to the groom.
THOMAS H. WEBB.
Vienna, Aug. 24, 1844. tf

Blanks! Blanks!

Caution.

WE the subscriber hereby forwarn all persons from trespassing with dog or gun on either of the farms on which we reside or on any others belonging to us. We hope all persons will observe this notice, and thus free us from the unpleasant duty of enforcing the law against them.
BENJAMIN WOODARD,
JAMES JONES,
THOMAS DAIL,
THOMAS ESGATE,
JOHN W. DAIL,
JOSHUA JEFFERSON,
WM. B. DAIL,
JOHN DORSEY,
CHAS. VICKERS.
Sep. 14, 1844. 2m

COLLECTORS' NOTICE.

THE undersigned takes this method of informing the public that he has his books now made out for the present year 1844, containing County charge, Direct tax and officer's fees. It is generally known that I have large demands to meet, and those demands will be expected of me punctually. It would be confering a favor on me by coming forward and settling immediately. There is a number of accounts on my books for the year 1843, yet unsettled. I have heretofore urged upon the people the propriety and even the necessity of an early settlement. I regret very much that I have been disappointed in the effects of the different appeals I have made to the people upon this subject, and hope they will no longer delay; to have to press those accounts that are due me would be reognant to my wishes, and at the same time would increase the debt of the payer. I am in hopes that the above notice will be attended by all of those who pay taxes or have contracted debts with the Register, or Clerk of the county or any of the Lawyers.
WM. B. DAIL,
Aug. 24, 1844. tf. Sh'ff & Collector D. C.

LOOK HERE.

I will give the very highest prices for all kinds of Slaves. It is therefore the interest of those having Negroes to dispose off, not to do so, until they call upon me. I can always be found in Cambridge and letters addressed to me will be punctually attended to.
GEORGE. W. WINGATE.
Aug. 24, 1844 tf.

DRUGS & MEDICINES.

FRESH FAMILY MEDICINES neatly put up on reasonable terms. Constantly on hand a general assortment of all articles in the line, at the lowest wholesale and retail prices.

BORTON & CO.

N. E. corner of Marsh Market Space & Pratt Street,
(☞Formerly Dr. LEE'S PHARMACY,)
BALTIMORE.

Have the following articles always on hand:

Lee's Antibilious Pills,	British Oil, Harlam Oil,
Dr. Lee's Aromatic Vegetable Pills,	Bateman's Drops,
	Brandreth's Pills,
Sarsaparilla or Blood Pills,	Peters's Pills,
Rheumatic and Gout Liniment,	Anderson's Pills,
	Jayne's Expectorant,
Dr. Lee's Worm Destroyer,	" Hair Tonic,
	Balsam of Columbia,
Dr. Chapman's Worm Mixture,	Hay's Liniment,
	Dr. Lee's Cough Syrup,
Compound Syrup Sarsaparilla,	Steer's Opodeldoc,
	Godfray's Cordial.

Turlingtion's Balsam,
Sherman's Cough, Wrom and Camphor Lozenges,
Jetergent Compound, a French preparation for removing freckles, tan, &c., and Patent Medicines generally.

Also the *SOUTH AMERICAN VEGETABLE PILLS*, for AGUE, Remittent, Bilious and Typhoid Fever; Dyspepsia, Liver Complaint, Disentery, Cholera Morbus, Headache, Colds in the Head, Rheumatism, Gout, &c. &c.

These Pills have been used in an extensive practice for many years, by one of the most eminent Physicians of South America, DR. CLEMENTO, who says they can be relied on with confidence.

He has given them in more than one thousand cases of AGUE and FEVER, and never knew them to fail. And in the other complaints recommended above, they have been equally successful. (See Baltimore Weekly Sun.)

A large assortment of MARSH'S RUPTURE TRUSSES, both single and double pad. These Trusses are constructed on a new principle and acknowledged to be the best in use.
Aug 24, 1844 2m

Dorchester County Orphans' Court, 9th day of Sept., 1844.

On application of Thos. Cook & Julia his wife, Administrators of Prudence Traverse, late of Dorchester co deceased, it is ordered, that he give the notice required by law for all creditors to exhibit their claims against the deceased's estate, and that he cause the same to be published once in each week for the space of three successive weeks, in the Cambridge Chronicle, a paper selected by him.

In testimony that the aforegoing is truly copied from the minutes of the proceedings of Dorchester County Orphans' Court, I have hereunto set my name and the seal of my office affixed, this 9th day of Sept. in the year of our Lord, 1844. (SEAL.)
THOMAS H. HICKS,
Register of Will, Dorchester co.

In compliance with the above order This is to give Notice, that the subscriber of Dorchester County, hath obtained from the Orphans' Court of Dorchester county in Maryland, letters of administration on the personal estate of Prudence Traverse late of Dorchester county, deceased. All persons having claims against the said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscriber on or before the 9th day of March next, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate.

Given under my hand and seal this 9th day of Sept. 1844.
THOS. COOK & Julia his wife,
Adm'rs. of Prudence Traverse, dec'd.
Sept. 14, 1844 3w

NOTICE.

THE subscriber earnestly requests all persons indebted to him to settle their respective accounts as early as possible, as my limited circumstances will not allow me to give very long credits, and I hope all whom it may concern will take into consideration the pecuniary circumstances of the subscriber. A compliance with the above notice will greatly oblige
The public's obd't. servant,
Sept. 7, 1844 3t JOHN PARVIN.

JUST received and for sale at the lowest prices,
Superior Family Flour, Extra Superfine, and Superfine flour (new wheat)
Hyson, Imperial and Gunpowder Teas
St. Domingo, Rio, Lagugra, and old Government Java Coffee
WHITE & ANDERSON.
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