

~~General Assembly of 1794~~

- 1 Adjourned until November 4, 1794 when a sufficient number were present.
- 2 Hollingsworth, an officer of the militia at the time of the election, did not sign and date the resignation of his commission until the morning of the fourth day of the election. The Committee of Elections and Privileges ruled that only those votes cast subsequent to the signing and dating of the resignation of the commission could be counted in Hollingsworth's favor; hence, he polled fewer votes than the other candidates. Hollingsworth, nevertheless, won a special election held in Cecil County to fill the seat from which he had been discharged. He took his seat in the House on November 29, 1794.
- 3 Ward and Carnan were denied seats in the House because they had received an equal number of votes, a result which the Committee of Elections and Privileges declared "not to be decisive." Carnan won a special election held in Cecil County in mid-November, and he took his seat in the House on December 5, 1794.
- 4 Jamison, an officer of the militia, signed a written resignation of his commission on the evening of the first day of the election. The Committee of Elections and Privileges, deducting the votes Jamison had received on the first day, determined that he had won enough votes during the subsequent three days to entitle him to a seat.
- 5 Luckett, an officer of the militia, did not resign his commission until November 4, 1794. The Committee of Elections and Privileges declared his election to be void. Soon afterward, Luckett won a special election held in Montgomery County to fill the seat from which he had been discharged. He re-entered the House on November 28, 1794.
- 6 Kerr took the chair when the House resolved itself into a committee of the whole to take into consideration a proposed amendment to the Constitution of the United States on November 21, 1794. According to the proceedings for that day, "Mr. Kerr took the chair, and after some time spent therein, Mr. Speaker [Matthew Tilghman] resumed the chair, and Mr. Kerr reported, that they had made some progress therein, and asked leave to sit again."
- 7 Tilghman resigned his seat in the House on November 21, 1794. Parnham was elected speaker upon Tilghman's resignation.
- 8 The Committee of Elections and Privileges announced on December 15, 1794 that William Barroll had been returned as a delegate for Kent County in [cont. on back]