—St. Marys

(Continued from Page 1)

assembly and told them that for the first time we were having colored students," Miss Mattingly said.

"I told them I had met the children and their parents. And that the children seemed well-behaved.

"And we want them to profit by what this school had to offer and we want them to get along."

Miss Mattingly, who has been principal of the school for over 25 years, said further:

"I think things went along well, as I expected them to be."

"I think today is the most difficult day.

"But at least we are doing it (integrating) and not just talking about it."

Miss Mattingly is sister of Senator Joseph A. Mattingly, from St. Marys County.

MRS. REBECCA GROVES, mother of the children, said after they had returned home,

"I am so relieved—I must admit I was very nervous.

"I am glad newsmen were around to keep an eye on things.

"But I have schooled them to expect name calling.

"Still I don't want anybody hitting them."

Said William Groves, the father:

"It came out as I expected, and I am glad it came out this way.

"We live in a nice community with very nice people.

"I am sure they will rise to help protect the community from any unpleasant incidents."

AND SO it went this first day of school integration in St. Marys County.

A beautiful, sunny, cherry day, with two clouds in the sky and two clouds in the day of the Groves children.

Jane, an attractive young girl, who stands 5' 2" and weighs 113 pounds, was neatly dressed for the occasion in a black linen blouse, red linen skirt, beige shoes and a gold anklets—a birthday present.

Conrad, a handsome youngster, who stands 5' 10", slight of build, wore a blue sports jacket, blue pants, blue buckskin shoes, white shirt and a blue tie.

JOAN AND CONRAD left their home at 8:25 Thursday morning in a segregated bus, which carried them four miles to the George Washington Carver High School in Jarboesville.

At the Carver school they were picked in another school bus and carried as the only passengers to the Great Mills School.

In commenting on the admission of the children Miss Mattingly said:

"The Great Mills Jr. and Sr. High School has an enrollment of 6,700 children and contains a combination gym and auditorium, cafeteria, chemistry lab, sevreral work shops and 25 classrooms.

Miss Mattingly said:

"There will be no special provisions made in the cafeteria in so far as separate tables or service are concerned for the Groves children."

Miss Mattingly had this to say about community feeling on the acceptance of the children:

"Generally, the parents have been silent.

"I received no comments one way or the other."

Joan Groves enrolled as a senior.

She will have the subjects of English, American history, shorthand and bookkeeping.

Conrad enrolled in the 9th grade.

Both transferred from the Cardinal Gibbons Parochial High School.

MR. GROVES requested the transfer in order that Joan might get subjects towards a commerical diploma which were not available at the Cardinal Gibbons High School and that his children might have the benefit of better advantages in integrated schooling.

Mr. Groves had this to say about the County School Board:

"I think we have a good school board, and I think they are trying to do a good job.

"The whole thing is that they have customs here and custom is their enemy."

MEANWHILE, St. Marys school officials have filed an appeal from the order issued by Federal Judge Roszel C. Thomsen, admitting Joan.

An attempt was made by attorneys for the board to have the order admitting Joan delayed pending the appeal but Chief Judge Simon E. Sobeloff of the United States Court of Appeals for the Fourth Circuit turned this plea down Tuesday.

In denying the request, Judge Sobeloff said:

"It is sufficient for present purposes to say, without further elaboration, that after hearing counsel for the parties at length, examining the court file and weighing all pertinent considerations, I think that no sufficient showing has been made by the defendants to warrant interference with the District Judge's carefully considered refusal to suspend his order pending appeal."

An indication that no disturbance was expected by school officials was evidenced by the fact that no policemen, State or otherwise were stationed at the school.

A state trooper drove past the school on the highway after the students were in the school. Later a patrol car, manned by town police drove past. Neither one stopped.

DESEGREGATION SHOWDOWN — Attorneys (below) for parents and children in the Arlington desegregation suit are (left to right) Otto L. Tucker, Charles W. Quick, James M. Nabrit 3rd, and Frank D. Reeves, chief counsel for plaintiffs. Litigants above in the case enter Alexandria Federal Court: E. Leslie Hamm Jr., Gloria Thompson, her mother, Mrs. Eethel Thompson, and brother, Stephen.

—Arlington school case

(Continued from Page 1)

ed unless otherwise ordered by the Placement Board.

Spottswood W. Robinson III, argued that the 30 colored applicants for transfer were treated differently because of racial consideration and that the denial of their application violated the 14th Amendment.

His argument was directed specifically at two of the criteria the school board used in rejecting the applications — psychological factors and the alleged lack of ability of five of the applicants to adapt themselves in white schools.

Mr. Reeves attacked the so-called disqualification on the basis of attendance areas and overcrowding at Washington and Lee, a white high school.

Oliver W. Hill argued that the applicants were academically qoalified to be transfered to the white schools to which they had applied.

Mr. Robinson disputed the opinion to transfer two pupils to white schools because they would meet with "severe difficulties."

"If all the things that presented difficulties at Central High School in Little Rock were not sufficient from the viewpoint of the Eighth Circuit (U.S. Court of Appeals) to grant even a temporary suspension of constitutional rights," Mr. Robinson said, "this so-called severe difficulties in the school in which the application was made by these two little children certainly could not justify the taking away of their rights to a non-segregated education permanently."

Before court recessed late Wednesday evening, Harry J. Walker professor of sociology at Howard University, testified that "Arlington, with its per capita wealth, higher level of education and low percentage of colored people, could have desegregated much easier than Washington."

The Arlington school board, meeting in the federal courtroom Tuesday, postponed the opening of Arlington's public schools from Sept. 4 to 8 to give Judge Bryan opportunity to render his decision for the opening.

ATTORNEY GENERAL Bertis Harrison of Virginia told Federal District Judge Albert V. Bryan, Thursday afternoon, that Virginia regarded the case of 30 colored students seeking admission to Arlington County public schools as equally important as the Little Rock case.

The Supreme Court will hear arguments, next Thursday, on whether to review the decision of the U.S. Court of Appeals reversing the judgment of federal district Judge Harry J. Lemley postponing for two and one half years integration at Central High School in Little Rock.

Mr. Harrison asserted that the decision in the Arlington case will to some extent determine the extent Virginia will be allowed to solve the problem of school integration.

JUDGE BRYAN, on the first day of the hearing, askel attorneys what bearing the Little Rock case had on the Arlington case aside from the aspects of disorder and violence.

Frank D. Reeves argued that it had no application.

Judge Bryan indicated that he was concerned with the granting of the stay by the Court of Appeals. He expressed the belief that the Supreme Court may consider the phrase "with all deliberate speed."

Reeves disagreed with Judge Bryan that there was such an implication in the action of the court in deciding to hear arguments in the Little Rock case.

He pointed out that the precise question the Court of Appeals passed on in the Little Rock case was whether or not a desegregation plan, once put into operation, maybe lawfully suspended because of popular opposition evidencel by violence.

Harrison, as Attorney General of Virginia, asked the court to affirm the action of the Arlington school board and the Virginia Pupil Placement Board.

Expert witnesses called by the NAACP Wednesday made absurd the testimony of school officials that 30 colored children were not qualified for admission to Arlington County white public schools.

The NAACP called Dr. Thomas H. Henderson, dean of the college at Virginia Union University, and James A. Bayton, professor of psychology at Howard University, to rebut testimony of Bernard Joy, a member of the Arlington County Board, and Ray Reid, superintendent of Arlington County Schools.

The latter two officials had testified before Judge Albert V. Bryan in Federal District Court here that none of the 30 colored applicants for transfer were qualified for admission to white schools for various reasons.

FACTORS ADVANCED as justifying the rejection of the applications, Mr. Reid testified, fell into five different categories.

He defined them as:

(1) problems relating to school attendance areas.

(2) overcrowding at Washington-Lee one of two white high schools in the county.

(3) low academic accomplishments of the colored applicants.

(4) psychological problems of the applicants, and

(5) lack of ability to adapt to new situations.

None of the applicants was identified by name. They were placed in these categories by a letter of the alphabet or by numbers.

AFTER THE Arlington County School Board had put in its testimony to support the rejections, the NAACP lawyers called Dr. Henderson.

He has a bachelor of science degree from Virginia Union, a master of arts and a doctor of philosophy degree in education from the University of Chicago and is a member of various professional organizations, including the American Academy of Political and Social Sciences. He taught at Armstrong High School in Richmond, Va., for 13 years before going to Virginia Union in 1941. He qualified as an expert.

Under questioning by Oliver W. Hill of Richmond, one of the NAACP lawyers, Dr. Henderson testified he was familiar in a general way with the California Achievement Tests.

The scores made by the colored applicants on this test was the basis of the rejection of some of them for low academic achievement.

The achievement tests, he testified, are no valid criteria for enrollment of a child in a school, but rather help to determine what grade he should be placed in.

On the basis of his study of the accumulative folders of 23 of the 30 applicants, furnished by the lawyers for the Arlington school board, Dr. Henderson testified that he found no valid reason for denying them admission to the schools to which they had applied.

DR. HENDERSON said the child identified as No. 9 was in the seventh grade last November and at that time was given the California Achievement Test and scored 8.0.

He interpreted the score as meaning that this student was about a year ahead of the average student in the seventh grade. The folder showed that her I.Q. (intelligence quotient) ranged from 105 to 114, and she had good marks for the last school year.

"I would say she was certainly qualified to be transferred to any school in the next grade."

He found in her file "favorable comment" in general from her teachers, including a teacher in France where she studied for six weeks in 1955.

PUPIL B, he testified, was in the seventh grade last year and scored 7.2 on the achievement test. Dr. Henderson testified. This was the exact average score. Her I.Q., he said, ranged from 97 to 128 with 112 as the most recent. This student, he testified, would be much higher than the average student.

This student also had good marks last year. He said he found no valid reason for denying this child admission to the school to which she applied in the grade to which she was promoted.

Pupil No. 22 was tested in November, 1956, while in the fifth grade. The average score was 5.2. She made 5.0. "That difference is inconsequential," he testified.

He added that her I.Q. ranged from 94 to 99. Last year her teacher reported that she was on grade level in all areas, he added.

"She is quite well prepared to become an average student in any school in the grade to which she was promoted," Dr. Henderson said.

He testified that he found no reason for rejecting Pupil 22 on the basis of her academic accomplishment.

DR. JOY had testified earlier that the school board, in rejecting the applications for transfers, had considered the applicants in the various categories in a group and not individually.

Students B, 6, 22 and 11, Dr. Henderson testified, come in about the middle point of the students in the nation for their grade. "There would be as many below their percentages," he said.

He predicted that they would succeed in a normal school.

A chart, placed in evidence by the school board, he said, showed that about 10 per cent of the students at Stratford, an all-white junior high school, scored below the lowest applicants for transfer to that school.

Dr. Henderson also explained that sometimes a student put into a new situation is stimulated to better effort.

PUPILS 21 and 12 applied for transfer to either Washington-Lee or Wakefield High School. Remedial classes are run for retarded white children at Wakefield.

Dr. Henderson testified that the gap in academic achievement between white and colored children in separate schools tends to widen as time passes on because the factors which produce the gap continue to operate.

The gap, he said, is due in part to socio-economic factors and in part to the history of unequal school facilities which influence the preparation of teachers who teach in segregated schools.

Dr. Henderson also testified that certain courses advertised as being offered at Hoffman-Boston were not actually offered there. He enumerated them as certain language courses, the offering of which was impractical at Hoffman-Boston, a combination junior and senior high school for colored students, because of its small size, and also certain industrial arts courses which are "economically advantageous."

A memorandum by Superintendent Reid from J. Johnson in the division of instruction in the Arlington schools, disclosed that chemistry and physics are offered at Hoffman-Boston in alternate years instead of every year as in the two white high schools.

DR. BAYTON, the other NAACP expert witness, has an A.B. and a B.S. degree from Howard; studied at Columbia, and has a doctor of philosophy degree from the University of Pennsylvania.

He is a member of the American Psychological Association, a Phi Beta Kappa, has written about 30 articles for professional journals and has produced about 50 research projects for the Government and private enterprises.

He testified with respect to two categories used by the school board in rejecting the 30 applicants —psychological problems and inability to adapt to new situations. These two categories were used in the cases of 12 of the applicants.

Dividing these applicants into two groups, he said he found no evidence in the records he examined of either psychological disability or lack of adaptability in new situations in the first group of seven applicants.

In the records of those placed in the first group, he said, he found such statements under the heading of "social adjustment" made by teachers as "good" "has made nice adjustment," "shows an interest in all present-day happenings," "making good progress in all areas of work," "very nice and sweet person."

IN THE CASE of Pupil No. 8 Dr. Mill of the Virginia State Department of Mental Hygiene concluded that the "Evidence of instability in the record indicates that it would be unwise and possibly harmful to subject this child to pressures in attending a school of a different race."

Dr. Bayton said statements of teacher's in this child's record were to the effect in January, 1958, that "There has been a desirable change in attitude to the classroom work, courteous," and in June "Free and cooperative, eager to learn."

Spottswood Robinson, 3d, NAACP attorney, asked Dr. Bayton if he had found these cases evidence of any psychological difficulty or any inability to adapt of such a character as in his professional opinion would prevent that child from entering a school or adapting in a school previously attended by only whites.

Dr. Bayton reply that the opposite was shown —that they have a high degree of orientation in terms.

THE CASE was before Judge Bryan for hearing on the motion filed by the NAACP for further relieve in the case in which last Sept. 14, he ordered the admission of seven colored children to four different schools in Arlington County.

He also had before him the report and request for guidance filed by the Arlington County School Board.

School officials insisted in their testimony that color or race had nothing to do with rejection of their applications for transfers.

Superintendent Reid testified for the school board on the question of lack of adaptability as a factor for rejecting the applications.

UNDER CROSS examination by Frank D. Reeves, NAACP lawyer, Mr. Reid admitted, worked in a segregated system however, that he had never in his 32 years in education.

Mr. Reeves asked him whether he or the school board in considering the applications for transfers had applied the five standards to white students who sought transfers to white schools.

He replied that no other students than the 30 were applying for transfers "under similar circumstances."

Mr. Reeves pressed him to answer his question. "What is it that made these students subject to special consideration by the board?" he asked.

MR. REID replied that there were 34 applications for transfers from schools in which the students were enrolled last year to schools of a different race.

Two of the applications were from white students for transfer to colored schools. The purpose of these applications was to force the closing of colored schools along with white schools, if the transfers were granted.

Virginia law requires the automatic closing of a school if a colored child is admitted to a white school, or vice versa.

The idea of forcing the closing of colored schools by the transfer of white children to such schools was advanced by the Defenders of Individual Liberties and State Sovereignty, a segregationist group which has been active in Virginia.

Mr. Reid finally admitted that the standards were applied only in the cases of colored students applying for transfer to white schools.

HE SAID there were other bases for grouping of children than race, but he would not say that the Jewish faith was one. He said he could not see that Jewish religion had anything to do with the public schools.

Mr. Reid gave his professional opinion as no colored child can adapt himself in a previously all-white school unless he is specially gifted or superior.

"It is my professional opinion that it would be very difficult; in most instances, impossible," he testified.

Dr. Joy preceded Mr. Reid as a witness. He has the reputation of being one of two liberal members of the five-member Arlington school board, but nothing in his testimony showed his liberality.

He holds a doctorate in education from George Washington University and is an assistant to the Administrator of the Agricultural Research Service.

For one reason or another, he testified, the school board voted to reject all 30 applications for transfer.

If the school board were to have responsibility for assignment of pupils without regard to race, Dr. Joy testified, they recognized that the Hoffman-Boston school district could not be justified except on the basis of race.

The Hoffman-Boston school has two districts from which its children come — one in North Arlington and the other in South Arlington.

A. B. SCOTT, counsel for the Virginia Pupil Placement Board, argued before Judge Reid that it was presumptuous of the United States Court of Appeals and of him (Judge Bryan) to say that that board would not properly administer the Virginia Pupil Placement law.

He urged that the proceedings be dismissed until the Virginia Pupil Placement Board has been properly made a party to the suit in which the validity of the pupil placement law can be determined.

Judge Bryan, ruled in 1957 that the administrative name dies provided in the law were too sluggish and prolix to provide an adequate remedy for persons appealing from an adverse decision of the board.

Seven colored children in September, 1957, presented themselves for admission to white schools in Arlington. Upon being rejected, they filed motions in the district court for an order directing that they be admitted into the schools to which they had applied for the 1957-58 school year.

THEIR MOTION was granted; and the school board was enjoined from refusing to admit them upon presentation of themselves last Sept. 23, to the specific schools to which they had applied.

Judge Bryan stayed his order pending appeals. The order became final in April, 1958, when the Supreme Court refused to review the case.

After the court order of Sept. 14, 1957, the Virginia General Assembly in 1958 amended the Virginia Pupil law, which vested all authority to assign pupils in Virginia public schools in the State Pupil Placement Board.

In its report and request for guidance, the school board asked the court:

1. **IF THE** order of Sept. 14, 1957, was limited to last school year.

2. Whether the applications of any of the seven pupils for admission to white schools for the 1958-59 school year was subject to review as to the propriety of the applications by either the placement or school board.

3. The Pupil Placement Board passed upon the applications and rejected all of them.

Of the 30 applicants for transfer, five of them were covered by the order of Sept. 14, 1957, and 25 are new applicants.

Associated with Mr. Hill, Mr. Oliver, and Mr. Reeves in the case are Otto L. Tucker of Alexandria and Charles Quick and James M. Nabrit, 3d, of Washington, D.C.

—'Guilt' called key

(Continued from Page 1)

of the major denominational ministers in Little Rock," he added.

"The largest group of all, these men were neither active in the crisis, nor particularly influential among the ministers."

DR. PETTIGREW told delegates how the pushers "suffered abuse and demotion for their beliefs and actions."

They helped to organize an interracial ministers' association, which issued proclamations against mob violence, he said.

"Some of the pushers later demanded membership withdrawal of those who participated in mob violence," he stated.

Pushers used pulpit and press "to remind their parishioners of the moral imperatives of the situation," Dr. Pettigrew said.

"LIKE MANY courageous religious leaders before them, they have suffered abuse and demotion for their beliefs and actions," he stated.

"Three of the eight pushers have already lost their Little Rock positions and a fourth is expecting removal soon."

"The majority of the major denominational ministers personally favor racial integration, but most have remained silent ing-class, small sect pastors."

He said that the only religious support for segregation in Little Rock "comes from work- throughout the community's crisis."

Most Little Rock ministers are Southern born, reared and educated in the South," he stated.

PUSHERS' CHURCHES average about 400 members each; passives, 1,200, while powers serve around 2,800 each.

"I've spent 11 years of my life building up this magnificent church, and as its leader and administrator I'm not about to destroy it in this crisis," a power told the interviewers.

A passive said, "I'm about to retire, soon, and I haven't lived around here long. I know integration is coming, but I don't think I should stick my neck out now."

MEDIAN AGE of powers is 50, passives, 55, and pushers, 36.

"The importance of these pushers' courageous actions is difficult to overestimate," Dr. Pettigrew said, referring to the individual and collective conscience of Little Rock.

He quoted English poet William Blake, who said, "All that is required for evil to triumph is that good men do nothing."

DR. PETTIGRTW told a press conference that "The Little Rock Nine" received "tremendous support" from the colored community, whose backing was a source of comfort and inspiration.

If the Supreme Court orders the children back to school this fall and Governor Faubus closes Central High, this action may prove a boon to desegregation, he said.

"The question will then become education and not integration versus segregation," Dr. Pettigrew said. Parents prefer integrated schools to none at all.

Dr. Pettigrew referred to him self as "an optimist."

The Supreme Court is scheduled to hear the Little Rock case in another extraordinary session on Sept. 11.

Raleigh boy, 14, loses school bid

ATLANTA—Joseph H. Holt Jr., 14-year-old Raleigh N.C., lad was denied the right to attend the school nearest his home by a U.S. District Judge on Monday.

Judge Edwin M. Stanley, in denying the youth admission to Needham B. Broughton High School declared that lawyers for the youth had not exhausted all legal state preceudure.

Broughton High School is two miles closer to Holt's home than the school which he has to attend.

Limited integration already has begun in Charlotte, Greensboro and Winston-Salem. Some 13 colored children have been accepted for schools in these cities for the fall term.

First school suit filed in Richmond

RICHMOND

Desegregation suits were filed late Tuesday against the Richmond city school board.

It marked the first legal action taken against Richmond, former capital of the Confederacy, in seven years of school litigation.

The NAACP asked Federal District Judge Sterling Hutcheson to restrain the Richmond School Board from denying admission of six colored children to white schools.

Though filed in behalf of the six pupils, it was a class action, aimed at benefitting all pupils similarily situated.

THE SUITS were filed for three children seeking admission to Nathaniel Bacon Elementary School in Church Hill and three seeking to enter West-Hampton Elementary School.

The NAACP filed the suits shortly after the Virginia Pupil Placement Board turned down applications from pupils.

The plaintiffs are Lorna E. Warden, Daisy Jane Cooper, Wanda I. Dilney, Onslow Minnis Jr., Sylvester Smith Jr., and Jerome Smith, and their parents, Leonard R. Warden Jr., Mrs. Elizabeth Cooper, Ernest A. Dabney, Onslow Minnis and Sylvester R. Smith.

GOVERNOR ALMOND announced Tuesday that School closing notices are being prepared for use in localities facing Federal Court orders to desegregate public schools.

He described the forms as "simple formal blanks to be filled in" and sent to local officials advising them that certain schools are not to open, or if open, are to be closed.

The governor said the forms were not required by the law but he considered it advisable to use them.

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Evangelist and Lecturer
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He Will Present
Spectacular Demonstrations in Hypnosis and mind reading Testing the much talked about E.S.P.
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Announce appointments in N.Y.-Washington area

The New York - Washington annual conference of the CME Church, presided over by Bishop W. Y. Bell, which met at the Asbury Memorial CME Church in Wilmington, Del. announces the following appointments:

Philadelphia District
A. Preston Porter, Presiding Elder

Holsey Temple, Philadelphia, Pa. — P. L. Hailey;
Calvary, Jersey City, N.J. — H. Y. Sideboard;
Phillips Metropolitan, Newark, N.J. — H. C. Sells;
Williams Temple, Philadelphia, Pa. — E. F. Woodard;
Mt. Zion, Sharon Hill, Pa. — J. A. Hayes;
Russell Tabernacle, Philadelphia, Pa. — H. A. Baron;
St. Matthew, Twin Oaks, Pa. — J. S. Wilkinson;
Metropolitan, Philadelphia, Pa. — J. A. Fuller;
Mt. Olive, Camden, New Jersey, and St. James, Sicklerville, N.J. — A. C. Crumbley;
Bebee Chapel, Blackwood, N.J., and Carter Temple, Florence, N.J.—J.W. Moses;
St. Paul, Egg Harbor, N.J. — J. T. Carter;
St. John, Harrisburg, Pa. — B. W. Tharrington;
New St. John, West Atco, N.J. — F. E. Burton (temporary);
Zion, Roselle, N.J. — H. J. McRae;
West Philadelphia, Philadelphia Pa. — R. R. Somerville;
In hands of presiding elder: H. Hinson, F. E. Burton, J. M. Hall, W. A. Holloman;
Conference Evangelist — John W. Wilson;
Superanuated ministers — L. A. Martin and J. R. Medley.

DISTRICT OFFICERS:
Board of Christian Education—Miss Helen F. Lacey;
Sunday School — Mrs. J. A. Hayes;
Christian Youth fellowship — Mrs. Barbara Sommerville; Mrs. Lucy Liggon, supervisor;
Mattie E. Coleman Society — Mrs. Barbara Sommerville;
Youth activities — Rev. J. W. Wilson;
Missionary Society — Mrs. C. M. Simmons;
Ministers' Wives — Mrs. A. P. Porter;
Laymen — Mr. Charles Hayes;
Joint Board of Finance —H. Y. Sideboard and William Byrom.

Virginia District
B. W. Harper, presiding elder

St. Paul, Norfolk, Va. — W. C. Flanagan;
Williams Temple, Richmond, Va. — E. S. Hoye;
Ebenezer, South Boston, Va. — O. L. Porter;
St. James, Lynchburg, Va. — W. P. Williams;
Christ Church, Norfolk, Va. — J. H. Lightsey;
Decatur Street, Richmond, Va. — N. T. Pinkney;
St. Paul, New Hope, St. Luke, Halifax Circuit — W. D. Wood;
Williams Chapel, Front Royal, Va., and St. Paul, Limeton, Va. — H. D. Frank;
Trinity, Broadnax, Va. — T. Gholson;
Mt. Pisgah, Organ Chapel, Evington, Ct. — W. E. Dixon;
St. John, Petersburg, Va. — W. M. Boston;
Williams Temple, News Ferry Meadsville Ct. — L. B. Byem;
Union Grove, Mt. Pleasant, Wesley Chapel, Brooklyn Ct. Wesley Chapel; Brooklyn Ct. — J. A. Minley;
St. Stephens, Winchester, Va.— W. W. Gaskins;
Mt. Sinai, Sinai, Va.— R.L. Graves;
Christian Followship, Roanoke, Va. — In hands of presiding elder;
Vinton, Gladetown, Va.—In hand of presiding elder J.H. Robinson;

DISTRICT OFFICERS:
President, missionary society, — Mrs. Carrie White;
President, lay activities, — Kolvit Shaw;
Superintendent of Sunday School — David Whitehead;
Christian Youth Fellowship — Miss Jean Madison;
Joint Board of Finance — E. S. Hoye and Carrie White.

Washington District
E. F. Howard, presiding elder

Herbert Chapel, Fairfield, Md. — Samuel Wilson;
Miles Memorial, Washington, D.C. — R. L. Calhoun;
St. John, Anacostia, D.C. — R. D. Jackson;
St. Matthew, Cedar Heights, Md. — W. C. Curry;
St. Paul, Chester, Pa. — Clyde Davis;
Asbury Memorial, Wilmington, Del. — In charge of presiding elder;
Lane Memorial, Washington, D.C. — G. R. Wright;
Mt. Pisgah, Baltimore, Md. — M. F. Jefferson;
Russell Temple, Alexandria, Va. — J. E. Carroll;
Monroe Chapel, Ashburn, Va. — J. H. Collins;
Israel Metropolitan, Washington, D.C. — D. A. Bell;
Russell Chapel, Washington, D.C. — George Flemming;
Baltimore Mission, Baltimore, Md. — George Flemming;
In hands of presiding elder (West) — C. E. Kelley, and Leon Kess;
Transferred to the North Carolina conference, — P. G. Kemp;

DISTRICT OFFICERS:
Director of Board of Christian Education—the Rev. R. L. Calhoun;
Cordie Martin;
Missionary president — Mrs. Layman's Activities — Andrew M. Lee;
Lay counselor — R. E. Bumbry;
Sunday School superintendent—Donna Wilkinson;
Christian Youth Fellowship — Joseph Fenwick;
Superannuated ministers — H. Threlkeld, A. D. Ballou, M. Wilcox, O. W. Brown;
Widows — Mrs. C. L. Russell, Mrs. Alice Grant, Mrs. Mary Grant, Mrs. Vernell Wilkinson, Mrs. H. C. Vaughn;
Joint Board — R. L. Calhoun and R. E. Bumbry.

New York District
J. G. Brathwaite, Presiding Elder

Williams Institutional, New York City — W. A. McEwan;
New Bethel, Rochester, N.Y. — Hopps Memorial, Syracuse, T. R. McBeth;
N.Y. — J. O. Myers;
Russell Institutional, Bronx, N.Y. — W. H. Iverson;
Russell Temple, Bridgeport, Conn. — D. S. Jackson;
Jubilee Temple, Buffalo, N.Y. — F. E. Bell;
Mt. Calvary, New Rochelle, N.Y. — Mary B. Asher;
McCullough Temple, New Britain, Conn. — N. B. Brown;
Holy Temple, New York City — Nettie McClease;
Phillip Metropolitan, Hartford, Conn. — J. W. Nance;
Community Memorial, Yonkers, N.Y. — Luther Evans;
Bethel, Brooklyn, N.Y. — H. W. Douglas;
St. Mark, Springfield, Mass.— James Waddell;
Holsey Metropolitan, Bronx, N.Y. — M. M. Jones;
Harden Memorial, New York City — Ella Sorrell;
Macedonia, New Haven, Conn. — Willie Hiers;
Mt. Pisgah, Englewood, N.J. — W. J. Smith;
Christ Church, Waterbury, Conn. — J. C. Thomas;
New Hope, Springfield, Mass. — J. A. Boyd;
Holy Trinity, Bristol, Conn. — Ruth Williams;
Buffalo Mission, Buffalo, N.Y. — M. D. Pugh;
Superannuated ministers; J. W. Harris;
Widows — Mrs. C. D. Newbern;
Left in hands of presiding elder — C. A. Davis.

DISTRICT OFFICERS:
Director of Christian Education — Dr. C. D. Newbern;
Superintendent of Sunday Schools — Louis Seward;
Director of Children's Work — Mrs. Gertrude Livingston;
Director of youth work — Mrs. Delphine McClinton;
Director of adult work — Mrs. Doris Dusen;
Missionary president — Mrs. Lee Etta Jones;
Ministers' Wives president — Mrs. Gertrude Braithwaite;
Secretary, Mattie E. Coleman — Mrs. Mary F. Cox;
Secretary of evangelism — the Rev. Mrs. Mary B. Asher;
District organist — the Rev. Mrs. Agnes Reid;
Joint Board of Finance — W. A. McEwan and D. Lincoln Reid.

SUMMER TRAVELERS ABROAD shown above include St. James PE Church pastor, Father and Mrs. Cedric Mills and other members of the Four Ways Tour group who had pictures taken on the Benito Mussolini gridge in Rome. Arrows point to the Millses who spent their wedding anniversary day, June 20, in the ancient city.

Union Methodist WSCS Summer Christmas Party

The Women's Society of Christian Service, the 18-year old organization of Union Memorial Methodist Church, gave its first annual Christmas party on Sunday.

The Christmas-in-Summer custom is traditional with the Women's Society of Christian Service throughout the world.

Enclosed in the Christmas card invitation was a small Christmas stocking which members and friends which members and friends of money to go toward the women's Society project bells.

The party was held at the home of Mrs. Angeline Soloman, 2105 Ellamont St.

Christmas bells holly and a small Christmas tree gave atmosphere for the affair. Present were:

The Rev. N.B. Carrington, pastor; Mrs. Goldie Davage president; Mrs. Soloman, chairman; Mrs. Beatrice Dabney, president of the WSCS, Sharp Street Methodist Church and Mrs. Cornelia Smith, Guild Member, Metropolitan Methodist Church.

Also, Mesdames Ann Carpenter, Frances German, Velvette Harris, Elizabeth Jackson, Myrtle Lofton, Alice Tongue, Clara Hardesty, Robina Singleton, Atlanta Woods, Mable Wiggins, Matdella Storey, Luvada Roane, Margaret Robinson, Myra Soloman.

Chorus entertained at First Baptist Church

By GERTRUDE M. PARKR

MR. AND MRS. WILLIAM

The Missionary Society of First Baptist Church entertained the Reuben Johnson Chorus and their wives on Wednesday evening at the church. Refreshments were served by the Missionary Society.

Get well wishes are extended to Ernest Robinson member of the Reuben Johnson Chorus who is ill in University Hospital.

Mrs. Celestine Rose, president, Mrs. Inez Fallin, secretary, and the Rev. Herbert Moore, pastor.

Mr. and Mrs. Fielding Wallace and daughters Alisha and Ettice, spent last week end in Crisfield visiting Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Brown of 144 S. Fourth St.

Mr. and Mrs. Elroy Lindsey of Lexington, Va, returned to their home after visiting Mrs. Mabel Fletcher and family of 2516 Huron St. for two weeks.

Visiting Mr. and Mrs. Harry Wallace and family over the weekend were Mr. and Mrs. James Lucas of Darlington, S.C. AND Mrs. Alline Pompey of Timmonsville, S.C.

MEEKINS have returned to their home in Jamaica Long Island, N.Y. after visiting their mother, Mrs. Irene Meekins of 2602 Hollinsferry Rd.

Robert Meekins of the Navy is home from Korea.

Sympathy is extended to Odell Anderson of 2615 huron St. on the death of his uncle, Paul Gordan Mr. Anderson left on Saturday to attend the funeral in Asheville, N.C.

Mr. and Mrs. William Tilley of 4200 E. 20th St., Washington, D.C., entertained for their cousin, Mrs. Tina Parker and her husband Charles Parker, of 2617 Huron St., Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. Goldie Sanders of Montclair, N.J. visited Mr. and Mrs. Danzel Cook and family of 2642 Ridgeley St. last week end.

A bus excursion to the York Fair in York, Pa., on Saturday Sept. 13, is being sponsored by the Rev. Richard Wallace of 2529 Ridgeley St.

Words To Live By

By Rev. Robert T. Newbold Jr.

The time is right for a spiritual revival in our nation. Reports from all parts of the United States reveal this.

Since this is true one cannot help but wonder: What are some of the reasons for its delay?

From conversations with many church people, as well as observation of conditions in a number of religious institutions, I conclude:

We are not experiencing a much-needed widespread religious revival because the church in America — frequently without realizing it — shows more concern about its physical condition than its spiritual well being.

THERE IS a church building spree in progress now. The regret, however, in many cases is that some buildings have become ends rather than means to an end.

The buildings have become the object of worship rather than a contributing medium toward the worship of God.

Of course we need new plants for our churches, but when we become building conscious, instead of God conscious, we put the brakes on the impending revival.

ANOTHER reason why a widespread revival in America has been delayed is because many Christians (?) have not learned how to disagree without becoming disagreeable.

They have not obtained the ability to differentiate between a stand for principle and a personal attack.

Thus many churches have become impotent because of internal bickering and dissession.

This points up to the need for big Christians who will not be sidetracked by little people and small talk.

STILL ANOTHER reason for the delayed experience of a revival is the fact that the person who has always sparked revivals is almost completely forgotten.

Who is he? The Holy Spirit.

The New Testament record makes it clear that one cannot appreciate the Pentecostal Revival without also appreciating the ministry of the Holy Spirit. It is from Him that the power for a revival comes.

Despite this fact one hears little or nothing about the Holy Spirit today. He is left out of sermons, ignored in hymnals and barely given a passing nod in our prayers.

INDEED THESE are a few suggestive reasons why we are not experiencing a revival in America.

But, all is not lost! It is not too late. The revival can come. It will come if enough of us will seek to be baptized and subsequently led by the Holy Spirit.

Mrs. McDaniel dies, was retired teacher

Mrs. Cora McDaniel, a veteran city school teacher, died Thursday at Johns Hopkins Hospital after a month's illness.

Funeral services have been tentatively set for Monday at 1 p.m. at the Holland Funeral Home.

Mrs. McDaniel retired in April, 1947, after serving at several schools, including No. 110 and No. 112.

Born in Washington, D.C., she spent most of her life here in Baltimore where she received her education.

She is survived by a niece, Mrs. Althua Williams, a teacher at School No. 42; a grandniece, Miss Peggy Ann Williams; a grandnephew Michael Williams, and a cousin, Miss Reba Govens.

Friends may call at 1805 Gwynns Falls Parkway. Burial will be in Mt. Auburn Cemetery.

3,000 AT

Lott Carey sessions

Some 3,000 persons are attending the 61st annual Lott Carey Baptist Foreign Mission Convention which opened here Monday with a pre-convention concert at Virginia Union University.

At the executive committee meeting, Tuesday morning, Dr. Wendell C. Somerville, executive secretary, reported total receipts for the year to be $123,256.09. He reported that 10 percent of this was used for operating expenses and 90 percent for missions.

The convention is meeting here Sept. 2-5, with sessions at First African Baptist Church; All Souls Presbyterian Church and Virginia Union University.

THE EXECUTIVE secretary reported that the convention has 92 missionaries in Africa, Haiti and India. He said that 10 additional churches had increased their giving to 31,000 a year.

The president, the Rev. J. Vance McIver, of Orange, N.J., gave his annual address 8:30 p.m. Wednesday, in the Belgian Building.

Other convention highlights include:

An address by Charles B. Deane, North Carolina attorney and former memoer of Congress at 2:30 p.m. Thursday First African Baptist Church; inspirational message, the Rev. G. F. Nelson of Pittsburgh, Pa. 3:45 p.m. at First African Church.

THE WOMAN'S Auxiliary, with Mrs. Mary M. Ransome, presiding, will meet Thursday evening in the Belgian Building.

Speakers on Friday will include the Rev. W. H. Fuller, Durham, N.C.; Mrs. Selena White, Arkadelphia, Ark., Rev. Elliott J. Mason, Toledo, O.; Rev. L. G. Renolds, Baltimore; Mrs. Alice E. Somerville, Washington, D.C.; Rev. W. E. Paige, Baltimore; Rev. David R. Hedgeley, Winston-Salem, N.C.; Rev. Melvin Creecy, Square, N.C.; Rev. W. B. Toland, Philadelphia.

The feature address Friday will be by the Rev. Abner Nelson of Delhi, Ind.

Tent revival has two more weeks

The city-wide tent revival now being conducted by the Rev. Joseph D. Clemmons at Laurens and Mount Sts. is now entering its last two weeks.

Beginning Sunday evening, Sept. 7, at 8 p.m., the Rev. Richard D. Henton of Chicago will be conducting the services.

The Rev. Mr. Henton has just recently ended successful campaigns in California, Missouri, Illinois, and New York.

DELAWARE, Ohio — Southern delegates to the National Student Congress here last week voted 33-1 condemning school segregation. The association has 360 colleges in its membership.

BYF runs wanted ad

The Baptist Youth Fellowship at Faith Baptist Church is fizzing with activity and just to be sure they can keep it that way, the group is advertising for members.

In the Aug. issue of their paper, BYF News, is a "wanted" poster saying:

"Reward—for average looking youth around 13-14 years of age. Both male and female... Any information leading to persons fitting this description should be reported to the nearest B.Y.F. immediately."

FOR THE happiness and welfare of their 'prisoners,' BYF at Faith Baptist offers a full program of activity which includes job opportunities, Bible study, recreation and fellowship plus journalism experiences in the publication of their monthly journal.

In addition to these activities, Faith's BYF program offers scholarship aid. Similar programs in other churches also make the same aid available.

In a letter published in their monthly issue, Faith's BYF says:

"We have a well planned program aimed at chanelling the energies and activities of young people to the end of making them effective Christians and successful livers."

Faith's BYF selects a "Youth of the Month" to exemplify their ideas of "effective Christians and successful livers."

This month's youth was Allcia Johnson whom members describe as "petite" with "limitless energy."

Endowed with "a charming personality," they say Miss Johnson is also an "indispensible instrument" of their church organization.

July's youth was Curley Graves.

Curley was described as "a regular guy" who is not only a very sincere person but a friendly, well-rounded, gentlemanly person" with "a sort of moral and spiritual values... unmoved by the unwholesome activities which often lure Christian youths."

BYF meetings are held at 7 to 8 p.m. Thursday night at the church, 833 N. Bond St.

In our churches—

The Original Gospel Harmonettes of Birmingham, will appear at Gillis Memorial Community Church Sunday at 8 p.m. The concert marks their 12th anniversary and farewell program. The Rev. Theodore

METHODIST

ORCHARD STREET METHODIST
Orchard St. near Druid Hill Ave.
9:45 A.M.—CHURCH SCHOOL
11:00 A.M.—MORNING SERVICE. SERMON BY THE PASTOR; COMMUNION.
6:00 P.M.—METHODIST YOUTH FELLOWSHIP NO EVENING SERVICE
A CORDIAL WELCOME TO ALL
REV. V. T. KEY, Pastor

SHARP ST. MEM. METHODIST CHURCH
DOLPHIN AND ETTING STS.
SUNDAY, SEPTEMBER 7, 1958
9:30 A.M.—Church School Registration
11:00 A.M.—Communion Meditation
Subject: "Wherein Lies Our Faith." The Rev. Edward G. Carroll, Pastor, delivering the Sermon.
8:00 P.M.—Holy Communion Meditation
REV. EDWARD G. CARROLL, Pastor

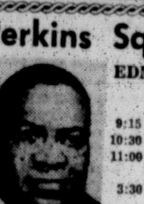
MT. ZION METHODIST CHURCH
RIGGS AVENUE and GILMOR STREET
HOLY COMMUNION SERVICE
ORDER OF WORSHIP
9:30 A.M.—Church School. Mrs. Margaret White, Supt.
10:00 A.M.—Testimonial Service.
11:00 A.M.—Sermon by The Pastor
Subject: "Shaking The Old Foundations"
3:00 P.M.—Busses leave for Shiloh Baptist Church, Turner Station.
8:00 P.M.—M.Y.F. Maurice Sewell, President.
Friday Sept. 12th, 8 P.M. Fashion Show Given By The M.Y.F. At The Church.
WE WELCOME YOU. O. ST. CLAIR FRANKLIN, Minister

ST. PAUL METHODIST CHURCH
1000 W. SARATOGA ST.
9:30 A.M.—Church School
11:00 A.M.—Sermon: By The Pastor. Subject: "Checking Life With God." Holy Communion
6:00 P.M.—M.Y.F.
8:00 P.M.—Evangelistic Service Subject: "What Shall I Do With Jesus."
A Cordial Welcome To All
Rev. RICHARD L. BALL, Minister

AMES MEM. METHODIST CHURCH
CAREY AND BAKER STREETS
SUNDAY, SEPTEMBER 7, 1958
"Holy Communion"
HOME COMING DAY
Morning Service—11:00 A.M.—Communion Meditation "An Opened Fountain"
Music—The Senior and Gospel Choirs
Evening Service—8:00 P.M.—Communion Meditation "The Life Of Salvation"
Music—The Gospel Choir
A Cordial Welcome To All. Will See You In Church.
REV. FRANK J. FRYE, Minister

BAPTIST

Perkins Square Baptist Church
EDMONDSON & WARWICK AVENUES
UNITED USHERS DAY
9:15 A.M.—SUNDAY SCHOOL
10:30 A.M.—OPEN HEART SERVICE
11:00 A.M.—GUEST SPEAKER: REV. JAMES WRIGHT OF HARTFORD, CONN.
3:30 P.M.—27TH ANNIVERSARY SERVICE OF UNITED USHERS.
6:00 P.M.—B.T.U.
7:30 P.M.—BAPTISMAL SERVICE
REV. WARD D. YERBY, Pastor
REV WARD D. YERBY PASTOR



FAITH BAPTIST CHURCH
"THE PRAYING CHURCH"
ASHLAND AVENUE and BOND STREET
9:15 A.M.—Sunday School.
10:45 A.M.—Morning Worship—Sermon by Rev. Ernest Moody.
6:00 P.M.—B.T.U.
8:00 P.M.—Evening Worship — Sermon by Rev. T. M. Simpson.
WE WELCOME YOU
REV. WALTER E. PAIGE, Pastor

ANNUAL SUNDAY SCHOOL DAY
SOUTHERN BAPTIST CHURCH
"The Friendly Church"
PRESTON AND BOND STS.
9:15 A.M.—SUNDAY SCHOOL
11:00 A.M.—SERMON BY REV. HOGG
3:00 P.M.—SERMON BY REV. HOGG
6:00 P.M.—BAPTIST TRAINING UNION
All are Welcome
REV. J. R. GRANT, Pastor

EBENEZER BAPTIST CHURCH
GUILFORD AVE. AND 23RD STREET
SUNDAY, SEPTEMBER 7, 1958
9:30 A.M.—SUNDAY SCHOOL
10:45 A.M.—MORNING WORSHIP—SERMON REV. WILLIAM TAPSCOTT
7:45 P.M.—SERMON — REV. TAPSCOTT. MUSIC BY JUNIOR & SENIOR CHOIRS and CHORUS.
WE WELCOME YOU
BRO. JEFFERSON JOHNSON, Chairman of Deacon Board

LEADENHALL BAPTIST CHURCH
LEADENHALL ST. NEAR CROSS ST.
REV. THOS. B. DAVIS, Pastor
SUNDAY, SEPT. 7, 1958
9:30 A.M.—Church School
11:00 A.M.—Morning Worship, sermon by the pastor. Subject: "A Great and Precious Promise"; Music by the combined choirs.

THE JERUSALEM BAPTIST CHURCH
147 W. PRESTON STREET
REV. P. D. DOUGLAS, Pastor
9:30 A.M. Sunday School
11:00 A.M. Sermon by The Pastor
6:00 P.M. The True Gospel Singers
Fri. 8 P.M. Rev Merrill Prayer & Preaching
ALL ARE WELCOME

GRACE PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH
One of Baltimore's Friendliest Churches
DOLPHIN AND ETTING STS.
SUNDAY, SEPTEMBER 7, 1958
9:30 A.M.—SUNDAY CHURCH SCHOOL.
10:30 A.M.—OBSERVANCE OF THE SACRAMENTS OF BAPTISM AND HOLY COMMUNION.
WEDNESDAY
8:00 P.M.—HOUR OF PRAYER SERVICE.
We Welcome You Rev. Robert T. Newbold, Jr., Pastor

COMMUNITY

DOUGLAS MEMORIAL COMMUNITY CHURCH
"The People of the Way"
LAFAYETTE and MADISON AVENUES
SUNDAY, SEPTEMBER 7, 1958
IDENTICAL SERVICES
8:30 A.M. — 11:00 A.M.
"ON SETTING OUR ANGELS FREE"
REV. BASCOM PREACHING
MUSIC
CHANCEL CHOIR: "He Lives"—Huckley; "Oh Sing A New Song"—Argell; "Rejoice In The Lord"—Wooler
SANCTUARY CHOIR: "Sanctus"—Schubert; "Teach Me O Lord"—Atwood; "Pilgrims Chorus"—Wagner
GOSPEL CHOIR — "Amazing Grace"
REV. MARION C. BASCOM, Minister

OTHER CHURCHES

REVIVAL HERE
Conducted by a great team just back from a five-state preaching and singing tour.
REV. ALBERT HOLBROOK, Evangelist
and
FLOYD LEGINS, gospel singer
Begin Sun. Sept. 7 thru Fri. Sept. 19th
Services at 8 p.m. each night
GOSPEL PEACE CHURCH
1440 N. CAREY ST.
REV. HOWARD BROWN, pastor

LAST TWO WEEKS
TENT REVIVAL
LAURENS & MOUNT STS.
BEGINNING SUNDAY
SEPT. 7, 1958
Services Conducted by
REV. RICHARD D. HENTON
of Chicago, Ill.
Also
• ECHO GOSPEL SINGERS
• VASHTI GOSPEL SINGERS
• ALL CITY CHORUS
• GERALDINE CLEMMONS
J. CLEMMON, Minister

HEAR DR. MICHELSON
A JEW PREACHING CHRIST
WBMD
BALTIMORE, MD.
DIAL 750
MONDAY THROUGH SATURDAY 10:00 A.M.
SUNDAY: 9:45 A.M.
Dr. Michelson is the voice of the Hebrew Evangelization Society, a world-wide Gospel ministry to the Jews. He is also Editor of the montly prophetic magazine, "The Jewish Hope." For a free copy, write to:
DR. MICHELSON,
P. O. BOX 707 LOS ANGELES 53, CALIF.