

THE STATE-RIGHTS' ADVOCATE & MARYLAND SENTINEL.

The State-Rights' Advocate.



BY THOMAS J. KEATING.

CENTREVILLE, MD.

TUESDAY MORNING, APRIL 17, 1860.

A THIRD PARTY.

We can not, for the life of us, divine the exigency, which, in the present crisis, demands a triangular contest for the next Presidency. The no-party-men may think they see in it a favorable opportunity to accomplish the destruction of old party fealty; the Know Nothings, steeped in political bankruptcy and with nothing to lose, may wish thus to place themselves in a position to gain something in any contingency; the inveterate haters of Democracy may desire in this way to vent their enmity against her without incurring responsibility for every consequence that may follow her defeat; and the moderate Republicans in their native and intrinsic weakness, may hope thereby to derive collateral aid from those who sympathize with some of their objects but refuse a direct participation in all their aims; but what is there in all these hopes and desires and wishes and thoughts, to commend a "third party" movement to the favorable consideration of those who are not afraid to look living issues in the face, and say boldly for what they contend? Black Republicanism has placed the issue of slavery *vel non* before the country; and indefinitely upon this issue is the only feature disclosed by this new organization. It has assumed the high sounding title of "the Constitutional Union Party," and inscribed upon its banner the attractive motto of "the Union and the Constitution and the enforcement of the Laws," and this is all we know of it. In the "irrepressible conflict" waged by Mr. Seward and his followers it does not take a position upon either one side or the other, but ignores entirely the very subject, that is now rending the Union in twain and shaking to their very base the pillars of the Constitution. Is this the party for a crisis? Is such uncertainty a safe retreat when danger is imminent? What guarantee of security have we in such an organization? It invites communion and fellowship with every shade of political opinion; its success will therefore establish nothing. It proposes to maintain the Union and the Constitution and to enforce the laws; but how? that is the question which its pronouncement does not answer. Now the Democratic party proposes the same thing and thus far gives its rival no advantage; but this is not all. It plants itself upon the doctrines of the Cincinnati platform and with the Dred Scott decision in hand defies the assaults of its Black Republican adversary upon the Constitution and the Union. It recognizes negro slavery as property in the States where it exists and under the Constitution of the United States, and upon this basis offers to sustain the Constitution and the Union against the "irrepressible conflict" of Mr. Seward. Its success is essential to the maintenance of Southern rights and the permanency of Southern institutions; and surely no true Southern man can desire to contribute to its defeat, by bestowing Southern votes upon an uncertain, indefinite, nondescript third party without principles and without prestige.

THE ACADEMY IN CENTREVILLE.—It is a shame that the old Academy building in Centreville should be neglected in the way she has been for the last few years. She is suffering in her old age to tumble gradually into decay, and has become an eyesore upon the town. There is not a trace left of the neat plank fence which at one time marked her enclosures, and a tree can scarcely be seen any where upon her grounds. Many of us spent our school-boy-days within and around her venerable walls; and there she stands, naked, dirty and dilapidated, like a neglected mother, silently rebuking her grown-up sons for their ungrateful forgetfulness of the early advantages to which she so largely contributed. Recollections of our boyhood, which, at the sight of her, should crowd thick and fast upon the memory, involuntarily retreat, abashed at her wan and worn appearance. If some one does not pay her that attention, which all of her old scholars should gladly embrace the opportunity of bestowing upon her declining years, old father time will soon dissolve the mortar that binds her timbers and bricks together and leave her in ruins. We presume the Trustees of the Academy have no funds in hand that can be appropriated to repairs; but we think that, if the Teachers will start a subscription paper for that purpose the amount necessary to put the building and perhaps the ground in complete order can easily be raised.

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The Potter and Pryor Difficulty.

WASHINGTON, April 13.—The following is believed to be a correct statement of the Potter and Pryor affair up to noon to-day. Immediately after the occurrence in the House, Mr. Pryor dispatched through Mr. Hindman, of Arkansas, a note to Mr. Potter, asking him to leave the District to receive another communication. To this Mr. Potter replied that as Mr. Pryor's note contemplated avoiding the anti-duelling penalties in the District, and that as his disqualification was contained in the constitution of Wisconsin, he could not leave the District, on which Mr. Chisman, a substitute for Mr. Hindman, who was obliged to leave for Arkansas, handed Mr. Potter a peremptory challenge from Mr. Pryor, dating his note from Virginia. Col. Lander, who had been designated by Mr. Potter as his friend, handed, after a lapse of twelve hours, a note to Mr. Chisman, accepting the challenge, and naming common bowie-knives as the weapons, to fight in the open air, with two friends each, armed with Colt's pistols. Mr. Chisman protests against this form of weapon as absurd, barbarous and vulgar, and offers to construe the code in the most liberal terms, provided other arms are suggested. Mr. Potter authorizes Col. Lander to decline any other arms, and Col. Lander offers to substitute himself for Mr. Potter with other weapons, to both of which propositions Mr. Chisman, without consulting Mr. Pryor, replies that the first is vulgar and inadmissible, and that while appreciating Col. Lander's zeal for his friend they have no cause for quarrel with him, and consequently no demand to make on him. Mr. Pryor is still in Virginia, and has not yet heard of his second's action in the matter. The latter is believed to have acted after consultation with Messrs. Miles, Keitt, Mason and Hammond. Mr. Potter came into the House at half-past ten o'clock to-day and was greeted by a number of his friends, with whom he retired to a cloak room.

SECOND DISPATCH.

WASHINGTON, April 13.—The former dispatch was based on information obtained in democratic circles. The following in relation to the same correspondence is the version in republican quarters: It is understood that after Mr. Potter replied to Mr. Pryor's first note that he would receive any message that might be sent him in the District, Mr. Pryor asked him if he would accept a challenge, to which Mr. Potter replied that he would inform him whenever a challenge reached him. Mr. Pryor then sent him a challenge, to which Mr. Potter replied, referring him to Col. Lander to make the necessary arrangements. The terms proposed by Col. Lander to Mr. Chisman were that Mr. Potter, though disclaiming allegiance to the code, would fight Mr. Pryor in any place, in doors or out, in the District of Columbia, with bowie-knives. This was declined on the ground that the weapons were barbarous and inhuman, and not in use among gentlemen. To this Col. Lander replies that he detests the whole system of duelling as barbarous and inhuman, but being called to account for the exercise of free speech on the floor of the House, he consented; not being accustomed to the usual weapons of the duelist, to meet him in a way that would place them on equal terms, and to name the time and place and weapons. But as the weapons named by Mr. Potter through Col. Lander, were objected to, Col. Lander, without Mr. Potter's knowledge, tendered himself to Mr. Pryor without restrictions, which was also declined, on the ground that he had no quarrel with Col. Lander.

No Duel.

WASHINGTON, April 13.—The authorities are assured, so positively do the friends of the combatants adhere to their respective modes, that no fight can possibly take place; nor is it apprehended that any difficulty can now occur, except in a formal manner. M. THE REACTION IN NEW ENGLAND.—The late elections in New England prove that a reaction has begun in the popular mind there, which is the forerunner of a great political and moral revolution in this country. The union that has been consummated between the Abolition fanatics and the political rogues and the mainfest tendency of their aims to sap the guarantees of the Constitution and destroy the Confederacy has alarmed the South and begun to awaken the conservative feeling every where. New Hampshire is too remote from the great ideas of commercial and industrial interests to have experienced the effect of the new dangers. But Connecticut and Rhode Island are in close contact with the commercial metropolis of the Union, and in them the bonds of interest have already begun to draw.

The result of the recent elections in the free States animates and encourages the democrats, while Seward stock yields perceptibly before the McLean movement.

A Change in Europe.

When "the Holy Alliance," as it was impiously called, had succeeded in dethroning the Great Napoleon, and restoring the stupid Bourbons to the throne of France, they determined that the name of Bonaparte should never more be recognized among the sovereigns of Europe. Napoleon the first, who single handed had beaten the whole continent and carried the glory of the French nation to a height never before attained, was hunted and baited by all Europe combined, and finally beaten, more by the gold of England than by the valor of his hydra-headed opponents; and then, to the ever lasting disgrace of English chivalry, banished to a lonely desolate island ten thousand miles from his beloved France.—Having thus banished Napoleon, and entered into an agreement that none of his name should be tolerated as a ruler, this "Holy Alliance" thought they had fixed upon France the burden of legitimacy in the Bourbon dynasty for the next century, and might retire with the assurance that legitimacy was safe, and change and progress at an end. But now we find another Napoleon on the throne of France, and all Europe quietly submitting to his rule and the aggrandizement of his Empire. Legitimacy is once more at a discount, and talents and energy are assuming their proper influence. We can but smile at the thought of these scions of legitimacy quailing and bowing before a relative of the "hated Corsican," and how grimly Napoleon himself must smile, as he witnesses the trepidation which exists among the enemies and dethroners of his great uncle. Truly, time works wondrous changes, and there has none more wonderful taken place within this present century than those to which we have referred.

THE N. Y. POST OFFICE.

The same writer says— "The alleged defalcation in the New York Post Office amounts to this precisely: The accounts (just adjusted) for the quarter ending 31st December, show a deficiency of about \$15,000, of which the Postmaster has been notified to-day. No doubt is entertained but it will be adjusted immediately, as his bond covers \$75,000. The weekly deposits which are returned to the department exhibited larger receipts than usual, so that there was no means of detecting any discrepancy till the accounts were closed. Judge Black closed his argument in the Bolton case, and the decision now rests with the Court.

THE NEW ENGLAND ELECTIONS.

The small majority, now ascertained from Connecticut, I can with confidence assure you has at this writing, damaged the prospect of Mr. Seward's nomination at Chicago. I say advisedly that prominent New England Senators have expressed themselves to the effect that Mr. Seward will be unable to carry the States of Connecticut and Rhode Island. This is no gossip. "The general tone of conversation indicates that the Connecticut election has made the profound impression with the South that the nation is not in danger?—and has elevated the spirits of the Union Party, who think that their "solid men" have contributed in this result far more than the "stumpers." The Administration is in great glee.—Douglasites ditto.—All hands cheer, even the victors."—*Con. Newark Ad.* All this comes from Republican authority. Fernando Wood's delegation at Charleston, it appears, will be well provided for, as we learn by the following from his organ, the News:—"The National Democratic delegation from this State go to Charleston, perhaps, under more auspicious and comfortable arrangements than any others from the North. Food and lodging for the delegates and their friends, there will at least be no lack of. The delegation has hired and paid for the large and commodious building called St. Andrew's Hall, and each delegate and alternate, who attends, has his bed ready for him, and waiting his arrival, paid for in advance. As to board, we learn that a steward for the delegation has taken possession of his quarter, and will set *table d'hote*, at moderate prices. Large Committee rooms and other conveniences for meeting and for entertaining friends are secured. Besides these, handsome parlors at the hotels have been taken by several individual members of the delegation. The flag of Mozart Hall will fly bravely and boldly everywhere at Charleston. "The delegation meets in this city on Thursday next, 12th inst., at noon, at the Astor House. Some of the delegates will leave New York the next day for Washington; others will follow on Saturday or Monday, some by the land route, others by steamship. Through tickets, by railroad, going and returning, have been arranged for \$36 the round trip, each; the steamship fare is less, even.—Some prefer the one route, and some the other. It is probable that the delegation may agree to re-convene on the 20th or the 21st at Charleston."

EXCLUSIVENESS.—Rev. George W. Langhorne is writing a series of articles, in the Richmond Christian Advocate, against permitting the ministers of other denominations to occupy Methodist pulpits.

Sixty Abolitionists in Congress voting in favor of a proposition to abolish Slavery wherever it exists.

In the House of Representatives a few days since, Mr. Blake, member of Congress from Ohio, introduced the following preamble and resolution, which received the votes of sixty Black Republican members in its favor. Whereas the chattelizing of humanity is contrary to natural justice and the fundamental principles of our political system, and is notoriously a reproach to our country throughout the civilized world, and a serious hindrance to the progress of republican liberty among the nations of the earth, therefore, Resolved, That the Committee on the Judiciary be, and the same are hereby instructed to inquire into the expediency of reporting a bill giving freedom to every human being, and the interdiction of slavery wherever Congress has the constitutional power to legislate on the subject. It was defeated by ayes 60, nays 109.

TALL WHEAT.—The editor of the Somerset (Md.) Union has been shown a specimen of wheat 22 inches in height, grown on the farm of Dr. W. Taylor near Quantico. It is said to be a fair sample from a field of sixty bushels seeding. G. Anderson of the same county, has some which averages 17 inches in height.—The wheat crop of the county, however, as a general thing, is said to be very backward.

THE "Mass Meeting of the friends of the Constitutional Union party" in the Square on Thursday night, did not demonstrate that the strength of that party lies in numbers. The meeting was extremely select, indeed, and so well behaved as must have thrown a chill upon the hearts of its promoters.—There was nobody to oppose it—none to find fault with it—none to kick up a row—nobody tight—nobody for the police to arrest—no noise—no enthusiasm—no "villainous salt-peter" burnt and the consequence was that Mr. Thompson, of Indiana, was enabled to commence a very good speech, after its kind, and to go on without interruption by anything but a shower, which caused the "Mass" to adjourn to Carroll Hall, which held it without difficulty.—*Exchange.*

LEAVING FOR THE ATLANTIC STATES.—The San Francisco Herald says of the annual tour of families to the Atlantic States:—"The annual visiting stampede for the Atlantic States has commenced. Every year about this time people begin to sell off their furniture and offer their houses to let, and go East to pass the summer. This is probably because the travelling is safer and pleasanter at this season, and the pleasures of society are more accessible during the summer months 'at home.' The best state-rooms for the outgoing steamers are already engaged for the 29th inst., and many are taken for the 5th and 20th of April. In July and August the rush will be the other way. For these reasons there are more houses to let now than at any time for six months past."

MR. BARNUM has been in negotiation for some time to bring over for a "show" the winner in the grand prize fight, to come off in England, this week; and has dispatched to-day, an agent for the purpose of closing the matter and to bring out immediately the successful "Pug." Part of programme is that the great notability is to come directly from the steamer to the Museum, so that within fifteen minutes after the gentleman is ashore he will be to the Museum, and if he doesn't draw a bigger crowd than the Baby Show, Barnum says that he will give in.

KENT COUNTY AFFAIRS.—The commissioners of Kent county, Md., have made their annual appointments, as follows: Collector of Taxes—First district, Jas. Lamb second district, Pere L. Lynch; third district Richard F. Moffat. Trustees to Amshouse.—First district, Captain Geo. H. Wilson; second district Simon Wickes; third district, Robert Griffith. Standard Keeper.—John P. Greenwood.

ONE IN AUTHORITY TURNED AUTHOR.—A Washington correspondence of the New Orleans Picayune says: "The President of the United States, in the course of a conversation with himself, a few days ago, expressed an intention of writing some reminiscences of his own career, in Congress and abroad. Mr. Buchanan is desirous of leaving on record some notes of the prominent public men, with whom, at different periods of his life he has been associated."

JUDGE DOUGLAS.—Judge Douglas will be forty-six on the 23rd of April.—He has been in public life more than a quarter of a century, having begun his career just as he entered manhood. He was a county judge when almost a boy; then a member of the Legislature; then a United States District Attorney; then a judge of the Supreme Court, and from 1844 to 1860 has occupied leading positions in both branches of Congress.

THE POLICE BILL AND THE COURT OF APPEALS.—We have reliable authority for stating that sundry publications, based upon mere rumor, with respect to the action of the Court of Appeals on the new police bill, are utterly without foundation. And as to the time when the opinion would be delivered, all seems to have been mere guess-work. It was also incorrectly stated that the court adjourned on Thursday until Monday.—We have further reliable authority for saying that the opinion of the court will be filled on Tuesday next, when public anxiety will be relieved upon the subject. The great importance of the questions involved has engaged the serious attention and most deliberate concern of the whole court; and the issue will be, without doubt, clearly elaborated in the decision.—*Sun.*

Baltimore Grain Market FROM THE "SUN" OF MONDAY.

Table with 2 columns: Grain type and Price. Includes Fair to good white wheat, Prime to choice do., Good to prime red do., White corn, Yellow corn, Maryland Rye, Maryland Oats.

Examiners' Notice.

THE undersigned, Examiners appointed by the Board of Commissioners of Queen Anne's county, to examine and locate the route of a new road to begin at some point on the public road from Centreville to Rutshburg, as near the middle point thereof as is in their judgement most practicable, and to run thence to the Road from Centreville to Colgan's X roads, near the middle point, between the point of intersection of said road and the road from Centreville to Church Hill, thence across to the public road, known as the Whitmarsh Road, to some point near the Brick School House on said road,—hereby give notice to all concerned to meet them on Saturday the 19th day of May, 1860, at 9 o'clock, A. M., on the first named road, near the residence of Wm. H. Jacobs, Esq., when they will proceed to execute the duties enjoined upon them by their appointment. The County Surveyor will meet them without further notice.

JAMES FICKEY, JOS K. COOK, ISAAC MASON, Examiners. April 17, 1860—tdm

TO CONSUMPTIVES AND NERVOUS SUFFERERS.

THE subscriber, for several years a resident of Asia, discovered while there, a simple vegetable remedy—a sure Cure for Consumption, Asthma, Bronchitis, Coughs, Colds and Nervous Debility.—For the benefit of Consumptives and Nervous sufferers, he is willing to make the same public.

To those who desire it, he will send the Prescription, with full directions (free of charge) also a sample of the medicine, which they will find a beautiful combination of Nature's simple herbs. Those desiring the Remedy can obtain it by return mail, by addressing J. E. GUTHBERT, Botanic Physician, No. 429 Broadway, New York. April 17, 1860—3a.

JUST OPENED! MASTBAUM'S Philadelphia Clothing Emporium.

White and Fancy Linen Shirts, Collars, Ties, Handkerchiefs, Suspenders—a large stock on hand. by L. MASTBAUM. CITY MADE BOOTS. L. MASTBAUM is selling City Made Sewed Boots at \$4. Call and see them. April 17, 1860.

COUNTY COMMISSIONERS' NOTICE.

PERSONS who have accounts against Queen Anne's county, are directed to file them with the Clerk of the County Commissioners, (properly authenticated) on or before the 15th day of May next. Accounts filed after that time will not be included in this year's levy. By order: JNO. H. ROWLENSON, Clerk Co. Com. April 17, 1860—15m.

COUNTY COMMISSIONERS' NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that the County Commissioners will meet at their office on the 8th day of May next for the purpose of appointing Collectors of State and county Taxes, for the several districts for the year 1860. By order: JNO. H. ROWLENSON, Clerk Co. Com. April 17, 1860—18m.

Constable's Sale.

BY virtue of a writ of Fieri Facias issued by Henry A. Foreman, Esq., a Justice of the Peace of the State of Maryland, and in and for Queen Anne's county, and to me directed at the suit of Maurice Welch Jr. against the goods and chattels, lands and tenements of George Gurter, I have seized and taken in execution and will offer at public sale at Crumpton in said county on MONDAY the 30th day of April instant, between the hours of 10 o'clock A. M. and 4 o'clock P. M., the following property to wit: ONE HOUSE AND LOT, situated in Crumpton and at present occupied by the said George Gurter. The house is a two story frame building with store in front and dwelling back and nearly new. Seized and taken in execution and will be sold on the above mentioned day to pay and satisfy said writ, debt, interest and cost due and to become due thereon. W. V. SPARKS, Constable. (\$2.50) April 10, 1860—tds.

NOTICE.

FREIGHT on grain to Baltimore after the first day of March, four cents per bushel. A. S. GODWIN. Feb. 28, 1860—tl.

NOTICE.

I have leased the warehouse at Spruicer's Landing, and am now receiving grain there. The schooner Helen, Mir Capt. Osborn, will leave the wharf every Tuesday for Baltimore. Dec. 6.—1859—tl A. S. GODWIN.

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WM. C. GIBSON, General Agent and Collector, KENT ISLAND.

QUEEN ANNE'S COUNTY MARYLAND. Particular attention given to the Sale of either Personal or Real Estate. References. Dr. R. W. Erickson, Kent Island. Madison Brown, Centreville. Major James Merrick. T. T. Martin & Brother, Baltimore. William H. Owens. Thomas Morris. April 10, 1860—v.

FOR SALE.

A COUNTRY RESIDENCE located on Kent Island Queen Anne's county Md., containing about 4 ACRES OF LAND. A Two Story FRAME DWELLING, newly new, and all necessary out buildings, such as Barn, Stable, Carriage house, Wood house &c. Has also a fine young and thriving PEACH ORCHARD.

The above will soon be enclosed entirely with a new board fence. The land is highly improved. Good water, convenient to churches, schools, and steamboat. For further particulars apply or address. W. C. GIBSON, General Agent and Collector, Broad Creek Md. April 10, 1860.

Sheriff's Sale.

BY virtue of a writ of Fieri Facias issued out of the Circuit Court for Queen Anne's county and to me directed at the suit of Thomas H. Baynard against the goods and chattels lands and tenements of Robert C. Baynard and Robert J. H. Baynard, I have seized and taken in execution and will offer at public sale on TUESDAY, the 15th day of MAY NEXT, between the hours of 12 o'clock M. and 4 o'clock P. M., in front of the Court House in the town of Centreville the following property to wit: 1 Black Horse, 1 Brown Horse, 1 Sorrel Horse, 1 Large Wagon and Gear, 1 Negro Boy, and a TRACT OF LAND, containing about 300 ACRES OF LAND MORE OR LESS, adjoining the lands of Doctor Walter S. Turpin and James T. Earle, in the third Election District of Queen Anne's county. The improvements consist of a two story Brick Building and good out buildings. Seized and taken to satisfy said writs, debt interest and cost due and to become due thereon, and will be sold for the same on the above mentioned day for cash. J. R. STORV, Sheriff Queen Anne's county. April 10, 1860—tds. (\$375)

Sheriff's Sale.

BY virtue of three writs of Fieri Facias issued out of the Circuit Court for Queen Anne's county and to me directed at the suit of Wm. H. Owens and one at the suit of B. B. Perkins against the goods and chattels lands and tenements of Samuel L. Primrose, I have seized and taken in execution and will offer at public sale, in front of the Court House in the town of Centreville, on TUESDAY the 1st day of May next, between the hours of 12 and 4 o'clock the following property to wit: 200 ACRES OF LAND MORE OR LESS, whereon the said Samuel Primrose now resides adjoining the lands of Wm. T. Primrose and the Rolph Tract, situated in the 2nd Election district of Queen Anne's county. The improvements are a two story frame dwelling and good out buildings, also 2 Horses, 3 HEAD OF CATTLE, 1 CARRIAGE AND HARNESS, 1 WAGON AND GEAR. Seized and taken to pay and satisfy said writs debt interest and cost due and to become due thereon, and will be sold for the same on the above mentioned day for cash. J. R. STORV, Sheriff Queen Anne's county. April 10, 1860—tds. [\$375]

Sheriff's Sale.

BY virtue of a writ of Fieri Facias issued out of the Circuit Court for Queen Anne's county and to me directed at the suit of Goodhand Tucker and Smith against the goods and chattels lands and tenements of Elijah Pierce, I have seized and taken in execution and will offer at public sale, in front of the Court House in the town of Centreville, on Tuesday the 1st day of May next, between the hours of 12 o'clock M. and 4 o'clock P. M., the following property of Elijah Pierce: A LOT OF GROUND improved by dwelling and Store, situated in Suddersville in said county. Seized and taken to pay and satisfy said writs, debt, interest and cost due and to become due thereon, and will be sold for the same on the above mentioned day for cash. J. R. STORV, Sheriff Q. A. County. April 10, 1860—tds. [\$2.50]

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