lake to the Water communication between that lake and lake Superior thence through lake Superior Northward of the Isles Royal and Philipeaux to the Long lake, thence through the middle of said long lake, and the water communication between it and the lake of the Woods to the said Lake of the Woods; thence through the said lake to the most North western point thereof and from thence on a due West course to the river Mississippi thence by a line to be drawn along the middle of the River Mississippi, until it shall intersect the Northernmost part of the thirty first degree of North Latitude South by a line to be drawn due East from the determination of the line last mentioned in the latitude of thirty one degrees North of the Equator, to the middle of the river Apalachicola or Catahouche, thence along the middle thereof to its Junction with the Flint River, thence strait to the head of Saint Marys River and thence down along the middle of Saint Marys River to the Atlantic Ocean, East by a line to be drawn along the River Saint Croix from its Mouth in the Bay of Fundy to its source and from its source directly North to the aforesaid Highland which divide the rivers that fall into the Atlantic Ocean from those which fall into the river Saint Lawrence, comprehending all Islands within twenty leagues of any part of the Shores of the United States, and lying between lines to be drawn due East from the points where the aforesaid boundaries between Nova Scotia on the one part and East Florida on the other, shall respectively touch the bay of Fundy and the Atlantic Ocean, excepting such Islands as now, or heretofore have been within the limits of the said Province of Nova Scotia.— Article 3d: It is agreed that the people of the United States shall continue to enjoy unmolested the right to take fish of every kind on the Grand Bank, and on all other Banks of New foundland also in the Gulph of Saint Lawrence and to all other places in the Sea, where the Inhabitants of both Countries used at any time heretofore to fish, and also that the Inhabitants of the United States shall have liberty to take fish of every kind on such part of the Coast of Newfoundland as British fishermen shall use, (but not to dry or cure the same in that Island) and also on the Coasts, bays and Creeks of all other of his Britannic Majesty's dominions in America, and that the American Fishermen shall have liberty to dry and cure fish in any of the unsettled Bays, harbours and Creeks of Nova Scotia Magdalen Islands and Labrador, so long as the same shall remain unsettled, but so soon as the same or either of them shall be settled it shall not be lawfull for the said fishermen to dry or cure fish at such settlement, without a previous agreement for that purpose with the Inhabitants proprietors or possessors of the Ground.—

Article 4th: It is agreed that Creditors on either side shall meet with no lawfull Impediment to the recovery of the full value in Sterling Money of all bona fide debts heretofore contracted.— Article 5th: It is agreed that the Congress shall earnestly recommend it to the Legislatures of the respective States, to provide for the restitution of all Estates rights and properties, which have been confiscated, belonging to real subjects, and also of the Estates, rights, and properties of persons resident in districts in the possession of his Majesty's Arms, and who have not borne Arms against the said United States, And that persons of any other description shall have free liberty to go to any part or parts of any of the thirteen United States, and therein to remain twelve Months unmolested in their endeavours to obtain the restitution of such of their Estates, rights and properties, as may have been confiscated, and that Congress shall also earnestly recommend to the several States a reconsideration and revision of all Acts or Laws regarding the premises so as to render the said Laws or Acts perfectly consistent, not only with Justice and Equity but with that Spirit of conciliation, which on the return of the blessings of peace should universally prevail, And that Congress shall also earnestly recommend to the several States, that the Estates, rights and properties of such last mentioned persons shall be restored to them; they refunding to any persons who may be now in possession the bona fide price (where any has been given, which such persons may have paid on purchasing any of the said lands, rights or properties since the confiscation, And it is agreed that all persons who have any Interests in confiscated lands either by debts marriage settlements, or otherwise shall meet with no lawful impediment in the prosecution of their just rights.

Article 6th: That there shall be no future confiscations made nor any prosecutions commenced against any person or persons for or by reason of the part which he or they may have taken in the present war, and that no person shall on that account suffer any future loss or damage, either in his person liberty or property and that those who may be in confinement on such charges, at the time of the ratification of the treaty in America, shall be immediately set at liberty, and the prosecutions so commenced be discontinued.— Article 7th: There shall be a firm and perpetual peace between his Britannic Majesty and the said States, and between the subjects of the one and the Citizens