—2,000 More

(Continued From Page 1)

Carl Gray, iana Epps, and Robert Armstrong.

Captain Naomi Johnson McCubbin ct.

Flora Lee Everette, co-captain, Mrs. Anne Woods, advisor, Louise Brown, Harriet Brown, Betye Brown, Diana Everett, Sylvia Johnson, Idamae Johnson, Peggy Smith, Edith Banks, Barbara Chislow, Shirley West, Carolyn Doresivell, Sonja Johnson, Albert Johnson Jr., Ralph Johnson, Junior Smith, Ronald Doresivell, Doris Bracey, William Johnson, Wilhelmina Johnson, Dolly Mae Cobb, Edward Brown, Almira Williams, Marion Cropper and Brenora Smith.

Captain Jeanette Henderson, 1206 to 1210 Short ct.

Elizabeth Molock, co-captain, Mrs. Lydia Grinage, advisor, Sylvia Pridget, orothy Stanley, Junior Pridget, Nora Iles, Edna Iles, Arlene Raymond, Ernest Raymond, Ardelsia Williams, Kay Grinage, Kay Williams, Usula Williams, Samuel Williams, Timothy Grinage, Michael Grinage, Larry Grinage, Bernice Stanley, Albert Stanley, Warren Stanley, George Cook, Roger Grinage, Leroy Stanley, Robert Williams, Ernest Williams;

Bettye Williams, Leroy Bowman, Ella Mae Bowman, Shirley Henderson, George Henderson, Annabelle Bowman, Bernice Henderson, Gertie Mae Molock, Lorraine Raymond, Hiestine Briscoe, Nancy Grinage, Estelle Pridget, Frances Lewis, Mary Miles, Leroy Miles and Peggie Pinder.

Captain Angela White 1202 to 1204 Short ct.

Carl Boone, co-captain, Gerald-White, Quincy Clark, Aaron Clark, Joyce Clark, Gladys Hawkins, Franklin Allen, James Ashworth, Robert Ashworth, William Amos and Cardell Barnes.

Captain Dorothy Scott 1200 to 1204 H ct.

Eva Ross, co-captain, Shirley Ross, Calvin Ross, Reginald Lewis, Gwendolyn Lewis, Mary Taylor, William Taylor, Vangeline Taylor, Michael Talley, Betty Ray, Elaine People, Jerome Matthews, Floyd Matthews, Jessie Scott, Carolyn Bailey, Mary Bailey, Leon Bailey, Sylvester Evans and Isaac Ray.

Captain David Shaw 120 to 124 H ct.

Martha Branch, co - captain, Reno Smith, Harry Young, Leroy Branch, Pearl Branch, Pauline Branch, Joyce Dredden, Ruth Thompson, Jimmie Thompson and Gloria Jean Driver.

Captain Richard Jordan 1206 to 1210 H ct.

Clarence Driver and Allen Doles, co - captains, Brenda Brown, Alfreda Brown, James Brown, Reginald Jordan, Robert Bagley, Jean Bagley, Carolyn Doles, Carol Cox, Myrtle Jordan, and Dwight Brown.

Captains Harold Coleman and Geroldine Yarborough 1206 to 1210 Waldo ct.

Eldrege Ragsdale, co-captain, Mrs. Kate Smith, advisor, Robert Ragsdale, William Ragsdale, Sidney Brown, James Brown, Bessie Coleman, Gloria Coleman, Paulet Johnson, Arnett Johnson, Doris Sykes, Barbara Syies, Burley Coleman, Andy Coleman, Beverly Smith, James Smith and MARCE Smith.

Captain Cecelia Thrower 1200, 1202 Canal ct.

Madeline Santos, Antell Banks, Richard Harris, Elmer Banks, Robert Banks, Johnnie Macon, Arlene Macon, Buddy Jackson, Charles Leach, Ralph Leach, Franklin Hodges, Herbert Hodges Jr., Barbara Thrower, Jean Oglesby, Barbara Oglesby, Brenda Oglesby, Bettye Oglesby and Joyce Oglesby.

Captain Jerome Ward 1206 to 1210 Canal ct.

Mrs. Addie Ward, advisor, James Shipwith, George Shipwith, William Shipwith, Alice Wilburne, Linda Oliver, Henry Ward, Elmer Ward, Donald MacLilly, Sam MacLilly, Bruce Ambrose, Kennett Ambrose, Margaret Penn, and Sandra Oliver.

Captain Clarene Richs 1206 to 1210 McElderry ct.

Geraldine Bunch, co- captain, Mrs. E. Mitchell, advisor, Anna Martha Richs, Noma Richs, Dorothy Bunch, Billy Bunch, Mary Nichols, Mildred Nicholes, Roger Scofield, Charles Scofield, James Nicholes, Allen Ross, Michael Former, Frances Gross, and Ella Jean Grady, and Evelyn Nicholes;

Captain Marriner, co-captain, 1201 to 1204 Young ct.

Jean Desmond, co - captain, Mendames Desmond, Washington and Boyd, advisors; Melvin Washington, Melvin Vincent, Thomasine Boyd, Carolyn Boyd, Barbara Boyd, Shirley Grant, Brenda Grant, Kathryne Grant, Doris Grant,

Christine Fisher, Shermond Desmond, Davis Washington, Shirley Callen, Lavinia Askew, Brenda Butler, Jean Callen, Douglas Washington, Delores Leak, Robert Leak, Anthony Leak, Olivia Leak, Alfenise Leak and Junior Leak.

Captain Eloise Pryor 1206 to 1210 Young ct.

Sylvia Boston, co-captain, Mrs. Hazel Reed, advisor, Loretta Brown, Ovella Brown, Bettye Lyles, Grace Pryor, Barbara Boston, Nathaniel Pryor, Jean Knight, Peggy Lyles, Teddy Douglas, Josephine Truxon, Bracey Truxon, Junior Boston, Henry Boston, Doran Bailey, Ellsworth Bailey, and Michael Bailey.

Captain Beatrice Smiley Units S. Bethel st.

Bessie Thornton, Sallie Midget, Florence Evans, Lillian Johns, Minnie Mitchell, George Williams, Elizabeth Adams, Delores Randolph, and Suite Marshal.

Captain Mary L. Hubbard 300 N. Carey st.

Sally Ruth Cain, Ingrid Campbell, Mary Johnson, Janice Hubbard, Ronald Reese, Sandra Smith, Margaret Thomas and Cathereen English.

Captain Anita Smith 2000 W. Lexington st.

Muriel Smith, Paul Smith, Barbara Jackson, Jean Jackson, co-captain; William Smith, Will Dean, Hattie William, Charles Jackson Jr., Elwin Jones, and Melvin Jones.

Captain James Heath 200 Beale ct.

Edward Heath, co-captain, Leonard Heath, Roland Health, Isabella Heath, Mr. Wilbert Presbury, Mrs. Elenora Davis, Mertina Forster, Emma avis, Martha Young, and Mrs. Julia Heath, advisor.

Captain Diane Anderson 200 Bethel ct.

Julia Hall, Carolyn Hall, Evelyn Banks, Myra Carroll, Constance Banks, Beverly Anderson, Lucille Watson, "Lorraine Watson, and William Banks.

Captain Ellen James 200 allas ct.

Barbara Richardson, co-captain; Acquanetta Gray, Ethel Gray, Madgealine Watson, Joseph Gray, William Lee, Julia Matthews, Omega Richardson, and Mrs. Eva Williams, advisor.

Captain Evangeline Johnson 200 Beale ct. and 1600 Mullikin ct.

Brenda Thrower, co-captain; Ronald Johnson, Michael Johnson, Sheila Johnson, Tyrone Musgrove, LaVerne Musgrove, Fred Nevett, Patricia Norfleet, Charles Travers, Maureen Travers, Brenda Johnson, Walda Johnson, Carey Hall, Veda Hall, Robert Harrison Jr., Phillip Harrison, Gerald Lewis, and Rhoda Hall.

Captain Doris Yancey 1208 to 1212 Jefferson ct.

Leandrew Blackmon, co-captain; Robert Brown, Donald Jones, James Blackmon, Jessie Power, Janet White, Ann Carol Blackmon, Joyce Yancey, Lillie Mae Bushman, Gloria Yancey, Dorothy Booker, Edward Jones.

Clean Block Prize Fund Climbs To $556 Total

FIRST HONOR FLAG AND BLOCK—Hustling Captain Delores Ross, left, of the 2700 block Presbury st., was awarded the first honor flag by Clean Block Director M. Francis Mackay, right, during the weekly rally of Clean Blockers at McCullph Homes assembly hall. Captain Ross has had her workers busy since early in May. The neat and uniform appearance of her block, pictured below, is proof that she and her crew have obtained results.

Clean Block Prize Fund Up To $556

Mrs. Helen A. Holland of the Holland Funeral Home topped the list of contributors to the AFRO Clean Block pride fund over the weekend.

A regular donor, Mrs. Holland sent her check for $25 to the Clean Block staff Thursday. The total collected by Monday evening was $556. The goal has been set at $2,500.

The first donation from Pennsylvania avenue also arrived Thursday. Operators of the Frolic Cafe contributed $5 to the fund from which children will be rewarded at the end of the campaign.

55 Donations Received

Other $5 donations were received from the faculty of the School 113 and the Parent-Teacher Association of the Fannie L. Barbour Elementary school. The E. B. Aler Realty Co. gave $2.50. Mrs. Mildred Brown, president of the Blue Orchid Club and the Tulip club, each sent $2.

Other recent contributors are listed below:

$50
The Gunther Brewing Co.

$25
Mrs. Helen A. Holland
M. Kovens Co.

$10
Faculty of the Henry W. Davis School
Commercial Envelope Co.
Maran Typographers
Eastman Kodak Co.

$5
Hughes Catering Co.

$2
Faculty of Paul Lawrence Dunbar high school
E. Everette Lane
Faculty of School 452
Parent and Teacher Association of the Fannie L. Barbour elementary school.
Frolic Cafe
Faculty of School 113

$2.50
E. B. Aler Realty Co.

$2
The Blue Orchid Club
The Tulip Club

$1
Faculty of School 157
Mr. and Mrs. Rufus Tucker

GET MERIT CERTIFICATES

The following seniors recently received Civil Defense merit certificates at the tie of their graduation: Joan Cole, Agnes Robinson, Dunbar High; Zoe Robinson, Douglass High.

Collector Reports $225 Robbery

Attacked from behind while walking in the 1100 block Shields place, Saturday, a sales collector reported he was robbed of $225 by three men.

Joseph Barron, 55, 500 block Yale ave., told police the three men jumped him from behind and he was knocked unconscious during a short struggle.

The salesman was treated at Maryland General Hospital for head lacerations and released.

OFFICES & STORES of the GAS and ELECTRIC COMPANY WILL BE CLOSED On Saturdays during July and August

Emergency Calls for Service will be given prompt attention

Call MU. 5-0123

10% Discount NOW!

Now's the time to have us make needed repairs in and around your home at a great saving. No job too big or too small for us to do RIGHT . . . and at the RIGHT price!

NO DOWN PAYMENT —1st Pmt. in September

CO-OPERATIVE HOME IMPROVEMENT CO.

MA. 3-2985 LA. 3-4115

WANTED! MEN!... WHO DESIRE HANDSOMER HAIR

Champion of them all! in Taste Quality Price!

½ Pints $1.39 Pints $2.72 FIFTH $4.39

CHAMPION OF THEM ALL

Madera BONDED WINE & LIQUOR CO. 1300 Russell Street . . .

Cpl. Gillis Home On 30-Day Leave

Cpl. Frank H. Gillis, husband of Mrs. Lucille Gillis of 416 Calhoun st., and a 12½-year army veteran, is home on a 3-day furlough after serving 15 months in Korea in the 72nd Tank Battalion of the 2nd "Indianhead" Division.

The 31-year-old career soldier is a former student at St. Peter Claver school.

An uncle, Mr. Bernard Gillis, and an aunt, Mrs. Marion Gillis, live at 904 W. Franklin st.

Cpl. Gillis returned to the United States from Korea on June 23.

It's A Winner! See Friday's AFRO

POPLAR GROVE HARDWARE "Your Satisfaction Is Our Guarantee" 1335 POPLAR GROVE ST. (at W. Baltimore St.) 6-6737 Save $1.00 per Gallon on EAGLO RUBBER BASE PAINT pointing over wallpaper . . . $4.19 per gal. $1.19 per qt. Keys Made. Glass Cut Electrical, Plumbing and Household Supplies Sanders, Ladders and Edgers Rented A Large Variety of Seeds and Garden Supplies

'TIS TIME TO RELAX The best place to get SPEEDY CASH AUTO LOANS IN 5 MINUTES Financing or Refinancing $50 to $1500 Phone MA. 3-2627 THEN COME IN FOR CASH on Signature Loans on Furniture Loans AYARES FINANCE CORP. 1737 Penna. Ave. (COR. LAURENS ST.) Make your Loan at Baltimore's Own Established Since 1925

EXPERT SERVICE TV ONLY $2 Specializing in ADMIRAL, R.C.A., MUNTZ, ALL OTHER MAKES ABC TELEVISION CO. 217 W. HOFFMAN ST. Call PLAZA 2-3440 24 HOURS DAILY

ATTENTION COAL USERS Take Advantage of Our LOW SPRING PRICES First Grade Hard Coal Deep Mined Clean Anthracite NO. 2 - 3 $18.50 NUT $18.50 PEA $16.50 ACT NOW AND SAVE $5 You can also purchase this coal on our Budget Plan — Nothing down. TEN MONTHS TO PAY BENJAMIN COAL CO. MA. 3-0207 1561 CLIFTON AVE. The Benjamin Coal Co., has moved to new and larger quarters to give you prompt and more efficient service.

New Deal Optical has proven that good glasses need not be expensive $10.50 Single Vision Kryptok Bilocals 40 STYLES Eyes Examined—Prescriptions Filled NEW DEAL Optical 23 N. LIBERTY ST. 9 A.M. to 5:30 P.M.—Thurs. "till 8 P.M. 845 N. HOWARD ST. 9 A.M. to 5:30 P.M. 3703 EASTERN AVE. 9 A.M. to 8 P.M.—Thurs., Fri.—8:30 P.M.

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Faculty of School 113

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The Blue Orchid Club
The Tulip Club

$1
Faculty of School 157
Mr. and Mrs. Rufus Tucker

APPLICATION BLANK

AFRO's Clean Block Campaign

EVERY BLOCK CLEAN AND BEAUTIFUL

I would like to be captain of a block. Here are names of ten persons in my block to help it clean and beautify it with flowers.

NAME .....

STREET .....

CITY ..... STATE .....

"...No State shall make or enforce any law which shall abridge the privileges or immunities of citizens of the United States."

14TH AMENDMENT U. S. CONSTITUTION.

OPINION

Speak to the point, but never with an edge.—THE SUN DIAL.

Is This Communism?

The State Department has attempted to clamp a lid of secrecy over the names of authors and the titles of books deemed not suitable to be read by patrons of our overseas libraries.

But such heavy-handed censoring can't be kept forever in the dark.

The New York Times by checking with each of its overseas offices, has been able to secure a list of the 16 authors whose work is presumably too dangerous for aliens to read.

In this list of names were found such distinguished authors as Walter White, Dr. Gene Weltfish, Herbert Aptheker, Langston Hughes, Gunnar Myrdal, Howard Fast, Alan Barth and Bernard J. Stern.

Although the State Department "book burning" campaign is ostensibly designed to rid these foreign libraries of works by Communists and "Communist thinkers," neither of these classifications fits this list of writers.

Even Senator McCarthy would dare not make the charge that the militant secretary of the NAACP is a Communist or a "Communist thinker."

By no stretch of the imagination could such accusations be pinned on the managing editor of the Washington Post, the noted Swedish sociologist or the famed Columbia University lecturer.

But all of the writings of these persons do have one thing in common.

Their works expose for the world to see how America so miserably fails to practice the noble precepts of freedom, equality and democracy it so eloquently preaches.

All these books give documented proof that first-class citizenship in America is a status enjoyed only by Americans lucky enough to be born with white skins.

If this is what our State Department classifies as Communism or "Communist thinking," democracy has indeed fallen upon evil days.

Farewell, Willie Smith

Willie Smith, Democratic senator from North Carolina, died last Tuesday.

An advocate of white supremacy, like many politicians of the old South, he found it profitable to play upon the prejudices of the people to get himself elected to public office.

If it is natural to express regret at the death of a good and useful public servant, it is equally in order to view in satisfaction the departure of an enemy.

This is not to sit in judgement of men like Senator Smith.

If our estimate of him is wrong, last Tuesday the pearly gates were opened wide for him.

If what we think of him is right, he made his entrance into some other realm.

Catholic Church Grows

The number of Roman Catholics in the United States increased by one million in 1952. The total number of Catholics in this country is now 29 million.

The Catholic church has increased its membership by one million every year since 1949.

But the total number of members of all the major religious bodies in the same period has increased only from 79 million to 81 million.

Here is a table that shows that some of the larger denominations are growing, others are standing still or declining:

	1952	1951	1950
All Religious Bodies	81,900,000	80,900,000	87,000,000
Roman Catholics	29,000,000	28,000,000	27,000,000
Baptists	17,000,000	16,000,000	16,000,000
Methodists	11,000,000	11,000,000	10,000,000
Presbyterians	4,000,000	3,000,000	3,000,000
Episcopalians	2,000,000	2,000,000	2,000,000
Jewish	4,000,000	4,500,000	5,000,000
Lutherans	4,000,000	4,000,000	4,000,000
Congregational Christians	1,000,000	1,000,000	1,000,000

Few would question that one reason for this growth is the increased liberalism on the part of the Catholic church, stemming directly from the Holy See in Rome.

In the north, it has long been the practice for colored members to be welcomed in any Catholic church or parish.

The church's determination to spread this doctrine to the south has come from two sources recently.

Bishop Vincent S. Waters of Raleigh several weeks ago merged the white and colored churches at Newton Grove, N.C.

He followed this up last week with a pastoral letter telling all priests under his jurisdiction that "there is to be no segregation of races to be tolerated in any Catholic church of the diocese of Raleigh.

"Equal rights are accorded, therefore, to every race and every nationality as is proper in any Catholic church and within the church building itself everyone is given the privilege to sit or kneel wherever he desires and to approach the sacraments without any regard to race or nationality."

That Bishop Waters' action is shared by the 12 other Catholic bishops in the south was shown in a statement read before the Catholic Committee of the South.

"What the day will come when the ideal of Christian brotherhood will displace all traces of the blight of racism.

"Let us Catholics, true to our convictions, set the pattern. The time for action is now.

The bold action of Bishop Waters and the comment of his fellow prelates are timely.

The nowdown on that very question will be heard before the Supreme Court on October 12.

Piedmont's Plight

Few persons outside of north Georgia have ever heard of Piedmont College, a tiny Congregational school located at Demorest, Ga.

It pursued a rather uneventful course for more than 50 years, turning out a handful of graduates each year.

Then all of a sudden calamity struck.

Troubles began with the acceptance for three years of a $500 monthly grant from the Texas Educational Association.

The Texas Educational Association is a nice sounding name for the organized bigotry being peddled by its founder, George Armstrong.

Mr. Armstrong is the oil-wealthy author and publisher of hate literature.

His favorite targets are Jews and colored people. Occasionally, he takes a punch at Catholics.

A virtual storm has raged over Piedmont's campus since the Armstrong hate checks began arriving. At the center is Dr. James E. Walter, the school's president.

Since 1950 when the grant was accepted:

1. A dozen trustees have resigned in protest;

2. Two dozen members of the faculty, who refused to compromise their belief that there is no superior race, have been fired.

3. Students have stayed periodical revolts in protest against the inclusion of Armstrong's perverted racial philosophy in the school's curriculum.

4. During last month's commencement, benches, signs and other college landmarks were brushed with tar. The word "welcome" on a sign leading to the campus was painted over in black.

Disturbed by all the dissension, the Congregational-Christian Church has severed its affiliation with the school. Financial support has been halted.

The present plight of little Piedmont points to one inescapable conclusion.

Racism in this turbulent era of cold and hot wars is decidedly unpopular and out of fashion even in Herman Talmadge's Georgia.

And those who would foster it are inviting nothing but grief and woe.

Pleas Not Enough

Addressing the graduating class at Ohio Wesleyan University, Mrs. Oveta Culp Hobby revealed that discrimination and prejudice is costing this country as high as 30 billions a year.

This money, she pointed out, is lost when people are not allowed to reach their full potential, not permitted to earn the salaries their work merits, and therefore not able to expand the market for goods produced, or to pay taxes they would be paying were they realizing their potential.

Mrs. Hobby's thesis, of course, is not new.

It has been voiced time and time again by those of us who have been on the firing line fighting for enactment of fair employment practices legislation with enforcement powers.

We are happy, however, to see that at least one member of the Eisenhower cabinet has an intelligent appreciation of how wastefully expensive discrimination is.

Who knows? Perhaps Mrs. Hobby will be able to spread the gospel among others during those closed sessions in the White House.

She could render invaluable service if she would make it clear to the president that while high-sounding pleas for tolerance are good, they are not enough.

Experience has taught us that the most effective teacher, even in the ticklish field of race relations, is adequate law, fairly enforced.

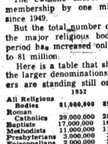
If Mr. Eisenhower won't take our word for it, all he has to do is ask his good friend and political adviser, Thomas E. Dewey.

CAPITAL SPOTLIGHT

By Louis Lautier

A Look At Fred M. Vinson

The record of Justice William O. Douglas in cases affecting minority groups was called here a week ago because—of all people—Representative Don Wheeler, Democrat, of Georgia, where they don't bother to give 'em trials — remember the Leo Frank case — introduced a bill calling for impeachment of Douglas because he granted a stay of execution to Julius and Ethel Rosenberg.



Mr. Lautier

But it might be well to look at the record of the other eight justices, beginning with Chief Justice Fred M. Vinson, since the five school segregation cases have been set down for argument next October 1.

The Chief Justice is a Kentuckian. He got his college and law degrees at Center College.

Once Sec'y Of Treasury

He has been a prosecuting attorney, Congressman, Chief Judge of the United States Emergency Court of Appeals, and Secretary of the Treasury.

President Truman appointed him Chief Justice in 1946. In the seven years he has been the Chief Justice, here is how he voted, going backward from June 15:

In the Los Angeles case, in which the court ruled, 7 to 1, that a singer of a racial restrictive covenant may not be sued for damages for selling his property to a colored person, Chief Justice Vinson dissented.

Read Guam Decision

He announced the judgment of the court affirming the court-martial convictions and death sentences of Robert W. Burns and Herman P. Dennis Jr., United States airmen, for the rape-murder of Ruth Farnsworth, Navy civilian clerk, on the Island of Guam.

He voted for the 6 to 3 majority opinion by Justice Douglas, in the Thompson Restaurant case, holding valid a 1873 Act of the short-lived District of Columbia Legislative Assembly, which makes it a misdemeanor for any restaurant in Washington to refuse service to colored persons.

He voted for the 6-to3 majority opinion in the case of Clyde Brown, Raleigh Snell, Bishop Vincent Waters - holding the action of lower federal courts in refusing to grant writs of habeas corpus which would have won them reviews in federal courts.

Brown and Speller were convicted of raping white women. The two Daniejses, age 17 when arrested, were convicted of murdering a white man.

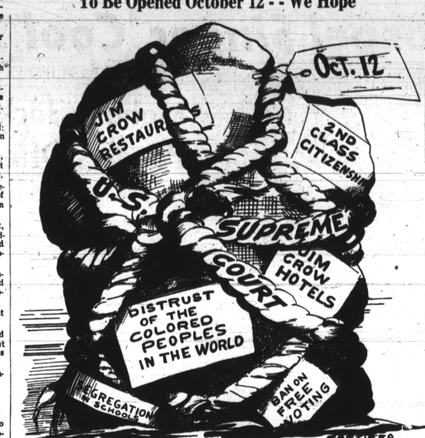
Jury Issue Raised

The four men, condemned to die in North Carolina's gas chamber, claimed that their constitutional rights were violated by use of extorted confessions to convict them and by the deliberate exclusion of colored persons from service as jurors on account of their race.

Chief Justice Vinson joined with Justice Douglas and Justice Harold H. Burton in the concurring opinion in the Jaybird Democratic party case, in which it was held that the Jaybird party is prohibited by the Fifteenth Amendment from holding racially discriminatory primary elections in Fort Worth (Texas).

He voted for the opinion of the court in the case of James Smith — convicted of murder and sentenced to death in Philadelphia—holding that the death sentence did not violate due process.

To Be Opened October 12 - - We Hope



WHAT AFRO READERS SAY . . . .

'I wholly disapprove of what you say but will defend to the death your right to say it.' — Voltaire on Helvetius

NEED FOR $32,000

Richmond, Va. — I read about Thurgood Marshall's plea for $32,000 to fight school segregation in the AFRO of June 27. Mr. Marshall was addressing the National Newspaper Publishers' Association.

What a mazed me was the fact that nowhere did I read where a single one of these publishers came forward to start the ball rolling with a donation.

Do you mean to say that not one of them offered to give at least $1,000?

HORTENSE MILLER

New York — I think it a tragedy that Thurgood Marshall has to take his valuable time to journey to Baltimore and beg our publishers for $32,000.

What a contrast between colored people and the Jews! In their campaign for Israel, American Jews numbering fewer than 5 million raised a billion for that cause.

We have 15 million and have to beg for the paltry price of $32,000 for a cause that could bring the end of our segregated status in America.

I am ashamed of my people

THOMAS L. MURRAY

Chicago — There are 32 times 32 colored Americans well able to give, a $1,000 each to raise this fund.

It's a reflection on our sense of values that the NAACP has to raise this money a nickle and a dime at a time.

(Mrs.) DORIS WEBSTER

Washington — Our people here spend more than $32,000 a year for beer alone, not to mention whiskey, wine, cigarettes, gasoline and other things.

The sacrifice of two bottles of beer each for a week by 100,000 imbibers in the nation's capital would be a cheap price to pay to rid our city of the curse of segregated schools.

GEROGE SHERMAN

Atlanta — Why quibble about $32,000? We have 15,000,000 colored people in this country, about 8 million of them adults.

A dime each from these 8 mil. people would give the NAACP $80,000 to finish the death struggle in the Supreme Court with segregated schools.

I suggest the publishers begin at once a campaign called "Freedom's March of Dimes." To my way of thinking segregation is more terrible disease than polio.

RAYMOND PINSAIL

Raleigh, N.C. — According to the 1950 U.S. Census, there are approximately 42,000 churches in this country with colored congregations.

If each one of these churches next Sunday sent the NAACP $2, that would give Mr. Marshall $84,000 with which not only to finish the school cases, but to launch an all-out attack on segregation in every phase of American life.

SYLVESTER MORROW

REV. JONES' CASE

Newark, N.J. — The AFRO appears to make a specialty of finding gum-chewing teen-agers, who will make fantastic accusations against our ministers.

Now that the case of the Rev. Earl Harrison has died down, the case of the Rev. Arthur Jones comes up.

I don't believe Rev. Mr. Jones is guilty; just as I don't believe Rev. Mr. Harrison did what Olivia Holmes said he did.

PATRICIA MOORE

Editor's Note — The Rev. Mr. Harrison was twice adjudged guilty of Miss Holmes's charges. The Rev. Mr. Jones will not be tried until October. The AFRO does not encourage unmarried mothers to accuse their pastor. It merely prints the news as it occurs.

BISHOP VINCENT WATERS

Winston-Salem, N.C. — The recent charge of Dr. Charles Johnson that 11 o'clock Sunday morning was the most segregated hour in America must have stung Bishop Vincent Waters.

He has moved with courage and forthrightness to do something about it. I hope other Catholic bishops all over this nation will follow his bold lead.

Oil and water do not mix. Neither do Christianity and segregation.

TIM O'BRIEN

Wilmington, Del. — Bishop Waters took step in ending segregated worship in the churches in his diocese should make Protestant denominations sit up and take notice.

While Presbyterians, Episcopalians, Methodists and Baptists debate the issue and pass meaningless resolutions, the Catholics are moving steadily ahead with their program of recognizing that in God's sight all men are brothers.

(Mrs.) SARAH MARSHALL

Washington — If segregated Catholic churches can be ended in North Carolina, they surely can be abolished in the District of Columbia, Maryland, New York, Pennsylvania and Massachusetts.

Bishop Waters has pointed the way. I wonder what his fellow members of the hierarchy are waiting on?

PAUL HALE

GEORGIA'S DON WHEELER

Washington — Some of the House of Representatives cheers the vicious attempt of Georgia's Don Wheeler to impeach Justice Douglas.

Yes, this is the same wheeler who also expresses his intention of repealing the "lost" laws of 1872-73. Evil in an individual is usually consistent.

J. H. JENKINS

IDEAL MOTHER PLEASED

Washington — Just a note to thank the AFRO for the time and patience extended on my behalf while I was your guest in Baltimore and Washington.

You made it possible for me to have the best time I ever had. I am anxious to organize my composition of previous winners as well as to mention winners in your annual contest.

(Mrs.) SAMUELLA A. MILTON

Brooklyn, N. Y. — Kindly accept my gratitude for the kind consideration given my wife, Mrs. Jennie V. Waters in publishing her photograph and honorable mention in the "Ideal Mother" contest.

We have received the certificate and shall cherish same. Your interest in this matter is deeply appreciated.

(Rev.) ROBERT G. WATERS

PRAISE FOR COVERAGE

New York — Occasionally one of our newspapers shows some editorial sense and does a creditable and rounded job of reporting in connection with major events.

The AFRO did such a job in its June 20 issue in the full treatment it gave the Washington early anywhere story.

I think such handling is usually called "full coverage." At least, that's the way it appeared to me while reading your paper.

ERNEST E. JOHNSON

WEST POINTER WRITES

West Point, N.Y. — I wish to thank the AFRO for its interest in the Military Academy and its 1953 June Week activities.

Jimmy Hicks and Jim Campbell were here as AFRO representatives during that period. Will you please express our appreciation to them for their excellent co-operation? It was a pleasure working with them.

Since I am leaving this summer for a new assignment, may I express my sincere thanks for your co-operation and help throughout the period of my tour here at the Academy.

And once more the answer was easy. *When it is all boiled down, the NAACP convention was fired in the interest of freedom. Freedom of worship, freedom from fear, freedom to be good Americans.*

And as I compared the 2,000 NAACP conventioners with the 15,000 Baptist it suddenly dawned on me that these people at both conventions were fighting for the same things.

I then listened to Thurgood Marshall plead in the convention for $32,000 to fight the school segregation cases and as Thurgood talked, I thought of that giant mass of 15,000 people back there in Brooklyn and I wondered if they could hear Thurgood.

I knew that Rev. Jernagin could raise $32,000 out of that 15,000 people at the drop of a hat.

And I also knew that if he would raise that amount for the NAACP Thurgood could take it and about twelve all kinds of problems that the NAACP and the Baptist have with one fell swoop.

And of course the natural question followed in my mind: Why don't the two groups get together? They are basically fighting for the same thing; why not fight together?

Now this is not to say that the Baptists are not for the NAACP program. That would be libel on a fighter such as Dr. Jernagin. But what I am saying is that Dr. Jernagin and his church, all ministers and all their churches are fighting for one small segment of the same big pie in which we find the NAACP fighting for the whole pie.

The pie in this case is our freedom and if the NAACP wins