WHAT'S BEHIND ALABAMA'S SECOND BUS BOYCOTT

'Bull' Connor seen fanning the flames

By SAMUEL HOSKINS

BIRMINGHAM, Ala. — On the surface and at first glance, the fight over continued segregated seating on local buses appears to be a rumbling duel between two opposing personalities.

At one end of the spectrum is a Bible-pounding Baptist minister, the Rev. F. L. Shuttlesworth — adept at blending homespun humor, ridicule and biting sarcasm into fire-and-brimstone emotionalism.

The finished product is a shiny, new impelling civil rights alloy.

* * *

OCCUPYING the other extreme is blustery Eugene (Bull) Connor, police commissioner and dedicated states' rights advocate who zealously guards against anything slightly resembling racial integration.

The Rev. Shuttlesworth has been in the forefront of the Alabama civil rights battle since the state outlawed the NAACP, and fined it $100,000.

He sums his credo up in these words:

"I'm fighting for the downtrodden citizens who, though crushed to the ground and trying to rise, wouldn't crush another."

* * *

POLICE COMMISSIONER Connor, elected a year ago on a segregationist platform by only 143 votes, brands the Rev. Shuttlesworth "a trouble maker."

"He doesn't speak for our respectable colored citizens," the commissioner bellows.

The clergyman's prompt and non-poetical reply is: "There used to be a lot of people who believed the 'bull' that Bull used to shoot, but today there are none."

IN A WORD, the bitter bus fight over bus seating is no mere feud between the police commissioner and the president of the Alabama Christian Movement for Human Rights.

Here in Birmingham, as elsewhere in the South where the issue is yet to be resolved, segregated seating on public transportation conveyances is a festering sore.

It feeds on an accumulation of resentment which, in turn, is rooted in the humiliation and indignity intimated by enforced public segregation.

Since December, 1956, when the U.S. Supreme Court outlawed intra-city bus segregation, continuation of the practice here has been attributed the coercive power of the police.

* * *

THE NAME Connor has come to symbolize bus segregation because of all public officials here he has been most vocal on the subject.

Since Oct. 14 when the city repealed the old bus segregation law and adopted an ordinance delegating segregation powers to the bus company, continuation of the practice has been attributed to collusion between the city and the Birmingham Transit Company.

At a bus company meeting, last week, the Rev. Shuttlesworth pounded the Bible and shouted: We're fighting an all-around conspiracy."

He added: "Bull Connor and the bus company are trying to do by force what the city couldn't do by law."

* * *

THE LEGAL background for the charge is this:

On Dec. 26, 1956, 22 persons filed a suit contesting the constitutionality of the old bus seating segregation law—sections 1002 and 1413 of the General City Code.

This law pointedly required separation of the races on public transportation facilities. It made failure to comply a misdemeanor.

A month ago, Oct. 14, the City Commission suddenly repealed sections 1002 and 1413 which the Dec. 26, 1956, suit challenged.

* * *

SIMULTANEOUSLY, the commission adopted ordinance 1487-F, the new law which makes no mention of race. It is labelled "An Ordinance Relating To Carriers Of Passengers For Hire."

However, this ordinance delegates to common carriers authority "to formulate and promulgate" rules and regulation for seating of passengers.

The bus company promptly had the "for colored" and "for white" signs hauled down.

In their stead, it substituted signs which instructed colored passengers to commence seating from the rear to the front of buses, and whites from the front to the rear.

DRIVERS and operators were authorized to "request" passengers to abide by these regulations.

Failure to obey such "request" shall be constituted as a breach of the peace, the law states.

Twelve members of the ACMHR refused to obey the "request" on Oct. 21. They were arrested, jailed for five days convicted and fined and given suspended sentences.

The Rev. Shuttlesworth, who was not among them, was arrested the following day on charges of inciting the 12 to violate the law.

Kept in jail with the others, he was convicted, fined $100 and given a 60-day sentence.

Since the release of the 13, mass meetings have been held nightly with thousands in attendence.

Last Wednesday afternoon, the Birmingham 13 filed a suit against the City Commission and the bus company for $100,000 damages.

THEY ALSO asked the court to stop the city and the bus company from enforcing the law until the court can rule on its constitutionality.

SUCH ARE the backround and issues.

Here are some conclusions reached after several days of careful observation:

Both bus company officials and Police Commissioner Connor deny that fewer people are riding buses than prior to the arrests.

They are either in error, or are deliberately trying to hide the facts.

While there is no organized effort to keep people off buses, cab drivers, teachers and ministers report that hundreds of former bus riders are either walking, riding taxis or sharing rides with car owners.

POLICE COMMISSIONER Connor contends Shuttlesworth has no following and does not represent the "respectable element" of the colored population.

The fact is, as the commissioners' detectives covering the mass meeting can verify, expansions from and overflows of the thousands attending the meetings indicate they see in Shuttlesworth the symbol of their dissatisfaction over enforced bus segregation which they feel is both illegal and immoral.

In this connection, the assigning of detectives to cover the church meetings is building more resentment and is bad public relations for the police force.

Last week, other ministerial groups held meetings on the issue.

The president of one of the largest ministers organizations in the city told the AFRO: "We have decided to act. We can't let this protest movement fail."

The minister added: "We don't want to take the half away from Shuttlesworth. We just want to help him carry it."

STANDING FIRM — The Rev. F. L. Shuttlesworth, arrested as leader of the bus protest movement in Birmingham, shakes hands at mass meeting with the Rev. J. S. Phifer. They were two of four ministers jailed Oct. 21 and 22, for protesting segregation on public buses.

'Law be dammed'

(Continued from Page 1)

es, Commissioner Connor said he presumed they were there to observe what was being done and said.

"The police have to keep up with what's going on," he said. "If they didn't we'd wake up one morning and find ourselves in a hellava fix."

* * *

OTHER OBSERVATIONS by the commissioner were:

"So far as police and bus company officials know, as many persons are riding buses now as prior to the protest mass meetings and arrests.

"A number of employees have called police to report their maids and cooks have been threatened with bodily harm if they continue riding buses.

"Excepting Shuttlesworth, the colored people of Birmingham are satisfied with present conditions. As for Shuttlesworth, his interest is in what he can get out of it.

"HE STIRS up trouble and you people up North send him a lot of money which he pockets and uses to his own advantage.

"People in the South get along much better than they do in New York City "where school girls get their throats slit and raped."

Persons who bomb homes and churches are the lowest type of criminal and should be punished to the fullest extent of the law.

If they commit such crimes in Birmingham "we'll run them down and see that they are punished. Didn't we arrest and convict the white men who castrated that poor colored man.

"They (the white men) got off too easy with 20 years. What I wish is there was some way to take them out and cut their . . . out.

* * *

"AS FOR THE papers in the North, they're not going to report fair what we do down here — just distort it."

Referring to the AFRO, the commissioner said: "I get your paper and I know what you do."

When he was thanked for the interview, he said: "That's all right, glad you came in."

The interview was arranged by the commissioner's executive secretary, John W. Predo.

Jackson

The Rev. Shuttlesworth was fined $100 and sentenced to 90 days in jail on the Rev. Smith's $100 and 69 days.

All other defendants were given suspended sentences. However, both the fines and sentences as well as the suspended terms are being appealed. The hearing is scheduled for Dec. 1.

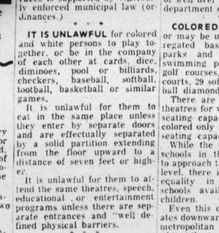
* * *

SINCE THE release of the defendants on bail, the organization has sponsored a series of mass meetings.

Practically all of the meetings have been attended by plainclothes detectives; presumably assigned by Commissioner Connor.

Four of the officers identified themselves as Detectives O. Y. Vance, L. T. Laney, H. A. Fincher and Marcus A. Jones.

Questioned about the presence of these detectives at the meetings, all held in church-



"WE'LL NOT BE MOVED" — This was the vow of the four women arrested and jailed for five days in connection with the bus segregation protest, when one of them was shown above. They are (left to right) Mrs. Robert Brisco, Mrs. Lillie Thomas and Mrs. Annie Buckley. Not shown is Miss Doris Burrell.

'Voter' question even baffled the public librarian

BIRMINGHAM — Emory O. Jackson, managing editor of the Birmingham World, told the AFRO that one of the questions being asked potential voters stumped the public librarian.

The question is "What (Alabama) counties have two court houses"?

* * *

JACKSON, who has compiled a list of such questions and answers, said he asked a number of lawyers and public officials. None could supply the answer.

Finally the public librarian supplied the answer, but in order to do so it was necessary, she said, to call on the services of her research staff.

Jackson said registrars may ask a potential voters from one to 100 questions, depending on "mood and whim."

He said this is one of the factors which accounted for the low registration of colored here, estimated at about one out of 10.

(Incidentally, the answer to the above question is Jefferson and St. Clair Counties.)

Even humor must have Dixie slant

The Birmingham News publishes a Sunday humor feature entitled "Dixie Dillies."

Readers are paid $3 for each item used. "The only requirement is humor with Southern angle," the News states.

Dixie Dillies for Sunday, Nov. 9, included the following:

* * *

"A COLORED man who worked on our farm once took a trip with the veterinarian, and we were surprised to see him walking back.

"I just told Mr. Joe I'd get back some other way," he replied to our questions. "He's the only man I ever rode with who could drive faster than I could ride."

The author of the item is listed as Mrs. Bert Williams, Greensboro, Ala.

Statistics of 'Magic City'

The Chamber of Commerce labels Birmingham "Youngest of the World's Great Cities."

It also is tagged "Magic City," because of its magic-like growth.

By some it has been called the "Industrial City Beautiful," because of its many industries (over 800) and beautiful residential sections.

Birmingham was founded Dec. 19, 1871, and named for the iron capital of Europe, Birmingham, England.

It is the only spot on the globe where coal, iron ore, and limestone, the three essentials of making steel, are found in abundance.

Other statistical information is as follows:

Population, Jan. 1, 1957: 364,400 for city of Birmingham; Metropolitan Birmingham, 615,600.

Area: within the city, 60.9 square miles; Metropolitan Birmingham, 1,118 square miles.

There are 1,365 miles unimproved.

According to the 1950 U.S. census, 39.9 percent of the city population was colored, and 36.7 percent of the metropolitan area population is colored.

PROTEST SYMBOL

Here law is the line that divides

BIRMINGHAM — Life in this Southern Metropolis has but two colors: white and black.

As indicated and, perhaps, symbolized by enforced segregation of the races on public transportation facilities, there are no in-between shades of gray.

In addition to tradition, Alabama state law and the eternal vigilence of such segregationists groups of the White Citizens Councils and Ku Klux Klan, this separation of the races is supported by vigorously enforced municipal law (ordinances).

* * *

IT IS UNLAWFUL for colored and white persons to play together, or be in the company of each other at cards, dice, diminoes, pool or billiards, checkers, baseball, softball, football, basketball or similar games.

It is unlawful for them to eat in the same place unless they enter by separate doors and are effectually separated by a solid partition extending from the floor upward to a distance of seven feet or higher.

It is unlawful for them to attend the same theatres, speech, educational, or entertainment programs unless there are separate entrances and well defined physical barriers.

* * *

APPLIED TO the taxi cab business, these racial segregation laws prohibit white drivers from driving colored passengers and colored drivers from carrying white persons.

This works a peculiar hardship on colored airline passengers arriving at Birmingham Municipal Airport, not serviced by colored cabs.

Although colored businessmen are available for immediate use of white passengers, colored persons arriving on the same planes and often occupying adjacent seats are forced to wait up to 45 minutes for a "colored cab."

In addition to being inconvenient and irritating, it is more expensive.

WHERE THIS policy of separation really hurts is in the area municipal government and its administration of such public agencies as courts, police and fire departments as well as in housing, hospital, school and recreational facilities.

Current estimates are that the population in Birmingham proper is over 156,000, and about 245,000 in the metropolitan area, or Jefferson County.

However, there are no colored persons on the police force of well over 450, nor in the fire department of over 430.

* * *

COLORED ARE barred from, or may be used on only a segregated basis, the city's 46 parks and playgrounds, six swimming pools, four public golf courses, 54 public tennis courts, 29 soft ball and 25 baseball diamonds.

There are 30 motion picture theatres for whites, with a total seating capacity of 20,200; for colored only seven, with a total seating capacity of 4,200.

While the quantity of public schools in the city appears to approach the population ratio level, there is an admitted inequality in the quality of schools available for colored children.

Even this comparison graduates downward in the county, or metropolitan area schools, for the whites the teacher-student ratio is 1 to 28, but for colored, it is 1 to 31.5.

* * *

SINCE 1929, the housing pattern has been toward concentration of colored residents in certain precincts, and zones in public housing.

The result has been the creation of racial ghettoes and the accompanying abnormalities of high rent, high cost and slum conditions.

Also, more than an equal share of the city's 28 miles of unimproved streets are located in colored communities.

This inequality also extends to breadwinning, or job opportunities. The result is an average lower salary for colored come for colored as compared to whites.

State sets pattern of jim crow

MONTGOMERY, Ala. —Citizens Councils members and other all-out segregationists will fill many of the top posts in Gov. Elect John Patterson's administration, according to usually reliable sources here.

The decision has been reached to appoint former State Senator Sam Engelhardt Jr. of Macon County state highway director, it is reported.

Engelhardt, while senator, was author of the bill which abolished the town of Tuskegee where colored voters outnumbered whites.

* * *

THE FORMER senator owes much of his political strength to the East Alabama citizens council organization he built following the Supreme Court initial school desegregation ruling in May, 1954.

Another strong segregationist is Attorney General-elect MacDonald Gallion.

He is the architect of the recently organized Alabama Education Fund Foundation, set up to operate white schools with private funds when they are closed to block integration ordered by Federal courts.

* * *

FOLLOWING HIS inaugural, the new Attorney General is expected to urge the legislature to enact a law grouping white and colored schools in the same districts.

The purpose is to close all schools in the district where a white school is closed by state law to prevent desegregation.

Gallion explains the proposed law in this manner:

"It would place colored in the position of sticking a dagger in their own throats— every time they try to force integration of a white school."

* * *

HE EXPRESSED the belief that this would cause parents and teachers, faced with loss of jobs and schools, to resist integration efforts.

Repeatedly Gov.-Elect Patterson has vowed there will be no integration of public schools during his administration.

An early showdown between Patterson and the Federal Civil Rights Commission appears to be in the making.

He said, last week, that the records of the Macon County voter registration would not be open to "Federal civil rights snoopers."

* * *

IN WASHINGTON, Wednesday, the Commission decided to use the power of subpoena to obtain witnesses and records in the NAACP hearing scheduled here Dec. 8 on the denial of voting rights to colored citizens.

It was when Attorney-General Patterson who prosecuted the state's case which resulted in the NAACP being barred from operating in Alabama.

He has promised as Governor to continue "to keep the NAACP out of Alabama."

The Gov.-Elect is a severe critic of the U. S. Supreme Court. He accuses it of disregarding the 10th Amendment and of "slowly taking over the powers of the states."

New law just streamlined version of the old law

BIRMINGHAM, Ala. — Lawyers here describe the new bus segregation ordinance as a more streamlined version of the old segregation law.

"If anything, it is worse," one told the AFRO. He pointed out that colored passengers as a matter of law now must commence seating from the extreme rear of the bus.

Previously they were required only to sit behind a jim crow sign, which may have been as far up as the second seat from the front, the lawyer pointed out.

* * *

THE NEW law, adopted Oct. 14, is listed as ordinance No. 1487-F. It is described as "An Ordinance Relating to Carriers Of Passengers For Hire."

It reads as follows:

"Be it Ordained by the Commission of the City of Birmingham as follows:

"Section 1. That carriers of passengers for hire operating in the City of Birmingham are authorized to formulate and promulgate such rules and regulations for the seating of passengers on public conveyances in their charge as are reasonably necessary to assure the speedy, orderly, convenient, safe and peaceful handling of passengers.

"Section 2. A willful refusal to obey a reasonable request or order of operator or driver of such public conveyance in relation to the seating of passengers shall constitute a breach of the peace."

The old law reads as follows:

"Section 1002. Separation of races. Every common carrier engaged in operating streetcars in the city for the carriage of passengers shall provide equal but separate accommodations for the white and colored races by providing separate cars or by clearly indicating or designating by physical visible marks the area to be occupied by each race in any streetcar in which the two races are permitted to be carried together and by confining each race to occupancy of the area of such streetcar so set apart for it.

"Every common carrier in operating streetcars in the city for the carrying of passengers shall provide for each car used for white and colored passengers, separate entrances and exits to and from such cars in such manner as to prevent intermingling of the white and colored passengers when entering or leaving such car; but this provision for separate entrances and exits shall not apply to the cars operated on the following lines: The South Highlands, Idlewild and Rugby Highland lines or routes.

"It shall be unlawful for any such common carrier to operate or cause or allow to be operated, or for any servant, employee or agent of any such common carrier to aid in operating for the carriage of white and colored passengers, any streetcar not equipped as provided in this section.

"And it shall be unlawful for any person, contrary to the provisions of this section providing for equal and separate accommodations for the white and colored races on streetcars, to ride or attempt to ride in a car or a division of a car designated for the race to which such person does not belong.

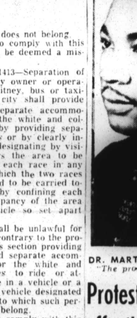
"Failure to comply with this section shall be deemed a misdemeanor.

* * *

"Section 1413—Separation of Races. Every owner or operator of any jitney, bus or taxicab in the city shall provide equal but separate accommodations for the white and colored races by providing separate compartments or by indicating or designating by visible markers the area to be occupied by each race in any vehicle in which the two races are permitted to be carried together and by confining each race to occupancy of the area of such vehicle so set apart for it.

"And it shall be unlawful for any person, contrary to the provisions of this section providing for equal and separate accommodations for the white and colored races to ride or attempt to ride in a vehicle or a division of a vehicle designated for the race to which such person does not belong.

"Failure to comply with this section shall be deemed a misdemeanor.



DR. MARTIN LUTHER KING
The protest must go on

Protest can be effective—King

BIRMINGHAM — The bus protest here does not have to be 100 percent effective in order to break the segregation pattern, the Rev. Martin Luther King of Montgomery told the AFRO last week.

It only half of the people were to voluntarily stay off busses, it would have great effect.

THE REV. Mr. King met with the Rev. F. L. Shuttlesworth while here. He said he would not attend any of the mass meeting because his physicianf had advised against crowds.

The Rev. King was stabbed while in New York City last summer promoting sales of his book "Stride Toward Freedom."

FASEST RIDER

Johnny Longden, a member of the National Jockeys Hall of Fame at Pimlico, had the fastest ride in the Pimlico Futurity. He was on Count Fleet in 1942 when the Hertz star was clocked in 1:43 2-5 for the mile and a sixteenth.

'News blackout is no accident'

BIRMINGHAM, Ala. —The Rev. F. L. Shuttlesworth introduced the AFRO at two mass meetings as "A paper which will let the world know what is going on in Birmingham."

He said all news of the bus boycott fare "blackout" so far as the local daily papers and wire services are concern.

The minister added: "The blackout is no accident. They're trying to keep the people from knowing what's happening."

* * *

EMORY O. JACKSON, managing editor of the Birmingham World," accused one daily paper of misquoting Senator Jacob Javits. The New York senator was saying he approved separation of the races in the South.

HAND UPON HAND — Gathered around 71-year-old Alfred Thomas (fourth from left) are five other men who were jailed with him when they protested segregated seatings on Birmingham buses. They are Johnnie C. Collins, Jim Hendricks, Willie Butler, Joe Hendricks, and James C. Suttle.

Flash News In Brief

They Said It: "Quote And Unquote"

(Continued from Page 1)

"To permit public schools to be closed to avoid the law of the land, I think our party will have to recognize this and I think it will." — Democratic National Chairman PAUL BUTLER.

* * *

WASHINGTON — "Public leaders in high places cannot urge people to defy the courts on segregation issues without serious damage to respect for laws generally." — U.S. Appeals Court Judge WARREN E. BURGER, criticizing Gov. Orval Faubus of Arkansas in his resistance to court-ordered integration.

* * *

OSAGE, W. Va. — "We didn't need any Supreme Court decision to integrate the schools. Colored and white persons here grow up together, work together and could have gone to school together 15 years ago. Some outsider, probably from Virginia, bombed the school." —SHERIFF CHARLES WHITTON, commenting on a bomb that ripped into an integrated Morgantown school.

* * *

ATLANTA — "When Christ comes in, prejudice goes out. The dynamiting of churches, synagogues, schools and homes, all hate-inspired movements of violence, cruelty, intolerance and lawlessness, is not in keeping with the spirit of Christ. His spirit condemns it, and so do we." — Dr. JAMES P. WESBERRY, pastor Morningside Baptist Church.

* * *

BIRMINGHAM—"Some Democrats were elected in the North on just how much they hate us in the South. There just might be some vindicative legislation in the field of civil rights" — Gov.-elect ERNEST VANDIVER of Georgia.

* * *

FRENCH LICK, Ind.—"Opinions are many and often extreme. They excite hatred, bitterness, violence. Amid all the resultant din and confusion, there is the constant and earnest query: what are the facts ... A public that does not know the facts cannot act intelligently. A public that does not comprehend the facts is dangerous" — COLEMAN A. HARWELL, Nashville, president, Associated Press Managing Editors' Association.

* * *

RICHMOND, Va. — "We in Virginia have just begun to fight. We shall never give up the principles upon which we now stand. Faint heart never won a war. It may be necessary for some localities to give up public schools forever." — REP. WATKINS M. ABBITT (D., Va.)

* * *

BIRMINGHAM — "I ordered them into Negro teachers arrested and will order anybody else arrested, white or black, who follows their foolish lead. If Mr. Rogers (U.S. attorney general) thinks he can scare me ... he is mistaken. I'm this man. —EUGENE (Bull) CONNER, Birmingham police commissioner.

* * *

AUGUSTA, Ga. — "I am certain that many Georgians will agree that this infamous decision was largely responsible for the people throwing many Republicans out of office in Georgia yesterday." — Dr. MARVIN GRIFFIN of Georgia speaking of the Supreme Court desegregation decree of 1954.

* * *

PORTLAND, Me — "Northern rum traders brought slaves that were used in South. Are cotton fields. Probably the reason you don't have the same problem in the North is because cotton wouldn't grow there." — JOHN N. HEISKELL, Arkansas newspaper.

* * *

NASHVILLE, Tenn. — "It's all right, folks. I appreciate what you've done. We're going to win the next one." — professional segregationist JOHN KASPER, following his third conviction in connection with school integration disorders.

* * *

CHICAGO — "The election of new Northern senators has swelled the Democratic majority and signaled a speedy end to Rule 22, the Senate debate foreclosing structure that has kept civil rights and other progressive legislation from passing." — SEN. PAUL DOUGLAS of Illinois.

* * *

LOUISVILLE, Ky. — "As long as your colored brothers in the South are intimidated, you are still second class citizens. I am anxious to have a better world for my two little girls. Freedom is far from being free. It's something we must pay for."—MRS. MARGARET BELAFONTE, urging contributions to the NAACP Freedom Fund Drive.

* * *

NEW YORK — "I don't think you'll ever make the colored man the equal of a white man. That's why desegregation will never work. It will lower the white children's standards to the level of the disadvantaged race."—SHERIFF WILLIS McCALL of Florida.

* * *

DALLAS, Texas — State Judge W. L. Thornton Thursday dismissed a suit filed by the Dallas School Board seeking clarification of the conflict between state laws and Federal court orders to integrate the schools. He ruled his court has no jurisdiction in the matter. A Federal court earlier had ruled the same thing.

JACKSON, Miss. — A three-judge court has upheld Mississippi's new educational requirements for voters, attacked by the Rev. H. D. Darby who was rejected last March. The case may be appealed to the Supreme Court by the NAACP.

* * *

RICHMOND — As the State Supreme Court readies to test Virginia's massive resistance laws, Attorney General A. S. Harrison filed a brief with the court declaring that Virginia now feels that it is no longer required to provide public schools.

* * *

BIRMINGHAM, Ala. — An appeal of the conviction of the Rev. F. L. Shuttlesworth and others will be heard in Circuit Court by Judge George L. Bailes on Dec. 1. The minister and 16 others were convicted of violating a city bus ordinance.

* * *

WASHINGTON — Attorney General William P. Rogers announced Thursday that the Eisenhower administration is "seriously considering" asking Congress for additional civil rights legislation adding "in view of events which have transpired, including bombings, it is time to consider the whole matter." Rogers was praised by Southerners last year because he did not ask for new laws for such legislation.

ORA-JEL® first aid for TOOTHACHES safe relief in 20 seconds

IF Your Hair is Thinning IF Your Scalp is Scaly IF You have Dandruff

These are conditions demanding medical care. Perfumed pomades won't help—Glover's medicinal treatment will. For Glover's, like a doctor's prescription, is a medicine compounded of soothing oils, tars, sulphur and lanolin—designed to help check dandruff, scalp-scale and excessive falling hair. One try and you'll see why Glover's Mange Medicine is the medicinal way to treat scalp and hair problems. Money-back guarantee. At all drug stores.

Glover's Mange Medicine
Glover Imperial Hair Tonic
Glover Beauty Soap Shampoo

GLOVER'S SINCE 1876

Relieve RHEUMATIC Pain
AND ENJOY MORE PLEASANT PERIODS OF GREATER COMFORT
If you're suffering the annoying pain of rheumatism, neuritis, muscle aches, arthritis, help yourself to greater comfort fast with the proved salicylate action of C-2223. Thousands keep it handy, use it regularly, time and time again whenever the pain makes them miserable. Just call C-2223 "the old reliable". Price of first bottle back if not satisfied. Today, for pain relief you'll welcome every time, ask for C-2223.
C-2223 PRESCRIPTION TYPE RELIEF FOR RHEUMATIC PAIN

Newsmakers Of The Week

KWAME NKRUMAH — DR. HOWARD SPRIGG — HARRY BELAFONTE — JOHN H. JOHNSON — DR. JEROME HOLLAND — ATTY. LOREN MILLER — SEN. CLIFF CASE — REV. F. L. SHUTTLESWORTH

Roundup Of The Week's Newsmakers

BRUNSWICK, Ga. — **Maurice Ruddick,** his wife, and 12 children will live in a house trailer segregated from his fellow Canadian miners miraculously rescued in a Nova Scotia cave - in. All are guests of **Gov. Marvin Griffin** at Jekyll Island State Park. President **W. K. Payne** of Savannah State College, has consented to act as special host for the jim-crowed Ruddick family, the governor said.

* * *

WASHINGTON — **Nivelle Beauvieu,** assistant manager of the Industrial National Bank of Providence, has been named chairman of the Rhode Island Advisory Committee to the Commission of Civil Rights. He is the second colored person to head a state committee. Former State Senator **Harry A. Cole** of Baltimore is the first.

* * *

ST. PAUL, Minn. — **Dr. Jerome H. Holland,** president of Delaware State College, spoke on "Developing Community Resources for Minority Groups" at the 35th annual meeting of the St. Paul Urban League here Nov. 13.

* * *

MORRISTOWN, N.J. — **Dr. John A. Mersell,** assistant to the NAACP Secretary **Roy Wilkins,** will debate **John J. Kilpatrick,** segregationist editor of the Richmond News-Leader before the Morristown Forum Association here on Nov. 20. The topic: "Is integration the responsibility of the individual states rather than the Federal government?"

* * *

NEW YORK — **John H. Johnson,** 40 - year - old Chicago publisher who parlayed a $500 loan into a million - dollar business, will be one of two Negroes honored at the NAACP second annual Freedom Fund Dinner here Sunday.

* * *

ATLANTA — Recognition of more than 25 years' service to the community was given by the Atlanta Daily World in the form of a plaque from the Georgia State Chamber of Commerce last week. The award was received by **C.A. Scott,** editor-publisher, from **Jeff Bryant Jr.,** of the Chamber.

* * *

ITTA BENA, Miss. — **Burnel E. Coulon,** 29, director of public relations at Mississippi Vocational College, has been selected to appear in "Who's Who in Colleges." Coulon, a native of New Orleans and a graduate of Tuskegee (Ala.) Institute, has been at MVC for five years.

* * *

NEW YORK — **Dr. Howard E. Spragg,** Westfield, N.J., has been elected treasurer of the Congregational Board of Home Missions, which works with such schools as Fisk University and Talladega College and carries on an extensive program in Christian education and race relations. He's a native of Malden, Mass.

* * *

LOS ANGELES — **Loren Miller,** attorney, and **George Seveille,** president of Seville Enterprises, were among those interviewed by **Tom Hawkins** on KGFJ last week. The station introduces the public to outstanding personalities weekly.

* * *

NEW YORK — **Denis Baron,** 32, has resigned as assistant supervisor of economics at the Department of Planning to accept an appointment with the International Cooperation Administration in Saigon, South Vietnam.

* * *

NEW YORK — The General Conference of the Methodist Church of Mexico has re-elected **Dr. Eleazar Guerra** to his fifth term as bishop, succeeding **Dr. Roland Zapata.** Dr. Guerra served four terms between 1938 and 1954.

* * *

NEW YORK — **Harry Belafonte's** 22 - minute appearance Sunday was a shot in the arm for Columbia General A. & P. in their ratings race with **Ed Sullivan** and CBS. Allen's Arbitron rating averaged 21.3 to Sullivan's 15.4. It was the second week in a row that Steve has topped Ed in the bid for Sunday night viewers.

* * *

NEW YORK — **Dr. Evelyn Berry,** profesor of philosophy at Paine College, Augusta, Ga., has been a participating in the 1958 - 59 "Program of Advanced Religious Studies" at Union Theological Seminary here under the sponsorship of the Methodist Church.

* * *

NEW YORK— **The Rev. W. L. Buffington** of Augusta, Ga., founder of a chain of almost 100 libraries for Southern colored children, received the 10th annual Lane Bryant award for outstanding volunteer services Thursday. The award was $1,000.

* * *

MARION, Ark. — Recording artist **Sam Cooke,** 27 of Los Angeles, was injured last week when his car collided with a truck near here. A companion, **Arthur Kennedy,** 42, of Brooklyn was killed and two other passengers, **Lou Rallis** and **Cliff White,** both of Los Angeles were also injured, Ralls critically.

Continuing Struggle For Equality

WASHINGTON — A Federal grand jury will be impannelled in Birmingham to investigate the beatings of Negro Montgomery ministers while they were visiting another minister, the Rev. F. L. Shuttlesworth in Birmingham. Target of the inquiry will be Eugene (Bull) Connor, Birmingham's Commissioner of public safety, who ordered the arrests and releases in connection the matter with FBI agents.

* * *

NEW YORK — **Edmond Martin,** Greenwich Village realtor, who has claimed he has no intention of complying with the city's no-discrimination law, said he has challenged the Commission on Intergroup Relations to take him to court in a test national test of the law. He has announced he will not accept a subpoena from CIOR.

* * *

WASHINGTON — A national committee to stir public opinion against bombings of churches and schools has been organized here with Charles P. Taft of Cincinnati and Edmund G. (Pat) Brown of Los Angeles as co-chairmen. Called "Americans Against Bombs of Bigotry," the group has three southerners but no colored members.

CHARLESTON, S.C.—Frightened by a petition of a group of colored golfers, the city council Wednesday night voted to immediately auction off the 134-acre municipal golf course, rather than permit all taxpayers to use it. Mayor William Morrison made the motion to sell the course.

* * *

LITTLE ROCK — Three colored tennis players, Samuel Drake, his wife, Mrs. Betty Drake, and James Wade were ordered by police last week to leave the tennis court at city-owned War Memorial Park. They complied. The city has no tennis court facilities for its colored citizens.

* * *

WASHINGTON — Defiant Alabama registration officials will be placed under subpoena to appear with their records when the Civil Rights Commission opens its public hearings in Montgomery on Dec. 8, it was announced here. The Macon County board, site of Tuskegee, on Oct. 29 had refused to permit the commission to examine its records for instances of discriminatory vote denials.

ST. LOUIS — Mrs. Daisy Bates, head of the Arkansas NAACP, revealed at an assembly here that a court injunction ordered five of the pupils who integrated Central High School to stay down offers to attend schools in other states.

* * *

BIRMINGHAM, Ala. — The Rev. F. L. Shuttlesworth and 12 other residents, convicted for riding city buses unsegregated, have filed suits in Federal courts seeking $100,000 damages and an injunction preventing the city from enforcing its new jim crow ordinance. The Rev. Shuttlesworth was made a party to the suit.

* * *

ST. LOUIS — A three-judge court of the U.S. Eighth Circuit last Sunday once again ordered the Little Rock, Ark., school board to take positive steps toward integration and to halt all action to thwart desegregation as scheduled.

On The Desegregation Battlefront

LITTLE ROCK, Ark.—Three colored persons, a woman and two men, were ousted from War Memorial Park tennis courts Monday by Police. Police said they left without an argument, but a city park official said he received numerous reports of their presence.

* * *

LITTLE ROCK, Ark. — The Arkansas Education Association's recent resolution calling for preservation of public schools under any terms, is "illegal and unnecessary," said Gov. Orval Faubus last week.

Sticking with Faubus, Rep. Gene Fleeman of Mississippi County said the resolution was "a reflection on the intelligence of "reflection on the intelligence of the General Assembly."

* * *

LITTLE ROCK, Ark. — Gov. Orval Faubus has received 10,000 letters from the White Citizens Council in Winnfield, La., to aid Little Rock Private School board. The group pledged to give more.

* * *

MORGANTOWN, W.Va. — The 240 pupils, whose studies were interrupted when their school at Osage was bombed out, are back in class. They are attending school in three neighboring counties, it was learned. A miner, known to have been a racial agitator, has been arrested in connection with the bombing.

* * *

RICHMOND, Va. — Gov. J. Lindsay Almond and two of Virginia's most die-hard segregationist editors appeared to be backing away from "massive resistance" last week on the eve of two court hearings challenging constitutionality of the Byrd-imposed laws. The two editors were Virginius Dabney and John J. Kilpatrick, both of Richmond. Kilpatrick is author of "interposition" which Faubus is his sorrow tried in Arkansas.

* * *

LITTLE ROCK — Five of the six Little Rock school board members resigned Wednesday in protest of the 8th U.S. Court of Appeals' order that integration must be speeded up. An effort to buy up the contract of School Superintendent Virgil Blossom was blocked by state court order. The board had voted to pay Blossom $19,900 for the remaining 19 months his contract has to run. A new board will be elected on Dec. 6.

* * *

NASHVILLE, Tenn. — Public school officials from both North and South are being called in a national conference in February by the Civil Rights Commission to discuss "problems involved in transition from segregated to integrated public schools." The meeting will be limited to fact finding, it was explained.

The Sound And Fury Of Racial Madness

he addressed the Georgia Baptist Convention here. The

The Crime Element: Man Against Man

DUBLIN, Ga. **Jim Butler,** 16-year - old pupil of Oconee High School is dead and police are holding **Prentice Walker,** 18, also a pupil for manslaughter. The two got in a fight on the school grounds and witnesses said Prentice hit Butler in the head with a board.

* * *

MARIETTA, Ga. — A claw hammer was the death weapon used by **Nathaniel Spencer,** 46,to kill his neighbor, **Henry Stewart** here, police charge. Stewart's body was found in Spencer's apartment after the suspect had admitted the slaying.

* * *

BUFFALO, N.Y.— **Miss Beatrice Beckman,** 36, a blonde teacher, who told police she sat in her car with a former student, while two of his companions slagged a holdup in which the victim was killed, was released without charge Friday. Police were holding **Dewitt Lee Jr.,** 21, the former student; **Walter T. Green,** 31; and a former boxer, **Henry Flakes,** 34.

* * *

ALBANY, N.Y. — **Frank Peterson,** wanted in Florida in the ax slayings of a white farmer and his daughter, has been ordered returned by **Gov. Averell Harriman.** Peterson was arrested in June at a migrant workers' camp near Springville, N.Y. He's under indictment in Florida.

* * *

PINE BLUFF, Ark. — Mail theft charges, accusing them of rifling the Arkansas AM and FM N College campus postoffice of $200 in checks, and money orders, were filed against **Sterling M. McClellan,** 21, and **James Watson Jr.,** 19, last week. McClellan is a freshman at the school and Watson quit school as a freshman. They're charged with forgery also.

* * *

SELMA, Ala. — **Tommie Moore,** 41, who allegedly confessed to killing his common-law wife, **Essie M. Brums,** and burying her in a shallow grave near a railroad track here, took police to the burial place and watched the body exhumed last week. Coroner **Bailey K. Green** said Miss Burns died of a chest stab wound.

* * *

NASHVILLE, Tenn.—Thrice convicted **John Kasper,** 29 year - segregationist who agitated against court - ordered integration in Nashville public schools, has said he will seek a new trial following his $500 fine and six month conviction on charges of inciting to riot in school disorders here last year.

* * *

BRUNSWICK, Ga. — A 31-year - old cab driver, **Oscar McLain,** was held by Georgia police this week in connection with the shooting of a 43-year - old white man, **Raymond Farrabee,** though Police Ch