THE CHRONICLE.

CAMBRIDGE—MD.

SATURDAY MORNING, June 13th, 1846.

V. B. PALMER,

No. 59 Pine st. Phila., and 160 Nassau st. (Tribune Buildings,) N. Y., and S E. corner of Balt. and Calvert st., Baltimore, is our authorized Agent for receiving Advertisements and subscriptions to the "CAMBRIDGE CHRONICLE," and collecting and receipting for the same.

The Orphan's Court of Dorchester county will sit on Monday the 22nd of June.

DEATH ON THE PALE HORSE.—This picture which has excited wherever it has been exhibited such unbounded admiration, is to be open for the gratification of our own citizens during this day.

It would be idle to attempt in a short notice like this any thing like a description of it. We may say, however, generally that from the information we have had of it, from those who have seen it, there can be no doubt that it is well worthy of being visited, as well on account of the interest of the scene it represents, as of the wonderful art with which it has been prepared.

Those who are desirous of being better informed upon the subject which it represents, will be gratified by reading the first eight verses of the sixth chapter of Revelations.

RUMORED SETTLEMENT OF THE OREGON QUESTION.—The important rumor is now currently circulated at Washington that Mr. Packenham and the Secretary of State have come to an agreement upon the Oregon question.—There have been so many false rumors upon this subject, that we do not know how much credit the present is entitled to. We however think it quite certain that but a short period will elapse before we shall know whether this question is to be settled in an amicable manner or by an appeal to arms. If the British minister has not already received instructions from his government, to what limit he can go in the way of compromise, we think he will probably receive such instructions by the next steamer. After the ultimatum of the British Government is known, it will be for us to decide whether we can accept of their proposition.

MESSRS. INGERSOLL & WEBSTER.—The select committee appointed to investigate the charges prefered by Mr. C. J. Ingersoll of the House of Representatives against the Hon. Daniel Webster have made their report, and acquit the distinguished Senator of Massachusetts of all the charges prefered against him.—The report is signed by Messrs. Jones of Ga., Davis of Miss., L. & Messrs. Vinton of Ohio, and King of Mass., whig members. The other member of the committee, Mr. Brinkerhoff of Ohio, although he was willing to acquit fully Mr. Webster of all the charges, would not sign the report because it did not "ease off" Mr. Ingersoll from his predicament of bringing baseless charges against a distinguished and honorable man.

NEW HAMSHIRE ELECTION.—The two branches of the New Hamshire Legislature have elected Gen. ANTHONY COLLY (Whig) Governor for the ensuing year by a majority of 21 votes. We believe this is the first time the Locofocos of this State have failed to elect their candidate for the Executive office.

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From the National Intelligencer, June 5.

NATIONAL FAIR.—CONCLUDING NOTICE.—This gratifying and important National Exhibition is over, so far as the mere exhibition extends. But its effects upon the forty thousand (probably fifty thousand) persons who have visited it are yet to be developed. These effects cannot but be permanent; we have no right to suppose that they will not be also eminently salutary, and productive of lasting good to the cause of Domestic industry and ingenuity—the all-important interest of HOME MANUFACTURES.

In this National Exhibition, NEW ENGLAND has, as might have been expected, held the first place. She has nobly come up to the work, and established the cause of American Manufactures upon the firmest basis. NEW YORK has not been so prominent in the business as we had hoped and expected she would have been. NEW JERSEY and PENNSYLVANIA have gallantly assisted the exhibition, and DELAWARE has done more than her proportion.—We are proud of the position which our neighbors of MARYLAND and VIRGINIA occupy in this National assemblage of National productions. MARYLAND, we were aware, was heart and hand in the work: we knew her noble establishments at the Laurel Factory in St Mary's county, on the Patapseo, round Baltimore, and generally throughout the State, and expected much from her; yet she has exceeded our expectation. But we were not prepared for such a display, so excellent in quality, so moderate in price, and so various in discription, as VIRGINIA has exhibited. All hail to the ANCIENT DOMINION! We will no longer allow her to be classed by our opponents as an *anti*-manufacturing State. Her offerings to this National Exhibition have silenced that slander!—The manufacturing spirit has also extended to the cotton-growing States of NORTH CAROLINA and GEORGIA; and what can be so well adapted to the development of the energies of these patriotic States as the creation of a Home Market for the consumption of their staple productions? As American citizens, knowing no distinction between East and West, and North and South, but feeling convinced that the interest of the *whole* is most closely connected with the subject of *Domestic Industry*, we rejoice in this Fair as having afforded the most gratifying testimony that a common ground is about to be established, which those who have hitherto differed in opinion may have their honest difficulties solved, by the substitution of facts for figures, and plain straight forward demonstrations, palpable to the senses, for the mysteries of political economists and the speculations of closet politicians.

—o—

From the New York Courier, June 4.

JUSTICE TO THE ARMY.—While the country is ringing with just plaudits of the gallantry and discipline of our little army on the *Rio Grande*, and every American feels himself interested in, and honored by, the personal exploits of its officers, yet at the very moment when Congress have voted thanks to this army—thanks as well deserved as ever were those of any national legislature—the appointing power to which naturally the officers look for justice at least, and should be authorized to look for such favor, as without wrong to others may be bestowed on them—has flung into the teeth of this army the grossest indignity.

We refer, as our readers will readily understand, to the appointments by the President and to the apparently unquestioning confirmation by the Senate of the officers in the new rigiment or mounted men or dragoons. There were 32 new commissions to be granted—and yet of all these, not one, not a single one—was given in token of approbation to the officers who distinguished themselves on the Rio Grande.

Mouth honor these gallant men have not lacked, and the Union newspaper, the most sycophantic of officials, is telling the public of what the President meditates doing to evince his sense of the valor displayed at *Palo Alto* and *Resaca de la Palma*, and in the even yet more trying scene of the bombardment of Camp Brown; but he can have no lawful opportunity like this which he has perverted, of honoring them, as they should be honored, by promotion. Why, for instance, take a civilian to make the Major of the new regiment of Dragoons, when there was the gallant Captain May of the 2d Dragoons, whose dashing and irresistible charge upon the Mexican batteries turned the tide of battle, and in a great measure, seconed as it was by the steady bayonet of the Infantry, secured the victory? We do not know and therefore certainly cannot be considered as disparaging in these remarks, the gentleman, Mr. Burbridge of Kentucky, who was appointed Major of this regiment—but we mean to say that no claim, no fitness of any civilian should have been permitted to weigh a single moment against the propriety, the obvious propriety, not to say imperative duty—of thus rewarding, by promotion in his own arm, the gallant officer whose name we have here cited. So, too of the other commissions in that regiment—Not one was given to those who distinguished themselves on the Rio Grande—but a single one was given to the army at all—all the rest were political appointments—save that probably of Captain Walker the Texan Ranger, who had done good service to Gen. Taylor and his forces. But this very exception adds to the indignity, for why select out of the whole force a Texan ranger—meritorious as we grant him to be—to be honored by the high commission of Captain in the regular army, and pass by the gallant Liutenants who so throughly did their duty in that army?

It is of this we think the army, and the country at large, have reason to complain. The House of Representatives indeed seemed to have an inkling of the use which the President might make of the opportunity afforded by the creation of a new regiment, to distribute the commissions according to personal rather than military calculations, and they inserted a clause restricting the appointments to existing officers of the army. This clause, unhappily, the Senate struck out There are, according to the last Army Register, published in January, 85 *brevet* officers, now attached to different corps and awaiting their commissions!

There will be at the end of this month, when the present first class of the Military Academy shall be graduated, some 50 more, making a total of more than 130 officers for whom there is not yet room in the line of the army. These, be it remembered, are all men educated at the expense of the country, as soldiers—and they who have gone through their course at West Point, are, in every good sense, soldiers, patriots, and gentlemen—men of honor, of truth, of courage, and of genuine love of country.—From such materials—the materials of like character with those who, on the *Rio Grande*, have so clearly shown their breeding and honored their *alma mater* whom their country provided for them—the President had ample room for selection in filling up the subordinate posts in the new regiment, and such vacancies as might be created in the old regiments by the transfers he might, be promotion, make from them. He took not one of them, but has preferred to burden the country with the support of thirty-two new officers and virtually to insult—and this is by far the most objectionable feature of the whole—not only all those *brevets* waiting their turn, but the gallant fellows who, when the fortunes of war gave them an opportunity to show themselves, so nobly proved their title to the confidence and protection of their country.

We say then, in conclusion, that when credit is claimed for the President as sympathizing with our gallant army on the *Rio Grande*, and when empty and unmeaning votes of thanks, empty and unmeaning when contrasted with such acts as we are commenting on—are talked of as creditable to Congress, and satisfactory to the country, great injustice is done—and language as well as merit, is grossly abused.

The President was bound, when the opportunity was before him, to honor by promotion those who had honored the country by courage and conduct—and we do not exempt the Senate, which at once and without hesitation seems to have adopted the nominations of the President, from a full share of the responsibility for the signal injustice thus done to the brave and well-deserving command of Gen. Taylor.

It seems the steady aim of the little men in power at Washington to turn even the blood and laurels of the brave into elements of mere personal and party aggrandizement, and there appears a total absence of that lofty self-devotion and uncalculating patriotism at the seat of Government, which has shed such lustre upon the American name and arms on the banks of the Rio Grande. But the people will not be misled—and they will award honor where honor is due.

LATER FROM MEXICO.

The New Orleans mail of the 2d instant, regularly due, was received last night. It enables us to lay before our readers late and interesting news from Mexico—as follows.

Correspondence of the American.

NEW ORLEANS, June 2.

LATER FROM VERA CRUZ.

Advices to the 25th ult. were received here this morning from Vera Cruz, brought by the bark Lousiana, captain Williams:

The Blockade of Vera Cruz commenced on 20th May, and 15 days were allowed for all neutral vessels to load and depart. The British mail steamers will enter and leave the port as usual, but will only be allowed to take specie.

The day the Louisiana sailed, information reached Vera Cruz that Mazatlan and Lepia had proclaimed in favour of General St. Anna.—Genl. Alverez, in the South, was carrying on a disastrous war against the Government.

It was reported that Gen. Paredes intended leaving the city of Mexico with troops to reinforce the army at the North. By an order from the Mexican Government the American Consul at Vera Cruz was ordered to close his office, and, with all Americans, to leave in eight days from the date of the order, which was on 18th May.

The Consul intended to embark on board of the U. S. steamer Mississippi on the 26th. At anchor off the Isle Vorda, U. S. Frigate Baritan and Steamer Mississippi, and off the Port the U. S. Sloop Falmouth.

Great animosity prevailed against the Americans since the defeat of the Mexicans at Matamoras was known. The Louisiania sailed from Vera Cruz in company with the brig Helen McLeod (of Baltimore) for this port. I learn from Capt. Williams that no American vessels were left in port at the time he sailed. The Packet brig St. Petersburg sailed for New York on 20th ult.

From the New Orleans Picayune, June 2.

The enormous forced loans which the government had imposed upon the clergy, the latter had declared itself totally unable to meet.—The Metropolitan Church was ordered to furnish a subsidy of $98,000 per month; the Mechoican $35,000; of Puebla $40,000; of Guadelijara $2,000; of Duringo $15,000; and of Oajaca 8,000. These great sums per month show that the President is determined to prosecute the war with energy. He will never be able to collect such loans.

In regard to Paredes putting himself at the head of the army, El Publicana says it is uncertain whether he will repair to the Rio Grande or to Vera Cruz; but he will leave the capital as soon as Congress assembles. Full accounts of the disastrous actions of the 8th and 9th had reached the capital and appeared in the official journal.

They are more accurate by far than Mexican bulletins generally, and do credit to Arista.

The news was received with profound regret, but with an apparent determination to fight the war out.

LATER FROM THE RIO GRANDE.

The steamship New York, at New Orleans, from Galveston, brings papers of the latter place to the 30th of May; inclusive. A letter in the New Orleans Commercial Times says—

General TAYLOR took possession of Matamoras without opposition, on the 18th. He sent out Captain Walker, and a company of Dragoons, on a scouting party, and to observe the Mexican army on their retreat. They had a slight skirmish with the van-guard of the army, in which they killed several of the enemy, and took twenty-five prisoners. It is reported that the enemy are strongly fortifying Montery, and receiving strong reinforcements. Gen. TAYLOR, it is supposed, has now about nine thousand men, and reinforcements coming in daily.

Gen. TAYLOR's encampment is a mile from Matamoras, and our soldiers are not permitted to enter the town—the sitizens of which are respected, and protected in all their rights.

A correspondent of the New Orleans Delta furnishes the following particulars of the capture of Matamoras:

On the morning of the 17th, Gen. Taylor demanded an interview with Gen. Ampudia, which was granted. Ampudia arrived at our camp, and a *big talk* was to be had.

Ampudia talked of an *armistice*: Gen. Taylor demanded an unconditional surrender of the town. Ampudia wished the armistice: Gen. Taylor told him that the time for such things had passed; and that, it was no use now to talk about it, particularly since he had been put to the trouble of transporting those heavy pieces of artillery. Ampudia still hesitated; at length he proposed to exclude the public buildings and public property. "No," says the General. "I will have every thing." Finally, Ampudia agreed to return an answer by a certain hour that day—and took his leave, casting a woeful look at the heavy mortals as he passed them.

The hour at which the answer was to be given arrived, but no answer came. Gen. Taylor immediately ordered preparations to be made for crossing the river; parties were sent up and down the river, to secure all the boats that could be seen on either side. That night, just after dark, the army moved three miles up the river, and encamped for the night opposite the crossing. Next morning, every thing being ready, the passage of the river was commenced just after sunrise, and the whole army landed on the opposite side without the firing of a single gun. It was understood that the Mexican army, after throwing a part of their ammunition and cannon into the river, and concealing another portion of the same had commenced their retreat about dusk on the evening before, by way of the main road towards the interior, in number from four to five thousand men, Arista at their head.

After our troops had crossed, Adjutant General Bliss advanced towards the main fort in front of the town, and sounded a peal. The principal Alcade made his appearance, and a formal demand was made for the surrender of the town, with a promise that all religions and civil rights should be secured to them—all private property protected. The Alcade wished to know if the public buildings and property would be free. The answer was, every thing belonging to the Government must be given up. The Alcade then said Gen. Taylor could take possession as soon as he thought proper, and that he would meet with no resistance.—This was done, our army encamping in front of the town.

POSTSCRIPT.

☞THERE is no further news of importance from the Seat of War. We learn however from the Steamboat Osiris that the British Minister has made such propositions to our Government, as cannot be otherwise than acceptable. It is said that the 49th is the dividing line, the British to have Van Couvers Island and the free navigation of the Columbia for 20 years.

BALIMORE MARKET.

Office of the Baltimore American.

June 11th, 1846.

CATTLE.—Beeves were dull of sale to-day and prices are a shade lower than last week's rates. The supply was good and the quality of the stock fair. The offerings at the scales were 372 head, of which 109 vere driven to Philadelphia, 94 remain over unsold, and the balance, 169 head, were taken at $3a$3.50 per 100 lbs. gross, equal to $6a$6.75 net.—Sales averaged about $3.31 1-4.

HOGS.—Live Hogs are dull of sale at $4.50a $5. There is a fair supply.

FLOUR.—In Howard street Flour very little has been done the last few days. There were offers to sell on Saturday at $3.87 1-2 without finding buyers. We note a sale to-day of 500 bbls. mixed brands and late inspection at this rate. There is no price named for receipts from cars.

Sales of 800 bbls. City Mills Flour on Saturday and to-day at $4.

Sales also of 500 bbls. Susquehanna Flour at $4.

GRAIN.—We note a sale of a large lot of very prime Md. red Wheat for grinding, at 90a91 cts. and of other parcels of fair to good at 80a85 cts. A sale of white, not suitable for family flour at 92 cts.

Sales to-day of both white and yellow Corn at 60 cts.

Oats have declined to 35a37 cts.

PROVISIONS.—In Beef and Pork we have no change to note since the publication of our last review, except that there is scarcely so much animation. The range of the market for Western Pork is $11.25a$12 for Mess, and $925a$9.50 for Prime. We note a sale of a lot of clear Mess at $13.25, 4 mos. and of a parcel of Prime at $9.25 each. Beef is held at $10. 25a$10.50 for Mess, at $8.25a$8.75 for No. 1; and at $6.25a$6.50 for Prime, with small sales. Bacon is steady at previously reported rates, viz: Shoulders 4 1-4 a4 3-4; Sides 5 5-8 a5 3-4; assorted 5a5 1-2; and Hams 6a7 1-2. Sales of Shoulders at 4 1-2 cents, and of Sides at 5 5-8 cents. In Baltimore cured there is not much doing as the stock is light: We quote Shoulders at 5a5 1-4; Sides 6 1-4 a7 1-4; and Hams 7 1-2 a8 1-2 cts. Lard is dull.—Sales of kegs at 71-4, mos; in bbls we hear of no sales.

WHISKEY.—The market is very dull.—Sales of hhds: at 19 12 cts and of bbls. at 20 1-2 a21 cts.

HANCE'S SARSAPARILLA VEGETABLE OR BLOOD PILLS.

LOR PURIFYING THE BLOOD.

Fifty pills in a box. The cheapest Medicine ever sold for removing bile, correcting disorders of the stomach and bowels, costiveness, dyspepsia, swimming in the head, &c. Persons of a full habit, who are subject to *Headache, Giddiness, Drousiness and Singing in the Ears* arising from too great a flow of blood o the head, should never be without them, as many dangerous symptoms will be entirely carried off by heir immediate use.

IN PURCHASING THESE PILL, let me add *ONE WORD OF CAUTION*, Always ask for *HANCE'S PILLS*, and purchase of none but those advertised as agents.

For sale by *Seth S. Hance*. corner of Charles and Pratt streets, Baltimore. Price 25 cents per box.

For sale in Cambridge by THOMAS M. FLINT.

JOYFUL TIDINGS OF RELIEF.

PROCLAIM IT TO THE WORLD—THAT HANCE'S COMPOUND SYRUP OF HOARHOUND is without *exception or exageration* the most safe and speedy cure for all diseases arrising from Coughs and Colds, which, unfortunately neglecied, too *OFTEN END IN CONSUMPTION*. If Hance's Compound Syrup of Hoarhound is taken on the first appearance of a Cough it will immediately cure it and save the sufferer from an untimely grave; price 50 cents per bottle, or six bottles for $2 50. For sale by SETH S. HANCE, 108 Baltimore st., and corner o Charles and Pratt streets. and in Cambridge by THOMAS M. FLINT.

RELIGIOUS NOTICES.

THE managers of the Camp Meeting for Cambridge circuit, to be held at "Stony Ridge," commencing the 31st of JULY, are requested to meet on the camp ground (for the purpose of making further arrangements for the meeting) on *Saturday the 20th of this Instant at 2o'clock, P. M.* Punctual attendance is very much desired.

The following are the managers appointed by order of the Quarterly Conference, viz.—

Mr. Samuel Pattison,	Rev. A. C. Thompson,
" William Rea,	Mr. Levin Jones,
" William B. Dail,	" Reuben E. Phillips,
" Wm. L. Hearn,	" James Mills,
" Sam'l. Corner,	" Thomas Lambdin,
" Jno: R. Creighton,	" James Woolford,
" Thos. Dail, Sn'r.	" John R. Pattison,
" John T. Stewart.	

JOHN D. ONINS.

Cambridge, June 13, 1846.

A Quarterly Camp Meeting for Dorchester circuit will be held at 'ENNALL'S SPRINGS, o commence on Friday the 24th July. Nothing to be sold on the ground without permission from the managers. A Pound for the accommodation of Horses will be kept on the ground. The proceeds of which after defraying the expenses of the pound, will be applied to the benefits of the circuit. R. E. KEMP,

June 13, '46. R. H. PATTERSON.

MASONIC NOTICE.

THE members of *Burns' Lodge No.* 80 will celebrate at TRAPPE (Talbot county,) the Anniversary of St. John the Baptist, (WEDNESDAY, the 24th inst.) by a public procession; on which occasion there will be a sermon by the Rev. Bro. Southerland, and an address by a member of the Lodge. Exercises will commence at 10 o'clock A. M.

All bretheren of good standing are most cordially invited to join the procession.

By order, SAML Y. KEMP, Sec'ry.

Trappe, Talbot.—June 13th 1846.—1t

Caution.

I herby forwarn all persons from trusting my wife Mary Ann Young on my account. She has left my bed and board without any ill usage from me, and I am determined to pay no debts of her contracting.

NATHANIEL YOUNG, (Colored.)

June 13th, 1846. 3w

Sheriff Sale.

—o—

BY virtue of a writ of Fieri Facias issued by Edward Tull Esq. a Justice of the peace in and for Dorchester County and to the Sheriff directed, at the suit of Daniel Cannon against the goods and chattels, lands and tenaments of Eliza Tylor I have Seized and taken into Execution the following property to wit:—A house and lot lying and being on the East side of the North West fork prong of Nantacoke river, about three miles above Crotches Ferry, and I hereby give notice that on

THURSDAY the 2nd day of JULY

next, I will expose to public sale at Daniel Cannon's Store between the hours of 12 & 4 o'clock P. M. to the highest bidder for cash, all the said Eliza Tyler's right title and claim either at law or in equity to the above property so seized and taken into Execution to satisfy the above named writ of Fieri Facies and costs deue and to become deue.

James E. DOUGLASS,

June 13th, 1846.—tds Deputy Shff.

MARTIN & WHITELEY,

WHOLESALE DRUGGISTS & DEALERS

in Paints, Oils, Varnish, Glass, Dye Stuffs, Putty, &c., &c.

No. 320 Baltimore St. four doors below Howard.

HAVE on hand and offer for sale a large assortment of DRUGS, CHEMICALS, MEDICINES, &c., &c., which have been selected with great care, and which they are prepared to sell on liberal terms. Purchasers will do well to call and examine before making their purchases elsewhere. We are sure we shall be able to please them, or should they prefer sending their orders, by letter or otherwise, all articles shall be sold to them as low as if they were present, and put up with great care and neatness. We name in part,

White Tapioca	Logwood
Chamomile Flowers	Madder
Coloeynth Apples	Oil Vitrol
Sarsaparilla	Aqua Fortis
Phosphate Ammonia	Blue Vitrol
Calcined Magnesia	Alum
Oil Aniseed	Liquorice
Rhubarb	Asphaltum
Irish Moss	Cubebs
Iceland Moss	Camphor
Salæratus	Sal Ammonia
Oil Cinnamon	Orris Root
Quinine	Bear's Oil
Senna	&c., &c.

June 13, 1846—4w

HATS! HATS! HATS!

THE subscriber is pleased to inform his friends of Cambridge and Dorchester county, that he has now on hand, and is adding daily to his stock, a large and general assortment of Hats of every description. His Hats being made expressly for retail trade, of the best materials and workmanship, will render full satisfaction to all who patronise him. He would invite particular attention to his NEUTRA BEAVER HATS at only $3,50, which he warrants not to be surpassed for the price. He will also keep a full supply of summer Hats on hand, such as GUYAQUILL, PANAMA, PALM LEAF, and BLUE CAST HATS, (boys and men's) from $1 to $2. In all cases, he warrants to please, as to taste, fashion, and quality, or the money returned. All who want good Hats would do well to call on the subscriber, and they will be pleased—his object is to please—none shall go away dissatisfied.

H. N. HURST, Fashionable Hatter,

No. 188 Pratt St, 5 doors below Hanover,

North side, BALTIMORE.

june 13th 1846.—1w

Blanks of every description, for sale at this Office.

BY THE COMM

A FAIR and accurate sum
months next preceeding
levied subject to the orders of
far as practicable the various s
stating with reference to the la
them separately, in accordance
Chap. 355, to which is annex
Vincent their Clerk.

On account of State tax
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On account of William Jac
On account of William B. D
On account of Federalsburg
Brown & John Rowins
On account of Nanticoke Br
On account of keeping ferry
On account of Ferry over F
On account of Upper Slaugh
On account of Lower Slaugh
On account of Judges, Clerk
On account of removing neg
On account of maintenance
On account of Francis Price
On account of James Thomp
On account of Arthur Bell
On account of James Dixon
On account of Thomas H. H
On account of William W.
On account of Samuel Hamb
On account of Samuel D. Le
On account of James A. Ste
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On account of Thomas R. S
On account of Joseph E. Mu
On account of E. Richardson
On account of James Parrott
On account of James C. Whe
On account of Peter Taylor
On account of James Wallac
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On account of E M. Dawso
On account of John G. Abbo
On account of William B. D
On account of Kendall M. Ja
On account of Court House
On account of Roads & Brid
On account of crows scalps
On account of errors in taxes
On account of burying Paupe
On account of States & other
On account of Orphans' Cour
On account of Talesmen cou
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On account of constables
On account of John Muir co
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By Order of the Boa
COMMISSIONERS OFFICE—Jun

To the Worshipful the Com

This day terminates the
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submit to you and through
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and form following to wit:

Paid for out Pensioners
Do. " Provisions &
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Do. " Wages
Do. " Physician
Do. " Medicines
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Of the above unexpended
forty cents (1834,40), there
the sum of $1738,42 and in
Trustees ask of you a levy of
the sum of $3434,40 for ther
respectfully submitted.

True copy

Test

POSTPONED

IN consequence of the Vendue
Murrays on the 1st. instant,
part of the new M. E. Church lo
will be sold on MONDAY the
made known at sale which will ta
A. M. on the premises.

A.
W

June 6, 1846.—tds

Notic

The members of the Dorchester
ed to meet in Cambridge on MON
A general attendance is requested
portance will be submitted to their
persons wishing to become membe
in their names before the said tim

June 6th WM. A. ST

ADMINISTRATOR'S

THE undersigned is desirous t
the late THOMAS F. ECCLES
allowed by law.—He therefore
those who have claims against th
him of the amount of their claim
debted to the estate, are requested
tice, to pay what is due, or make
with the administrator as will
postponement of settlement.

THOS. I. H. H

May 30, 1846.—3w.

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