HEALTH AND WELFARE

AIDS IN THE COMMUNITY

By Dr. Barbara Lyles

The faces of two little girls look up at you from the printed page. One little girl is white; the other black. One is fourteen months old and the other is 37 months old.

Each of them has that special appeal of small children who are bright and sunny looking and who give you the feeling that everything will be all right as long as there are children.

They attract your attention and draw you to them as little girls will. After just a moment though, you look again and realize that something is not quite right.

Looking from face to face, you see that the little girls appear to have smaller heads than is normal.

Their foreheads are large and boxy; their upper lips appear to be a bit flared and perhaps too large for their other features.

If the pictures were in color, you would probably notice that the whites of their eyes have bluish cast.

Both of them have noses which appear to either have no bridges or to have severely flattened nasal bridges. The eyes that look up at you in such a trusting way are much too far apart.

Perhaps the casual observe would not make too much of these differences. It is possible that you would chalk up the differences in their little faces to some kind of birth defect, and move one, with only a passing feeling of sadness and the belief that they would get along all right with special education placement.

Perhaps some plastic surgeon could perform some facial and skeletal restructuring. Well, you're wrong. These little girls will not live to grow up. Both of them are dying. Both of these lovely little girls have AIDS.

These little girls are examples of the 77% of the pediatric AIDS cases that have been infected in utero ... before birth. It is most likely that their mothers' (and possibly their fathers) are IV drug abusers.

Six years after the first AIDS cases were described in 1981, at least twenty children had been described as having the condition which these little girls now demonstrate.

This disorder (dysmorphic syndrome) is also accompanied by uncontrollable bacterial infections and "failure" to thrive.

Prenatal infection with AIDS is now known to cause serious abnormalities in fetal development. The most usual and most obvious early symptom of pediatric AIDS is this failure to thrive.

If the infection occurs prenatally as it does in about 50-75% of pediatric AIDS cases, the first indicator of the presences of the infection is the abnormal facial and skeletal appearance of the children.

As a general rule, only the most serious abnormalities such as Mongolism and Cretinism are easily diagnosable in newborns.

The dysmorphic syndrome of the AIDS infected child is distinctive and separate from other known acquired birth defects.

It is likely that the cases which are reported may well be just the tip of the iceberg in terms of the actual numbers of infected mothers and the resultant infected children.

Many of the pregnancies involving women with AIDS resulted in spontaneous abortion or miscarriage. HIV infection has been established to be a cause of miscarriage.

There are nine transmission categories for children: 1. children with hemophilia; 2. children with an I-V drug abusing mother; 3. children whose mothers' male sex companion was bisexual; 4. children whose mothers' male sex partner was an IV drug abuser; 5. children whose mothers were positive for the AIDS virus but the source of her infection was unknown; 6. children who had received blood transfusion; 7. children whose mothers or fathers had acquired the AIDS virus through transfusion; 8. children for whom the source of infection was undetermined and 9. children who were born to mothers who had been born in countries outside of the United States where heterosexual AIDS infection is more common.

It is pretty clear that those cases in which the child has the facial and structural abnormalities described in the little girls come as a result of prenatal infection.

The above categories constitute statistical representation of probable cause of infection.

While it would be fool hardy to assume that sexual child abuse is not a relevant source of infection for kids, at lease we cannot discount it as a source of infection.

Jeffrey Lawrence, of the Cornell Medical Center physician regularly writes AIDS articles and identifies two cases in which a five year old boy appears to have developed AIDS after repeated sexual abuse by his AIDS infected father.

He further reports a case of a seven year old girl who developed ARC (AIDS Related Complex) after she received a number of IV injections from members of her family.

When we see the face of AIDS in the faces of children we have to be affected.

It may be that we can excuse ourselves for putting another adult at risk for contracting the virus from us, inexcusable as such behavior is.

The research indicates that adult IV drug abusers and homosexual/bisexuals are not usually inclined to cease their sexual behavior even when they know they risk infecting others.

But our children are supposed to be our guarantee of immortality. We must look AIDS in the face, change our at risk behaviors and guarantee that we will never have to look at AIDS in the faces of our children.

There's Oprah Donahue and then there's CHUCK AND THE MID-DAY

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Diet Pills Sweeping U.S.

Doctors Invent 'Lazy Way' to Lose Weight

New 'Fat-Magnet' Diet Pill Gives You Steady Fat Loss

BEVERLY HILLS, CA (Special)—An amazing new weight loss pill called "fat-magnet" has recently been developed and perfected by two prominent doctors at a world famous hospital in Los Angeles that reportedly "guarantees" to help you steadily lose fat by simply taking their tested and proven new pill.

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The new pill is appropriately called the "fat-magnet" pill because it breaks into thousands of particles, each acting like a tiny magnet, "attracting" and trapping many times its size in undigested fat particles from food that you have just eaten. Then, the trapped fat is naturally "flushed" right out of your body.

Within 2 days you should notice a change in the color of your stool, caused by the fat particles being eliminated.

"Pills Go To Work"

The fat-magnet pills alone, "automatically" help reduce calories by eliminating dietary fat, with no exercising. You simply take the pills with a glass of water before meals. However, you can lose weight "faster" if you choose to follow the fat-magnet diet plan along with the pills.

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Postman nailed on drug charges

By Ejike Obineme
AFRO Staff Writer

Freddie L. Roberts, Jr., 30, of the 1100 block of Mosher Street Friday pleaded guilty in a Baltimore City Circuit Court to distributing cocaine to an undercover postal inspector.

Roberts, a six-year veteran letter carrier of the Druid Station Post Office admitted that he sold less than an ounce of cocaine to an informant at the Post Office on Dec. 23, 1987. He also admitted in a written statement to selling .85 grams of cocaine that was 75 percent pure grams of cocaine to a postal inspector later the same day.

Prosecutors recommended a sentence of five years but Judge Edgar Silver imposed a one-year sentence with credit for time served from February.

Assistant State's Attorney Jill Myers said Roberts made the arrangement for the cocaine sale in the station where he worked, but the actual sale occurred outside Lafayette Market on Pennsylvania Ave.

Myers said after Roberts had sold cocaine to the informant, he told him to refer any interested customers to him. So when the undercover inspector was referred to him, Roberts thought he was making a good sale, without knowing that he was waiking into a trap.

During the plea hearing, the defense attorney Paul Kramer argued Roberts sold drugs to support his own drug addiction. He told the judge to take into consideration the fact that his client was a first offender.

Meanwhile, Roberts has pending narcotics charges in a Baltimore County court.

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Hampden

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and that it was not a question of love at first sight.

She met Boyce-Bey in 1983 in a Baltimore supermarket where he was working as a security guard.

"We talked for a while and started dating," she said. And after a while, they moved in together.

When she discovered that Boyce-Bey's religion was Islam, it took her quite a while to adjust to the doctrines.

"He started explaining things to me," she said, "I went to the temple with him one day, and I found their meeting to be very uplifting.

After about a year of adjusting to the religion, Braxton-Bey started worshipping at the temple with Boyce-Bey.

Their marriage will take place in the same temple located on Shirley Ave. in Park Heights.

The Boyce-Bey family, including their three children, used to live in Park Heights before the desire to own a house in a quiet neighborhood made them move to Hampden.

This is the first marriage experience for both of them and they are excited about it. Boyce-Bey said he is looking forward to raising their children in the Islam religion.

The Boyce-Bey family does not like to be refereed to as black Americans. They say they are Moorish-Americans.

But their white neighbors who want them out of Hampden do not care one way or another about the kind of Americans they say they are. What is important to them is that the color of their skin is black and they have to go.

But not everybody in Hampden has been hostile to the Boyce-Bey family. Some people who live around them have been giving them a lot of support.

Braxton-Bey said, "They have been bringing us flowers and we have cookies baked for us."

Some neighbors even visit and chat with them.

Meanwhile, some members of the Hampden community have been subpoenaed to appear before a grand jury June 9 at the U.S. District Court in Baltimore in a continuing investigation of the racial disturbance that erupted since the Boyce-Bey family moved in.

Baltimore City police officers have been guarding the house day and night, since the apartment was vandalized last month.

Braxton-Bey said Friday that she preferred not to discuss the federal investigations yet.

"We'll wait and see," she said. But they haven't given up their plans to move out of the neighborhood as soon as they find another suitable place to go to.

Commentary

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their way to be insulting.

Years ago, it was Dundalk which was characterized as the most racist section of the Baltimore area. The bigotry manifested towards the residents of Turner's Station.

No more—Hampden, by recent events heads the list. The Boyce-Bey family is moving away. In the interim, there is 24-hour police protection to guard against further acts of vandalism.

Baltimore prides itself on being a community of neighborhoods, and neighbors. The hatemongers of Hampden belie that premise.

If silence can be interpreted as consent, then one wonders if Hampden's racists are gaining support from their less vocal brothers.

Annapolis

Continued from Page 1A

Strissel as a cap on the commitment. I made and I am pleased to bring about justice," said Snowden.

"Mayor Callahan has pledged to do a clean sweep of public housing and to remove all current (public housing) commissioners," said the councilman.

The indictment alleges that Strissel, 41, used his position at the Housing Authority to authorize the award of eight modernization contracts worth over $4.9 million to contractors who supplied him with goods, services and cash.

He was also indicted for sidestepping a competitive bidding process.

The contractors worked on public housing projects such as the Robinwood, Robinwood II, Bloomsbury Square, Newtowne 20, Fastport Terrace and College Creek between 1981 and 1986.

The indictment cites R&K Contractors, Inc. Charles F. Ruff and Company, Inc., Blouin Construction Company, and Dunton Contracting Company as contractors who received Housing Authority contracts as a result of paying bribes to Strissel.

Strissel was charged with accepting building materials, appliances, labor and cash as bribes.

Strissel also installed many of the appliances and building materials in his house at 411 First Street in Annapolis, alleges the indictment.

The racketeering charge, brought under a federal statute, charges Strissel with using the Housing Authority as a racketeering enterprise through which he awarded contracts in exchange for bribes.

Under the statute, the government is seeking to recover the value of the goods, services and money Strissel obtained as a result of his racketeering activities. The government is looking to get $200,000 cash which was received by Strissel, as well as his home at 411 First Street.

The allegations of accepting bribery were investigated by special agents of the Housing and Urban Development Inspector General's Office in Philadelphia and the Federal Bureau of Investigation.

U.S. State's Attorney for Maryland, Breckinridge L. Wilicox, described Strissel's case as a "sorbid tale of alleged self-dealing, corruption and bibery at the Annapolis Housing Authority."

If found guilty, Strissel faces a maxium penalty of five years in prison for the wire fraud charges and a $250,000 fine per count, 15 years in prison and a $250,000 fine per count for the bribery charges and 20 years in prison and a $250,000 fine for the racketeering charge.

The trial is expected to take place in the Fall of this year and the investigation is continuing, said Snowden.

In Annapolis, 90 percent of the people who live in public housing facilities are black, according to Snowden.

There are 1,140 public housing units in the town.

Tax hearing set at City Hall

The Baltimore City Council will hold a public hearing at 7 p.m. on June 13 at the War Memorial Building downtown to hear testimony on raising the tax rate for the city.

Ron Shultz, director of councilmanic services, said the city has no plans to raise taxes, however.

"Its just part of the budgetary process," Shultz said.

The City Charter requires the city to hold a public hearing on tax increases to let citizens voice their concerns at the Taxpayer's Night Hearing.

All of this is to be done before the budget for fiscal '89 is approved. The $1.9 billion budget, proposed by Mayor Kurt L. Schmoke, has to be confirmed by July 1.

In 1975, the Maryland General Assembly developed a system called the constant yield tax rate, to allow Marylanders to review how much they have to pay every year will be related to the growth and assessment to the tax rate.

The constant tax rate is $5.63, said Shultz.

The constant tax rate looks at the previous year's assessible base to predict the amount of revenue for the next year.

"It has no bearing on the actual rate," said Shultz. He said he expects most participants to discuss the needs for funding education and firehouses. The Mayor has said he will close three houses by September, to save the city $2.4 million.

A wise move is to cover your possessions with adequate liability insurance when you move.

Pendleton

Continued from Page 1A

Nov. 10, 1930 in Louisville, Ky. and was raised in Washington, DC. After graduating from Dunbar High School, he attended Howard University where he earned a bachelor of science degree in 1954 and master of arts degree in 1966.

In 1958, he began a 10-year stint in the university's Department of Physical Education and Recreation as a swimming coach. That job led to his appointment as recreation coordinator for the city of Baltimore's Model Cities Program from 1968-1970.

Pendleton, a Republican, was appointed by President Reagan to serve a six-year-term as chairman of the newly reorganized Commission on Civil Rights in December 1983. From 1975 to 1982 he was president of the San Diego Urban League.

Prior to 1975, Pendleton was director of the Model Cities Department for the city of San Diego. He was director of Urban Affairs for the National Recreation and Park Association in Washington, DC from 1970-72.

He was a member of the Alpha Phi Fraternity, a trustee of the Scripps Clinic and Research Foundation, and served on the board of Great American First Savings Bank, the California Higher Education Authority, and the San Diego Coalition for Economic and Environmental Balance.

Pendleton — who was president of his own business developmentand investment firm Pendleton and Associates — is survived by his wife Margrit and their daughter, Paula and two children from a previous marriage, George and Susan of Washington, DC.

Suicide

Continued from Page 1A

In 1985, blacks committed suicide by a 6.4 percent per 100,000 of population, according to the 1988 U.S. Statistical Abstract, which cites various figures.

Black male suicide rate almost doubled the rate of the race as a whole, 11.3 per 100,000 in 1985, a decline of two percent, according to the abstract.

In America, the white man still tops the suicide rate. In 1985, according to the **Statistical Abstract**, white males committed suicide by 19.9 percent per 100,000.

The white race as a whole in the United States committed suicide by 12.3 percent per 100,000 population, the report said.

Richard Hendin, author of **Black Suicide,** said the major reasons for suicide among blacks, particularly black men are the self-hatred and frustration they are subjected to in the American ghetto.

Young black men are more likely to commit suicide than other members of the race, Hendin said, because of the unstable family structure and frustration of society's woes. Unemployment and poor living conditions contribute to suicide among young black men, for example.

In 1980, the black male suicide rate was 8.0 per 100,000 and in 1980 it was 10.3 percent per 100,000. Three years later, the rate dipped by four percent, the Statistical Abstract said.

But it increased again in 1985, to 11.3 per 100,000.

Psychologists say that suicide is caused by severe depression and hopelessness.

Musician

Continued from Page 1A

the other tied to the bars of the jail cell.

McKinney, of the 2500 block of Terra Firma Road was arrested May 18 and charged with shoplifting from the footlocker and Jos. A. Bank retail store.

McKinney, a local musician and composer was a native of Baltimore and was educated in Cherry Hill.

A fellow musician said he first met McKinney when they played together in Carlos Johnson's band in the early '70's.

"He was definitely serious about his music ... and that seriousness revealed itself," said John Lampkin.

McKiney's talent was discovered by Luther Ingram, who asked him to join his band.

Ingram had come to the Washington area to put a band together.

Lampkin said after McKinney joined Ingram's band, he soon shortly thereafter landed him a place in the band as well.

McKinney was the keyboard player for the band which travelled for approximately two and a half years. Their travels took them to California, New York, Texas, and Florida, and most of the country's other major cities.

Lampkin said one of McKinney's major achievements was starting a local band called Pockets.

Prior to that, he had in 1975 organized Inner Visions, a local band which played regularly at the Sportsman's Lounge in Baltimore.

Lampkin said after Inner Visions underwent several changes, McKinney organized Pockets.

Pockets held the distinction of traveling on tour with the famed Earth Wind and Fire Band in the mid to late '70's.

Another musical associate of McKinney's was Warren Garrison.

Garrison said they performed together at local parties, cabarets, and clubs including Foxes Den, the Casino, the York, and Buck's Bar. They also sang on the Avenue.

Pockets recorded three albums.

Garrison, who played the saxophone was also a part of the Luther Ingram Band.

Garrison said the group's last major concert was at the Wattstax Review in the Los Angeles Coliseum. The band also performed on the Merv Griffin Special.

Garrison described McKinney as an outgoing person. "Al is the kind of person who would put his foot in the door to keep you from closing it," he said.

"Al was a driving sort of personality ... very inspirational in terms of his playing ... serious about his music ..." said Garrison.

Ivan "Miles" Smart, who played the trumpet with the Luther Ingram Band recalled McKinney's dedication to music.

"His greatest contribution was not only did he show musicians that it's possible to make it, but he taught them about the business of music," said Smart.

"He let them know you had to have your business head together."

Gary Granger, who performed with Pockets said McKinney was earned the respect of the community.

"His ability of playing was really great and he was really respected around town as a musician," he said. "I felt his death was the waste of a lot of talent."

Another associate and friend of McKinney's described McKinney's later years as typical of many musicians who travel on tour and upon returning to their home, find it's like almost starting over again.

Dot Thomas Colvin, former owner of Live Circuit Management spoke of McKinney's return to Baltimore from national tours with Earth Wind and Fire.

Colvin said McKinney had contacted her shortly before his death about publishing and recording 12 songs he had recently written. The songs were a combination of vocals and instrumentals. Some of the songs were gospels.

"He was torn between doing gospel and going back into top 40's.

Colvin, who has known McKinney for nearly 10 years said McKinney's group Pockets was the first group she had booked.

Colvin said she is in shock over McKinney's sudden and unanticipated alleged suicide death.

"He seemed to be so determined and strong," she said.

Heat

Continued from Page 1A

last year's 97-degree temperature in May, however.

Temperatures are expected to be in the high 80's this week.

He predicted a typical summer for Baltimore.

There should be "nothing out of the ordinary," Taylor said, despite the early blistering weather.

This week's heat also did not set electricity usage records in Baltimore, said John Metzger, a Baltimore Gas and Electric Co. spokesman.

Metzger said the electricity usage is "far below the average."

People usually use more electricity in the summer, when there is a spell of hot weather, turning on the air conditioners, said Metzger.

The city has ample supply of electricity to meet summer demands. Summer begins in 14 days.

BG&E is a member of the Pennsylvania-New Jersey-Maryland Interconnection, an organization that links 11 electricity units to act as one utility to meet peak demands.

Metzger said BG&E forsees no problems, unless a major generating unit was to lose power.

If that was to occur, Metzger said a five percent voltage reduction would be used, until the outage was fixed.

During hot days, meteorologist Taylor suggests people use common sense and take it easier.

"People should wear lighter clothing, lighter in weight and in color," said Taylor. "Dark clothes holds more heat."

Taylor said people should avoid going outside during the peak hours, 11 a.m. to 3 p.m. and drink plenty of liquids, especially water, which helps the body avoid dehydration.

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