t put off the evil day, but go
to elect our mutual friend
D. Esq.; and then the people
esty of power will have tri-
iques and corrupt Conven-
e Public's ob't. Servant,
OHN F. H. VINCENT.
, 1845.

OF DORCHESTER.
MILLS, Sept. 23rd 1845.

he Chronicle of the 13th in-
communication over the
vard Esq, addressed to the
y, in which the delegates
convention lately held in
andidate for sheriff &c.) are
pledged to go for Mr. Ja-
I am concerned I unhesi-
rge untrue and without the

ged to support Mr. Jacobs
sked the question by any
after the primary meeting
ould vote in convention,
short time before the polls
err in conversation observ-
to see Mr. Hayward no-
him for some time that he
qualified to fill the stati-
t I thought of it, to which
ged nor would not pledge
was elected to the conven-
d untrameled, and be left
I thought best, and the
require. I went to Vien
meeting was held and
informed that my name
to the convention. Also
yward were getting up a
of that gentleman, and
a more advisable and po-
et, they therefore had ta
ny name upon the ticket
or preferences. I had no
of being a delegate, nei
reference for any gentle
, but had intended (at the
the nominee of the con
whom it might. And here
ould ask even had the
support of Mr. Jacobs
ard and his friends have
torious and well known
eting that the particular
r. Hayward) were run-
pport. Had not the friends
run a ticket pledged to
er to have done so. I
one Mr. Hayward. Sure-

es that the parties had
one hour, at the expira-
majority, but that they
d a half, in order to
t. I acted as clerk to
any such an arrange
never heard of it, on
the presence of Mr.
urged the closing of
nce to go and did not
home. If there rea-
at kind and the ticket
had a majority at the
ged by Mr. Hayward,
he closing of the polls
ement; they certainly
e fact as some of them
the time the meeting
them said any thing
know or heard of, if
ement I think that I
about it, at any rate
d to govern the meet-

es that on a vacancy
Cambridge before it
had to be sounded in
efore he was selected
ambril the gentleman
cancy in the Vienna
rogated as to how or
e, either before or af-
y declare that I have
now about it is this,
was a vacancy in the
e necessary to fill it.
E R. Hooper Esqr.)
ambril was here from
the room, suppose
, we did so. I then
didates for sheriff on
Mr. W. C. Huffing-
being at the farther
I do not know how
rn from orhers that
ave thus endeavored
nent of the facts of
wledge,
MES HIGGINS.

James M. Haines
e Bonner, both of

Mr. Littleton Tim
both of this co.

le.
ying immediately
at the mouth of
200 acres, about
n a very thriving
a small expense
ble, to this farm
which has been
for several years,
ng and fishing in
s will be made
haser; possession

CORKRAN.
Cambridge,
disposed off.

SHERIFFS SALE.

By virtue of 4 writs, 3 Venditioni and 1 Fieri Facias, all issued out of Dorchester county Court and to me Directed two at the suit of William Rea adm'r. of Henry Page use of Thomas M. Flint, one at the suit of John R. Martin and Edwin E. Medford use of Hopkins & Brother and the other at the suit of James Dixon d. b. n. of Jacob Howard, against the Goods and chattles, Lands and Tenements of George A. Z. Smith, George D. Smith, John R. Martin and Beachamp Acworth. I heretofore seized and taken into execution the following property to wit: the property of George A. Z. Smith, 1 black Horse 1 bay Horse 1 Gig and Harness, 2 beds beadsteads and furniture, side board 6 chairs, ballance of House hold and kitchen furniture, one house and lot in Vienna purchased from Henry Page as Trustee to sell the real estate of Brohawn, the property of George D. Smith, is one third of a vessel called the Joseph Nicols, with a proportionable part of her appartaince, and I hereby give notice that on Tuesday 21st of October next between the hours of 10 and 4 o'clock, on the premises, I will offer at Public auction to the highest bidder for cash, all the said Smith's right title claim and Interest at law and equity, to the said property so seized and taken into execution to satisfy the said writs of vendi exponas and fiera facias and costs due & to become due. WM. B. DAIL, shff.
Sept. 27 1845. tds

GEORGE K. QUAIL.
Wholese and Retail Fashionable Hat & Cap Manufacturer.

No 204 West Pratt St. (adjoining the Washington House,) BALTIMORE.

Would most respectfully inform his country friends and others, that he has now on hand a large and general assortment of HATS, consisting of the various kinds now worn; and having just returned from New York with a large and handsome selection of Fur, Cloth, Glazed, and other Caps, together with a choice selection of FURS for the LADIES, he is fully prepared to fill any orders they may favor him with.

He is determined to sell at prices, that will compare with any other establishment in the city.

N. B: He particularly solicits a call upon their arrival in the city.
Sept 27 1845 1m

VENITIAN BLINDS.

THE subscriber has on hand, and is constantly manufacturing a large and general assortment of Venitian Blinds made in his usual superior manner—all sizes, embracing Green, Cream, Pearl, White, Pea Green, and Arab colors—with from 40 to 47 slabs to a blind.

Matrasses.

Also, hair, husk, moss, cotton, or wool Matrasses, with good ticking and well tufted.

Also, Superbly gilt window cornires, rods, rings, ends, curtain bands, &c. damask, moreen, lace bindings, &c.

☞Particular attention is paid to orders from the country, and customers may, in every instance, rely upon receiving the precise article bargained for, and as cheap as if they were personally present. Prices to suit the times.

JAMES H. COX.
No 162, Market St. 2nd door West of the Museum, Baltimore. Sept. 27th 1845. 1m

Dorchester County Orphan's Court, 22 September 1845.

On application of Thomas Sparkling acting administrator of Elijah Dean late of Dorchester County, dec'd. it is ordered, that he give the notice required by law for all creditors to exhibit their claims against the deceased's estate and that he cause the same to be published once in each week for the space of three successive weeks, in the Cambridge Chronicle, a paper selected by him.

In testimony that the foregoing is truly copied from the minutes of the proceedings of Dorchester County Orphan's Court I have hereunto set my name and seal of my office affixed, this 22nd day of September in the year of our Lord, 1845.

L.S.

THOMAS H. HICKS,
Register of Wills, Dorchester co.

In compliance with the above order. This is to give Notice, that the subscriber of Dorchester County, hath obtained from the Orphans' Court of Dorchester County, in Maryland, letters of administration on the personal estate of Elijah Dean, late of Dorchester County deceased. All persons having claims against the said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscriber on or before the 22nd day of March next, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate.

Given under my hand and seal this 22nd day of September 1845.

THOMAS SPARKLING, acting adm'r.
of Elijah Dean, dec'd.
Sept. 27 1845. 3w pd

Dorchester County Orphan's Court, 22nd September 1845.

ON application of Thomas R. Martin Ex'r. of Henry L. McNamara late of Dorchester County, dec'd. it is ordered, that he give the notice required by law for all creditors to exhibit their claims against the deceased's estate and that he cause the same to be published once in each week for the space of three successive weeks, in the Cambridge Chronicle, a paper selected by him

In testimony that the foregoing is truly copied from the minutes of the proceedings of Dorchester County Orphans' Court I have hereunto set my name and seal of my office affixed, this 22nd day of September in the year of our Lord, 1845.

L.S.

THOMAS H. HICKS,
Register of Wills, Dorchester co.

In compliance with the above order. This is to give Notice, that the subscriber of Dorchester County, hath obtained from the Orphans' Court of Dorchester county, in Maryland, letters testamentary on the personal estate of Henry L. McNamara late of Dorchester county deceased. All persons having claims against the said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscriber on or before the 22nd day of March next, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate.

Given under my hand and seal this 22nd day of September 1845. JOHN R. MARTIN Ex'r,
of Henry L. McNamara, dec'd.
Sept. 27 1845. 3w

HOOPERS STRAIGHT'S LIGHT BOAT.

ALL Persons concerned are desired to take Notice that the Light Boat at Hooper's Straights, will be removed on the 4th of October next, to the City of Washington to be Exchanged for a New Boat in waiting for the service. And consequently the Light will be suspended until the arrival of the new boat.

by order HENRY SHENTON,
Keeper Hoopers Straights Light Boat.
Sept. 20th 1845. 3w
The Republican & Argus and Sun Baltimore, will insert the above 3 times.

Dorchester County Orphans' Court, 22nd day of September, 1845.

ON application of Henry Bibby administrator of William Graham late of Dorchester County, deceased, it is ordered, that he give the notice required by law for all creditors to exhibit their claims against the deceased's estate and that he cause the same to be published once in each week for the space of three successive weeks, in the Cambridge Chronicle, a paper selected by him.

In testimony that the foregoing is truly copied from the minutes of the proceedings of Dorchester County Orphan's Court I have hereunto set my name and seal of my office affixed, this 22nd day of September in the year of our Lord, 1845.

L.S.

THOMAS H. HICKS,
Register of wills, Dorchester co.

In compliance with the above order. This is to give Notice, that the subscriber of Dorchester County, hath obtained from the Orphans' Court of Dorchester County, in Maryland, letters of administration on the personal estate of William Graham, late of Dorchester County, deceased.—All persons having claims against the said deceased. are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscriber on or before the 22nd day of March next, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate.

Given under my hand and seal this 22nd day of September 1845.

HENRY BIBBY, adm'r.
of William Graham, dec'd.
Sept. 27, 1845. 3sw

CONSTABLE'S SALE.

BY virtue of five writs of fieri facias three issued by Fielder G. Jones, and two by Henry Shenton Esqr's. one at the suit of Travers & Kirwan use of Thomas J. Travers, one at the suit of Samuel Dunnock, two at the suit of Marcellous D. Keene, one at the suit of Goodman Gootee against the goods and chattles, lands and tenements of Robert C. Wallace, all to me directed, I have seized and taken into execution all the right, title, claim, interest and estate, at law and in equity, of the said Wallace in and to a part of a tract of land lying on Hoopers Island, near Fishing Creek Ferry, called by whatever name or names, the same may be called, containing 5 acress more or less, and I hereby give notice that on WEDNESDAY the 8th October next, at 2 o'clock. P. M., on the premises, I will offer for sale the said Property so seized and taken into execution at public auction, to the highest bidder for ccsh.

SAMUEL R. DUNNOCK,
sept. 20th 1845. 3w cons't.

TO THE VOTERS OF DORCHESTER.

FELLOW CITIZENS:

It will be observed by reference to the columns of the Chronicle of the 30th ult. that my address to you has called forth a very full and *exceedingly amicable* commentary from the pen of my friend James Thompson, Esq. Great umbrage seems to have been taken by that gentleman at the use of the words "juggling, wireworking, corruption &c," some of which, though not contained in my address, he yet quotes therefrom—and under the influence of this dissatisfaction he has at last been induced *very reluctantly*, to present to the Editor of the Chronicle a communication occupying an entire column of that paper and comprising three distinct heads or subjects of discourse. The first is an answer to the charge made by me against the Convention *generally*—the second, a reply to that made against *him individually*—the third and last, the expression of warm feelings of personal friendship for me &c., which may properly come under the general head of *Sundries*.

These are his positions, and in reference to them I invite the attention of my fellow-citizens of Dorchester to a review thereof. "Come now and let us reason together." In answer to the first charge, viz. that against the Convention—he says, "*I do most positively and conscientiously declare that no juggling, wireworking or undue means were used in the least* to the *prejudice* of *Mr. Hayward or any other gentleman candidates before the convention.*" This is indeed a very strong declaration and coming as it does from a man of Mr. Thompsons standing it is calculated to have very great weight. But does not *my friend* Mr. Thompson speak too fast? It seems to *me* that such haste in making an assertion belongs rather to the hair brained impetuosity of youth, than to the serious, sober, calm, unbiassed reflection which marks the action of the man of years. Let us see. There were four candidates before the convention and eight Districts in the County from which Delegates were chosen—can Mr. Thompson say, of his own knowledge, that these Delegates were elected honestly and fairly to represent the wishes of their respective districts, and that they did express those wishes? I imagine not. So far from it is the true state of the case, that I have the assurances of several gentlemen, whose truthfulness cannot be doubted for one moment—I can get their certificates if necessary—that in the Vienna district, where the parties had agreed to keep open the polls one hour, at the expiration of which time I had the majority, they kept them open *one hour and a half* in order to get votes for the Jacobs ticket—that those opposed to me started a ticket calling it unpledged, when at that very moment, as I have reason to believe, it was pledged to Mr. Jacobs—and that on a vacancy occurring, after they had met in Cambridge before it could be filled, the gentleman had to be sounded in order to see who he was for, before he was selected, to fill the vacancy; with this array of facts before him, independent of others which could be brought forward, can Mr. Thompson say that no undue means were used to prejudice me before the convention? I leave that question to be answered by my Fellow-Citizens of my native County. Besides, Mr. Thompson does me great injustice when he insinuates that I am wanting in proper gratitude to my friends. My charges against the convention were only intended for those in it whom the cap fit. I said that juggling characterized it, not because the action of the *convention itself* was unfair but because the *election* of some of its members was improperly effected, and because *undue* influences were used to bias others. A body cannot be pure if some of its elements are unclean, nor can a convention be fair when any of its constituent parts are fraudulently selected. So much for the first charge.

And now a few words with regard to the second, viz. the charge against him, Mr. Thompson *individually*. He says: "I understand Mr. H. accuses me with having been called on by some Gentlemen, Delegates from Hooper's Island, who were favourable to his nomination, and who were pledged to him, to give my opinion as to which of the candidates for the sheriffalty was the most availible man, or in other words to that amount and that I asserted that I believed Mr. Jacobs was the man, and the man of my choice." This Mr. Thompson admits is all true as far as it goes, but that it is not *all* of the story. He then goes on to detail a long conversation which took place between these gentlemen and himself as they were coming out of the back yard of Major Yates. It seems that they were anxious to know whether or not it was true as had been reported that Mr. Jacobs was unpopular. In reply to this interrogatory, he stated that the *charge of his unpopularity was unfounded and that any person who made such a charge could not be a friend to Mr. Jacobs but must design to injure him in regard to the nomination.* These remarks together with some compliment to the capacity of each of us for discharging the duties of the office, comprise the whole of the conversation as reported by Mr. Thompson. But I would ask that gentleman since he inclines so much to the hearing of the whole story, if what *he* has detailed is all that he knows about the present one. Doubtless it is—but let me recall to his mind some portion of that story which has escaped his memory. I would advise him to reflect about the matter and he will soon recollect, that I am right. Mr. Thompson not only *defended Mr. Jacobs from the charge of unpopularity but stated to those gentlemen that if Mr. Jacobs was nominated he would easily be elected, but that if I was he did not know how it might be.* Yes he said this, and if any man doubts it let him come to me, I have incontrovertible proofs within my possession which will satisfy the most incredulous. These gentlemen came from a distance, their district was favourable to me—*I have never said they were pledged to me*—they desired to know if I was available, they asked Mr. Thompson who was supposed to be well informed upon the subject and a man upon whose statements they could rely and he expressed a doubt in reference to the result if I were nominated, but a certainty with regard to it should Mr. Jacobs be taken up. By such representations gentlemen who were disposed to vote for me, acting under information given them by a person in whom they confided were induced to vote against me—thus robbing me of my rights before the convention and the people of their claims to an equal representation.—*This is about the whole of the story.*

One word in reference to the last division of this able letter and I have done. Mr. Thompson declares I am mistaken if I suppose he is not my friend. Truly there seems to be some inconsistency in this assertion—any one who charged Mr. Jacobs with unpopularity, he thinks could not have been a friend of that gentleman, but designed to injure him in regard to the nomination—he however is a *warm friend* of mine at the same time that he expresses doubts as to my election even if I were taken up by the convention. I should prefer *friendship* to be evidenced by *outward* acts rather than *newspaper paragraphs*. Still Mr. Thompson is my friend; I owe him my thanks—he has dealt with me; I am under many obligations to him—but when he says he cann t approve my course nor does he see how any *consistent party* man can, I must say with reference to that matter, that though I respect, yet I should not be guided by *his* opinion nor do I feel myself in want of his instruction. I have been a Whig as long as Mr. Thompson has, I have never voted against my political sentiments but once in my life—and that was in the old days of Federalism & Democracy, when I voted for my friend Thos. H. Hicks, Esq. who was the Democratic candidate for the Sheriffalty, against the candidate of my own party—I did not regard the office of Sheriff as a party office but voted for the man I thought best qualified. The question then of my party consistency I shall rather refer to the voters of Dorchester, than to the isolated opinion of my *friend* Mr. Thompson. I believe now as I did in former days, that the sheriff should not be a party officer, and if elected, I shall act in conformity with that belief. As an officer of court, and of the people, I will not suffer, as far as I can prevent it, the free course of justice to be trammeled by party bias or political prejudice, but will guarantee to every man a fair hearing before jurors whose ears are open to the voice of his complaint. My Fellow-Citizens I have spent my life amongst you, judge you then of my party consistency and my claims to the office for which I am a candidate before you. I await with confidence your decree thro' the ballot box. Your obedient servant. THOS. HAYWARD.
Sept. 10, 1845.

CAPT. JOHN ROWINS is announced as a *Reform* candidate for a seat in the next Legislature of Maryland, and will be warmly supported by the Reform party.
Sept. 13th

ALGERNON S. PIERCY, Esq. is announced a *Reform* candidate for a seat in the next Legislature of Maryland, and will be warmly supported by the Reform party.
Sept. 13th.

SAMUEL D. LECOMPTE Esq. is a *reform* candidate for a seat in the next Legislature of Maryland, and will be warmly supported by the friends of Reform without regard to party.
September 6th 1845.

WHITEFIELD WOOLFORD Esq. is announced as a *reform* candidate for a seat in the next Legislature of Maryland, and will be warmly supported by the friends of Reform without regard to party.
September 6th 1845.

Notice.

THERE will be political meetings at the following named places, and times—

On	Tuesday	the 16th	at	New Market.
"	Wednesday	" 17th	"	Drawbridge.
"	Thursday	" 18th	"	Crotchers Ferry.
"	Friday	" 19th	"	Federalsburgh.
"	Saturday	" 20th	"	Williamsburgh.
"	Monday	" 22d.	"	Court House, Camb.
"	Tuesday	" 23d.	"	Loomtown.
"	Wednesday	" 24th	"	Slaughter Creek (T. I.)
"	Thursday	" 25th	"	Fishing Creek, M. N.
"	Friday	" 26th	"	McNamara & Coopsr's [Store.
"	Saturday	" 27th	"	Goulden Hill.
"	Monday	" 29th	"	Corner's Store.
"	Tuesday	" 30th	"	Elliott's and Blend's [Store.

Reformers and Anti-Reformers are invited to attend—and Candidates of every description, before the people of Dorchester County are expected to be present.
Sept. 13, 1845.

FOR SALE.

THREE valuable HORSES; young and gentle to all kinks of harness;—also some other kinds of Stock for family purposes;—An excellet second hand Gig, in good order. Apply to W. HENRY PATTISON.
Cambridge, sept. 13th 1845. tf

BOOT & SHOE FACTORY.

THE subscriber would respectfully inform his friends and the public generally, that he is continueing the BOOT and SHOE business at the Stand formerly occupied by Mr. Thomas Hopkins, immediately opposite the Post Office, where he intends to manufacture Boots and Shoes of every description, in the most fashionable and approved styles, of the best workmanship and material, warranted to wear and fit equal to any in this town or city of Baltimore, and as cheap as can be had in either. He would also embrace this opportunity of returning thanks to his numerous customers and friends for their liberal and kind patronage, and by strict attention to business, solcits a continuance of the same. The public's obedient servant,
Sept. 13, 1845. tf JOSIAH HOPKINS.
N. B. A boy about 16 or 17 years of age, will be taken to learn the above business.

NOTICE.

THE subscriber begs leave to inform the public and particularly Physicians, who may be commencing practice, that he has on hand a full assortment of Drugs and Chemicals, neatly put up, and of the best quality, which he will sell at reduced prices. Also Catheters and other instruments, and a complete set of office furniture for a physician.

B. H. CHROCKETT.
Vienna, sept. 20th 1845. 3w pd.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

BY virtue of a writ of Venditioni Exponas, issued out of Dorchester County Court and to me directed, at suit of the State of Maryland use of Thomas M. Creighton, Exct'r. of Isaac Creighton, against the goods and chattels, lands and tenements of William Dean of George, I have heretofore seized and taken into execution the following property to wit: 1 yoke of oxen, 5 head of cattle, 7 head of sheep, 1 ox cart, 1 negro boy named John, aged about 13 years; 1 negro boy Elias, aged about 9 years; 1 negro girl Lotty about 16 years; household and kitchen furniture, tract, piece or parcel of land called Pritchett Forrest, containing 51 acres; Far River containing 25 acres; Black Swamp part, 38 acres; Bramble Meadow 19 1-2 acres; Andrews Fortunes part, 38 acres, and I hereby give notice that on

Saturday the 4th of October

next, between the hours of 10 and 4 o'clock, on the premises of the said William Dean of George, I will offer at public auction to the highest bidder for cash all his right, title, claim and interest at law and equity, to the above property so seized and takek into execution to satisfy the said writ of Venditioni Exponas and cost due and to become due, and also for County Charges, Direct Tax and officers fees for the years 1843, 1844 & 1845.

WM. B. DAIL, Shff. & Col.
Sept. 13, 1845. ts

To be Leased for the Ensuing Year.

THE small Farm near Cambridge, at present occupied by Mr. Yates—For terms apply to Dr. James A. Muse—Easton—or. JOSEPH E. MUSE.
sept. 6th 1845. Cambridge.

THE MUTUAL FIRE AND MARINE INSURANCE COMPANY OF BALTIMORE.
(INCORPORATED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF MARYLAND AT THEIR LAST SESSION,)

Having been organized according to the provisions of its Charter, is now prepared to take

FIRE, MARINE AND INLAND RISKS,

On terms as favorable as any Institution in the United States, at their office, corner of Gay and Lombard Streets. up stairs.

DIRECTORS.
COLUMBUS O'DONNELL, Esq.
RICHARD NORRIS Esq.
B. H. RICHARDSON, Esq.
JNO. D. EARLY, Esq.
WM. LONEY, Esq.
JAS. HARWOOD, Esq.
ALPHEUS HYATT, Esq.
RICHARD NORRIS, Esq., *President.*
JNO. S. LAFITTE, *Secretary.*

The Board avail themselves of this opportunity to draw the attention of the Public to some of the important features of their Charter:

1st. In this Company, all interests are equal; there is no privileged stock.

2d. Persons effecting insurance are not answerable for losses beyond the amount of premiums paid by them; and will divide amongst themselves annually the nett profits.

3d The capital of the Company is limited to half a million of dollars, and at the expiration of the Charter, that sum is to be divided pro rata amongst all persons holding the Policies of the Company, without reference to the time when they were issued, or to the fact of their having expired.

4. In the selection of persons to act as Directors of this Company, there can be felt none of that *proxy* influence which has destroyed, or weakened some of our strongest corporations; with us, the direction of the affairs of the Company *must* be in the hands of those most deeply interested in its proper and prosperous management.

5th. Any Policy holder has the right and the privilege of looking at the monthly statement of its affairs.

6th. Persons insuring in this Company, upon a renewal of their risks, are entitled to a deduction of 5 per cent. on the amount of premiums.

☞Our Tariff of rates has been carefully revised and the form of our Policies has been amended under the best legal advice, so as to embrace all the modern improvements suggested by Experience. The classification of the Fire Risks, as well as the direction given to represent them in the applications are so modified as to avoid all doubt and ambiguity, and with a view to avoid all possible difficulties in the settlement of losses.

I have accepted the agency of the above Company, and persons desirous of Insuring their Property will find me at all times at my store, where I will receive their proposals, give the necessary information, and have their Insurance effected as soon as returns can be had from the office at Baltimore.

THOS. HAYWARD, agent.
June 14 1845. tf

THOMPSON'S VEGETABLE WORM SYRUP,

PREPARED BY
DOCTOR A. C. THOMPSON,
CAMBRIDGE, MD.

The most common cause of Worms is unwholesome food, with bad digestion, Worms appear most frequent in children of a relaxed habit, whose bowels contain a preternatural quantity of Mucus or Slimy Matter, although many children who appear of a robust constitution are liable to have them, especially if they have lived on unwholesome food; hence Worms are most common to children, although many grown persons are subject to them, I have known persons to advanced age to have them.

It is well known to the Medical profession, that meny diseases are brought on, and continued by reason of Worms, and many children die annually in consequence of their not being timely expelled from them. It therefore becomes a subject of great importance, to know when they do exist, and to be prepared with a remedy that will be certain to expel them.

It is often a difficult matter to expel worms, from hildren, although numerous remedies have been recommended, and used for that purpose, yet there are articles if properly combined, and judiciously used, will seldom fail in accomplishing the object.

In consequence of my frequent failures in 30 years practice to expel worms from children, with the remedies in common use, I have been induced to prepare a remedy in the use of which I have but seldom failed. Therefore to serve the cause of humanity and to be instrumental in saving the lives of many children, I offer it to the public as *Thompson's Vegetable Worm Syrup.*

This most valuable Vermifuge is prepared entirely of Vegetable Extract, and combines the most active and efficient worm medicine in use, and can be recommended as a perfectly safe remedy in all states and conditions of persons, who are infested with worms, and as all children are more or less liable to have worms, every family in the community should never be without it.

RECOMMENDATIONS.

CAMBRIDGE, April 25, 1845.

To Dr. A. C. Thompson,

DEAR SIR:—A knowledge of the various vegetable medicinal agents embodying your "*Vegetable Worm Syrup,*" and their anthelmintic power, separately considered, justifies me in alluding in no measured terms of praise to the Vermifuge properties of the compound; which I take very great pleasure in recommending as an heroic, safe and efficient anthelmintic, which if properly adapted to the pretean complications so often manifested in Verminose irritation, will seldom disappoint us in our most sanguine expectations.

Very respectfully yours,
THOS. HY. HANDY, M. D.

CAMBRIDGE, April 26, 1845.

My Dear Sir,

I believe that your "*Preparation for Worms,*" will give general satisfaction—being an excellent combination of the most certain anthelmintics.

Yours very truly,
ALEX. H. BAYLY, M. D.

To Anthony C. Thompson.

I concur in the above commendations of *Dr. Thompson's Vegetable Worm Syrup.*

WILLIAM L. WINGATE, M. D.

THOMPSON'S VEGETABLE ANT-BILIOUS PILLS,

PREPARED BY
A. C. THOMPSON, M. D.
Cambridge, Md.

As Dr. Thomas justly observes "it is impossible to give a concise and proper definition of the disease known by the name of Fever, as it has no symptoms invariably attendant on it, which can point out its real nature or essence," but as all fevers, act directly or indirectly on the Liver, all febrile diseases partake more or less of a bilious character, whether of the intermittant, remittant or continued type; hence the frequency of those cases, where the Viscery Glands and membranes are attacked, and put in all the various forms of Rheumatic, and inflammatory affections, so often met with in districts of country where bilious diseases prevail.

Therefore to repel these complicated varieties of disease, depending on a derangement of the Liver. I have prepared, for the benefit of families, and for the accommodation of the medical practitioners, and efficient, and safe remedy, which can be relied on, as containing a combination of such vegetable extracts as are usually employed in general practice, scientifically arranged so as to act on the Liver, and biliary secretions, and thereby prevent or remove those diseases, arising from a redundancy or a deficiency of bile in the system—and may be used in all cases where purging is necessary.

And in the following diseases in particular.

Bilious Ague, Inflamatory and nervous Fevers; all affections of the liver, Bilious Cholic, Jaundice or obstruction in the Liver, Indigestion, or dispepsia, convulsions, or Fits, Rhuematism, Pleurisey, dysentery, foul Stomach, colds, and costiveness;

Numerous certificates might be obtained in commendation of these pills, but as the inventor is so extensively known, having been a practitioner of medicine for nearly thirty years, on the Eastern Shore of Maryland, he deems them entirely unnecessary, as the medicine will recommend itself in every family where it may be used, and the inventor would here remark, that he claims no new discovery in the articles which compose his Anti-bilious Pills, to give them a character. Nor does he recommend them as a cure-all for all diseases, as there are too many of such articles imposed on the public, but from a conviction of the necessity of an article, in which the public can rely. He can from long experience in practice, with confidence recommended them to all who may stan in need of medicine.

Agents for Dorchester County.

Cambridge,	Thomas M. Flint and White & Anderson.
Neck,	Samuel Corner.
Church creek,	Wright & Jones.
do	Amos Bowdle.
Loom Town,	John S. B. Woolford.
Tobaccostick,	Samuel Craig.
do	Samuel & Edmund Harrington
Slaughter creek,	Moses L. Keene,
Taylors Island,	Wm. D. Travers,
Gadd's Ferry,	Marcellas D. Keene,
McNights,	Goodman Gootee,
Lakes;	John S. Stapleford,
Bucktown,	John Mills,
Rosses Store,	Wm. Mowbray.
Hicksburgh,	Wm. J. Vane,
New Market,	Edwin Medford,
Poplar Grove,	Jeremiah Bramble,
Vienna,	Cornwell & Kerr,
Draw Bridge,	John B. Dean,
Big Mills,	Flemming & Higgins,
Cabin Creek,	John S. Willis,
Hunting creek,	Charles Connelly.

P. S. Other agents will be appointed, throughout the peninsula. All persons wishing to become agents or who wish to purchase the above Medicines for sale, before the travelling agent can call on them, will please send their orders by Mail, or otherwise, which shall be filled up as soon as possible and forwarded free of charge. By the public's obedient servant.

A. C. THOMPSON.
Cambridge Md.

N. B. The following family Medicines, are also prepared and sold by my agents: Oil, Laudanum, E-

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