THE TIMES.

PORT TOBACCO, MD.

WEDNESDAY MORNING, OCT. 2, 1850.

We are happy to announce that the Hon. Wm. D. Merrick has accepted the appointment made by the Executive Committee of the Charles County Agricultural Society, and will deliver the Annual Address before the Society on the last day of the Fair, which commences on the 29th. We hope there will be a full gathering of people from all quarters, as the Fair promises to be unusually interesting.

The Maryland Senate.—At the State election to-day a Senator is to be elected for six years in each of the following counties: Kent, Talbot, Dorchester, Harford, Frederick, Carroll and St. Mary's; all now represented by Whigs. The Senators holding over are equally divided, 7 Whigs and 7 Democrats.

The Chesapeake & Ohio Canal is now being filled with water up to Cumberland. The celebration of its formal opening will probably take place on the 9th inst.

Arrival of the Niagara.—The Cunard steamer Niagara, with advices from Liverpool to the 14th instant, arrived at New York on Friday morning. The commercial intelligence by her, is important.—Cotton has declined—Breadstuffs are firmer—Coffee has advanced—and there was an increased firmness in Sugar and American Provisions. The Political intelligence by this arrival is without interest.

Where persons are immediately interested in elections there is generally no want of conveyances to carry voters to the polls; they can be had then free of charge. But let there be a general election, in which no one feels immediately interested, then the reverse is the case. Hence we conclude, that *selfishness* goes, with some, before *patriotism*. We might say more, but this is sufficient to illustrate.

Fracas in the Capitol.—The Washington News of Saturday last, says:

The Senate has been in session all night, being engaged upon the Civil and Diplomatic Bill, which had not got through when this paper went to press.

About half past eleven o'clock last night, as Senator Foote was passing from the Senate Chamber, he was accosted by Col. Fremont, Senator from California, who said he for his opposition to the amendments to the California bills. Mr. F. answered that he could make no apology, as his course required none. Col. Fremont then shook his finger at Mr. Foote, and said the latter was "no gentleman;" whereupon Mr. Foote struck Col. Fremont in the face. A fight being about to ensue, the two Senators were separated by gentlemen near them, Col. Fremont then said Mr. F. was wrong to strike him, and that the matter should not end thus.

This is the statement of the affair as it came to us, and we have little doubt of its general correctness. It is feared the matter will result in a duel.

A Stir among the Negroes at Pittsburg.—There is some excitement at Pittsburg among the collored people, owing to the passage by Congress of the fugitive slave bill, and the power it gives to the slave owner to enter the free States and take possession of his runaway property wherever he finds it. Many of them are preparing to leave for Canada in order to escape from those that they expect will soon be in pursuit of them. A few days since a large number of them left the city, and some of the first hotels are left very bare of servants by this sudden movement. Many have gone who were never suspected of being fugitives until the passage of this bill, and many others are preparing to join in the general stampede.

The "Baltimore Argus" calls the "Annapolis Republican" a free soil paper. The Annapolis Republican, we believe, is the only paper in the State that has taken a bold stand in favor of the rights of the Slaveholder, and the Editor of the Argus is aware of the fact.—*Annapolis Republican.*

Come, Messieurs Editors, in replying to your political opponents, remember there is a class of papers, whose aim is above the whole tribe of political prints. We have our mind's eye upon at least three independent editors in the First Congressional District who have taken quite as decided a stand in favor of Southern rights as either the Argus or the Republican.—*Marlboro' Gazette.*

That 's right, Mr. Gazette, make those political wranglers mind how they talk.

Jenny Lind in a Printing Office.—The Tribune and Herald printing offices were lately visited by Miss Jenny, who desired to contrast the large newspaper establishments of New York with those she had visited in London. She spent some time in watching the operations of type-setting, making up, and working the presses, and expressed herself highly gratified with what she had seen.

VIOLENT HAIL STORMS.

A most terrific and violent hail storm passed over a portion of this and St. Mary's county on Thursday evening last, producing awe and consternation in the minds of all who witnessed it. Our "oldest inhabitant" says he has never seen a storm to equal it; nor have we ever witnessed any occurrence so well calculated to display the wonderful power of the "storm king" and the utter helplessness and impotency of man to contend with him. We will not attempt a description of the storm, but state a few facts from which may be gathered some idea of its force and effect. Early in the afternoon of Thursday a cloud was seen slowly rising above the horizon in the North-west seeming to portend nothing unusual; but after the lapse of an hour or two from the time it was first seen, a constant muttering of thunder was heard, and gradually and more rapidly the cloud began to assume a threatening aspect, till it burst with tremendous fury upon our village, pouring, for the space of about fifteen minutes, the most copious showers of rain and hail that perhaps was ever witnessed. At the same time, the heavens appeared like a vast sheet of flame, so constant were the flashes of lightning. The peals of thunder which followed, and the rattling of hail upon the house-tops, together with the whistling of the wind, were enough to make the stoutest hearts quake with fear. The din produced rendered it almost impossible for persons standing together to hear each other speak, unless in the loudest tone. The amount of damage done, it is impossible for us to estimate at this time. We know enough, however, to excite our warmest sympathies for our farmers and planters who were so unfortunate as to have come within the range of the storm. Trees and fences have been prostrated, fruit and fruit trees bruised and pealed, and, worst of all, whole fields of growing tobacco, which was almost ready for the knife, totally destroyed and left unfit for any other purpose than to be turned in to improve the soil for other crops.

It seems that the general course of the storm cloud was from the north-west to the south-east; though the vein of hail evidently varied. Below will be found a letter from a correspondent in Winchester, Va., to the editors of the Baltimore Sun, giving an account of a great hail storm which prevailed at that place, also on Thursday. As Winchester lies in a north-west direction that the storm which passed over us was an extension of the same which prevailed there. In crossing the Potomac river it stuck our county at, and in the vicinity of Marbury's Landing, thence it continued its course onward, and we trace it as far down as Leonardtown, in St. Mary's county—still pursuing a south-east course. From Marbury's landing to Port Tobacco, a distance of 10 miles, we trace the effects of the hail, first a few miles south and afterwards south-east, till it reaches our village—taking in its range about a mile in width.—After passing our village it extended from one to three miles in width.

Nowhere can the force of this storm be more apparent than in the marks it has left upon Port Tobacco. Our village presents the appearance of having undergone a regular Monterey seige, looking for all the world just as if a thousand artillery had expended their magazines of "grape and canister" upon us. Every pane of glass exposed on the north side was broken clean out, scarcely leaving pieces as large as a man's hand remaining in the sash, and in some instances even sash and venetian shutters were broken. The strongest proofs, however, of its force may be seen at Capt. E. W. Day's garden, at the north end of our village.—Scarcely one of the Captain's fine fruit trees has escaped serious injury. It is truly astonishing to see how completely the bark has been bruised and pealed off, and the smaller limbs and twiggs lacerated and broken; and as for his fine collection of roses, dahlias and other beautiful flowers, which delighted the eyes of all who saw them, they are now literally nothing. Even his mammoth pumpkins are so completely cut and mangled that he will not have one left to take the *premium* at our agricultural exhibition. Another evidence of the power of this storm is to be seen at Capt. Day's store. There is a window on the north side; opposite, stands a clock, at a distance of twenty feet from the window, yet a hail stone was driven with such force, by the wind, through the window, as to break a hole in the glass casing of the clock, just as though a ball had been shot through it. The highest pane of glass in the window was not more than two feet above the clock—so that the hail stone must have come in almost a horizontal line. Of the many others, who suffered by this storm, we will only mention the names of Capt. L. Marbury, Col. Wm. Thompson, Hezekiah Brawner, H. S Mitchell, Charles S. Williams, Major Wm. B. Stone, George P. Jenkins, Mrs. Floyd, Gen. J. Matthews, William Cox, John B. Maddox, (on a farm near Salem,) Samuel Cox, Josias Hancock, John W. Owen, and John Hamilton. All of these persons have sustained very heavy losses, but they compose but a small part of all who have been injured in their tobacco crops.

We stated that the storm passed over our village from the north-west, and that the damage was done to the glass exposed on the north side of the houses. This, we think, can only be accounted for in one way—that there was a powerful under current of air rushing towards the south, following the course of Port Tobacco valley.

The shape of the hail stones that came under our notice were round and flat, varying from the size of a quarter to a half dollar, and from a quarter to a half inch in thickness. They must have been much larger, however, in other sections of the village, as the indentations on the sides of the houses and upon fruit trees evidently show. A gentleman residing about a mile and a half east of our village informs us that holes were cut through the shingles on his kitchen, causing the roof, which was perfectly tight before, to leak. He had a turkey killed, and an eye knocked out of another, and several badly lamed. In different sections, chickens, crows, partridges and other birds have been found dead.

The storm, it seems, raged at Winchester between 4 and 5 o'clock. It reached us about 6, and Leonardtown about 7 o'clock. It presented altogether an awful and terrific scene, such as God's power alone is capable of displaying.

Wonderful Hail Storm.—The following letters are from gentlemen for whose veracity we can vouch, though the statements they make partake somewhat of the wonderful.—*Sun.*

Winchester, Va., Sept. 27, 1850.

Messrs. Editors:—We had a great hail storm here last evening, between 4 and 5 o'clock. Some of the cakes of ice, for they were nothing else, were from 6 to 8 inches long and 4 inches in diameter. Some of the most incredulous tales are told about them, that none but those who saw them would believe. I measured one that after laying fifteen minutes on the ground was 4 1-2 inches in diameter, and I feel satisfied that if it had been weighed in due time it would have weighed one pound and a half. Some would measure 18 inches in circumference.

Point of Rocks, Sept. 25, 1850.

Messrs. Editors: Having been caught in the storm of this afternoon, and noticing the size of the hail that fell, induced us to forward you an account of it, as it was larger than we ever saw or heard of. Indeed, we feel some delicacy in stating the size of it, but we are willing to be qualified that some that fell near us would not pass through a 3 1-2 inch ring, and we would say with all candor that it would touch a 4 inch ring, and after carrying it 1 1-2 miles, on foot, it measured seven and three-quarter inches in circumference. D. H. & J. J.

Washington, Sept. 27, 1850.

Between the hours of ten and twelve last night, our three cities and the surrounding country were visited with a most terrific storm. For at least an hour, the whole firmament appeared to be in an uninterrupted blaze of lightening, as if drawn together from every point of the compass. Several of the thunder claps shook some of our largest buildings to their foundations, whilst the wind and rain poured forth furiously. I can, however, thus far, hear of no very serious disasters.

Prince George's Agricultural Society.—We are authorised to say that Joseph H. Bradley, Esq., of Washington city, has consented to deliver the annual address before this Society at its next meeting; and it is expected that the Hon. Richard W. Thompson, of Indiana, will be present and address the Society also.

From the high reputation of these gentlemen as orators, we may anticipate able addresses.—*Marlboro' Gaz.*

Northwestern Bank of Virginia.—The rumors of an unfavorable character, as to the stability of the Northwestern Bank of Virginia, telegraphed here from Pittsburgh, are, we learn, not credited. The Merchants' Bank of this city, which is the agent of the Northwestern Bank, considers it one of the safest banks in the country, as we are informed by Mr. Sprigg, the Cashier, who says there are now upwards of $50,000 of collections in their hands belonging to it, and the credit of the bank with them is unquestioned.—*Balt. Sun.*

The Union.—The veteran editor of this able political journal is about to retire from the labors of the editorial chair, after having ocupied it with ability and success for about forty years. During his residence in Washington his private life has been marked with liberality towards his employees and urbanity towards his cotemporaries of the press. The Union will be conducted in future by the former able assistant editor, Mr. Overton, and the ex-commissioner of Patents, Edmund Burke, whose political writings heretofore made him a tower of strength to the political party, whose principles he advocates with so much zeal and vigor.—*Saturday News.*

We have received from the Press of Mr. Edward Walker, of New York city, the following excellent works: "1776" *or the War of Independence, The Memoirs of the Presidents from Washington to Polk, The Statesman's Manual*, in 3 vols., and also a copy of *Dowling's History of Romanism.* These are all large size octavos. We came in receipt of them very unexpectedly thro' the polite attention of the editor of the Marlboro' Gazette, who called at the office of Mr. Walker, while in New York a few weeks since, for copies of the same works due himself, and seeing our name upon the list, very kindly offered to convey them to us.—Mr. Wilson will please accept our warmest thanks for his kindness.

Large Ear of Corn.—The Frederick Herald has received an ear of corn of the following dimensions—Length 14 1-4 inches, circumference 9 inches, weight of ear 1 3-4 lbs. There are on it 14 rows containing 770 grains. The large grains measure 1 3-8 inches in circumference. This corn was raised by Dr. T. Hull, near Frederick.

Montgomery Prize Ham.—Mr. Nathan White, of Montgomery county Maryland, gives the following as the recipe by which the prize ham at the late Fair was cured:

"The pork should be perfectly cold before cut up. The hams should be salted with bloom salt, with a portion of red pepper, and about a gill of molasses to each ham. Let them remain in salt five weeks; then hang them up, and smoke with hickory wood for five or six weeks. About the first of April take them down, and wet them with cold water, and let them be well rubbed with unleached ashes. Let them remain in bulk for several days, and then hang them in the loft again for use.

To Make Hens Lay.—The South Carolinian says a neighbor states that hog's lard is the best thing that he can find to mix with the dough he gives to his hens. He says that one cut of this fat as large as a walnut, will set a hen to laying immediately after she has been broken up from sitting and that, by feeding them with the fat occasonally, his hens continue laying through the whole winter.

Mahomed's Preachings.—His definition of charity embraces the wide circle of kindness. "Every good act," he would say "is charity." Your smiling in your brother'sface is charity; an exhortation to your fellow man to virtuous deeds is equal to almsgiving; your putting a wanderer in the right road is charity; your assisting the blind is charity; your removing stones and thorns and other obstructions from the road is charity; your giving water to the thirsty is charity. A man's true wealth hereafter is the good he does in this world to his fellow man. When he dies, poor people will say, "what property has he left behind him?" But the angels who examine him at the grave will ask, "what good deeds hast thou sent before thee?"—*Washington Irving's Life of Mahomed.*

Be not decided by appearances.—Lord Byron said: "I never judge from manners, for I once had my pocket picked by one of the civilest gentleman I ever met with; and one of the mildest men I ever saw was Ali Pacha.

It was a golden query of Dr. Franklin, in answer to one of the important letters of Thos. Paine, "If men are so wicked with religion, what would they be without it?"

DIED,

In Baltimore city, on the 26th ult., EDMUND JENKINS, Lieutenant in the U. S. Navy, and a native of this county, in the 35th year of his age.

Died, in this county, on Thursday evening last, JAMES, infant son of Dr. John R. and Elizabeth Fergusson—aged 16 months.

BALTIMORE MARKET.

September 28, 1850.

Grain.—Wheat.—The supplies of the week have been only moderate as to quantity, and prices have been steady at 100a105 cents per bushel for good to prime red, and at 85 to 100 cents for inferior to good reds. We note sales of family flour white wheat at 115 to 124 a125 cents—the parcels at the latter figures being strictly prime.

Corn.—The sales of white have been uniform and steady throughout the week at 58a59 cts.—So also the sales of yellow have been uniform at 60 cents until to-day, when sales were made at 60 a61 cts.

Oats.—The range of prices on Monday was 28a 35 cents; on Wednesday 28a37 cents; and to-day 28a33 cents.

Guano.—There is an active business doing in this article, the sales by retail being at $55 per ton of 2,000 lbs. for Peruvian, and $38 for Patagonian. All the late arrivals of Peruvian have been promptly taken out of the importer's hands in lots of from 50 to 500 tons, at $47 per ton of 2,240 lbs. on 4 months' credit. We learn that further supplies are shortly expected from Peru, which, if the vessels have good weather, will arrive before the season for seeding is over.

Tobacco.—We have still to note an active demand for almost all descriptions, with large sales during the week. Maryland Tobacco is much sought after, and almost all that reaches the market is sold promptly at quoted rates, viz: common Maryland $4a4.50; good common $4.50a5; brown $4 a 6; and fine brown $6.50 a 14. We note especially sales of red, suitable for France, at $4.50a $8; and spangled and colory at $6.50a$14. Prices generally, but particularly for the better qualities, indicate a disposition to advance. There were some receipts of Bay, from the upper counties in Maryland, which sold readily at about former rates. We quote tails or tips at $1.50a$6; seconds $5a $8; spangled $12a$14; and yellow $15a$17. No fine yellow received for some time. The inspections of the week are 1257 hhds. Md., 414 hhds. Ohio,—total 1671 hhds. The total inspections this year are 34,013 hhds. against 38,113 to the same period last year.

PORT TOBACCO JOCKEY CLUB.
FALL RACES.

THE Races will come off at Farrall's Race Course, near Port Tobacco, on the *first Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday, the 5th 6th and 7th of November.*

The following purses will be run for:

First day, a purse of $300—3 mile heats.

Second day, a purse of $200—2 mile heats.

Third day, Proprietor's purse of a saddle, bridle, martingale, whip and spurs—1 mile heats.

No person will be allowed to enter a horse for any of the above named races, without first becoming a member of this club, and being the *bona fide* owner of said horse at the time of entry.

The Rules and Regulations of the "Charles County Jockey Club," have been adopted by this Club.

☞A Ball will be given on the first evening of the Races, at Mr. Shackelford's Hotel, and a Party on the second evening at the same place.

oct 2.

[The Leonard Town Beacon and Marlboro' Gazette will insert the above 3 times.]

PUBLIC SALE.

BY virtue of an order of Charles County Court, passed July Term, 1850, the undersigned Commissioners will offer at public sale, to the highest bidder, at Hughesville, in Charles county, on FRIDAY the 25th day of OCTOBER, 1850, between the hours of one and four, P. M., if fair, if not, the first fair day thereafter,

A Tract of Land,

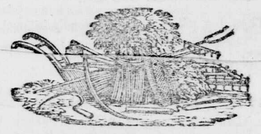
called New Bedford and Foxe's Race, containing 200 ACRES, more or less. The said Land is the real estate of the late Alexander Moran, Jr. It lies in Charles county near Hughesville. There is upon it a

Dwelling House, Kitchen, Barn and other convenient out-houses. The Land is supplied with wood and water. Any further description is deemed unnecessary, as persons wishing to purchase can examine for themselves.

The Terms of Sale are as follows:—One hundred and fifty dollars cash, and the balance in three equal annual instalments, bearing interest from the day of sale; to be secured by bonds of the purchaser with good and sufficient security to be approved by the undersigned. On payment of the whole purchase money, the Commissioners will convey all the right the deceased had in this land at the time of his death.

GEORGE W. CARRICO,
THOMAS CARRICO,
WM. E. BURTLES,
WM. WOODBURN,
BENJAMIN ADAMS,
Commissioners.

Oct. 2—ts.



TO FARMERS
AND
Agricultural Dealers.

COTTINGHAM & WILLETT, Manufacturers of Ploughs, Agricultural Implements, &c, near Pratt Street Wharf, fronting on Grant and Ellicott streets, No. 2, next door to Messrs. Dinsmore & Kyle, Baltimore, keep constantly on hand a general assortment, and are prepared to execute all orders for AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS AND MACHINERY, at the shortest notice, and on as favorable terms as can be had in the City. Having recently fitted up a Factory in Pratt Street, between Eutaw and Paca Streets, for the purpose, where they are prepared to manufacture every article in their line, and can assure their friends and the public that their work will be executed with faithfulness, and the materials of the best quality, and they flatter themselves that all articles sold by them will favorably compare with any to be obtained elsewhere.

The farmers and planters of Charles and the neighboring counties, may find it to their interest to call and examine their stock and judge for themselves.

Among the machines they manufacture, will be found the following, all of which have been improved by them:

Fitz's Horse-Power, with wrought shafts.
Atley's Horse-Power, " " "
The Rail-Way Power.

Also a new Stationary Power, recently gotten up, which possesses many advantages over all others, and which agriculturists will do well to examine.

Thrashers of various sizes and patterns.

Ploughs of every variety. Fanning Mills of approved patterns. Harrows, Cultivators Drills, Horse Rakes, Straw Cutters, Crushers, &c. &c.

Castings of every description.

☞All of the above are warranted.

Repairing done with expedition and fidelity.

oct 2—1y.

FOR RENT.

THE FARM on which I live will be rented the ensuing year. For terms, apply to the subscriber.

C. GRAHAM BROWN.

Sept. 25, 1850—2t.

SERVANTS FOR SALE.

I WILL sell at private sale, upon accommodating terms, two lots of valuable *YOUNG NEGROES,* among which are several very likely boys and girls from ten to fifteen years of age.

Sept. 25—tf. JAS. F. STONE.

NEW GOODS.

THE subscriber has received and opened a splendid assortment of **FALL AND WINTER GOODS,** embracing almost every varriety of DRY GOODS in demand.

He deems it unnecessary to enumerate the great variety of articles, composing his stock, as he is well aware that purchasers invariably examine before they buy.

He respectfully invites his friends and customers, and all persons in search of Goods, to to give him an early call, as he feels satisfied he can make it to their mutual interest. WM. H. ROGERS.

King Street, 2 doors west of Royal.

Alexandria, Va., Oct. 2, 1850.—3mo.

GLASS—Just received a lot of 8 by 10 and 10 by 12 WINDOW GLASS, which will be sold low by WM. BOSWELL & CO.

Oct. 2, 1850.

NOTICE.

THE undersigned having been appointed a Justice of the Peace, for Charles county, respectfully informs those who may wish his services, that he can be found always at home, where he will attend to conveyancing and any other business connected with his office.

He also informs the public that he is still engaged in the WHEELWRIGHT and BLACKSMITH business, in Pomonkey, and is prepared to execute work at the shortest notice, and upon the most reasonable terms. He has now on hand, for sale, two light Horse-Carts, which he will sell low for cash or on time.

oct 2—3t.* JAMES HARRIS.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

BY virtue of a writ of *fi fa.* issued out of Charles County Court, and to me directed, against the goods and chattles, lands and tenements of John H. Lancaster, at suit of Joseph Harris, Exe'r of Gwinn Harris, I have seized and taken in execution all of the said John H. Lancaster's right, title, claim, interest and estate in and to a tract or parcel of land called "Gibson's Pond," containing 100 acres, more or less, and I hereby give notice, that I shall sell the same at the Court House door, in Port Tobacco for cash, on Tuesday, the 22d day of October next.

J. R. ROBERTSON, Sheriff.

Sept. 29, 1850. [oct 2, 3t.]

NOTICE.

THE undersigned Commissioners, appointed by Charles County Court to value and divide the Real Estate of James Morton, late of said county, deceased, hereby give notice to all concerned, that they will meet on MONDAY the 21st of OCTOBER next, in BENEDICT, in said county, for the purpose of executing said commission.

THEODORE MUDD,
PETER WOOD,
JAMES T. THOMAS,
RICHARD P. WALL,
SAMUEL C. MORAN,
Commissioners.

Sept. 25, 1850.

ADMINISTRATION NOTICE.

THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE, That the subscribers have obtained from the Orphans' Court of Charles County, Maryland, letters of Administration on the personal estate of Matthew Milstead, late of said county, deceased. All persons having claims against the said deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, properly authenticated, to the subscriber, before the expiration of six months.—They may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of said deceased's estate

Given under our hands, this 24th day of September, 1850.

SUSAN MILSTEAD,
THOMAS I. MILSTEAD, Admr's
sep 25—4t. of Matthew Milstead.

TO MARKET GARDENERS AND ALL OTHERS CONCERNED.

THE subscriber offers new seed of his Large York Cabbage, a variety unsurpassed, if equalled by any ever sold in Philadelphia. This variety is of free growth and much hardier than the imported; hence, if it be sown at the usual time in the fall, the plants attain too large a size, and are liable to shoot. It should therefore not be sown earlier than 1st to 10th of October in a frame, that they can be protected, if necessary, until large enough to "*box up.*" If sown in Februray, in hot bed, it will prove greatly superior to any imported Cabbage raised in that way;—the heads bearing double the size, and not so liable to burt as those raised from European seed.

He also offers Early York Cabbage Seed, raised from imported stock: it is a little earlier than Landreth's Large York, and much larger and hardier than the English York, or Bullock-Heart.

ALSO, FOR SALE, All approved varieties of Cabbage, Broccoli, and Cauliflower, imported from responsible persons in England and Germany, and warranted to grow. D. LANDRETH,

65 *Chestnut Street, Philadphia.*

WM. STABLER & BRO.
Agents for Alexandria, Va.

9 mo 25—1w

CARRIAGES! CARRIAGES!!

THE subscriber returns his sincere thanks to his friends and the public generally for the patronage heretofore extended to him, and has the pleasure to inform them that he has just finished a splendid assortment of

FASHIONABLE CARRIAGES,
(At New York Prices)

of every description, which he will sell on the most reasonable terms for cash or approved paper. His establishment is two doors west of his old stand, corner of Third Street and Pennsylvania Avenue, and opposite Gadsby's New Hotel. Persons in want of Carriages will find it to their advantage to give me a call before purchasing. Old Carriages repaired at the shortest notice, or taken in exchange for new ones. I have a good assortment of second hand Carriages which I will sell on reasonable terms. MICHAEL McDERMOTT,

oct 2. Washington, D. C.

A lot of Extra FLOUR and Shoulder BACON, just received and for sale by

may 29. LEWIS WEEKS.