

W. A. to Magat

# State Rights Advocate.

Published in Centreville, Queen Ann's County, Maryland, every Tuesday Morning, and Debated to Local and General Intelligence, Literature, Agriculture, Politics, Advertising, &c.

BY THOMAS J. KEATING.

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The State Rights Advocate, IS PUBLISHED EVERY TUESDAY, In Centreville, Queen Ann's Co., Md. BY THOMAS J. KEATING.

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### Business Cards.

**Thomas J. Keating,**  
Attorney at Law,  
And Solicitor in Chancery  
CENTREVILLE, MD.  
Will give faithful attention to all business entrusted to his management, in Queen Ann's, Kent, Caroline, and Talbot counties. Feb. 10, 1860.

**GEORGE P. KEATING,**  
ATTORNEY AT LAW,  
HAVING located in Townsend, Baltimore county, Md., for the practice of his profession, will give strict and prompt attention to any business entrusted to his care in Baltimore city or county. Feb. 28, 1860—t

**Thomas B. Quigley,**  
Attorney at Law,  
And Solicitor in Chancery.  
Having located in Centreville, will practice law in the counties of Queen Ann's, Kent, Caroline and Talbot counties and give strict and prompt attention to business entrusted to his care. Office formerly occupied as Post Office. Dec. 6, 1859—y.

**JOHN PALMER JR.,**  
Conveyancer and Collector of Claims,  
AND GENERAL AGENT  
FOR THE SALE OR PURCHASE OF  
REAL ESTATE.  
CENTREVILLE, MD.  
Office formerly occupied by A. T. Emory, Esq., North of the Court House, Feb. 8, 1859.

**R. E. FREDEMAN, W. S. CONNOLLY,**  
COLLECTOR OF CLAIMS,  
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**FREDEMAN & CONNOLLY,**  
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(Successors to W. J. Gibson.)

RESPECTFULLY offer the services for the Collection of Claims of every description in the above named counties; in the recovery of which they will employ the most prompt and energetic means. They are also agents for the purchase and sale of Real and Personal Property of every description. Charges Moderate. May 22, 1860—ly.

**WM. C. GIBSON,**  
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Major James Merrick.  
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William H. Owens,  
Thomas Morris,  
April 10, 1860—y.

**BENJ. B. PERKINS, JOHN EMORY,**  
PERKINS & EMORY,  
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—AND—  
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The following articles constantly on hand and will be sold at the lowest market price: Green and black Tea, crushed refined and brown Sugars; Rio, Laguna and Java Coffee; Molasses, Syrup, Flour Bacon, Fish, Salt, Rock Salt, Rice, Oils; Kerosene, Etherial, Lard and Machine Oils, and Vinegar, Soap, Candles, Starch Spices, Nails, and a general assortment of goods usually sold in a Grocery business. Our personal attention will be given to all business entrusted to us. PERKINS & EMORY. May 22, 1860—y.

### Poetical.

**GIVE ME OLD MUSIC.**  
Give me old music let me hear  
The songs of days gone by,  
Nor stay thy voice in kindly fear,  
If to thy notes a falling tear  
Should make a mute reply;  
To songs that lulled me on the breast,  
To sleep away the moon,  
Sing on—sing on! I love them best,  
There's witchery in the notes impressed  
With each familiar tune

Give me old wine! its choicest store,  
Drawn from the shady bin  
No vineyard shall produce no more  
Such rare strong juice they gave of yore  
As sparkling lies within;  
This was my Grandire's chief delight,  
When the days chase was o'er,  
Fill high till high treasure's delight,  
Shall sparkle on our board to-night,  
Though we should drink no more

Give me old friends! the tried—the true,  
Who launched their barks with me,  
And all my joys and sorrows knew,  
As chance's gale the pilgrim blew,  
Across the troubled sea  
Their memories are the same as mine—  
Our loves through life shall last;  
Bring one, bring, all your smiles to shine  
Upon our good old songs and wine,  
Like sunbeams from the past!

### Political.

(From the Baltimore Sun.)  
**DEMOCRATIC NATIONAL CONVENTION.**

At Maryland Institute Hall.

Temporary Organization—Feeling among the Delegates—Immense Crowd Present—Hon. Caleb Cushing Elected President of the Convention—Enthusiastic Reception—An Address to the People of the Country to be prepared—Number of Delegates present—Adoption of a Platform—Nomination of John C. Breckinridge for President, and Gen. Lane for Vice President—Adjournment sine die.

The delegates who withdrew on Friday night from the Democratic Convention at Front Street Theatre, assembled at noon on Saturday in the Hall of the Maryland Institute. Before the hour of assembling they were joined by a number of additional delegates, who also withdrew from the Front Street Theatre Convention during the morning.

As early as 11 o'clock throughs began to collect about the Maryland Institute Hall, and shortly after the galleries were opened they were filled with anxious spectators. From the South end of the hall was suspended a large American flag. The seats for the reporters were ranged in front of the rostrum, each paper being assigned as many seats as were required.

The seats for the delegates filled about half the hall, and behind them was a vacant space for spectators, which was soon filled. At intervals between the assembling and calling to order of the convention, news of the action and progress of the convention at the Front Street Theatre was received, and created a sensation among the multitude, the like of which was never before witnessed.

The entire space of the immense hall was thrown open, and the spectacle presented was one eminently worthy of the momentous occasion.

**THE FEELING.**  
The members of the respective delegations entered freely into conversation. All restraint of feeling had disappeared, and a spirit of the most cordial unanimity and harmony characterized every man and every feature.

The change of manner, expression and sentiment was complete, and would have been striking and remarkable but that it was consistent with general experience, in a democratic convention undisturbed by factious influences.

None could possibly fail to realize the perfect restoration of the geniality of intercourse which is alone the earnest of a harmonious result.

**THE ORGANIZATION.**  
At 12 1/2 o'clock the convention was organized by calling Mr. Russell of Va., to the chair, and that gentleman, upon mounting the rostrum, was received with great applause, and proceeded to address the convention, styling it The National Democratic Convention. Not being conscious of any peculiar merit which induced the Convention to prefer him for the office, he attributed it to respect for the ancient and loyal State of Virginia. He was assured that the Con-

vention would be governed by regard for the principle of State Rights. That convention which has recently assembled in Baltimore has lost all claim to the title of a National Convention. It was now the duty of this body to perform the obligations which devolved upon a national democratic convention. He was confident they would maintain the constitution of the country against all enemies open or insidious.

The remarks of Mr. Russell were repeatedly interrupted by rapturous applause.

On motion the chair appointed Mr. B. T. Johnson, of Md., and Mr. Crosby of Arkansas, secretaries, which was ratified.

Mr. Walker, of Ala., moved a committee of fifteen on permanent organization which was amended by Mr. Bayard, of Del., by the substitution of a committee of five; which was adopted.

Mr. Howard, of Tennessee, moved that a full list of delegates be furnished to the chair. Adopted.

The following gentlemen were appointed by the chair as the committee on organization. Messrs. Walker of Ala., McHenry of Pa., Stevens of Oregon, Williams, of Mass., and Fisher, of Ky.

On motion the convention adjourned until 5 o'clock P. M.

Immediately loud cries from the galleries and the floor, occupied by visitors, were made for "Yancey," who did not respond, he was not present in the convention.

**AFTERNOON SESSION.**

The convention reassembled at 5 o'clock and was called to order by the chairman, Mr. Russell. As soon as the galleries were opened the outside throng began to press in, and by 5 o'clock the galleries were packed with ladies and gentlemen, the distribution of tickets under the direction of Hon. Joshua Vansant, Col Levi K. Bowen and Joseph A. L. McClure regulating the admission to the hall.

Printed cards bearing the names of the various State delegations were attached to the seats, and the delegations generally occupied them. Part of the press were furnished with seats on the platform.

A number of active pages were employed, and the arrangements as complete as the impromptu nature of the occasion admitted.

At 5 o'clock the delegates were nearly all in their seats, and the vacant space behind them filled with a mass of spectators. At 10 minutes past 5 o'clock the President's hammer fell, and the convention was called to order.

The session was opened with prayer by the Rev. Mr. Hera, who invoked the divine mediation in the affairs of men.—The whole convention rose while the prayer was being offered, and the silence and attention manifested during its delivery was profound throughout.

On motion, the ladies were invited to occupy the vacant seats in the rear of the hall.

The calling for the reading of the roll was met with tremendous applause, and when Massachusetts was called the applause was deafening. As the various States responded, applause after applause followed the Secretary, and the excitement and interest manifested was intense.

When Delaware was called, Mr. Johnson of Md., stated that he was authorized by Mr. Bayard, of Del., to say to the convention that he was called to Washington on important business, but that he would support the nominee of this convention.

**PERMANENT ORGANIZATION.**  
Mr. Walker of Alabama, chairman of the committee on organization, reported the following permanent officers of the convention:

W. Humphrey, N. C., D. D. Withers, Tenn.,

**RULES ADOPTED.**

The committee further recommended that the rules and regulations adopted by the National Democratic Convention of 1852 and 1856 be adopted by this convention for its government, with this qualification, that no nomination shall be considered as made unless the candidate receives two-thirds of the votes of the States represented in this convention.

The committee further recommended that each delegate cast the vote to which he is entitled in this convention and each State shall only cast the number of votes to which it may be entitled by actual representation in this convention—which report was adopted.

**SPEECH OF MR. CUSHING.**

Mr. McHenry, of Pennsylvania, moved that a committee of three be appointed to wait on the Hon. Caleb Cushing and request him to resume his seat in this convention, which was adopted. Soon after, Hon. Caleb Cushing entered the hall, and his presence was the signal for a burst of applause, which fairly shook the solid walls of the Institute and made the glass tingle in the case-ments.

Mr. Russell, of the committee, in introducing Mr. Cushing to the convention, on the stand said: "The Hon. Caleb Cushing needs no introduction from me. The convention has already recognized him by enthusiastic acclamation—you already know him. He is now as he was then, the chairman of the National Democratic Convention."

Upon taking the chair Mr. Cushing spoke as follows:

Gentlemen of the Convention: We reassemble here, delegates to the National Democratic Convention, duly accredited thereto, from more than twenty States of the Union, for the purpose of nominating candidates for President and Vice President of the United States—for the purpose of announcing the principles of the party, and for the purpose of continuing and re-establishing the party on the basis of the Constitution and the Union, and equal rights of the States. The convention is now in order for business.

**STATEMENTS OF DELEGATES, ETC.**

Mr. Heath, of Iowa, presented a paper which was read by the secretary, stating that the delegation from Iowa did not claim any actual election by a State convention, but they do claim to know the views of the democracy of Iowa, and believe that they can truly represent them. Signed H. H. Heath, John J. Johns, Jr.

Mr. Gibson, of Ga., moved that the gentlemen from Iowa be permitted to retain their seats upon the floor until the committee report, and the paper be referred to said committee.

Mr. Johnson objected to such a departure from democratic usages. The motion was adopted.

A motion was here made to adjourn, when Mr. Andrew Ewing, of Tenn., stated that he considered it all-important that this convention should announce its platform and make their nominations before they leave their seats. Thank God he was now on a floor where he could speak without being hissed, or being compelled to listen to nauseating speeches.—He moved that the delegation of each State report the exact number of votes present.

The motion to adjourn was then withdrawn.

Mr. Butler, of Mass., desired to withdraw from the committee on credentials and moved that the Hon. B. F. Hallett be appointed in his place, which was adopted.

Mr. Lubbock, of Texas, stated it to be his desire that the majority report on the platform as made at Charleston should be adopted by this convention, as soon as the credentials of delegates have been verified.

Mr. Hunter of La., offered a resolution that the delegates to the Richmond convention be requested to unite with the convention in session at the Maryland Institute Hall, and to unite in their deliberation, if they feel authorized to do so which being objected to, was withdrawn.

Mr. Loring of Mass., asked that all the delegates of the Richmond convention be requested to take seats with the National Convention in session at the Maryland Institute, adopted.

**NATIONAL ADDRESS, ETC.**  
Mr. Fisher, of Va., moved that a committee of five be appointed by the chair to prepare an address to the country upon the principles which have governed the convention in making their nominations for President, and Vice President, and in vindication of the principles of the party—which was adopted.

A delegate moved that the president of this convention be made the chairman of the committee, and put the motion himself to the convention, which was carried by acclamation. The chair stated he would take time to fill the committee.

A recess of half an hour was taken at this stage of the proceedings, to enable delegates to interchange views while the committees were preparing their reports.

Mr. Portis of Ala., moved that a national committee be appointed of one member from each State, to fix the time and place of holding the next national convention in 1864; which was objected to and withdrawn. Mr. McHenry moved that the next national convention be held in Philadelphia. Another delegate moved to insert Baltimore. Another voice suggested New York. Another proposed New Orleans. The vote was taken on the first proposition which was carried apparently by a large vote.

Mr. Schell, of New York, moved a reconsideration—he wanted New York inserted. [Cries of "Too late!"] The vote was again taken and adopted.

**THE DELEGATES—NUMBER PRESENT, ETC.**

The committee on credentials reported the following delegates as duly accredited to this the National Democratic Convention:

Vermont 1; Massachusetts 16; New York 2; Pennsylvania 12; Delaware 2; Maryland 9; Virginia 23; North Carolina 16; Georgia 28; Florida 6; Alabama 36; Louisiana 11; Mississippi 14; Texas 6; Arkansas 9; Missouri 2; Tennessee 19; Kentucky 10; California 8; Oregon 4—Total 234.

The committee further reported that in the case of Iowa, there was a large party in that State who sympathized with this convention but as the delegates present from that State were not regularly elected, the committee recommended that they have complimentary tickets to seats in this convention, but without the privilege of participating in its deliberations.

Mr. Johnson, of Maryland, explained his action in opposing the admission of the delegates from Iowa. They were both gentlemen of the highest character.

The President asked the chairman of the South Carolina delegation to present the names of his delegation. A delegate stated that no one was present authorized to accept the invitation, but communications were going forward which would probably enable some person to answer in a short time.

The report was unanimously adopted.

**THE PLATFORM.**  
Mr. Avery, of North Carolina, chairman of the committee on resolutions reported the following resolutions which he said were adopted unanimously by the committee. The resolutions are the same as embodied in the majority report made at Charleston without the crossing of a "c" or the dotting of an "i."

**Resolved,** That the platform adopted by the Democratic party at Cincinnati be affirmed with the following explanatory resolutions.

1st. **Resolved,** That the government of a Territory, organized by an act of Congress, is provisional and temporary and, during its existence, all citizens of the United States have an equal right to settle with their property in the Territory without their rights either of person or property being destroyed or impaired by congressional or territorial legislation.

Union, they stand on an equal footing with the people of other States—and the State thus organized ought to be admitted into the Federal Union, whether its constitution prohibits or recognizes the institution of slavery.

4th. **Resolved,** That the democratic party are in favor of the acquisition of the Island of Cuba on such terms as shall be honorable to ourselves and just to Spain at the earliest practicable moment.

5th. **Resolved,** That the enactments of State Legislatures to defeat the faithful execution of the fugitive slave law are hostile in character, subversive of the constitution and revolutionary in their effect.

6th. **Resolved,** That the democracy of the United States recognizes it as the imperative duty of its government to protect the naturalized citizen in all his rights, whether at home or in foreign lands, to the same extent as its native born citizens.

And whereas one of the greatest necessities of the age, in a political, commercial, postal and military point of view, is a speedy communication between the Pacific and Atlantic coasts; therefore be it

**Resolved,** That the democratic party do hereby pledge themselves to use every means in their power to secure the passage of some bill to the extent of the constitutional authority of Congress for the construction of a Pacific railroad from the Mississippi river to the Pacific ocean, at the earliest practicable moment.

**EXPENSES.**

Mr. Fisher of Virginia, offered the following resolution:

**Resolved,** That the chairman of each delegation furnish a proportionate amount of money to pay the expenses of the convention.

Mr. Johnson requested that the resolution be withdrawn, as the Maryland delegation desired to pay the expenses.

Mr. Bowie also hoped the Maryland delegation would be allowed to pay the expenses.

**MODE OF VOTING.**  
Mr. Bradford inquired what would be the vote of one delegate from a single congressional district. He thought that in such a case the delegate should be entitled to one vote and not half a vote.

Mr. Butler said the convention should be careful that nothing should be done in the action of the convention which might be the basis of misrepresentation. The President explained that under the resolution of the convention the delegate would be entitled to one-half a vote.

Mr. Yancey was in favor of delegates in such instances casting one vote.

Mr. Butler moved that each delegate be entitled to half a vote.

Mr. Johnson stated that delegates were elected to cast but half a vote.

Mr. Hunter, of Ala., said that the delegates from his State were instructed to cast their vote as a unit, and the rule would not apply to his delegation.

Mr. —, of Alabama, spoke in high terms of those distinguished statesmen—the Hon. R. M. T. Hunter and the Hon. John C. Breckinridge—and closed by nominating the latter as the candidate of the convention for President of the United States.

Mr. Dent seconded the nomination with some enthusiastic remarks.

Mr. Ewing put in nomination Daniel S. Dickinson, of New York, and spoke warmly in commendation of his high character as a statesman. Mr. Dickinson had been for six years in the Senate of the United States, where he battled for the rights of the South. Mr. Webster said of him, that he could not be spared from that body.

Mr. Stevens, of Oregon, nominated General Joseph Lane of Oregon—the Marion of his State. He spoke in his favor at some length.

Mr. Matthews, of Mississippi, spoke with warmth in favor of Hon. Jefferson Davis, but for the sake of harmony his delegation had concluded not to present his name to this Convention.

Mr. Russell, of Virginia, expressed his thanks to Alabama for presenting the name of Virginia's distinguished son.—He did not feel authorized to withdraw his name, but as Mr. Hunter did not desire the nomination, he hoped that Alabama would do so. The name of Mr. Hunter was then withdrawn.

Mr. Stevens withdrew the General Lane.

**THE BALLOT.**  
The roll of States was then called with the following result:

For Breckinridge—Vermont, 1; Massachusetts, 8; Pennsylvania, 8; Maryland, 14; Virginia, 11; Georgia, 10; Florida, 3; Alabama, 9; Louisiana, 6; Mississippi, 7; Texas, 4; Arkansas, 4; Kentucky, 4; Minnesota, 1; Oregon, 3—Total 81.

The vote for Dickinson was as follows but before the vote was announced all the votes were changed to Breckinridge.

For Dickinson—New York, 2; Maryland, 3; North Carolina, 8; Missouri, 1; Tennessee, 5;—Total 20.

The president then declared that the vote was unanimous for John C. Breckinridge.

When New York was called, Mr. Bartley spoke at length in explanation of his position and the position of the New York democracy—and voted for Daniel S. Dickinson.

When Virgin was called a delegate started that seven congressional districts were represented but by one Delegate each, and he would therefore cast their vote in full for said districts.

**NOMINATION OF A CANDIDATE FOR VICE-PRESIDENT.**  
Mr. Green, of N. D. then nominated Gen'l Joseph Lane, of Oregon, for Vice-President.

Mr. Scott, of California, seconded the nomination, and moved that Gen. Joseph Lane be nominated by acclamation but at the suggestion of the president he afterwards withdrew his motion.

The states are then called and the vote was declared unanimous for Gen. Lane.

Both nominations were received with great cheering.

**CONCLUDING PROCEEDINGS.**  
On motion, the president of the convention was requested to notify the nominees of their nomination.

The president requested the chairman of each delegation to present to him the name of a person as a member of the national democratic committee.

Mr. Yancey was then loudly called for, and taking his position on the platform, he made an eloquent, patriotic and lengthy speech, which throughout was loudly cheered—after which the convention adjourned sine die.

**NEW ANE TRUE.**—A modest old maid visiting a newly married friend recently, saw her husband's shirt lying on the bed exclaimed: "Oh, mercy a man shirt on your bed? Such a thing on my bed would give me the night mare!" "Very likely!" responded the wife, "unless the man was inside of it!"

—He a young man after my own heart," said a young lady to caller whom had just passed her window.

"Then he told Mary an awful story last night, mother, he thought I'd gone to sle on the sofa," said little Pete, "for he wasn't after anybody's heart but her's."