THE TIMES.

PORT TOBACCO, MD.

Thursday Morning, March 17, 1859.

☞The communication of *"Juvenis,"* on the first page of this paper, was received some weeks since, but owing to the press of other matter was deferred until the present.

☞The steamship Arabia, from Liverpool on the 26th ult., brings intelligence, the tenor of which is, on the whole, warlike. Lord Cowley, the English Minister at Paris, had gone to Vienna, to be sure, on a special mission of conciliation, the precise nature of which was not known. Ministers had announced in Parliament that there was reason to believe that the Austrian and French troops would soon at the instance of the Papal States, evacuate Rome. These facts, and the assurances with which the announcement was coupled, created strong hopes of peace in England, and produced a favorable effect for a day or two on the Continent. But, on the other hand, Paris letters stated that the Government was actually framing plans, assigning troops, and preparing ammunition and stores for a campaign in Italy, and that the representatives of Foreign Courts had abandoned all hopes of a peaceful solution of existing difficulties. Vienna letters affirmed, that while Count Buol still believed in peace, the Emperor was preparing for war. Orders looking in that direction had been published. Louis Napoleon was shortly expected in Turin on a visit to the King of Sardinia. The agitation in Milan was increasing. Contracts for the immediate construction of three new forts in Venice had been entered into. Turkey was arming frigates for the Adriatic, dispatching troops to the Danube. Russia was negotiating with the Rothschilds for a lone of five millions.

The Atlantic Telegraph Company had held a general meeting, at which it was announced that the Government had offered a guaranty of eight per cent. on the new capital of £60,000 for twenty-five years, on certain conditions, which did not transpire, but which were not thought insurmountable. The British Government had offered a subsidy of £3,000 per voyage to the Galway line. Lord Lyons, the new British Embassador to the United States, sailed for New York on the 22d, in the steam-frigate Curacoa. Cotton had declined. Breadstuffs were dull. Consols, on the morning of the 26th, were 95⅝a95¾c.

EXTRA SESSION OF CONGRESS.—An investigation of the accounts of the Post Office Department reveals the fact that it is six million dollars in arrears! After this disclosure an extra session is absolutely indispensable. By no expedient whatever is it possible to sustain the service under such a burden of indebtedness without an appropriation from Congress. We repeat, an extra session is inevitable, and at no distant day.—*Wash. States.*

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.—Our columns this week give evidence of the opening Spring trade, in the large number of new advertisements, to which we invite the attention of buyers.

☞Among the appointments of preachers by the Baltimore Conference of the M. E. Church, we see that of Rev. C. G. LINTHICUM and Rev. WM. BAGLEY, have been sent to Charles Circuit. The first named gentleman labored on this Circuit last year and was esteemed a zealous and able minister of the Gospel.

THE SICKLES CASE.—The case of Daniel E. Sicles came up before the Grand Jury to-day. At twenty minutes to 12, the first witness (Dr. Coolidge) was called, and between that time, and half past 1 o'clock, twelve other witnesses—being the entire number present, were examined.

At ten minutes past two, the Grand Jury appeared in court, and twenty-three answered to their names.

They presented one assault and battery case, but made no report whatever in the case of Mr. Sickles. They then adjourned over to eleven o'clock to-morrow morning.—*Washington Star of Monday afternoon.*

RENDITION OF FUGITIVE SLAVES.—The majority of the committee on federal relations in the Massachusetts Legislature on Friday reported a bill to prevent and punish any attempt to arrest fugitive slaves in that State. A minority report against the bill was also presented.

[COMMUNICATED.]

GEN. WALTER MITCHELL.

MR. EDITOR: The representative term of Gen. THOMAS F. BOWIE in Congress having expired by constitutional limitation, on the 4th instant, the partiality of friends will doubtless soon be bringing to public notice the names of other distinguished gentlemen of this Congressional District in connection with that high and honorable post. Allow me then, Mr. Editor, through your columns, to call the attention of the Democratic party to the worthy and talented gentlemen whose name heads this article.—General MITCHELL is a Democrat of the old line, one who has never swerved from or deserted his democracy under the most trying circumstances. In all the vicissitudes of the eventful fortunes of that party, in its brightest and its darkest days, in its sunshine and its storms, in its prosperity and adversity, in its battles and its defeats, he has been a true and faithful soldier—aye, a *gallant leader* in its ranks. We may anticipate another fierce sectional struggle in 1860, we shall then need in the councils of the nation no half-way politicians, no *trimmer*, no *timeist;* but a man who wears no mark, a man who knows his own and the people's rights and dares maintain them,—such a man is General MITCHELL. His genius, his courage, his patriotism, his chivalrous sense of honor, his public, no less than private incorruptibility, his sound national conservatism, his stern advocacy of popular rights, both State and Federal, all concur in pointing to General M. as the man for the times.

I have thus suggested the name of General MITCHELL without consulting his feelings on the subject, but think I hazard nothing in saying that, if nominated by a respectable meeting of his fellow citizens in convention assembled, he will consent for his name to be placed on the Democratic ticket, as our standard bearer in the next Congressional election for this district.

March 15, 1859. AMICUS.

☞Much difference of opinion exists, as to whether the Post-office Department possesses the legal right to apply the income of the Department to the payment of its expenses, in default of an express appropriation by Congress—and upon the determination of this question rests an extra session. An argument was submitted by a correspondent of the *Union* a few days ago, to show that the right referred to exists—a counter opinion is given by high legal authority in the *National Intelligencer*. The *Intelligencer* says that the opinion of its correspondent is so clear, that it very much doubts whether the inconvenience of assembling an extra session of Congress should be permitted to outweigh the hazardous assumption of a power not more clearly conferred by law, even could its exercise provide adequately for the exigency of the case, which in fact it could not inasmuch as the current receipts of the post offices are not only by some millions unequal to its expenditures, but those receipts could hardly, we presume be drawn from a thousand distant offices with sufficient promptitude to sustain the operations of the Department even on a very reduced footing. The Washington correspondent of the Baltimore *Sun* says, that the deficiency in the revenue of the Post-office Department for the present fiscal year is ascertained to be six millions which were provided in the defeated appropriation bill. If the mail service could be partially sustained by the adoption of Mr. R. H. G.'s construction of the laws regulating the application of accruing postages, and by the voluntary aid of contractors who may be willing to incur the risk and odium of appearing before Congress as claimants for pay, this deficiency would render the attempt abortive.—*Alexandria Gazette.*

☞The Hon. Joseph Holt, entered upon his new duties as Postmaster General on Monday. Upon being qualified, the gentlemen connected with the Department assembled in the principal hall, when their chief addressed them in a manner exceedingly appropriate and eloquent. At the close of his remarks Mr. Holt requested his first assistant, Horatio King, Esq., to introduce each of the clerks, messengers and watchmen by name, which was done to the evident satisfaction of all.

CONGRESS DEGENERATING.—The Washington *Union*, in a long editorial, among other things, says:

"It has become painfully apparent to the country that Congress is fast degenerating from an efficient, competent, pains-taking legislature, into an imbecile, distracted, callous political conclave. Party politics has usurped the place of business in its deliberations—whole months being given to stale and unprofitable political wrangling, where hours only are given to legitimate objects of legislation. The constitution requires the Executive to submit recommendations to Congress, from time to time, touching the interests of the Union; and the President did at both sessions of the expired Congress submit various important recommendations intended to meet very grave exigencies in the public affairs. With few exceptions, these recommendations received no consideration from the body.

Nor did the recommendations of the Executive fare worse than those of its own committees and adjunct functionaries. In a great many cases the committees of the expired Congress performed herculean service and initiated most urgent and important measures of legislation. The labor was nearly all thrown away; scarcely any of the recommendations of its own committees receiving attention from Congress."

THE MARYLAND FISHERIES.—The fishing it is thought, will commence earlier this spring than usual, if the weather continues favorable. The busy note of preparation already is heard all along the shore. A correspondent of the Cecil *Democrat* says:

Shad flies and fishermen are swarming in the streets of Havre-de-Grace, the latter wending their way from the cities to the different shores in the vicinity. Myriads of these shad flies glitter in the sunbeams, crawl over your clothes and into your hair, keeping one constantly employed in brushing them off. They are said to come out of the river, and like the mosquitoe, breed in the water.

A shad was taken at Swan Creek on the 7th inst., a few miles below Havre de Grace.

The *Cecil Whig* says the first shad caught in that county this spring, was caught at Green Bank Fishery on the 10th inst.

The Denton *Journal* says, in reference to Caroline county; quite a number of herring, and a few shad, have been taken at the various fisheries in this vicinity during the past week. The former sell for two cents a piece and the latter 25 to 33 cents each.

Winter fish everywhere along shore, are plenty, chiefly ring perch and moccasins. Mr. Wm. Pennell, of Garden Point, caught one night last week, so many that he was unable to land his seine, but they proved to be when landed, mostly of the smaller fry, scarcely worth carrying away.

THE FUGITIVE SLAVE LAW DECLARED CONSTITUTIONAL.—An important decision was delivered on the 7th instant, in the United States Supreme Court, by the Chief Justice, in the case of the United States vs. Sherman H. Booth, the Supreme Court vs. error to the Supreme Court of Wisconsin. The case involved the right of State Courts to release, on *habeas corpus*, parties in custody under process of the United States for offences against the laws of the United States. This was done by the court below in the instance of an arrest under judgment by the district court of the United States for a violation of the fugitive slave law. The whole conduct of the court below was held to be totally illegal and virtually revolutionary; that the marshal had a right, and it was his duty to resist by force any such interference on the part of the State powers; and that the fugitive slave act was clearly constitutional.

ANOTHER DONATION.—We learn that the Agricultural College has just received an additional donation of $2,500 from Dr. William Newton Mercer, of New Orleans, (formerly of this State,) making $7,500 in all from that gentleman. It is expected that one wing of the College building will be ready for the reception of students by the first of September next.

☞In view of the fact, that in case an extra session of Congress should be called, a portion of the States might be unrepresented, not having held their elections, the *National Intelligencer* suggests that all the States should hereafter take measures so to arrange their biennial elections for members of Congress, as to assure themselves of a representation in the National Councils, even if assembled in extraordinary session at any period when such a session is made imperative by the exigencies of the Government.

ANNEXATION IN CUBA.—The Richmond *Dispatch*, on the authority of a gentleman residing in that city who has recently been spending some months in Cuba, states, that with the exception of a few persons engaged in the American trade the opposition to annexation is universal.

THE WASHINGTON TRAGEDY.—It is stated that Mr. Butterworth has engaged the Hon. Reverdy Johnson as his counsel, in case he is indicted for his connection with the Sickles' tragdy. Mrs. Sickles has returned home to New York.

☞Negro slavery is fully recognized and property in slaves amply protected by a recent act of the New Mexican Legislature. This act passed unanimously in one branch, and without a dissenting vote in the other.

A SLAVE AUCTION.—A slave auction recently took place at the Race Course, near Savannah, when upwards of four hundred men, women and children were disposed of. They consisted of half the negro stock remaining on the old Major Butler plantations, and were sold in settlement of the estate. The New York *Tribune*, which gives a long account of all the scenes and incidents, says:

At the close of the sale, on the last day, sundry baskets of champagne were produced, and all were invited to partake, the said wine being at the expense of the broker, Mr. Bryan.

The total amount of the sale foots up $303,850—the proceeds of the first day being $161,480, the second day $142,370.

The highest price paid for any one family was given for Sally Walker and her five children, who were mostly grown up. The price was $6,180.

The highest price paid for a single man was $1,750, which was given for William, a "fair carpenter and caulker."

The highest price paid for a woman was $1,250, which was given for Jane, "cotton hand, and house servant."

The lowest price paid was for Anson and Violet, a gray-haired couple, each having numbered more than fifty years; they brought but $250 a piece.

THE QUADRUPLE EXECUTION AT BALTIMORE. The four condemned murders, Gambrill, Cropps, Corrie and Cyphus, who are sentenced to be executed at Baltimore, on the 18th inst., (to-morrow,) have addressed a joint letter to Sheriff Creamer, requesting that they shall not be hung in shrouds. There being no law requiring the Sheriff to use shrouds, he will accede to their desire, and they will be executed in their usual dress, only wearing the necessary cap to draw over their face. The following is the letter addressed to the Sheriff:

BALTIMORE CITY JAIL, March 6th, 1859.

Thomas Creamer, Esq., Sheriff of Baltimore City.—DEAR SIR: We, the undersigned, take this opportunity of addressing you a few lines in regard to our execution. We ask as a *favor*—the only one we ever will ask on this earth—it is this: For the love of God do not compel us to wear *shrouds* on the 18th of March. As you are a *Christian* do not do it. It would be death itself to put a *shroud* on us, for God knows we have enough to bear up under. We want to die like Christians and men. Oh, you cannot refuse the only boon perhaps that it will ever be in our power to ask. We know it is at your *option* to grant this *request* or no. We now beg leave to close, hoping that we may receive a *favorable* answer.

Your unfortunate fellow-mortals,
MARION CROPPS,
HENRY GAMBRILL,
PETER CORRIE,
JOHN H. CYPHUS.

WHAT THE PRESS SAY.

"COSTAR'S" Exterminators are invaluable remedies for clearing houses of all sorts of vermin. With all confidence we recommend them.—*N. Y. Daily State Register.*

"COSTAR'S" remedies for all domestic pests, such as Rats, Roaches, Bed-Bugs, Ants, Fleas, &c. are invaluable; we can speak from actual knowledge of their merits. DRUGGISTS and DEALERS should send their orders early, if they would secure a trade in them.—*N. Y. Journal.*

"I shall write something about your Exterminators, as I can do so with propriety. They are selling rapidly here and destroying all vermin.—*Ed. "Banner," Fayette, Mo.*

"DEATH TO ALL VERMIN."

As SPRING approaches,
ANTS and ROACHES,
From their holes come out,
And MICE and RATS,
In spite of Cats,
Gaily skip about.
BED-BUGS bite
You, in the night,
As on the bed you slumber,
While INSECTS crawl
Thro' chamber and hall,
In squads without number.

IT IS TRULY WONDERFUL WITH WHAT certainty, Rats, Roaches, Mice, Moles, Ground Mice, Bed-bugs, Ants, Moths, Mosquitoes, Fleas, Insects on Animals, in short every species of Vermin, are utterly destroyed and exterminated by

"Costar's" Rat, Roach, &c. Exterminator,
"Costar's" Bed-bug Exterminator,
"Costar's Electric Powder, for Insects.

Supplied *direct*, by mail, to any address in the United States, as follows:

On receipt of $1.00, a box of the RAT, ROACH, &c. EXT.;

On receipt of $2,00, a box each of the RAT, ROACH, &c. EXT., and ELECTRIC POWDER, (sent postage paid,) sufficient to destroy the vermin on any premises.

Sold by Druggists and Dealers every where. "Costars" Principal Depot, 420 Broadway, N. Y. P. S.—Circulars, terms, &c., sent by mail on application.

THE WHEAT CROP.—The Cambridge (Md.) *Democrat* says much of the wheat in that county has been killed by being washed out of the ground by the heavy rains. Where it has not been injured it looks remarably well, being green and as far advanced as in past seasons in May.

THE GOULDY TRAGEDY.—Mr. Francis Gouldy, who, with nearly all the members of his household, was assaulted by his son Francis in October last, in New York, has so far recovered from his injuries as to have been able to attend service on Sunday last. He had however to be supported by a friend. He will never recover his normal vigor. A large piece of his skull was removed by the surgeon. His face is under partial paralysis, from the result of the wounds. A month since, Mrs. Gouldy gave birth to a daughter, and has already recovered from her confinement. All the others, except the servant who died, have quite recovered.

THE SICKLES' TRIAL.—The Washington *Star* of Friday evening says:—

It is hardly possible that the trial of Mr. Daniel E. Sickles can be commenced before the opening of the week after the next. The death of the late Postmaster General Brown, has prevented the transaction of business by the Grand Jury of the county of Washington up to to-day, and it is not yet known whether they will take up that case first. They were sworn in only on Monday last, it will be remembered. Judging from the tone of Washington letters to the distant press, the writers of which have evidently been engaged in endeavoring to excite popular sympathy for Mr. Sickles, it is expected by some that a rigid investigation into every point in the antecedents of the accused likely to throw light upon the question of his justification in killing Key, will not be insisted upon. We believe they will find this a mistake ere long.—The friends of Mr. Key will leave no stone unturned to vindicate his memory, by showing that he did not deserve his fate at the hands of Mr. Sickles, if that be possible. It will rest upon the Attorney of the United States, we apprehend, to make a vigorous prosecution in the case or not, as he may please; as the friends of Mr. K. are certainly prepared to aid his efforts to any extent he may be willing to receive aid. Our knowledge of him leads us to the conclusion that he will do his whole duty in the case.

Dr. Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry.

Where the above preparation is known, it is so well established as an infallible Remedy for the *cure of Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Hoarseness, Bronchitis, Spitting of Blood, Pain in the Breast, Croup, Whooping Cough*, and every form of PULMONARY COMPLAINT, that it were a work of supererogation to speak of its merits.

Discovered by a well known physician more than twenty years since, it has by the wonderful cures it has affected been constantly appreciating in public favor, until its use and its reputation are alike universal; and it is now known and cherished by all (and their "name is legion") who have been restored to health by its use as the GREAT REMEDY for all the diseases which it professes to cure.

Sir James Clark, physician to Queen Victoria, has given as his opinion that

CONSUMPTION CAN BE CURED!

The whole history of this Medicine fully confirms the opinion of that eminent man. Thousands can testify and have testified, that when all other remedies had failed, this has completely cured; that when the sufferer had well nigh despaired, this has afforded immediate relief, that when the physician had pronounced the disease incurable, this has removed it entirely.

The virtues of this *Balsam* are alike applicable to cure a slight Cold or a *Confirmed Consumption*, and its power as a *safe, certain, speedy, pleasant* and *effectual remedy* cannot be equalled.

☞CAUTION! *Purchase none unless it has the* WRITTEN *signature of* "I BUTTS" on the wrapper, as well as the written name of the proprietors.

S. W. FOWLE & CO., Proprietors, Boston.

For sale by their agents everywhere, and by WM. BOSWELL, Port Tobacco; JOHN T. COLTON, Allen's Fresh, Charles County, Maryland.

THE MARKETS.

BALTIMORE, MARCH 15, 1859.

GRAIN.—*Wheat.*—In choice white Wheat we notice a further advance, the offerings this morning being merely nominal, amounting to but some 2,000 bushels, with sales of good to choice white at 170a195 cts., and of red at 150a160 cts. per bushel for good to prime.

Corn.—Of Corn 27,000 bushels offered, and white sold at 75a78 cts. and yellow at 82a84 cts. measure, and 85a86 cts. weight.

Oats.—Maryland, Virginia and Pennsylvania oats sold at 48a53a60 cts. per bushel.

Rye.—Pennsylvania Rye sold at 98 cts. per bushel.

[From the American of Saturday last.]

TOBACCO.—The market this week has been quiet, neither agents nor shippers showing much disposition to operate at present in any discription. Accounts from the Continent give no indication of a lively business. We are not advised of any transactions in Maryland Tobacco this week, both buyers and sellers holding back for an increase of receipts. This may soon be expected as planters are hurrying their produce to market as fast as the condition of the roads will permit. We are not advised of any sales of Ohio Tobacco, holders keeping back the few parcels here. We hope next week to record something like a good business doing in Maryland Tobacco.

The inspections for the week comprise 229 hhds. Maryland, 131 hhds. Ohio, and 161 hhds. Kentucky and 2 hhds. Virginia—total, 523 hhds.

ALEXANDRIA, MARCH 15, 1859.

GRAIN.—Wheat.—There is a fair demand for Wheat, but the offerings on 'Change yesterday were light. We notice sales of white at 150a165 cts. for inferior to fair, and 170a173 cts., for fair to good. Sales of red at 152 cts. for fair.

Corn.—Corn continues in good demand, with moderate supplies. Sales reported on 'Change at 85 cts. for white.

Rye.—At 78a80 cts.

Oats.—At 44a48 cts.

MARRIED,

In Washington City, at St. Matthews Church, on the 8th instant, by the Rev. Father WALDRON, ROSINA, daughter of R. B. LLOYD, Esq., of that city, to Capt. THOMAS J. MACKEY, Inspector of Surveys for Kansas and Nebraska, assisted by Gov. BLACK, of Nebraska, and Gen. HENINGSHEN, late of Nicaragua.

DIED,

On the 7th instant, after a long and painful illness, FRANCIS ALBERT, son of JOSEPH L. and JULIA E. MURRAY, aged 9 months and 9 days.

At Val Verd, Prince George's county, Md., on the 7th day of March, in the 83d year of her age, Mrs. PRISCILLA MADDOX, relict of the late NOTLEY MADDOX, and daughter of Col. TRUMAN SKINNER, of the army of the Revolution.

SPADES & FORKS—A lot of superior Spades, long and short handle Manure Forks.
mh 17 For sale by WM. BOSWELL.

OBITUARY.

Died, on Friday last, of Pneumonia, at his late residence, Milton Hill, Dr. P. H. HAMILTON, in the 43d year of his age. In recording this obituary I cannot but give expression to the high estimation in which the deceased was held by all acquainted with him, and the poignant regret they feel at his death—especially is such the case with his neighbors. They valued him by no fictitious standard, but by that unerring touchstone applied during their intimate and varied social and business relations—not for months only—but for many years—not in hours or at times when conventional rule and etiquette often reflect a goodly outside show and conceal a heart rotten at the core—no, far from it,—they estimated his character, after it had been tried in the crucible—subjected to stern and rigid tests. At hours, time after time, when with his wonted hospitality he regaled his friends, his happy and cheerful countenance truly reflected his liberal and generous heart. Looking upon him in his family circle, where he fully sustained all its requirements, his love and devotion to wife and children being as deep and exhaustless as the sea. He was a kind and considerate master. His hand was ever open to assist the needy and distressed.—His religious and political sentiments were catholic—always ready and willing to accord honesty to his fellow man, however he might differ from him. Prompt and frank in the expression of his views, he was ever wary not to injure by tone or manner those who joined issue with him. His heart sympathised deeply with all whom affliction befell and he was disposed to deal leniently with the frailties of others—ever mindful, it seems, of that memorable and impressive commentary made upon erring man—"That he who is without sin let him cast the first stone." His sickness, though painful and protracted, was borne with christian fortitude and resignation. His last words upon earth were "God have mercy upon me." He died in communion with his church and left I believe not an enemy behind. What a consolation to his wife and children—how tempering and asswaging to their heart-rending bereavement! They may rest assured of the deep and abiding sympathy their neighbors feel for them. C****

ANNOUNCEMENTS FOR OFFICE.

For Sheriffalty.

MR. WELLS: You will confer a favor upon us by announcing HENRY A. MIDDLETON, through your columns, for the next Sheriffalty of Charles county. MANY VOTERS.
mh 17 tf

For Constable.

MR. EDITOR: You are authorized to announce W. E. W. ROWE as a candidate for Constable in the first election district [mh 17 tf]

For Road Supervisor.

We are authorized to announce NAPOLEON T. COX, of the first election district of Charles county, a candidate for Road Supervisor.

NEW SPRING GOODS.—Penitentiary & other Plaid Cottons
Heavy white Patapsco Duck
" blue Amoskeag Twills
" Patapsco C. Osnaburgs
" 1-4 brown Cottons.
Just received and for sale by
mh 17 WM BOSWELL.

NEW GOODS.

S. M. PADGETT & CO., are receiving their fresh supply of

Spring and Summer Goods,

which have been selected with much care to meet the wants of their customers. Their stock is now larger than it has ever been, and the goods will be sold upon the usual terms as low as they can be purchased elsewhere. It is deemed unnecessary to enumerate the different kinds of goods now in store; suffice it to say, their stock is full and unsurpassed in any other country store.
Port Tobacco, March 17, 1859.

NEW GOODS.

THE undersigned respectfully calls the attention of his customers and buyers generally to his fine stock of

Spring and Summer Goods,

embracing DOMESTIC STAPLE and FANCY DRY GOODS, fresh GROCERIES; HATS, BOOTS and SHOES in great variety—and, indeed, every description of Goods usually sold in a first class country store. My stock being complete, the purchaser can find almost any article that may be called for. Goods will be sold low for cash or upon credit to customers who will promptly pay their accounts on the 1st of July and January.
J. T. PADGETT.
Port Tobacco, March 17, 1859.

ATTENTION FARMERS!

PHOSPHATE OF LIME—composed of PERUVIAN GUANO and GROUND BONES—for sale by J. R. HERBERT & BRO.,
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
mh 17 33 Grant st., Baltimore.

W. S. JENKINS' PURE DISTILLED WHISKEY.
For sale by J. R. HERBERT & BRO,
Sole Agents, 33 Grant st,
mh 17 BALTIMORE.

PERUVIAN GUANO.—A cargo of No. 1 Peruvian Guano, just received from the Agents of the Peruvian Government, and for sale at lowest rates. JAMES C. NEVETT,
opposite Pioneer Mills.
Alexandria, March 17, 1859—1t

BLACKLOCK, MARSHALL & CO.,
FFRRY SLIP, ALEXANDRIA, VA.,

ARE RECEIVING from New York and Philadelphia their SPRING STOCK of Groceries, Wines, Liquors, Sigars, Tobacco, &c., &c., comprising a very general and choice assortment. We name in part—

50 hhds. Porto Rico, New Orleans, and St. Croix Sugars
100 bbls B and C Coffee Sugar
100 " Crushed, Powdered & Granulated Sugar
20 boxes Loaf Sugar
175 bags Rio Coffee
125 " Java, Laguira and Mocha Coffee
65 hhds Cuba and Porto Rico Molasses
50 bbls New Orleans Molasses
50 " Portland Syrup
25 " New York Syrup
50 ½ chests Gunpowder and Imperial Teas
30 ½ chests Black Tea, &c., &c., and all other articles usually kept in a Grocery Store.

As there is a Packet running from Alexandria to Port Tobacco, purchasers will find a regular and safe mode of conveyance.
mh 17—1y

1000 Bbls. HERRING, at prices ranging from $2.50 to $5. Suitable for Negroes and Family use. Orders solicited.
BLACKLOCK, MARSHALL & CO.,
mh 17 Ferry Slip, Alexandria, Va.

MARSHALL HOUSE,
CORNER OF KING AND PITT STREETS,
Alexandria, Va.,
M. V. MADDUX, Proprietress.
AMOS FOX, SUPERINTENDENT.
☞N. B. Persons visiting the City, will find this House equal to any South of Baltimore, and superior to any in the City. No pains will be spared to make the guest comfortable.
mh 17—1y

90 BUSHELS SEED OATS—For sale by—
mh 17 J. T. PADGETT.

A FRESH and genuine lot of GARDEN SEED and PEAS. For sale by
mh 17 J. T. PADGETT.

NOTICE.

A MEETING of the Board of School Commissioners for Charles County will be held at the Court House, in Port Tobacco, on

Saturday next, the 19th instant,

at 10 o'clock, A. M., for the purpose of passing accounts and examining applicants for Schools.
By order,
JOHN J. HUGHES, Secretary.
March 17, 1859—1t

NOTICE TO OUT-PENSIONERS.

BY a Resolution of the Board of Trustees of the Poor, the names of all to whom Pensions have been granted for the current year, (1859,) unless the respective Drafts in their favor be called for on or before the 1st day of July next, will be stricken from the list of Out-Pensioners for the said year 1859; and the Overseer of the Poor is authorized, upon application, to deliver said Drafts at any time before the said 1st day of July.
By order of the Board of Trustees,
THOS. M. WELCH, Overseer.
March 17, 1859—4t

FARM AT PRIVATE SALE.

THE undersigned offer for sale their FARM situated in Pomonkey Neck, Charles County, Md., on the Potomac River. The tract contains about

600 ACRES,

more or less, and is of a very productive soil. The improvements consist of a small DWELLING HOUSE and OUT BUILDINGS.

The Shad and Herring FISHERY on said land is considered one of the best on the river.

For terms, apply to B. E. GRAY and E. L. SMOOT.
March 17, 1859—tf

REESE'S
MANIPULATED
OR
PHOSPHO-PERUVIAN GUANO.
AMMONIA, 8 PER CENT.
PHOSPHATES OF LIME, 45 TO 50 PER CENT.

Introduced and successfully used on Tobacco, Corn and Oats, since 1856.

THE decided superiority of this Guano for TOBACCO and CORN, over all other fertilizers, is now so well understood and appreciated, that it is useless to discuss its merits.

We are now prepared to deliver the article as heretofore, made with the *greatest care and accuracy*, being personally superintended by the undersigned.

NOTICE.—The reputation this Guano has acquired, after *three years' experience* in its use, has induced the indiscriminate appropriation of the name, "*Manipulated Guano*," by various parties. Now, it should be remembered, that the *name* signifies nothing, apart from the thing itself.

Hence, we urge consumers to specify, *in all cases, Reese's*, otherwise they may not get the desired article, as has been the case. We prepare but *one* article, at one price; hence, wherever found, it is the same. JOHN S. REESE & CO.,
JOHN S. REESE, } 77 South st., up stairs,
JOHN W. MCCONKEY, } Baltimore, Md.
mh 17—4m

JOHN T. WATKINS,
MANUFACTURER AND DEALER IN
CABINET FURNITURE,
No. 47 South Street,
BALTIMORE,
☞Has always on hand, SOFAS, CHAIRS, BEDS, BEDDING, and in fact, every article relating to House Keeping, for sale low for Cash.
mh 17—1y

LIQUORS, WINES, &c.—150 bbls Rectified Whiskey
200 bbls Old Rye Whiskey—some of supr quality
40 boxes Nectar Whiskey
20 ¼ and ½ pipes Cognac Brandy—Outard, Hennessey and Martell brands
50 ¼ casks Domestic Brandy
5 bbls Peach Brandy
5 bbls Apple do
25 casks Cherry, Ginger, Blackberry and Raspberry Brandies
10 casks Port Wine—some of very supr. quality
12 " Sherry " "
15 " Madeira " "
20 " Malaga " "
30 bbls N. E. Rum
8 casks Jamaica Rum
3 pipes Holland Gin
100 baskets Champagne
100,000 Segars; 75 boxes Tobacco
Cordials, Ale, Porter, &c., &c.
BLACKLOCK, MARSHALL & CO.
mh 17 Ferry Slip, Alexandria, Va.

SHERIFF SALE.

BY virtue of a writ of vendi, issued out of the Circuit Court of Charles county and State of Maryland, and to me directed, at the suit of Wm. Hamilton, against the goods and chattles of Charles A. Pye, Charles H. Pye, and Nicholas Stonestreet, I have seized and taken in execution, all the right, title, claim and interest, in estate, in law and in equity, in and to the following Negro slaves, to wit: Notley, Mary and John; and I hereby give notice, that I will sell to the highest bidder, for cash, on Tuesday, the 15th day of March next, at the Court House door, in Port Tobacoo, between the hours of 1 and 4 o'clock, all of Charles A. Pye's right and title in and to the above named slaves, so seized and taken, and will be sold to satisfy the above judgment.

GEORGE W. SMITH, Sheriff.
Feb. 22, 1859. [fe 24]

☞*The above sale is postponed until* TUESDAY, *the 3d day of May next.*
GEORGE W. SMITH, Sheriff.
March 17, 1859. [$5 50]

SHERIFF SALE.

BY virtue of two writs of vendi, issued out of the Circuit Court of Charles County and State of Maryland, and to me directed, at the suit of George N. Rowe, against the goods and chattles, lands and tenements of Charles A. Pye and Charles H. Pye, I have seized and taken in execution all the right, title, claim and interest, in estate, in law and in equity, in and to the following Negro Slaves, to wit: Kitty, Austin, Eliza, Olivia, Alice, Frederick, Jim and Ned; and I hereby give noticethat I will sell to the highest bidder, for cash, at the Court House door, in Port Tobacco, on Tuesday, the 15th day of March next, all the right, title, claim and interest of Charles A. Pye in and to the above named property, so seized and taken, and will be sold to satisfy the above named judgement. Sale between the hours of 1 and 3 o'clock, P. M.

GEORGE W. SMITH, Sheriff.
Feb. 22, 1859. [fe24]

☞*The above sale is postponed until* TUESDAY, *the 3d day of May next.*
GEORGE W. SMITH, Sheriff.
March 17, 1859. $5 69]

200 BBLS. GROUND PLASTER—for sale
mh 17 by J. T. PADGETT.

GUNS.—A few very superior double-barrel Bird and Duck Guns; together with a general assortment of Sporting Apparatus—just received and for sale by WM. BOSWELL.