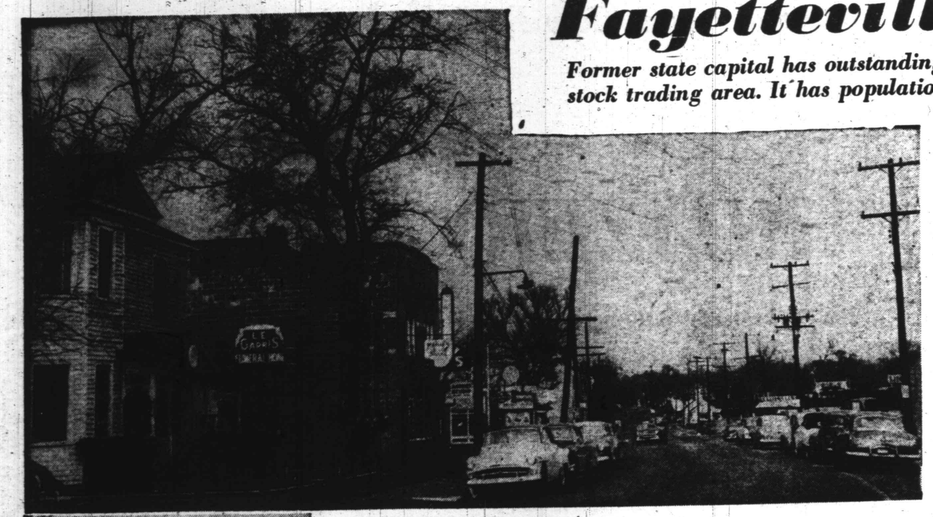
Fayetteville, North Carolina

Former state capital has outstanding teachers' college, fine homes and is hub of Carolina tobacco and livestock trading area. It has population of 35,000. Huge Fort Bragg army base stands nearby.



Hillsboro is one of Fayetteville's busiest thoroughfares with scores of business establishments. This view looks north.

Fayetteville, N.C., claims Fort Bragg, one of America's largest military establishments. Its 35,000 people form the hub city of Cumberland County, 57 miles from Raleigh, capital city of North Carolina.

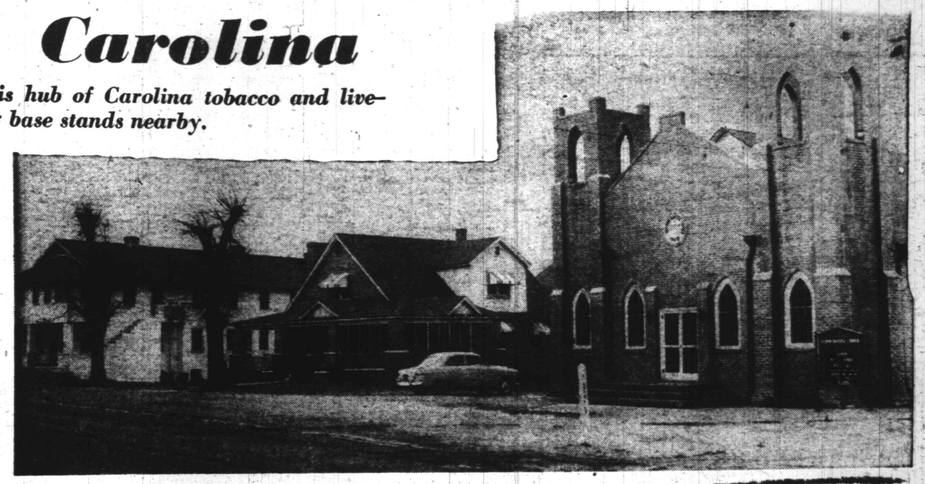
The trading area of Fayetteville includes a half million people, according to the Chamber of Commerce. Cotton, tobacco, and livestock markets are maintained. Two modern tobacco warehouses, 20 major industrial plants, three railroads, seven motor freight, and three bus lines give the city industrial and transportation strength.

The city was settled by the Scotch in 1739 and was capital of the State until 1791. General Lafayette visited the city in 1825 and it became the first American city named for Lafayette.

Among its prominent citizens is Mrs. Ethel Hodges McMillan, who has a governor's appointment as area state inspector for beauty parlors. Other outstanding leaders are Dr. J. D. Douglas, Dr. Charles Cherry, and Dr. Watson Fowler, dentists; Drs. H. W. Vick, N. P. Malchor, Clifton Quick, and W. P. DeVane, physicians; and Dr. J. L. Williams, pharmacist.

Dr. DeVane is a city councilman and is now in his second term.

Four colored policemen are Edward Taylor, A. H. Banks, F. L. Truitt, and Frederick Boone. Fayetteville has a growing public school system and the State Teachers' College here is being continuously improved. Latest development on this campus is a new auditorium, dedicated just last Friday.

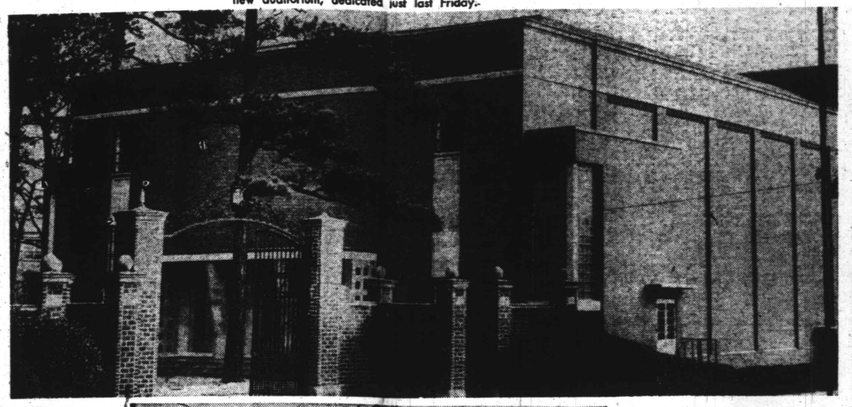


Second Baptist Church is active in the community. The Rev. C. E. Perry is pastor. This religious center includes the church which has a center and nursery annex (right) the pastor's home (center) and the Perry Apartments.

The Jerry Hollingsworth building, owned by a former school teacher, houses a confectionery, beauty shop, barber shop and lawyers' offices.

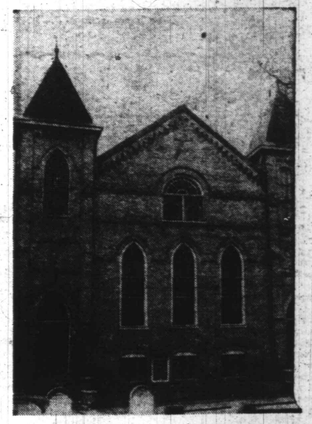
This striking example of Colonial brick architecture is the home of Dr. and Mrs. Frank Williston of Fayetteville.

Mr. and Mrs. John F. Dupree live here. He operates a taxi company and service station.



Fayetteville State Teachers' College's new auditorium was dedicated Jan. 16. Dorothy Maynor, the singer, gave a performance.

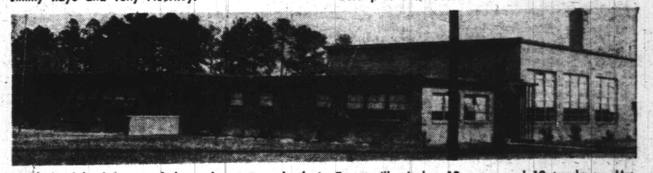
Bill Bowser, disk jockey on Fayetteville's radio station WFLB, is a familiar voice in this city. He has been broadcasting three and one-half years. He also owns a record store. Other disk jockeys in Fayetteville are Jimmy Raye and Tony Flournoy.



Oldest house of worship here is Evans' Metropolitan AMEZ Church. The Rev. Clinton R. Coleman is pastor. The church has roots dating back to Henry Evans' decision to preach while en route to Charleston from Virginia after the Civil War. The church's present membership is over 600.

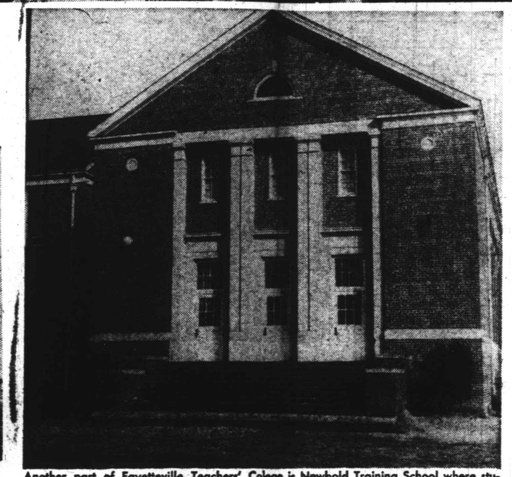
NEXT WEEK

The AFRO roving photographer visits Blackstone, Va., and Raleigh, N.C.

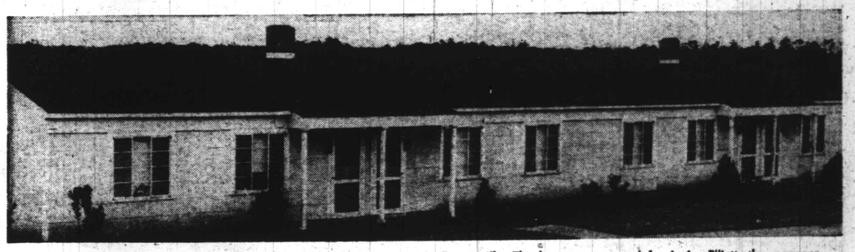


North St. School is one of three elementary schools in Fayetteville. It has 12 rooms and 12 teachers. Mrs. B. W. Walker is principal of this modern equipped school.

E. E. Smith High School has 12 classrooms and 18 teachers. It is overcrowded and will be until 1954 when the building will be converted into a junior high school. E. E. Miller is principal.



Another part of Fayetteville Teachers' Colege is Newbold Training School where students practice instruction methods during their senior year.



One hundred-eighteen units are included in the Elliott Housing project in Fayetteville. The homes are named for Junius Elliott, the manager.