d. Reform Convention.

ANNAPOLIS, Feb, 12, 1851.

motion, it was entered on the jour- t Mr. McCullough, a member, and mden, an officer, of the Conven- re detained from their seats by s in their families.

Gwin presented a memorial of H. ff and others, members of the Ma- otal Abstinence Society of Balti- for some constitutional protec- the cause of Temperance.— d to Legislative Committee.

notion of Mr. Phelps, the Com- on Representation and Appor- nt were directed to inquire into priety of so changing the present f representation in the House of es, as to take one member from unty, and city of Baltimore.

Convention then resumed the ration of the order of the day— e report of the Committee on the tion of Rights.

several articles of said report hav- adopted, Mr. Dashiell moved d the preamble by inserting after d "Maryland," in the first line, rds, "representing the counties of Baltimore," thus making the amble read: "We the delegates land, representing the counties of Baltimore, &c.

winn objected to the distinction o be created by the amendment. hiell defended it.

arke moved the following sub- r said preamble: "We, the peo- laryland, grateful to Almighty our freedom, in order to estab- ice, maintain public order, and te liberty, do ordain this Con- —Art. I, Sec. 1st, Declarations s. That the essential princi- iberty and free goverment may recognized and unalterably es- , we declare"—

homas spoke in opposition to dment, and the question was debated, when the amendment ashiell was then rejected.

andall proposed the following titute for the preamble of the d also that proposed by Mr. We, the people of Maryland, o Almighty God for our civil ous liberty, in order to secure tuity of these blessings, do de- Mr. Parke accepted this.

ohn Newcomer proposed the substitute for the preamble: people of the State of Mary- our delegates in Convention at the city of Annapolis, tak- ur most serious consideration means of establishing a good on in this State, declare."— adopted as a substitute, and preamble to the Bill of Rights.

ion of Mr. Spencer, said re- ordered to be printed with the ts adopted thereto.

wie, chairman of the Commit- Judiciary, made a lengthy re- said committee, which was or- e printed and made the order for 24th inst.

ion of Mr. Harbine, the Con- n took up the report of the on the Legislative Depart- h was read and laid over till

sident *pro tem*, (Mr. Tuck) e Convention that an appli- been made to him for the use l for the State Temperance morrow evening. On motion wie, the use was granted.

orney General. It is believ- e appointment of Attorney ll be conferred upon Robert sq.

OF CAPT. WALKER.—There many conflicting reports con- identity of the man who celebrated Texan Ranger e heads this paragraph.— nati Commercial says:

n who was in Mexico at the ve Walker lost his life, and a Mexican lady and be- sively known in that coun- us that on a recent visit to learned that Captain Walker y a Captain Euallio, who risoner by Capt. Walker, im well, and singled him ost difficult foe to contend io was, for this exploit, pro- e office of Major, which holds in the Mexican Ar-

HOLLY CASE.—The Wil- laware) Gazette states that sley, a young man of fine whose classical attain- ll attested in a work enti- ts of Literature, or an in- study of Rhetoric and " published in 1849, by co., of Philadelphia, died Monday last, after being lmost frozen condition in with a bottle of wiskey He recently held the posi- sor in St. Mary's college, , from which he was re- ount of his inebriate habits. however, his course of til he was reduced to a utter destitution—house- less, friendless and penni- driven to the extreme of ndering about, seeking ver chance directed him.

no book so cheap as a ne so interesting, because variety, measured out in s as to time and quality. y day or week, it invites ading and affords an easy ng knowledge, so essen- idual and community.

PROCEEDINGS OF CONGRESS.

Hope was entertained, that the bill from the Senate for the creation of a Board of Accounts, to settle claims against the United States, would have passed the House of Representatives also, so that more speedy justice might be done between individuals and the government; but the bill has been defeated in the House, tho' a substitute has been adopted which, if enacted into a law, may still effect the object in view—that is, to enable claimants to sue the United States. We do not know that this course would be as expensive to claimants as the prosecution of their demands before a Board of Accounts in Washington, as suits may be instituted at home, and tried by juries of the neighborhood. The House having refused to pass the Senate bill, we hope that the substitute will prove to be acceptable to both Houses of Congress, as something should be at once done to relieve government creditors from their present unpleasant position. We fear, however, that this, with other measures of individual importance, may be lost in the confusion of the closing days of Congress.

Congress has now only about two weeks in which to transact the mass of business before it, but if members would speak less and work more, much might be done within that period. Nearly the whole of the appropriation bills have to be acted on, and the Chairman of the Committee of Ways and Means has repeatedly warned the House of the danger of delay. We suppose that they will all be passed, and perhaps, without much examination, as is usually the case when bills are postponed to the few last days of the session. Then there are the cheap postage bill; the bill to indemnify claimants for French spoliations; the bill reported by Mr. Stanton, to establish a line of steamers to Africa, the California rail road and branch mint bills; and various other measures, which should be acted on during the present session. What is to become of these bills?" Will members continue to spend the time in useless discussions, and permit these measures to be postponed "to a more convenient session?" Or, will they practice a little industry for the benefit of their country?

Among the bills mentioned above, there are two which we consider of the greatest importance to the future welfare of the nation, viz: that to establish the African line of steamers—and that to construct a rail road to California. The first would relieve us of a population which is felt to be a burthen in every State, and thus remove one cause of sectional feeling—and the other would make the United States the great thoroughfare for all the commerce of Asia. The former would cost less than is now expended in the support of a squadron on the coast of Africa; whilst the latter would not take a dollar from the public treasury. Both measures are anxiously desired by the people, and we cannot conceive any justifiable pretext upon which they can be postponed. We say, then, that if members will apply themselves diligently for the balance of the session, short as it is, all the measures which we have enumerated, and all others of public importance, can be passed before the adjournment.—*Balt. Clipper.*

A LUCKEY STEAMBOAT CAPTAIN.—The Centerville Sentinel, in refering to the fact that Capt. Strandberg is having a new steamboat built to run between this city and the Eastern Shore, says:

By the way, we learn that Capt. Strandberg has recently had a fine "streak of luck" in the lottery business. He had the good fortune, a few weeks ago, to hold a ticket which drew a prize of *twenty thousand dollars!* Not satisfied with this, he purchased two more tickets, one of which was entitled to a prize of three thousand dollars!

LAND WARRANTS—*Substitutes.*—The Republic understands it has been decided by the Pension Office that, were a soldier engaged to serve six months, and actually served four months, and then hired a substitute who served the residue of the term, both are entitled to bounty land under the provisions of the act of September 28. 1850, according to actual amount of service rendered.

RHODE ISLAND SENATOR.—Twelve Whigs in the Rhode Island Legislature voted for U. S. Senator, and thus he was elected.

Baltimore Market.

BALTIMORE FEB. 15th, 1851.

GRAIN AND SEEDS.—The receipts of Grain have been light, and the market generally dull. Wheat is tending in favor of buyers. We note sales of red at 98 cents to $1 02 for good to prime, and 93 to 98 cents for ordinary to good. Sales of white Wheat at 1 04 a $1 13 as to quality. Rye—Sales at 70 cents. Corn.—The market has been quiet; sales are now making of yellow at 60 a 62 cents, and white at 66a67 cents per bushel. We quote yellow Corn at 61a 62, and white at 66a67c. Oats.—Sales at 43a45 cents per bushel, and rather dull. Cloverseed is in better demand—sales are making of prime old at $4 87½ and new at 5 12½ a $5 18¾; some are asking more. Timothy 2 75 a $3.—Flaxseed $1 45 per bushel.

GUANO.—A good demand. Sales of Peruvian at 47 a $48, and Patagonian at 37 a $38 per ton.

THE ORPHANS' COURT of Dorchester county, will sit on Monday the 24th, day of February.

FOR RENT.

THE rooms over the Democrat office, are to rent for the balance of this year. Feb. 5th, 1851. G. W. PARROTT.

DIED,

In this town on Sunday last, Mr. JOHN B. SPEDDEN, aged about 26 years, after a severe illness of two weeks, which he bore with christian fortitude.

The following brief memoir is written that those who read it, may learn how to live and how they ought to die.

On the 1st day of January 1851, Mrs. ELIZA BAKER closed her mortal existence, aged about 27 years. In early life she "Remembered her Creator," and experienced the fulfillment of that promise, they that seek me early shall find me." In the profession of her Christian faith she entered the communion of the Methodist Episcopal Church, of which she continued an exemplary member till death separated her from the fellowship of saints on earth, to join the congregation of the Blessed in Heaven.

The religion she professed was also, one that she *enjoyed.* She realized the truth of that Scripture, "to them that believe Christ is precious"—it was the guide of her youth and the support of her riper years. In affliction, as well as in health, it yielded consolation and proved to be "a rod and staff, in the valley of the shadow of death." It was indeed, a privelege to witness its influence upon her dying bed—in that crisis her faith was fixed in the promise of her redeemer. She was tranquil and triumphant, the hope of heaven shed a cheerful radiance upon the scene and the soul of the dying christian—ready for its flight, rejoiced in the living God.

Believing her end to be nigh, sometime before her death, she took an affectionate leave of her family; giving to all some religious advice, committing them in confidence to the watchcare of her heavenly father, and exorting them to meet her in Heaven. Mrs. B., filled and adored the sphere in the various walks of life. She was devoted as a wife, tender as a parent, and generous as a friend; and while those who survive her, mourn in bereavement, they may derive solace from the truth that "Those who die in the Lord, rest from their labours and their works do follow them."

East New Market, Feb. 1851. P.

New Boot & Shoe Store.

THE subscribers having purchased the entire stock and materials, of Mr. Josiah Hopkins, would respectfully inform their friends and the public generally, that they have commenced the above named business at Mr. Hopkins' old stand; where they are prepared to make up work out of the very best materials, and in workman-like manner, at the shortest notice, and as cheap as can be made on this shore.

They hope by strict attention to business, to merit a share of public patronage. H. T. WINTERBOTTOM, WILLIAM T. WILSON.

Feb. 19, 1851—6m Cambridge, Md.

NOTICE.

THE subscriber having discontinued business, respectfully informs all persons indebted to him, in any way, to come forward and settle their respective accounts, between this date and the first day of March next. Persons having bills against me, will please present them for payment.

He returns his sincere thanks for the liberal patronage extended to him, while in business, and would take this occasion to recommend his successors Winterbottom & Wilson, to public favor.

The dwelling where I now live will be to rent, for the ballance of this year. Feb. 19, 1851—3t. JOSIAH HOPKINS.

Maryland—Sct:

Dorchester county Orphans' court, Feb. 11th, 1851.

On application of William D. Twilley acting adm'r of William Collins, late of Dorchester county, dec'd.—IT IS ORDERED that he give the notice required by law for all creditors to exhibit their claims against the said deceased's estate, and that he cause the same to be published once in each week, for the space of three successive weeks, in the "Cambridge Democrat," a paper selected by him.

In Testimony that the foregoing is truly copied from the minutes of the proceedings of Dorchester county Orphans' court, I have hereunto set my name and the seal of my office affixed this 11th, day of February, in the year of our Lord, 1851. (L. S.)

THOMAS H. HICKS.
Register of Wills, Dorchester county

In compliance with the above order, this is to give notice, that the subscriber of Dorchester county, hath obtained from the Orphans' court of Dorchester county, in Maryland, letters of administration on the personal estate of William Collins, late of Dorchester, county, dec'd. All persons having claims against the said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof to the subscriber, on or before the 11th, of Aug. next, or they may be otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate.

Given under my hand this 11th day of February 1851.

WILLIAM D. TWILLEY,
acting adm'r of Wm. Collins, dec'd.
Jan. 19th, 1851.—3w.

Guano & Bone Dust.

THE subscriber keeps constantly on hand PERUVIAN and PATAGONIA GUANO, warranted equal in quality to any imported, also a superior article of BONE DUST. He respectfully invites the attention of farmers, to the above. All of which he will sell at the lowest market rates.

WM. ROBINSON,
[No. 4, Hollingsworth street, near Pratt St. Wharf, Baltimore, Md.
☞ Also Building and Agricultural Lime. Feb. 12, 1851.—1m.

Maryland—Sct:

Dorchester county Orphans' Court, Feb. 11th, 1851.

On application of Wm. W., Isaac H. & John W. Wright, Executors of Isaac Wright, late of Dorchester county, dec'd. IT IS ORDERED that they give the notice required by law for all creditors to exhibit their claims against the said deceased's estate, and that they cause the same to be published once in each week, for the space of three successive weeks, in the "Cambridge Democrat," a paper selected by them.

In Testimony that the foregoing is truly copied from the minutes of the proceedings of Dorchester county Orphans' court, I have hereunto set my name and the seal of my office affixed, this 11th day of Feb. in the year of our Lord, 1851. (L. S.)

THOS. H. HICKS,
Register of Wills, Dorchester county.

In compliance with the above order, this is to give notice, that the subscribers of Dorchester county, hath obtained from the Orphans' court of Dorchester county, in Maryland, letters of administration on the personal estate of Isaac Wright, late of Dorchester county, dec'd. All persons having claims against the said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscribers, on or before the 11th, day of Aug. next, or they may be otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate.

Given under our hands this 11th, day of February, 1851.

WM. W., ISAAC & JOHN W. WRIGHT.
Admr's of Isaac Wright, dec'd.
Jan. 19th, 1851.—3w.

Take Notice.

NEGROES WANTED.

I SHALL remain in Cambridge until about the 1st of April, for the purpose of purchasing NEGROES that are slaves for life. Persons having such property for sale, will do well to see me before they sell, as I am determined to pay the highest prices in *Cash*, that the Southern Markets will justify. I can be found at the Hotel of Mr. John Bradshaw. Communications promptly attended to.

WM. HARKER.

Cambridge Feb. 12th, 1851.—1m.

SALE OF REAL AND PERSONAL ESTATE.

IN pursuance of an order of the Orphan's Court of Dorchester County, I will sell at public sale, on

TUESDAY the 18th day of February.

commencing at 10 o'clock, at the late residence of John W. D. Traverse, on Taylors Island, all the said deceased's personal Estate, consisting of House-hold and Kitchen furniture, one four wheel carriage, nearly new, Horses, Hogs, Sheep, Cattle and farming utensils, corn and fodder, an interest in ferry scow, to be delivered after the 10th May, cord wood, a schooner, about 18 months old, copper fastened and will carry about 50 cords of wood, and numerous personal effects not particularized.

And by virtue of authority derived from the last will and testament of said deceased, I will offer for sale at the store of Travers & Keene, on Taylors Island, on

SATURDAY the 15th day of March,

between the hours of 10 and 2 o'clock, all the real estate of which the deceased died seized, consisting of the following lands, to wit:

The farm on Taylors Island adjoining the lands of Solomon F. Kirwan and William D. Traverse, Esqrs., called "ROBINSONS REGULATION or the ROBINSON NECK FARM," Containing 256 3-4 acres of land more or less, a fair proportion of which is well timbered; a further description of the land is deemed unnecessary, as purchasers will examine for themselves.

The farm called PROSPECT, on Taylors Island (together with a lot of 7 acres connected thereto,) on Taylors Island, near the upper ferry, a fair proportion of which is in timber, and containing some 130 acres more or less.

Two lots of timbered land on the Main, adjoining the ferry lands of Jeremiah L. Pattison, Esq., being part of "POLLARDS ENCLOSURE" 20 acres more or less, and TRAVERSE' ADDITION 6 1-2 acres more or less.

The terms of sale of the personal Estate will be such as are usual at such sales, and the lands will be sold for one third cash, the balance in six and 12 months, the purchaser giving bond with unquestionable security, bearing interest from the day of sale; after the payment of which, deeds will be given.—Further particulars if required will be made known on the day of sale.

THOS. B. TRAVERSE, Ex'or.,
of John W. D. Traverse.

N. B. The late residence of the deceased containing some twelve acres of land, with all necessary buildings and improvements, will be for rent, for the balance of this year, after the sale of the personal estate, for terms apply to Thomas B. Traverse, Esq., or

WM. REA, Guardian.

Feb. 12, 1851. (tds)

Prospectus of the WORLD'S Fair ART-UNION.

FIFTY PRIZES.

EACH First Class Prize a First Cabin Passage from New York to London and back, in a first-class American Packet Ship, with every requisite for the voyage, and $100 each to pay expenses in London.

SUBSCRIPTION—FIVE DOLLARS A SHARE

Each Subscriber has an Engraving worth more than double the amount subscribed.

OFFICE, 50 WALL STREET, New York City, over the American Exchange Bank.

COMMITTEE OF MANAGEMENT:
E. S. HASKINS, ESQ., J. M. BARROWS, ESQ., CAPT. F. NAZIER, EDW. WALLIS, ESQ., T. WATTS, M. D., T. B. ADAMS, ESQ., W. C. HORNFAGER, ESQ., J. TOWNSEND, ESQ.

SECRETARY:
J. TOWNSEND, ESQ.

TREASURER:
THE BANK OF NEW YORK.

It would be idle to suppose there are any so ignorant of passing events as not to have heard of the wonder of the age, "*The Great Word's Fair.*" It would be absurd to suppose that any who have heard of this event would not have a strong desire to witness this novel, gigantic and grand exhibition. But amid the tens of thousands in whom this desire exists, there are thousands *unwilling* and thousands *unable* to make the necessary outlay for a journey to and from London. To every one of these an Engraving, which shall be valuable as well because it is a truthful picture of the interior of this fairy-like crystal palace, as because it exhibits the extremest perfection of art, will be an object of interest.

We have taken the trouble to ascertain, by a careful and elaborate estimate, that to produce an engraving worthy of this memorable occasion, and to make 4,000 copies of it, would cost at least $5,000. For such an engraving the printsellers would charge certainly $10, probably $15 a copy, and pocket perhaps $20,000 of profit. Instead however of letting this enormous sum be swallowed up by the print-sellers, we will publish the engraving by co-operation, so that each subscriber can obtain a copy, at to say the least, *one half the price the print-seller would charge*, and then have a large sum to spare to distribute as prizes.

First, we intend to secure the services of a first-rate American Artist, who will proceed to London and make a sketch of the *interior of the Great World's Fair in the zenith of its splendor, when everything will be displayed to the greatest possible advantage on the accasion of the visit thereto of the projector, the* Prince Albert, his consort the Queen of England, and their children.—From this sketch the engraving will be made, and will form the most magnificient and interesting tableaux.

The number of Subscribers is limited to 4,000.

Each subscriber will be entitled to a copy of the Engraving and a chance for one of 50 Prizes. The accounts will stand thus:

4,000 subscriptions at $5 each, will be	$20,000
The engraving, and 4,000 copies will cost .	$5,000
The expense of management, advertisements, &c., &c., will not exceed	2,500
Total expenditure .	7,500
Which deducted from $20,000 leaves	$12,500

This $12,500 is to be divided into 50 prizes—25 First Class, and 25 Second Class.

These prizes to be distributed among the subscribers in the ordinary manner of Art-Unions.

Prizes:

Each first class prize will be a first cabin passage from New York to London and back, with every requisite for the voyage, together with $100 for expenses in London.

Each second class prize will be a first cabin passage from New York to London and back, with every requisite for the voyage

The 25 first class prizes will be equal to . . .	$7,500
The 25 second class prizes will be equal to. . .	5,000
	$12,500

The shares and prizes will be transferable at the option of the holders.

The drawing will take place as soon as the shares are taken, (nearly one-half are already taken,) and in ample time to permit every prize-holder to proceed to London so as to be there at the commencement of the Fair.

The whole will be under the management of a Committee of the Subscribers, and so conducted as will not fail to give the most entire satisfaction to every subscriber.

BY ORDER OF THE COMMITTE OF MANAGEMENT.
J. TOWNSEND, SECRETARY.
Jan. 29th, 1851.—6t.

Cash for Negroes.

I WISH to purchase any number of slaves, for which I will pay the *highest cash prices.* Those that have slaves for sale, will find it to their advantage to see me before they sell, as I am buying for the New Orleans Market. Any communications addressed to me at Cambridge, or to B. M & W. L. Campbell, at No. 242 Pratt street, Baltimore, (Slatter's old stand,) will be promptly attended to.

I will attend to business at any place on the Eastern Shore of Maryland.

CHARLES WILLIGMAN, Agent
Jy 24, '50. for B. M. & W. L. Campbell.

HOPKINS' Antalgic Liniment,

FOR THE CURE OF

Rheumatism, Lumbago, Sciatica, Neuralgy, Face ache, Tooth-ache, Sore Throat, Bruises, Sprains, &c.

Prepared only by

S. B. HOPKINS & CO.

EASTON, MD.

THE most painful and distressing maladies known to humanity may be embraced under the general term *Neuralgy.* Algic affliction of the nerves are as common as they are intolerable, attacking all classes and ages in every variety and form.

Tooth-ache (bad as it is,) presents but a modification of that class of disorders whose most fearful developments may be traced in the insufferable agonies of *Tic Doulourcaux.* Rheumatism, too, while it keeps on the rack the tortured sensibilities of so many sufferers, disqualifies a large portion of those means of locomotion so necessary to their maintenance and comfort. Crippled and care worn the victims of this universal malady appeal strongly to us for our sympathy and aid.

To assauge pain, and thus contribute to the duration of happiness of human life, is certainly an object worthy the exertions of the benevolent and philanthropic, and every contribution to so important and praiseworthy an object should be hailed by all as a blessing.

The design of Hopkins' Liniment is to remove the affections referred to, as well as all others of a kindred character—and it may be permitted us to add, that we promise nothing we are not competent to perform. It is no part of the proprietor's place to indulge the terms of fulsome laudation with which so many of the popular medicines of the day have been trumpeted before the public. They desire only a candid and impartial test of the virtues of the Liniment, convinced that the results will amply vindicate its claims to public confidence.—In all Neuralgic and Rheumatic affections, such as *Facial Neuralgy, Tic Douloureux, Lumbago, Sciatica,* as well as an external application in *Sore Throat, Tooth-ache &c. &c.* this Liniment will prove indeed an invaluable boon to the afflicted.

In the vicinity of the Proprietors own residence it enjoys the most exalted reputation, as might be demonstrated from certificates of the most judicious and reputable persons. The certificates appended will recommend themselves by the clearness and directness of their statements, and the intelligent and highly reputable source from whence they emanate.

Certificates.

Mr. S. B. Hopkins, Dear Sir—I feel great satisfaction in certifying to the good effect your Liniment has produced in the several cases, (four in number) that have come under my supervision.—My wife, who has suffered most acutely for years past from that appalling, and in her case hitherto incurable disease, *Neuralgia,* has found decided relief from the simple application of the Liniment to the part affected. The application was made upon the approach of an attack, and no discoloration or other unpleasant effects are left on the skin.

Yours very truly,
JAS. N. GOLDSBOROUGH,
Woodstock, near Easton, April 25th 1850

This is to certify that I have used Hopkins' Liniment in my family with the most satisfactory success. My sister, Mrs. Harrison, was afflicted with a pain in the neck and shoulder so severely that she could not turn her head without great suffering, but one bottle of the Liniment effected a complete cure.—One of my servants was also afflicted with Rheumatism, and was cured effectually by using the Liniment. I give this certificate with great pleasure.

THOS. ATKISON.

Near Trappe, Talbot co., Sept 20, 1850.

TOBACCO STICK, Dorchester co., Md., May 28th, 1850.

Dear Sir—This is to certify that my wife suffered severely for a long time with a violent pain in her left jaw, so intense that she was unable to chew upon it for five or six weeks. I procured a bottle of your Liniment and before she had used one-half she was entirely cured.

REUBEN TALL.

EASTON, March 19, 1850.

Mr. Samuel B. Hopkins—

Dear Sir—Some time during last year I was so severely afflicted with Lumbago as to be for near two days unable to turn myself in bed without the most excruciating pain; to relieve which I had recourse to the usual remedies, but found no ease until happily I was induced to try your inestimable Liniment, which immediately relieved me, after two applications.

Yours, &c. THOS. BEASTON.

COLLEGE GREEN, Cecil Co., Md.

Mr. Hopkins.—Dear Sir:—My mother an elderly lady, sprained her knee joint badly, which caused her the most excruciating pain; the joint was also much swollen. The only remedy at hand was the bottle of Liniment you presented me with, was immediately applied and entirely relieved the pain and had great effect in reducing the swelling.

We have no doubt of the good effect of your Liniment in this case, and if you see proper to make this statement public, you can do so with pleasure. With much respect, your ob't serv't,

EASTON, 12th January, 1850.

I hereby certify that after a trial of the medicine manufactured by Mr. Samuel B. Hopkins for Rheumatism, having purchased one bottle of him and tried it, I consider it the best remedy I have seen for that complaint.

JAMES PARROT.

From Rev. T. L. McLean.

HOPKINS' LINIMENT has been quite remedial in a case of Face-ache in my family.

T. L. MCLEAN,
Easton, March 16, 1850.

MR. S. B. HOPKINS—*Dear Sir:* I made use of the Liniment obtained from you, and its effects were beyond my most sanguine expections. For years I have been a martyr to the Head ache—a large portion of my time being passed in excrutiating pain. The first application of your remedy, greatly to my surprise and gratification relieved me immediately. My wife also has tried it and with the same success. Should it opperate in other cases as it has in mine, no doubt it will be one of the most popular medicines ever offered to the public.

Your's Respectfully,
Jan. 10, 1850 S. HARRINGTON.

The Liniment is put up in 4oz. bottles. Price 50 cents.

Agents.

Wm. Thomas,	Cambridge.
James Hammersley,	Church Creek.
Travers & Tall,	Taylor's Island.
Wm. Laws,	Milton.
S. &. E. Harrington	Tobacco Stick.
Moses L. Keene,	Locust Grove.
Thomas Andrews,	Lake's District.
Goodman Gootee,	Golden Hill.
John Mills,	Buck Town.
W. J. Vane,	Hicksburg.
James K. Lewis,	Vienna.
J. E. Davis,	Ennall's Springs.
Willis Rawleigh & Co.,	New Market.
Mrs. E. Thomas,	L. Hunting Creek
George W. Garey,	Cabin Creek.

Jan. 29th, 1851. 6m

In Chancery, 27th, Jan. 1851.

ORDERED that the sale of the Real Estate, in the cause of Levin H. Campbell, against Douglass Dashiell, made and reported by the Trustee, Daniel M. Henry, be ratified and confirmed, unless cause be shewn to the contrary, on or before the 27th, day of March next, provided a copy of this order be published in some newspaper in Dorchester County, once in each of three successive weeks, before the 12th day of March next.

The Report states the amount of sales to be $1181,00.

True copy
Test
LOUIS GASSAWAY,
Reg. cur. can.

Feb. 12th, 1851.—3t.

REMOVAL.

New Winter Goods.

THE undersigned has just returned from Baltimore with a large and splendid stock of WINTER GOODS, and removed his store adjoining the residence of Wm. Rea, Esq, where he is prepared to sell goods on the very best terms for cash, or on a short credit.—Such as French, English, and Domestic Dry Goods, embracing the newest and most fashionable styles of Ladies' Dress Goods, with a complete assortment of *Cloths, Cassimeres and Vestings,* for gentlemen's wear.

His stock is complete with every kind of goods suitable for the present season. He respectfully invites purchasers to give him a call.

His assortment of GROCERIES is full, with a lot of supr. extra and family flour, by the barrel. Also a fine assortment of perfumery.

SAMUEL L. BYRN.
Jan. 1, 1851.—1y Cambridge, Md.

Removal.

Fall & Winter Fashions.

JNO. B. SPEDDEN. JAMES B. MILLS.

SPEDDEN & MILLS

HAVE removed their shop to the room recently occupied by Sam'l. D. Lecompte, Esq., & one door above the store of F. J. Henry, where they are prepared to make up work in the *LATEST* and *MOST FASHIONABLE STYLE.* Therefore with the determination to spare no pains, either to please or accommodate, they respectfully solicit a liberal share of the people's patronage. Give them a call.

☞ Persons indebted to the subscribers are respectfully invited to call and settle their accounts, either by cash or note. SPEDDEN & MILLS.

CAMBRIDGE, Md.—Jan. 1st, 1851—1y

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