WHEN YOU FINISH READING YOUR AFRO PASS IT ALONG TO A FRIEND

MIXED STUDENTS CHANT- 'LITTLE ROCK'S NOT AMERICA'

MISS "MAY 17, 1954"—Denise Slade, four-year-old, bright-eyed, intelligent daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Russell Slade of Suffern, Va., born on May 17, 1954, was the youngest delegate at the 23rd annual convention of the Virginia Conference of NAACP. She was one of the guests at the Jackson Memorial dinner as one of the first youth life members in the state. She was sponsored by the Gravel Hill Baptist Church of Isle of Wight County, Va. (Scott Henderson Photo)

REPORTER'S ROW

Bloodless Chicks

That Albatross brood comes home

By Samuel Hoskins

WASHINGTON

There is an element of the Greek Tragedy in the current anguish of Paul Butler, chairman of the Democratic National Committee.

The embattled chairman complains of being "clobbered by the Republicans and smothered by the Democrats."

So intense has the situation become he is wondering "whether we're going to last during these closing weeks of the campaign."

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THE COMPLAINT stems from the verbal two-way assault and battery Republicans and southern Democrats are heaping upon the exposed but, as yet, unbowed head of the beleaguered national chairman.

Hardly anyone is surprised that the trouble is rooted in the Democrats, built-in dilemma over the civil rights.

Ever since that day long ago when the national chairman first sidestepped queries about a certain Democrat who heads the Senate Judiciary Committee, almost everyone knew this day was coming.

Now the Republicans clobber Mr. B. for not speaking out against the anti-civil righters within the party.

However, when at last he does speaks out, immediately he is bamboozled by Smathers-Faubus-Talmadge and Company, that brand of Democrats also known as Dixiecrats.

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MR. B.'S current predicament resembles nothing so much as the predicament he found himself in that day in 1956 when Rep. Hugh Scott, a Republican asked him: "What about Eastland?"

The query was important because Eastland (James O.) is the Democrat who declared war upon the U.S. Supreme Court.

That was shortly after the court handed down its May 17, 1954 school desegregation decision.

Shortly thereafter the NAACP's Clarence Mitchell likened Sir Eastland to an Albatross hanging heavily around the political neck of the Democratic Party.

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NOW IT'S no secret the Eastland offensive against the high-court and school desegregation has taken numerous twists and turns.

At various periods and stages it paraded under such labels as "Go slow," "moderation," "economic boycott" and "Southern manifesto."

But always and consistently this rebellion against law and order moved in one inevitable direction, picking up various and sundry recruits afflicted, at this late date, with a grand illusion about vanquished Confederacy.

As was also inevitable, this rekindled rebellion finally degenerated to naked Faubusonism defiance in Little Rock, to Byrd-Almond directed "massive resistance" in Virginia and to dynamite-mob violence in numerous other places South,

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NOR IS it any secret that part of this reborn Confederate offensive was and is political in character.

Also, there is no denying that its instrument of locomotion was and is the manifesto wing of the Democratic Party of which Butler was and is national chairman.

As long ago as 1955, it was clearly obvious southern politicians really were interested in only two things:

Retaining leadership in the Senate and House, so as to keep their strangle hold on important Congressional Committees.

Using the Democratic Party as a lever to hoist their regional fight against the Supreme Court to the national level.

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THE OVERALL strategy was to shift the battle over school desegregation from the South, where it should be, to the floor of Congress and the national political arena.

As national chairman, Mr. B. should have known this was the real purpose of the Atlanta meeting, Aug. 1 and 2, 1956, of Democrats from 11 southern states.

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FOR THERE WAS no mistaking what those politicians meant when they professed to be "gravely disturbed over the invasion of the sovereign rights of the states . ." etc.

Or, when they talked somberly of maintaining the spirit of the "Democratic Party as southern states have known it for more than a century."

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CHESTER BOWLES, former ambassador to India, a Democrat, understood clearly ecough, and issued a public warning.

He advised fellow Democrats in the North that "We must purify our party . . . even if it means losing the membership of segregationists."

He went so far to propose that "if the party must lose those who instigate and enforce the repugnant views of racism that violate the most basic concept of liberal democracy then the party must pay this price."

Colored Democrats also understood the Dixiecratic objective.

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IN JULY, 1956, a month before the national convention, 60 such Democrats met in Chicago and urged the party to adopt a strong civil rights plank and nominate a liberal candidate.

The plea was ignored. At the August convention, party policymakers—in the name of harmony—sold out to the South.

A watered-down civil rights plank was adopted, Adlai Stevenson (approved before the convention by the Dixiecrats) was nominated.

• • •

CONSEQUENTLY, political integrity was scuttled to make room for the curious gospel of moderation, a hybrid dogma resulting from Dixie aggression and Yankee submission.

Summarily, Chairman Butler's current troubles are the bloodless chicks of political expediency and moral debauchery coming home, at last, to roost.

Is there any wonder then that these miseries now dogging the days and nights of Chairman Butler and the Democratic Party resemble nothing so much as baby Albatrosses?

Now the truth is out; and, no longer it necessary to ask: "What about Eastland?"

St. Aug. students hear UN advisor

RALEIGH, N.C.—Mrs. Carmel Carrington Marr, advisor to Ambassador Henry Cabot Lodge, permenant U.S. delegate to the United Nations, was one of the speakers at St. Augustine's College UN observance last week.

Mrs. Marr discussed the operations of the United Nations.

Other speakers during the one - week observance were Clinton Dugger, president of the Student Council; and Abraham Holtzmann, associate professor of political science at North Carolina College.

(See Story in Column 2)

—Keep marching

(Continued from Page 1)

cuperating in their Montgomery home from the recent assault by a New York woman.

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"THE FUTURE belongs to those who march for freedom," the Rev. Mr. King said.

Mrs. King was a leader in the march by some 7,500 students who paraded from 15th and E Sts., NW , to the Memorial.

Other adult leaders were Singer Harry Belafonte and wife, Jackie Robinson, Mrs. Bessie Buchanan of New York State Assembly, Judge Hubert T. Delaney, New York;

Gloster Current, director, NAACP branches; Father Kilmer Meyers of New York and A. Phillip Randolph, committee member of Youth March for Integrated Schools.

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BELAFONTE AND an interracial student group were rebuffed in their efforts for an interview with President Eisenhower or a White House representative.

The group departed the march for the White House as the procession moved west on on Constitution Ave. to the memorial.

The students left a statement with the guard at the White House gate for the President after staging "a 30 minute protest" by waiting in silence.

• • •

"ALTHOUGH HE didn't receive us, or one of his officials, there are millions of people in Asia, Africa and Europe who will be fully aware of his behavior to the group this afternoon" Belafonte said of the President.

"It will have far - reaching meaning," he added in his report to the assembly, which cheered him wildly.

The singer and other speakers said, "We didn't come here to embarrass the President or anybody."

• • •

MR. RANDOLPH said the march "is wholly non-partisan and is absolutely free from any form of control or influence from Communists or Communism."

Youth marched on Washington, "because it is the seat of the most sensitive system of public communication," he said.

Public opinion is needed to marshal action for compliance with Supreme Court decisions, Mr. Randolph said.

He described Governor Faubus' nationwide campaign for contributions to run a private school system as an "incredible spectacle."

"Though we now pass through a long night of terror and trouble, may we ever remember that one night is not wholly dark nor is it endless," Mr. Randolph said.

JACKIE ROBINSON received a standing ovation. He was accompanied by his wife and three children. Jackie Jr., 11, marched along with his father.

"You have demonstrated to the world that Little Rock is not America," said the former Brooklyn Dodger star.

"I'm sorry that the President hasn't demonstrated by his actions that he agrees with this demonstration."

• • •

MR. CURRENT told the assembly, "We will see integration in our lifetime if not in the next three or four years."

The audience cheered Minnie Jean Brown, one of the "Little Rock Nine," who brought greetings from the other students and Mrs. Daisy Bates, a sponsor of the march.

"The Little Rock Nine are here with you in spirit," Miss Brown said.

Other commitments didn't allow Mrs. Bates to make the trip, Mr. Randolph stated.

STUDENTS CAME mainly from the Eastern Seaboard, ranging in age from three up.

"Two, four, six, eight, we want to integrate," they chanted, carrying placards for "Democracy and Human Dignity," "Equality For All," "Little Rock Is Not America" and "Civil Rights Are Morally Right."

They were led by Ann Hunt, 3, and sister, Naomi, 9; Karen Cagan, also 9; Harry Galarza, 11, and Dimitra Nichols, 11, all of Nod New York.

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THE 369TH Junior Guard and St. Martins Naval Cadets from New York each marched 100 strong in uniform.

Girls of Brooklyn's Carter Cadets bore the colors and served as interior guards during the program.

Students came from City College of New York, Hunter, Columbia, Swarthmore, Temple, Antioch, Howard and George Washington.

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LOCAL COMMITTEE on arrangements, headed by the Rev. Shelby Rooks, said 200 bus loads arrived, excluding those by train and private car.

Cafeteria Workers Union, Hod Carriers and 14 churches made provisions to serve visitors after the meeting.

Local participants in the march included the Jets from Turner Memorial AME Church and a group of young people from East Calvary Methodist.

"This demonstration shows the world that youth can help solve problems," said the Rev. S. P. Manning, East Calvary pastor.

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PARK POLICE said about five fainted from the heat in the crowd, but none was serious.

"It was a very orderly demonstration," police said.

Youth voted to march again May 17, next year, on the anniversary of the Supreme Court school desegregation decision.

They resolved to support the NAACP and increase its membership.

ANP editor named

CHICAGO (ANP) — Albert Barnett, retired Chicago Defender city editor this week was named assistant in charge of press relations for Joseph D. Lohman, Democratic candidate for State Treasurer of Illinois.

Students say 'Little Rock not America'

By IRMA LAWSON

WASHINGTON

The theme of the "Youth March for Integrated Schools," which descended upon the nation's capital Saturday afternoon, was "Little Rock is Not America."

This slogan was plastered on numerous placards which the 10,000 youngsters hoisted high as they marched chanting down Constitution Ave. to the Lincoln Memorial.

The "Little Rock" theme was supplemented by such other slogans as "Why Wait — Integrate," "Phooey On Faubus," and "Uphold the Supreme Court and the Constitution."

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THE CHANTING also included hymns, spirituals, the "Star spangled Banner" and "Lift Every Voice And Sing."

The lone chilly note of the entire gathering was when the youth commission sent to the White House reported being rebuffed by the President.

Singer Harry Belafonte, who led the delegation, sarcastically told the huge gathering:

"This is one day I'm proud to be an American. At 3:05 p.m. we visited the White House. We did not get to see the President."

Belafonte, who later was nearly mobbed by enthusiastic youngsters, left the telling of the details of the White House visit to Hollard Joye, a white youngster from South Carolina.

HOLLARD, WHO vowed that the group would again try to see the President, gave the following report:

The group of youngsters, after identifying themselves, and describing their mission, was told by a White House guard the President was not available.

They asked to be permitted to see the Presidential Assistant, but also were told that he was not available.

Then they asked to be permitted to give their statement to one of the President's secretaries.

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"THE GUARD told us," Hollard said, "that he would take the statement to the President."

Hollard stated that they told the guard they resented the rebuff and felt called upon to stage a half hour protest outside the White House.

He said that after picketing the White House for 30 minutes they returned to the gate, only to be told the President and members of his staff still were unavailable.

Hollard then read a copy of the statement left at the White House and the thousands of youngsters gave a thunderous roar of applause.

• • •

IN ADDITION to Belafonte and Hollard, other members of the White House delegation were:

Jean Forsythe and Susan Wright, both of Virginia; Robert Laird, Texas, and Joan Adams, North Carolina, all white;

Minniejean Brown, Little Rock; Paula Martin, Virginia; Norman Reilly and Georgé Thompson, both of Maryland; Offie Wortham, New York and Fred Moore, South Carolina, all colored.

A. PHILIP RANDOLPH, one of the chairmen of the march, stated he wrote the White House two weeks ago asking for an appointment for the delegation.

He said the letter was not answered.

Jackie Robinson made a number of telephone calls to the White House, but was unable to set up an appointment, Randolph added.

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MAHALIA JACKSON
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'Must Plan Larger, Better Medical School'

Va. PTA snubs plea by Almond

IN A NUTSHELL

- **Virginia Conference of PTA snubs Governor Almond's plea to uphold "massive resistance" program.**
- **PTA turns down segregationist' plea for $30,000 for reserve fund to operate private segregated schools.**
- **PTA also upsets determined bid of segregationists to gain control of the organization.**

RICHMOND

Despite Gov. J. Lindsay Almond's forceful stand for continued segregation in public schools Monday, the Virginia Conference of Parents and Teachers has rebuffed Almond on "massive resistance."

At the closing PTA session on Wednesday, the conference voted 515 to 513 for a resolution which would give each community the right to say whether or not to close schools rather than desegregate.

Governor Almond, in his address before the conference, shouted:

"I say to the people of Virginia and the Federal Courts that the present Governor of Virginia will not assign white and colored children to be taught in the same schools."

• • •

IN OTHER action, the conference turned down a plea by segregationists for $30,000 from the organization's reserve fund of $50,886.

The segregationists wanted the money to finance private segregated schools in three Virginia communities where schools have been closed in defiance of a U.S. court order to desegregate.

In addition, the conference rebuffed Governor Almond even further by defeating a determined bid by segregationists to gain control of the organization.

• • •

LED BY William Lichtsey of Arlington and Mrs. Katherine Corbin of Fairfax, the conference elected an entire slate of moderates to office.

William I. McKendree of Norfolk, owner of an office machinery distribution firm and president of Norfolk City Council of PTA's, spearheaded the campaign for segregation candidates.

He said that his forces believed that schools should remain segregated.

But the 39 - year - old leader also indicated that his forces were displeased with the closing of schools.

"When it comes to the point of which is most important, the education of our children or the salvation of public schools," we insist on the education of our children," he declared.

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THE MODERATE slate elected were Edgar M. Johnson, general supervisor of secondary student teaching at Longwood College, president; Mrs. George Harnsberger, director of PTA groups, Shenandoah District, first vice president.

Mrs. Syndie A. Breenleaf, Alexandria, secretary; and Tom Faulkner, Shenandoah District treasurer.

Unsuccessful candidates were James Woods, Fairfax County; Mrs. T. E. Greekmore Jr. Norfolk; Preston E. Hicks, Richmond; and W. Chaffin Crockett Jr., Norfolk;

Governor Almond received one vote for president.

Liberian girl eyes a job in America

MONROVIA, Liberia — "My dream is to get to America and make a good living and better myself. I will appreciate any help that you can give."

That was the crux of a letter received by the AFRO last week from Miss Letitia C. Martin of Bomi Hills in Monrovia, Liberia.

Referred to the AFRO by Bishop R. H. Jackson of Bomi Hills, Miss Martin writes:

"I am a young woman experienced in all forms of housework, care of children and sewing. I am willing to take up some profession, eager to learn and will work hard in any job I might locate.

"Bishop Jackson tells me that the AFRO has been aiding Africans in the past. My parents are dead and it has been hard for me. I can give references as to my ability, character and appearance.

"A white lady from America, whom I sew for, can furnish references. She is Mrs. Glendon H. Patterson, 529 Broadway Homewood, Birmingham, Ala."

Miss Martin may be contacted through George Willison, Central Office, Liberia Mining Company, Monrovia, Liberia, West Africa.

TUSKEGEE INSTITUTE

TUSKEGEE, Ala. — I. W. Davis, treasurer of Tuskegee Institute Federal Credit Union, closed out the month-long theme on economics and business of the Tuskegee Civic Association Tuesday as the principal speaker at a mass meeting.

DR. OWENS IN NEW POST

WASHINGTON—Dr. Owen A Troy, California religious educator and autiority on Christian stewardship, has been named pastor of the half million dollar Ebeneus Church education building, now nearing completion in the Dupont Park area.

Right, justice do not count; is it 'feasible?'

MIAMI, Fla.—A study of the "feasibility" of admitting colored pupils to a white elementary school has been ordered by the Dade County Board.

According to a spokesman, the board was seeking to learn whether the local Orchard Villa School could be used successfully as a pilot school to start integration on a voluntary basis.

The board voted to delay a decision on the request of four colored children to enter the school until the study is completed.

Supposedly the study will be designed to determine the effect the admission of colored children would have on the administration of the school and the "sociological and psychological effect upon these students and their fellow students."

Superintendent Joe Hall, who will conduct the survey, has been told to find out the reaction of teachers, pupils, and parents in the school area and the rate of growth of the colored population there.

Principal banishes NAACP booster

MONROE, N.C.—"It wasn't a matter of my particular feelings about the NAACP. I was doing what I thought was right under the circumstances."

Winchester High School Principal J.D. Chase was explaining the action he took against the son of an NAACP president recently in ousting the boy from a school parade.

Mr. Chase ordered the youth out of a Winchester High School homecoming football parade last week when the boy rode up on a bicycle decorated with an NAACP placard.

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THE YOUTH'S father, Robert Williams, head of the Union County NAACP, immediately criticized Chase charging that he censured the organization by his action.

Mr. Williams accused the educator of frowning upon anyone at his school who publicly sympathized with the NAACP.

Mr. Chase told the AFRO last week, "I ordered the boy out of the parade due to the sentiment of the people in Union County."

"In my position, I'm governed by unwritten laws and laws of school administration. Mr. Williams is making an issue of this to take a punch at the school."

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THE NAACP president said Mr. Chase told him he did not go along with displaying NAACP placards in the parade. Mr. Chase told him he did not say if he was a member of the NAACP, accused Williams of holding a grudge against him. He said last year he refused to allow Williams permission to pass out vote campaign circulars in the school.

Asked his views on integration, Mr. Chase said in an abbreviated manner, "I've been colored all my life. Mr. Williams has twisted many statements that have been made."

Mr. Chase is in his fourth year as principal of the 733 pupil all-colored school.

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NAACP LEADERS in Union County for several months have been the targets of the Ku Klux Klan. On one occasion, a Klan motorcade drove through the colored community firing shots and shouting racial epithets.

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WHEN COLORED citizens returned the fire, the city officials immediately went into action, banning car caravans of more than three vehicles to be driven in the community without a permit.

The Klan action was prompted by attempts of the NAACP to integrate the town's only swimming pool.

U.S. finally joins UN slap at 'apartheid'

UNITED NATIONS, N.Y. — The United States last week joined in the 68-to-5 United Nations vote which authorized a resolution expressing "regret and concern" over racial segregation in the Union of South Africa.

This is the first time in history that the United States has aligned itself with the majority of UN delegates in such an expression.

Last year, for instance, the UN General Assembly voted 39 to 7 to censure South Africa for ignoring racial reforms suggested by the UN. The United States delegate "took a walk" and abstained from voting.

Even though the U.S. voted with the majority in the Special Political Committee of the UN which proposed the resolution, Delegate George M. Harrison said:

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"THERE ARE those who believe that the United Nations should condemn the Union of South Africa for not following the recommendations that this committee has seen fit to make over the past years.

"The United States does not share that view. Nevertheless, we believe that the Assembly should express its regret and concern that the Government of the Union of South Africa has not responded to the appeals of the Assembly concerning racial policies."

The South African government was given a mandate over the South West African Territory by the now-defunct League of Nations.

For the ten years of the United Nations' existence, the Union has refused to recognize its authority in the territory matter.

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LAST WEEK'S vote came when the Special Political Committee took up the question of race conflict in South Africa caused by apartheid —(segregation).

The matter reached the committee on a proposal by the Indian and Pakistan delegations on the question of treatment of persons of Indian origin in the Union of South Africa.

Actually, the Indian question has been before the committee since 1946. The Indian and Pakistani delegates have held themselves in readiness since that time to discuss the problem with South African officials.

The latter, however, have refused flatly to cooperate with anyone not approving of South African policies and practices.

Scores cemetery for discrimination

MINNEAPOLIS, Minn. — Racial discrimination in cemeteries was attacked early last month when the Minnesota Chapter of the American Civil Liberties Union began legal action to establish the right of an American Indian woman to share a burial plot with her Caucasian husband.

Mrs. David E. Erickson, an American Indian, purchased a cemetery lot at Sunset Memorial Park Cemetery in 1955. She was assured at that time that her race would not prevent her eventual burial there.

The local action centers about a letter Mrs. Erickson received last April from Fred A. Ossanna Jr., vice president and general manager of the cemetery, stating that the cemetery charter forbidsed interment of

A. C. Bull Sr. cited by TCA

TUSKEGEE, Ala. — A. C. Bulls Sr., builder-organizer and resident of Tuskegee for 48 years, recently was cited by Tuskegee Civic Association as "Tuskegee Man of the Year."

The citation mentioned, among other things, that Mr. Bulls had built the Carver Courts, a subdivision of Tuskegee; Simmons Garden Apartments and the Magnolia Hill homes, and more recently the Carver Plaza Shopping Center.

Mr. Bulls operates an ABC Super Market in the center of the plaza.

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SHORT MESSAGES were given by Dr. E. A. Taylor, president of the Federal Credit Union, VA Hospital; Dr. Ivy O. Brooks, staff physician, VA Hospital; and Mr. Frederick D. Nance Jr.

The speakers called upon local businessmen "to make their businesses more attractive and to concentrate on small frequent profit," and reminded the listeners that small profits are keynotes to sucess.

Father Dominic Marchese, pastor, St. Joseph Catholic Church, presented Mr. Bulls with the TCA citation.

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IN ACCEPTING the citation, the first given by the Tuskegee Civic Association, Mr. Bulls thanked his immediate family; and stated, "My money was small — my dreams large."

The meeting was held at the Greenwood Missionary Baptist Church of which the Rev. Raymond F. Harvey is pastor. James A. Johnson, chairman, Community Welfare Committee of the TCA, presided during the meeting.

Hate mail increase brings promise of action from lawyer

Following an announcement that there has been an increase in hate letters being mailed, Post Office General Counsel Herbert B. Warburton last week promised immediate action in stamping out the literature.

Mr. Warburton met with high ranking government attorneys in a talk on the possibilities of new legislation aimed at stopping hate literature from being sent through the mails.

He said in a statement after the meeting, "the difficulty is that many of these publications will not violate present laws even though they are warped and abhorrent."

Mr. Warburton added that the "hate mail could lead to crimes and public disorders."

CPOs attending Navy nuclear power school

NEW LONDON, Conn. — (ANP)—Two Navy chiefs are undergoing nuclear power training at Cromwell Hall, home of the Navy's Nuclear Power School here at New London, in preparation for assignment to one of the Navy's atomic submarines.

They are Lewis Cornelius Jr., chief electrician's mate, husband of Mrs. Felisa Cornelius of Groton, Conn., and Elmer Everett, Jr., chief electrician's mate, husband of Mrs. Dorothy Everett, Groton.

Besides being neighbors, the chiefs expect to graduate together this December with the Seventh Basic Enlisted Class at the Navy's Nuclear Power School.

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CORNELIUS entered the Navy on Jan 26, 1948. He previously completed the Navy's class "A" and class "B" electrician's mate schools, and the Navy's basic submarine school here.

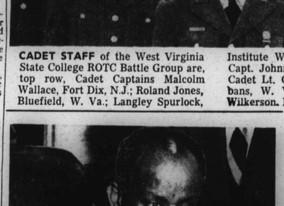
He has served in the conventional submarine AR-GONANT, COD, BECUNA and SEA OWL, and with the New London Group, Atlantic Reserve Fleet.

Everett, who attended Lincoln University at Jefferson City, Mo., for one year, entered the Navy in July 1946, and has attended the Navy's class "A" electrician's mate school.

He has served on the conventional submarines HALF-BEAK, HARDER and ATULE.

The Afro-American
BALTIMORE, MD., NOVEMBER 1, 1958 9

CADET STAFF of the West Virginia State College ROTC Battle Group are, top row, Cadet Captains Malcolm Wallace, Fort Dix, N.J.; Roland Jones, Bluefield, W. Va.; Langley Spurlock, Institute W. Va. Bottom row, Cadet Capt. Johnny Moses, Columbus, Ga.; Cadet Lt. Col. Leroy Sovine, St. Albans, W. Va.; Cadet Major Edwin Wilkerson. Filbert, W. Va.



SIR GRANTLEY ADAMS, prime minister of the West Indies, spoke recently at Brooklyn College. His topic was "Goals of the Emerging Dominion."

'Open schools now, Norfolk board asks

NORFOLK—The first major breach in the ranks of Virginia officialdom over school integration appeared last week as the Norfolk School Board adopted a resolution demanding the reopening "forthwith" of the city's padlocked schools.

The school board's resolution cited the inevitability of "some measure of integration" under the rulings of the United States Supreme Court if a system of free public school integration is to be maintained in Norfolk.

The school board's action was taken Tuesday in the face of the closing of all three of the city's white high schools, and three of its junior high schools on Sept. 27, after the board obeyed a federal court order and enrolled 17 colored pupils in the affected schools.

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TUESDAY'S resolution noted that a "system of free public education is absolutely essential to the well-being of the City of Norfolk" and called upon the Mayor and City Council to join it in a strongly worded request to Governor J. Lindsay Almond for the return "forthwith" of the schools to the city for desegregated operation.

The resolution and an accompanying letter were read to the City Council by School Board Chairman Paul Schweitzer shortly after the Council had voted to schedule an "advisory referendum" for Nov. 18, to obtain a record of Norfolk citizens on local desegregated operation of the schools.

Mayor Duckworth, apparently angered by the school board's action, suggested that board follow the council's lead in "keeping our hands out of this proposition," claiming that the school board had avoided "making the issue a political one."

The City Council then voted to table the school board resolution pending the outcome of the Nov. 18, referendum despite the board's assertion that delay until after the referendum "would render it impossible to reopen the schools in time to get the 10,000 affected pupils "to receive credit for this school year."

PRESSURE FOR action to turn the schools over to local operation also developed from several other quarters.

State Senator Edward L. Breeden attacked the proposed referendum as "an abandonment of public free schools."

Both Senator Breeden and School Board member Benjamin J. Willis, who termed the referendum useless because the "governor won't be swayed by its results," were sharply critical of a City Council plan to charge "a substantial tuition" if the closed schools are to be opened on a desegregated basis which would deprive them of state funds.

Breeden warned that if the city abolishes free education, Federal funds amounting to $1.3 million might be placed in danger.

The school board letter warned too that continuation of the stalemate might also result in the transfer of Navy personnel and ships from Norfolk to other ports and that "our business economy has suffered and this condition will grow more acute" if the schools stay closed.

REPRESENTATIVES of the Norfolk Committee for Public Schools met vainly with Governor Almond at Richmond on Thursday, presenting him with petitions signed by 10,000 Norfolkians requesting reopening of the schools.

Strong opposition developed also to the private tutoring program in which many of the city's teachers have participated since closing of the schools.

Under the program teachers have volunteered to conduct classes in private homes, church education buildings and other places, which are being attended by approximately 4,000 pupils.

C. W. Perdue, president, of the Norfolk Education Association, said however, that the program's opponents feel that its continued operation is lulling parents into "false hopes" about the quality of instruction children are getting which makes it easier for the governor to delay a decision on the reopening of the closed schools.

Premier speaks at college

BROOKLYN, N.Y. — Sir Grantley Adams, Prime Minister of the West Indies, spoke at Brooklyn College, Monday, on the "Goals of the Emerging Dominion."

Sir Grantley and Lady Adams, who has been visiting Canada, appeared at the college during their tow-day stopover trip to New York on their return home, at the invitation of Pres. Harry D. Gideonse.

Sir Grantley, who is the first prime minister of the Federation of the West Indies, was born in Barbados and educated first at Harrison College in his native town and then at Oxford University.

He became barrister-at-law following his graduation in 1934 from Gray's Inn, and he holds the title of Queen's Counsel, an award given for having represented the Crown in Court. Queen Elizabeth knighted him in June, 1957.

Before his address Sir Grantley and Lady Adams were guests of President Gideonse at a special luncheon at which, in addition to representatives of the faculty and deans, there were representatives from all the undergraduate societies as well as the president of the students executive council.

RANDALL L. TYUS

Tyus named VP of investment firm

NEW YORK — Randall L. Tyus, who served as field director for the United College Fund for 14 years, has been named vice president and director of sales of Special Markets, Inc., the first and only colored owned and operated investment firm in Wall Street.

Mr. Tyus resigned from the College Fund in September, 1957, in order to attend Boston University, where he received a degree of master of science in public relations was conferred upon him in 1958.

Mr. Tyus, an alumnus and trustee of Fisk University, served at that institution as an instructor in business administration and alumni secretary.

A pioneer in the field of sales promotion and public relations, he was the first colored national sales representative for the Rumford Baking Powder Co., from 1932 to 1940.

He also served as consultant for Standard Brands Food Corp., and J. Walter Thompson Advertising agency.

Mr. Tyus and his wife, Lois, a New York City public school teacher, reside in the Riverton Apartments in New York City.

Dr. Holman elected

URBANA, Ill— Dr. L. H. Holman, Joliet dentist, was re-elected president of the Illinois Conference of Branches of the NAACP at its annual convention last Sunday at Illini Union on the University of Illinois campus.

Others officers elected were in vice presidents: Julius Williams, Maywood; David Owens, East St. Louis; and Mrs. Ella J. Harris, Rockford; Wilma Holman, Joliet; treasurer, Kenneth E. Barton, Springfield; chairman Legal Redress committee, Atty. Billy Jones, East St. Louis and chairman of Youth Work Committee, Mrs. Ruby Griffin, East St. Louis.

The 1959 convention will be held in Alton and the 1960 one in Chicago.

Flemming urges more H. U. aid

WASHINGTON, D.C. — (NNPA)—Dr. Arthur S. Flemming, Secretary of Health, Education and Welfare, Monday said he favors enlarging and better equipping the Howard University Medical School to serve the entire nation.

Dr. Flemming made his statement at a press conference after his attention was directed to remarks made by Senator Hubert Humphrey, Democrat, of Minnesota, in a speech at the Albert Lasker Awards luncheon of the American Public Health Association. In his speech, Senator Humphrey referred to the report of a group of medical educators and industry executives, headed by Dr. Stanhope Bayne - Jones on the continuing crisis in medical education.

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THE REPORT said that to maintain the existing ratio of 130 doctors for each 100,000 population would require, the construction of from 14 to 20 new medical schools.

At an earlier news conference, Dr. Flemming said the Bayne - Jones recommendations "will not be put on the shelf to gather dust" and that he would give the Budget Bureau preliminary estimates for the carrying out of some of the recommendations.

Declaring that "a watchful and inquiring eye" will be kept on the Secretary and the Budget Bureau, Senator Humphrey said in his New York speech:

"Low incomes, poor schools and social handicaps have combined to keep colored Americans a generation behind in the race toward better health and longer life. If the health of our colored fellow citizens is to reach the statistical levels of the rest of the population, we need a dramatic increase in the number of physicians serving the colored community."

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IN SPITE of this, discriminatory barriers continue to exist in medical shcools throughout the country.

"Without in any way lessening the obligations of other schools to remove discriminatory barriers, we must plan a larger, better equipped medical school at Howard University."

Asked to comment on the little of Queen's remarks, Secretary Flemming said:

"I reserve to an opportunity to make that kind of contribution at Howard, I would be very much in favor of doing everything possible to see that it can be made."

According to Dr. Mordecai W. Johnson, president of Howard University, if Mehafry Medical College is excluded, the enrollment of medical and dental students at Howard University in 1957 exceeded the enrollment of colored students in all the medical and dental schools in the United States.

Dr. Johnson added that the total medical graduates from predominate physicians in the United States "hardly exceeds the number required to replace those who annually die."

"If today we were giving the segregated colored people in the Southern States the per capita relationship between a physician and the people that prevails in the country at large," he said, "we would need 15,000 physicians to do that."

Asheville told to get ready for desegregation

ASHEVILLE, N.C. — Integration is something that the area will have to face regardless of personal feelings, an attorney told the Asheville Junior Chamber of Commerce last week.

In that light, R. R. Williams Jr. said that the thing to do now is to "formulate an intelligent and dignified anticipatory program."

THE FORMER State Young Democrats Club president declared that regardless of his personal opinion, the fact remains, the highest court has spoken, ruling public schools must desegregate with "all deliberate speed."

Advocating a preparedness program, Mr. Williams suggested that the Jaycees take the lead, inasmuch as it had accomplished so much in solving community problems.

ALTHOUGH HE did not elaborate, the program Mr. Williams has in mind would desegregate schools over a 12-year period.

He said that Asheville should prepare for integration now, rather than have the Supreme Court and Federal authorities "knock us over the head."

MEMBERS OF THE COMMITTEE on discrimination in housing are left to right, Francis C. Shane, executive secretary, committee on civil rights, United Steelworkers of America, Pittsburgh; Milo A. Nanly, deputy director, FEPC, Harrisburg; the Rev. James B. Cayce, Ebenezer Baptist Church, Pittsburgh; Maurice B. Fagan, executive director, Jewish Community Relations Council, Philadelphia; Christopher F. Edley, attorney, Philadelphia, Wilmer A. Praehl, W. A. Clarke Mortgage Company, Pittsburgh; Hon. William L. Batt Jr., secretary of state department of Labor and Industry, Harrisburg; Mrs. Dorothy S. Montgomery, managing director, Philadelphia Housing Association, Philadelphia; Dr. Clarence C. Walton, chairman of committee, Pittsburgh; Seymour Baskin, attorney, Pittsburgh; Patricia Jablousky, secretary to committee, Harrisburg; Hon. John H. Ferguson, secretary of administration and budget secretary, Harrisburg; Hon. Andrew M. Bradley, secretary of property and supplies, Harrisburg; H. Vane Silberstein, president, Pittsburgh Mortgage Corp., Pittsburgh; the Rt. Rev. Msgr. John O'Grady, national conference of Catholic Charities, Washington, D.C.; Harry Boyer, president, Pennsylvania CIO Council, Harrisburg, and Morris Milgram, president, Modern Community Developers, Inc., Philadelphia.